CellAdvisor™

JD700B Series FW3.100

User's Guide

CellAdvisor™

JD700B Series FW3.100

User's Guide

JD785B/JD745B Base Station Analyzer

JD786B/JD746B RF Analyzer

JD788B/JD748B Signal Analyzer

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Contents

About This Guide 21

Purpose and scope 22
Assumptions 22
Safety and compliance information 22
Conventions 23
Technical assistance 24

Chapter 1 JD700B Series Overview 25

About the JD700B series 26
Features and capabilities 26
Options 27
Specifications 27
AC power 27
Physical specifications 27

Chapter 2 Getting Started 28

Unpacking the JD700B series 29
Exploring the JD700B series 29
Front panel 30
Top panel 32
Installing battery pack 34
Starting up the JD700B series 34
Managing files 35
Using save 35
Using load 37
Using file manager 38
Configuring system 39
Setting frequency reference 39
Setting frequency reference for 28 GHz downconverter 39
Setting date and time 39
Setting language 39
Setting power on 40
Changing display mode 40
Setting sleep time 40
Adjusting LCD brightness 41
Adjusting volume 41
Upgrading firmware 41
Checking installed firmware version 41
Installing new firmware 42
Managing licenses 43
Checking installed or installable options 43
Installing purchased options 43
Loading temporary license 43
Viewing OSS license 45
Performing service diagnostic 45
Viewing system log 46
Running self-test 46
Performing factory reset 46
Re-aligning touch screen 46
Using system administration 47
Logging in 47
Changing password 47
Locking limit key 47

Running IP test ... 47
Activating StrataSync ... 48
Setting up Internet connection ... 48
Establishing a connection to StrataSync ... 49
StrataSync status indicators ... 50
Setting up 28 GHz downconverter ... 50
Establishing a connection to 28 GHz downconverter ... 51
Setting up SNMP traps ... 51
Using SNMP traps ... 52
Setting communication ... 52
Configuring Ethernet ... 52
Setting for JDViewer and JDRemote ... 53
Setting USBTMC mode ... 54
Setting SCPI mode ... 54
Configuring LMF setting ... 54
Enabling Bluetooth connection ... 54
Enabling Wi-Fi connection ... 55
Enabling Web-based remote control ... 56
Managing help manual ... 57
Adding other help manual ... 58
Viewing help manual ... 58

Chapter 3 Analyzing Measurement Results ... 60
Using marker ... 61
Using peak search ... 62

Chapter 4 Using Spectrum Analyzer ... 63
Introduction ... 64
Display overview ... 64
Connecting a cable ... 65
Selecting measurement mode ... 66
Configuring test parameters ... 66
Setting frequency ... 66
Setting frequency for 28 GHz downconverter ... 68
Setting amplitude ... 68
Setting bandwidth ... 71
Setting average ... 71
Setting sweep ... 72
Using signal generator (RF source) ... 73
Conducting spectrum measurements ... 74
Setting trace ... 76
Setting limit ... 77
Setting frequency offset ... 78
Conducting RF measurements ... 78
Channel power ... 78
Occupied bandwidth ... 81
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) ... 83
Adjacent channel power (ACP) ... 85
Multi-ACP ... 86
Spurious emissions ... 89
AM/FM audio demodulation ... 91
Field strength meter ... 93
Route map ... 96
Dual spectrum ... 100
PIM detection (single and multiple carriers) ... 100
Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) ... 103

Chapter 5 Using Interference Analyzer ... 106
Introduction ... 107
Display overview ... 107
Connecting a cable ... 108
Using an Omni or Yagi antenna ... 108
Using an AntennaAdvisor handle ... 109
Selecting measurement mode ... 110
Configuring test parameters ... 110
Setting frequency ... 110
Setting frequency for 28 GHz downconverter ... 111

Setting amplitude....112
Setting bandwidth....114
Setting average....115
Setting sweep....115
Conducting spectrum measurements....117
Setting trace....117
Sound indicator....118
AM/FM audio demodulation....118
Interference ID....120
Conducting interference measurements....120
Spectrogram....120
Dual spectrogram....122
RSSI....124
Interference finder....126
Spectrum Replayer....131
Radar Chart....132
Setting limit for interference analyzer....137
Setting a single limit line....137
Setting a multi-segment line....137
Defining a channel limit....138

Chapter 6 Using GSM/GPRS/EDGE Signal Analyzer....139

Introduction....140
Display overview....140
Connecting a cable....141
Direct connection....141
Indirect connection....141
Over the air (OTA)....142
Selecting measurement mode....143
Configuring test parameters....143
Setting frequency....143
Setting amplitude....144
Setting average....146
Setting sweep mode....146
Setting trigger source....146
Conducting spectrum measurements....147
Setting measure setup....147
Setting trace....147
Conducting RF measurements....148
Channel power....148
Occupied bandwidth....149
Spectrum emission mask (SEM)....150
Output RF spectrum....151
Spurious emissions....152
Setting limit for RF tests....153
Conducting power vs. time measurements....154
Power vs. time (slot)....154
Power vs. time (frame)....156
Conducting constellation measurements....157
Setting measure setup....157
Setting limit for constellation....158
Measurement example....159
Performing auto measurements....159
Setting limit for auto measure....160
Setting measure setup....160
Setting display....161
Conducting GSM OTA measurements....161
Channel scanner....161
Frequency scanner....163
Multipath profile....164
Modulation analyzer....165

Chapter 7 Using WCDMA/HSPA+ Signal Analyzer....167

Introduction....168
Display overview....168
Connecting a cable....169
Direct connection....169

Indirect connection 169
Over the air (OTA) 170
Selecting measurement mode 171
Configuring test parameters 171
Setting frequency 171
Setting amplitude 172
Setting average 174
Setting sweep mode 174
Setting trigger source 174
Setting external clock 174
Conducting spectrum measurements 176
Setting trace 176
Conducting RF measurements 177
Channel power 177
Occupied bandwidth 178
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) 179
ACLR 180
Multi-ACLR 181
Spurious emissions 182
Setting limit for RF tests 183
Conducting modulation measurements 184
Constellation 184
Code domain power 185
Relative code domain power 188
Codogram 190
RCSI 192
CDP Table 194
Setting limit for modulation tests 195
Performing auto measurements 196
Setting limit for auto measure 196
Setting measure setup 196
Setting display 197
Performing power statistics CCDF measurement 197
Setting measure setup 197
Measurement example 198
Conducting WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA measurements 198
Channel scanner 198
Scramble scanner 200
Multipath profile 200
Code domain power 201
Route map 203

Chapter 8 Using LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer 208

Introduction 209
Display overview 210
Connecting a cable 210
Direct connection 210
Indirect connection 211
Over the air (OTA) 211
Selecting measurement mode 212
Configuring test parameters 213
Setting frequency 213
Setting amplitude 213
Setting average 215
Setting sweep mode 215
Setting trigger source 216
Setting external clock 216
Conducting spectrum measurements 217
Setting measure setup 217
Setting trace 217
Conducting RF measurements 218
Channel power 218
Occupied bandwidth 219
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) 220
ACLR 221
Multi-ACLR 222
Spurious emissions 223

Setting limit for RF tests 225
Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurements 225
Setting measure setup 225
Measurement example 226
Conducting modulation measurements 226
Constellation 226
Data channel 228
Control channel 232
Subframe 234
Frame 237
Time alignment error 240
Data allocation map 241
Setting limit for modulation tests 244
Performing auto measurements 245
Conformance test 245
Maintenance test 248
Signal performance test 250
DAS test 251
Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 252
Setting measure setup 252
Measurement example 253
Performing carrier aggregation measurements 253
Setting measure setup 253
Measurement example 255
Setting display 255
Measurement example 257
Using marker 258
Conducting LTE-FDD OTA measurements 258
Channel scanner 258
ID scanner 260
Multipath profile 261
Control channel 262
Datagram 265
Route map 267
Performing RAN performance testing 273
Preparing your smartphone for remote control via Bluetooth 273
Setting parameters on RANAdvisor TrueSite™ 274
Performing RAN performance testing 275
Measurement example 275
Setting performance score level 276

Chapter 9 Using LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer 277

Introduction 278
Display overview 279
Connecting a cable 279
Direct connection 279
Indirect connection 280
Over the air (OTA) 280
Selecting measurement mode 281
Configuring test parameters 282
Setting frequency 282
Setting amplitude 282
Setting average 284
Setting sweep mode 284
Setting trigger source 285
Setting external clock 285
Conducting spectrum measurements 286
Setting measure setup 286
Setting trace 287
Conducting RF measurements 288
Channel power 288
Occupied bandwidth 289
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) 290
ACLR 291
Multi-ACLR 292
Spurious emissions 294
Setting limit for RF tests 295

Conducting power vs. time measurements 296
Power vs. time (slot) 296
Power vs. time (frame) 298
Conducting modulation measurements 299
Constellation 299
Data channel 302
Control channel 305
Subframe 307
Time alignment error 311
Data allocation map 312
Setting limit for modulation tests 315
Performing auto measurements 316
Conformance test 316
Maintenance test 317
Signal performance test 319
DAS test 320
Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 322
Setting measure setup 322
Measurement example 323
Performing carrier aggregation measurements 323
Setting measure setup 323
Setting display 324
Measurement example 326
Using marker 327
Conducting LTE-TDD OTA measurements 327
Channel scanner 327
ID scanner 329
Multipath profile 331
Control channel 332
Datagram 334
Route map 336
Performing RAN performance testing 342
Preparing your smartphone for remote control via Bluetooth 342
Setting parameters on RANAdvisor TrueSite™ 343
Performing RAN performance testing 343
Measurement example 344
Setting performance score level 344

Chapter 10 Using CDMA Signal Analyzer 346

Introduction 347
Display overview 348
Connecting a cable 348
Direct connection 348
Indirect connection 349
Over the air (OTA) 349
Selecting measurement mode 350
Configuring test parameters 350
Setting frequency 350
Setting amplitude 351
Setting average 353
Setting sweep mode 353
Setting trigger source 353
Setting external clock 354
Conducting spectrum measurements 355
Setting trace 355
Conducting RF measurements 356
Channel power 356
Occupied bandwidth 357
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) 358
ACPR 358
Multi-ACPR 359
Spurious emissions 360
Setting limit for RF tests 361
Conducting modulation measurements 362
Constellation 362
Code domain power 363
Codogram 364

RCSI 366
CDP Table 368
Setting limit for modulation tests 369
Performing auto measurements 370
Setting limit for auto measure 370
Setting measure setup 370
Setting display 371
Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 372
Setting measure setup 372
Measurement example 372
Conducting CDMA OTA measurements 372
Channel scanner 373
PN scanner 374
Multipath profile 375
Code domain power 376
Route map 378

Chapter 11 Using EV-DO Signal Analyzer 383

Introduction 384
Display overview 384
Connecting a cable 385
Direct connection 385
Indirect connection 385
Over the air (OTA) 386
Selecting measurement mode 387
Configuring test parameters 387
Setting frequency 387
Setting amplitude 388
Setting average 390
Setting sweep mode 390
Setting trigger source 390
Setting external clock 390
Conducting spectrum measurements 392
Setting trace 392
Conducting RF measurements 393
Channel power 393
Occupied bandwidth 394
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) 394
ACPR 395
Multi-ACPR 396
Spurious emissions 397
Setting limit for RF tests 399
Conducting power vs. time measurements 399
Power vs. time (idle slot) 399
Power vs. time (active slot) 400
Setting limit for power vs. time tests 401
Conducting modulation measurements 401
Constellation 401
Code domain power 404
MAC Codogram 406
RCSI 407
MAC CDP Table 409
Setting limit for modulation tests 410
Performing auto measurements 411
Setting limit for auto measure 411
Setting measure setup 411
Setting display 412
Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 413
Setting measure setup 413
Measurement example 413
Conducting EV-DO OTA measurements 413
Channel scanner 414
PN scanner 415
Multipath profile 416
Code domain power 417
Route map 419

Chapter 12 Using TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer 423
Introduction 424
Display overview 425
Connecting a cable 425
Direct connection 425
Indirect connection 426
Over the air (OTA) 426
Selecting measurement mode 427
Configuring test parameters 427
Setting frequency 427
Setting amplitude 428
Setting average 430
Setting sweep mode 430
Setting trigger source 430
Setting external clock 431
Conducting spectrum measurements 431
Setting measure setup 431
Setting trace 432
Conducting RF measurements 433
Channel power 433
Occupied bandwidth 434
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) 435
ACLR 436
Multi-ACLR 437
Spurious emissions 438
Setting limit for RF tests 440
Conducting power vs. time measurements 440
Power vs. time (slot) 440
Power vs. time (frame) 442
Power vs. time (mask) 443
Timogram 444
Setting limit for power vs. time tests 446
Conducting modulation measurements 446
Constellation 447
Midamble power 448
Code power 449
Code error 451
Setting limit for modulation tests 452
Performing auto measurements 453
Setting limit 453
Setting measure setup 453
Setting display 454
Conducting TD-SCDMA OTA measurements 455
Sync-DL ID scanner 455
Sync-DL ID vs. Tau 455
Sync-DL ID multipath 456
Sync-DL ID analyzer 457
Route map 458
Chapter 13 Using Mobile WiMAX Signal Analyzer 462
Introduction 463
Display overview 464
Connecting a cable 464
Direct connection 464
Indirect connection 465
Over the air (OTA) 465
Selecting measurement mode 466
Configuring test parameters 466
Setting frequency 466
Setting amplitude 467
Setting average 469
Setting sweep mode 469
Setting trigger source 469
Setting external clock 469
Conducting spectrum measurements 470
Setting measure setup 470
Setting trace 471

Conducting RF measurements 472
Channel power 472
Occupied bandwidth 474
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) 475
Spurious emissions 476
Setting limit for RF tests 478
Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurements 478
Setting measure setup 478
Setting limit for power vs. time tests 479
Measurement example 480
Conducting modulation measurements 480
Constellation 480
Spectral flatness 482
EVM vs. subcarrier 483
EVM vs. symbol 485
Setting limit for modulation tests 486
Performing auto measurements 487
Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 488
Setting measure setup 488
Measurement example 489
Conducting Mobile WiMAX OTA measurements 489
Preamble scanner 489
Multipath profile 491
Preamble power trend 492
Route map 493

Chapter 14 Using NB-IoT Signal Analyzer 496

Introduction 497
Connecting a cable 498
Direct connection 498
Indirect connection 498
Over the air (OTA) 498
Selecting measurement mode 499
Configuring test parameters 500
Setting frequency 500
Setting amplitude 500
Setting average 502
Setting sweep mode 502
Setting trigger source 503
Setting external clock 503
Conducting NB-IoT in band spectrum measurement 504
Setting measure setup 504
Setting trace 504
Conducting NB-IoT in band modulation analysis 505
Setting measure setup 505
Conducting NB-IoT guard band spectrum measurement 507
Setting measure setup 507
Setting trace 507
Conducting NB-IoT guard band spectrum emission mask (SEM) 508
Setting measure setup 508
Conducting NB-IoT guard band modulation analysis 509
Setting measure setup 509
Conducting NB-IoT standalone RF measurements 510
Channel power 510
Occupied bandwidth 511
Spectrum emission mask (SEM) 512
ACLR 512
Spurious emissions 513
Setting limit for RF tests 514
Conducting NB-IoT standalone modulation analysis 515
Setting measure setup 515

Chapter 15 Using Cable and Antenna Analyzer 517

Introduction 518
Display overview 518
Selecting measurement mode 519
Configuring test parameters 519

Setting frequency 519
Setting distance 520
Adjusting scale 520
Setting sweep mode 521
Performing calibration 521
1-port calibration 522
2-port calibration 524
Calibration status indicators 526
Connecting a cable 526
Connecting a cable for reflection, DTF, 1-port phase, and Smith Chart measurements 526
Connecting a cable for cable loss (1 port) measurements 527
Connecting a cable for 2-port vector measurements 527
Connecting a cable for 2-port scalar measurements 528
Performing reflection measurements 529
Making a measurement 529
Measurement example 530
Performing DTF measurements 530
Making a measurement 530
Measurement example 532
Performing reflection-DTF measurements 533
Making a measurement 533
Measurement example 533
Performing cable loss (1 port) measurements 534
Making a measurement 534
Measurement example 535
Performing 1-port phase measurements 536
Making a measurement 536
Measurement example 536
Performing Smith chart measurements 537
Making a measurement 537
Measurement example 538
Performing 2-port vector measurements 538
Making a measurement 538
Measurement example 539
Performing 2-port scalar measurements 540
Making a measurement 540
Measurement example 540
Analyzing measurements 541
Setting trace and display 541
Setting zoom zones 541
Setting alternate sweep 542
Setting limit for cable and antenna analyzer 542

Chapter 16 Performing RFoCPRI Testing 544

Introduction 545
Display overview 546
Selecting measurement mode 546
Performing layer 2 monitoring 547
Connecting cables 547
Selecting measurement mode 547
Selecting port 548
Setting measure setup 548
Setting Rx optic limit 548
Conducting layer 2 monitoring 548
Measurement example 549
Performing layer 2 term testing 549
Connecting cables 549
Selecting measurement mode 550
Selecting port 550
Setting measure setup 550
Setting Rx optic limit 550
Conducting layer 2 term test 551
Measurement example 552
Performing layer 2 BERT 552
Connecting cables 552
Selecting measurement mode 553
Selecting port 553

Setting measure setup 553
Setting Rx optic limit 554
Setting BER limit 554
Setting RTD limit 554
Setting display 555
Conducting layer 2 BERT test 555
Measurement example 556
Performing interference analysis 556
Connecting cables 556
Selecting measurement mode 557
Selecting port 557
Configuring test parameters 557
Setting measure setup 563
Using map profile list (custom) 563
Using map profile list (system) 565
Selecting network technology 567
Configuring Rx parameters 567
Conducting spectrum measurement 569
Conducting dual spectrum measurement 571
Conducting quad spectrum 573
Conducting spectrogram 575
Conducting dual spectrogram 576
Conducting RSSI 577
Zooming into spectrum using zoom in 578
Performing spectrum replayer 580
Setting limit for interference analysis 582
Performing PIM detection (single and multiple carriers) 583
Connecting cables 583
Selecting measurement mode 583
Selecting port 584
Setting measure setup 584
Configuring Rx Parameters 584
Calculating possible PIM 586
Detecting PIM (single and multiple carriers) 586
Measurement example 587
Performing LTE-FDD downlink signal analysis 587
Connecting cables 588
Selecting measurement mode 588
Selecting port 588
Configuring test parameters 589
Setting measure setup 591
Configuring Rx Parameters 591
Conducting spectrum measurement 592
Conducting channel power measurement 594
Occupied bandwidth 595
Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurement 596
Conducting constellation measurement 597
Conducting data channel measurement 599
Conducting control channel measurement 601
Viewing decoded MIB and SIB1/2 information 603
Conducting subframe measurement 604
Conducting frame measurement 607
Conducting time alignment error measurement 609
Conducting data allocation map measurement 610
Performing power statistics CCDF measurement 612
Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis 613
Performing LTE-TDD downlink signal analysis 614
Connecting cables 615
Selecting measurement mode 615
Selecting port 615
Configuring test parameters 616
Setting measure setup 618
Configuring Rx Parameters 618
Conducting spectrum measurement 619
Conducting channel power measurement 621
Occupied bandwidth 622
Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurement 623
Conducting constellation measurement 624

Conducting data channel measurement 626
Conducting control channel measurement 628
Conducting subframe measurement 630
Conducting time alignment error measurement 633
Conducting data allocation map measurement 634
Performing power statistics CCDF measurement 636
Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis 637
Using signal generator 638
Using RF source in RFoCPRI testing 638
Using CPRI source 639

Chapter 17 Performing RFoOBSAI Testing 641

Introduction 642
Display overview 642
Selecting measurement mode 643
Performing layer 2 monitoring 643
Connecting cables 643
Selecting measurement mode 644
Selecting port 644
Setting measure setup 644
Setting Rx optic limit 645
Conducting layer 2 monitoring 645
Measurement example 646
Performing layer 2 term testing 646
Connecting cables 646
Selecting measurement mode 647
Selecting port 647
Setting measure setup 647
Setting Rx optic limit 647
Conducting layer 2 term test 648
Measurement example 649
Performing interference analysis 649
Connecting cables 649
Selecting measurement mode 650
Selecting port 650
Configuring test parameters 650
Setting measure setup 654
Conducting spectrum measurement 655
Conducting spectrogram 657
Conducting RSSI 658
Performing spectrum replayer 659
Setting limit for interference analysis 660
Performing PIM detection (single and multiple carriers) 661
Connecting cables 661
Selecting measurement mode 662
Selecting port 662
Setting measure setup 662
Calculating possible PIM 663
Detecting PIM (single and multiple carriers) 664
Measurement example 665
Performing LTE-FDD downlink signal analysis 665
Connecting cables 665
Selecting measurement mode 666
Selecting port 666
Configuring test parameters 666
Setting measure setup 668
Conducting spectrum measurement 670
Conducting channel power measurement 671
Occupied bandwidth 672
Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurement 673
Conducting constellation measurement 674
Conducting data channel measurement 676
Conducting control channel measurement 678
Viewing decoded MIB and SIB1/2 information 680
Conducting subframe measurement 681
Conducting frame measurement 684
Conducting time alignment error measurement 686

Conducting data allocation map measurement 687
Performing power statistics CCDF measurement 689
Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis 690
Using signal generator 691
Using RF source in RFoOBSAI testing 691
Using OBSAI source 692

Chapter 18 Perfroming BBU Emulation 693

Introduction 694
Selecting measurement mode 694
Performing BBU Emulation for Alcatel-Lucent 695
Selecting measurement mode 696
Selecting port 696
Performing RRH profiling 696
Verifying and configuring a RRH 700
Performing spectrum clearance 707
Checking coverage range 715
Performing PIM analysis 718
Optimizing RET information 724
Verifying link status 728

Chapter 19 Using Channel Scanner 730

Introduction 731
Display overview 731
Connecting a cable 731
Direct connection 731
Indirect connection 732
Over the air (OTA) 732
Selecting measurement mode 733
Configuring test parameters 733
Setting frequency 733
Setting amplitude 733
Setting average 735
Setting sweep mode 735
Making channel scanner measurements 736
Setting channel 736
Measurement example 736
Making frequency scanner measurements 737
Setting frequency 737
Measurement example 738
Making custom scanner measurements 738
Setting channel/frequency 738
Measurement example 739
Analyzing measurements 740
Setting limit for channel scanner 740

Chapter 20 Using Power Meter 741

Introduction 742
Display overview 742
Performing internal RF power measurements 742
Connecting a cable 743
Selecting measurement mode 743
Setting frequency 744
Setting amplitude 745
Setting sweep mode 745
Making a measurement 746
Measurement example 746
Performing external RF power measurements 747
Connecting a cable 747
Selecting measurement mode 748
Setting frequency 748
Setting amplitude 748
Making a measurement 749
Measurement example 749
Performing optical power measurements 750
Connecting a power meter 750
Selecting measurement mode 751

Setting measurement parameters 751
Making a power measurement 751
Reading a relative power 752
Holding a measurement 752

Chapter 21 Performing Fiber Inspection 753

Introduction 754
Display overview 754
Connecting a fiber microscope 754
Selecting measurement mode 755
Configuring test parameters 755
Selecting profile and tip 755
Setting preferences 755
Performing fiber inspection 756
Capturing fiber image 756
Testing a fiber 757

Chapter 22 Using EMF Analyzer 759

Introduction 760
Display overview 760
Connecting an isotropic antenna 760
Selecting measurement mode 761
Configuring test parameters 761
Setting frequency 761
Setting amplitude 763
Setting bandwidth 764
Conducting EMF spectrum measurements 765
Setting trace 766
Setting limit 766
Recording and replaying EMF logging data 767
Logging EMF spectrum data 767
Replaying EMF spectrum data 768

Appendix 770

Appendix A – Product general information 771
JD780B series 771
JD740B series 773
Appendix B – Cable list 775
Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard 776
Appendix D – VSWR-Return loss conversion table 779
Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table 780
Appendix F – Motorola CDMA/EV-DO LMF 781
Using JD700B series LMF interface 781
Setting up for a LMF test 781
Performing a LMF test 782
Appendix G – Bluetooth connection 783
Installing and setting up Bluetooth software 783
Making Bluetooth connection 783
Setting up communication in application 784
Turning Bluetooth mode on/off manually 785
Appendix H – Device driver installation 786
Appendix I – Ordering information 787
JD785B Base Station Analyzer 787
JD786B RF Analyzer 789
JD788B Signal Analyzer 790
JD745B Base Station Analyzer 793
JD746B RF Analyzer 795
JD748B Signal Analyzer 796
JD700B Series Common Options 799
Appendix J – RoHS information 802
JD780B series 802
JD740B series 803
Appendix K – On-screen keyboard 804
Adding or deleting letters 804
Editing or adding a custom keyword 804
Appending a keyword 805
Appendix L – Supported map display parameters 807

About This Guide

Topics discussed in this chapter include the following:

- Purpose and scope 22
- Assumptions 22
- Safety and compliance information 22
- Conventions 23
- Technical assistance 24

Sections “Safety and compliance information” and “Conventions” in this chapter contain information in French as well.

Purpose and scope

The purpose of this guide is to help you successfully operate the JD700B series (firmware version 3.066 and later) and use its features and capabilities. This document includes instructions that describe how to operate, set up, configure, and use the JD700B series, consisting of JD785B/JD745B Base Station Analyzer, JD786B/JD746B RF Analyzer, and JD788B/JD748B Signal Analyzer.

Objectif et champ d'application
Le but de ce guide est de vous aider à utiliser avec succès la série JD700B (version du firmware 3.066 et plus tard) et à utiliser ses fonctions et capacités. Ce document contient des instructions qui décrivent comment utiliser, créer, configurer et utiliser la série JD700B, composé de JD785B/JD745B Base Station Analyzer, JD786B/JD746B RF Analyzer, et JD788B/JD748B Signal Analyzer.

Assumptions

This guide is intended for novice, intermediate, and experienced users who want to use the JD700B series effectively and efficiently. We are assuming that you have basic operation experience and are familiar with basic mobile communication concepts and terminology.

Hypothèses
Ce guide est destiné aux débutants, intermédiaires et les utilisateurs avancés qui veulent utiliser série JD700B efficace et efficiente. Nous supposons que vous avez une expérience de base du fonctionnement et êtes familier avec les concepts de communication mobile et de la terminologie.

Safety and compliance information

It is mandatory to permanently connect this product to the protective earth.

When supplying power to this device, always use an AC power cable that includes an earth (safety) ground connection.

Informations de sécurité et de conformité
Il est obligatoire de se connecter en permanence ce produit à la protecteur terre. Lorsque alimenter en énergie cet appareil, utilisez toujours un câble d'alimentation secteur qui comprend une terre de sécurité.

WARNING
Do not attempt to service this product yourself, as opening or removing covers may expose you to dangerous voltage and other hazards. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.

AVERTISSEMENT
Ne pas tenter de réparer ce produit vous-même, car l'ouverture ou le retrait des capots peut vous exposer à des tensions dangereuses et autres risques. Confiez toute réparation à un personnel qualifié de service VIAVI.

CAUTION
This equipment contains parts and assemblies sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Use ESD precautionary procedures when touching, removing, or inserting ESD sensitive parts and assemblies, or damage to components could result.

An electrostatic-sensitive device can only withstand voltage spikes of 10 to 100 volts. Any discharge greater than this can damage or effectively destroy such a device while going unnoticed by a technician. Common plastics (synthetic insulating materials), clothing, and paper or cardboard are the most common source of static charges.

MISE EN GARDE
Cet équipement contient des pièces et des assemblages sensibles aux décharges électrostatiques

(ESD). Utilisez ESD procédures de précaution en cas de contact, la suppression ou l'insertion de pièces de l'EDD et des assemblages sensibles, ou des dommages aux composants pourraient en résulter.

Un dispositif électrostatique sensible ne peut supporter des pointes de tension de 10 à 100 volts. Toute décharge supérieur à ce qui peut endommager ou détruire efficacement un tel dispositif alors passer inaperçu par un technicien. Matières plastiques (matériaux synthétiques isolants), les vêtements et le papier ou le carton sont la source la plus fréquente de charges statiques.

CAUTION
This instrument uses a Lithium Ion battery that, if not connected correctly, may lead to explosion. In case the battery needs to be exchanged, it must be the same kind as or compatible with the one shipped with your instrument.

The battery must not be disposed of in a landfill site or as municipal waste, and should be disposed of according to your national regulations.

MISE EN GARDE
Cet instrument utilise une batterie lithium-ion qui, s'il n'est pas connecté correctement, peut conduire à une explosion. Dans le cas où la batterie a besoin d'être remplacé, il doit être du même type ou compatible avec celui fourni avec votre instrument.

La batterie ne doit pas être éliminé dans un site d'enfouissement ou les déchets municipaux, et doit être éliminé conformément à la réglementation nationales.

Conventions

This guide uses typographical and symbols conventions as described in the following tables.

Conventions
Ce guide utilise les conventions typographiques et les symboles tels que décrits dans les tableaux suivants.

Table 1 Text formatting and other typographical conventions

Item	Text formatting/symbols used	Example(s)
Buttons or hard keys that the user presses on a physical device	Bold, all caps, default font	Press the **ON** button. Press the **MODE** hard key. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
Hot keys that the user presses on a physical device	Bold, all caps, italics, default font	Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
Soft keys or toggle keys that the user presses on a physical device to select corresponding menus	Bold, default font	Press the **Span** soft key. Press the **Channel Power** soft key.
Soft key option separators	Denoted by a vertical bar | that means “or”, only one option can be selected with a single press	Press the **Zone [1|2|3]** soft key.
File type	Courier New	In `.tra` file type.
Required arguments (text variables in code)	Denoted by slanted brackets < >.	Enter **<password>**

Table 2 Symbol conventions

This symbol indicates a note that includes important supplemental information or tips related to the main text.

Ce symbole indique une note qui inclut des importante supplémentaire informations ou des pointes relatifs au texte principal.

This symbol represents a general hazard. It may be associated with either a DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION message.

Ce symbole signale la présence d'un danger général.

This symbol represents hazardous voltages. It may be associated with either a DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION message.

Ce symbole signale la présence d'un risque d'électrocution.

This symbol represents a risk of explosion. It may be associated with either a DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION message.

Ce symbole signale la présence d'un risque d'explosion.

This symbol, located on the equipment, battery, or the packaging indicates that the equipment or battery must not be disposed of in a landfill site or as municipal waste, and should be disposed of according to your national regulations.

Ce symbole, situé sur l'équipement, la batterie ou l'emballage indique que l'équipement ou de la batterie ne doivent pas être jetés dans un site d'enfouissement ou les déchets municipaux, et doivent être éliminés conformément à la réglementation nationales.

Table 3 Safety definitions

DANGER	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, *will* result in death or serious injury. It may be associated with either a general hazard, high voltage, or risk of explosion symbol.
DANGER	*Indique une situation potentiellement dangereuse qui, si elle n'est pas évitée, entraînera la mort ou des blessures graves.*
WARNING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, *could* result in death or serious injury. It may be associated with either a general hazard, high voltage, or risk of explosion symbol.
AVERTISSEMENT	*Indique une situation de danger potentiel qui, si elle n'est pas évitée, peut entraîner la mort ou des dommages corporels graves.*
CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, *could* result in minor or moderate injury and/or damage to equipment. It may be associated with either a general hazard, high voltage, or risk of explosion symbol. When applied to software actions, indicates a situation that, if not avoided, *could* result in loss of data or a disruption of software operation.
MISE EN GARDE	*Indique une situation de danger potentiel qui, si elle n'est pas évitée, peut entraîner des dommages corporels légers ou modérés.*

Technical assistance

If you require technical assistance, call 1-844-GO-VIAVI or send an email to TAC@viavisolutions.com. For the latest TAC information, go to http://www.viavisolutions.com/en/services-and-support/support/technical-assistance.

1

Chapter 1 JD700B Series Overview

This chapter provides a general description of the JD700B series. Topics discussed in this chapter include the following:

- About the JD700B series 26
- Features and capabilities 26
- Options 27
- Specifications 27

About the JD700B series

VIAVI wireless RF and fiber test solutions for the field include base station analyzers, cable and antenna analyzers, and signaling analyzers for the installation and maintenance of modern wireless communication systems. RF and fiber test is critical for wireless operators facing challenges of signal quality and signaling interference, and maintaining quality high-bandwidth services.

The JD700B series addresses spectrum analysis, interference analysis, and cable, antenna and modulation analysis, covering current wideband technologies such as WiMAX and LTE/LTE-Advanced.

Base station analyzer JD785B and JD745B

The Base Station Analyzer contains all the features and capabilities required to perform field-testing of cell sites of all wireless technologies, from 2G to 4G.

RF analyzer JD786B and JD746B

The RF Analyzer provides multi-purpose solution for the analysis of RF systems covering all physical aspects of transmission, reception, and interference of RF systems up to 8 GHz and 4 GHz, respectively.

Signal analyzer JD788B and JD748B

The Signal Analyzer contains all the features and capabilities required to perform cell site field-testing for all wireless technologies from 2G to 4G.

Features and capabilities

The JD700B series is the optimal test solution for installation and maintenance of cellular base stations and cell sites, running with external AC power or battery for the field.

The user interface has been specifically designed with customized menus and simple calibration procedures, providing service providers with accurate and reliable measurement results.

Applicable Systems

- cdmaOne/cdma2000
- EV-DO
- WCDMA/HSPA+
- GSM/GPRS/EDGE
- TD-SCDMA
- WiMAX
- LTE/LTE-Advanced (FDD and TDD)
- RF over Fiber (RFoFiber – RFoCPRI and RFoOBSAI)

Key Features

Table 4 Key functions available in product models

Functionality	JD785B/JD745B	JD786B/JD746B	JD788B/JD748B
Spectrum Analyzer	■	■	■
Cable and Antenna Analyzer	■	■	
RF Power Meter	■	■	■
Optical Power Meter	■	■	■
Fiber Inspection	■	■	■
Signal Analyzers (optional)	■		■
RFoFiber (optional)	■	■	■
Interference Analyzer (optional)	■	■	■
Channel Scanner (optional)	■	■	■
OTA Measurement (optional)	■		■
EMF Analyzer (optional)	■	■	■

Options

This instrument is provided with various options/features that are available to be ordered. See “Appendix I – Ordering information” on page 787 for more information.

Specifications

AC power

Input voltage is automatically selected within the instrument’s tolerable input line voltage from 100 to 240 VAC. This instrument does not have a separate line protection fuse.

Table 5 AC power requirements

Item	JD780B Specification	JD740B Specification
AC Power	100 to 240 V AC, 50-60 Hz	100 to 240 V AC, 50-60 Hz
Power Consumption	42 W in operation 54 W with battery charging	42 W in operation 54 W with battery charging

Physical specifications

Table 6 shows weight with standard configurations and the battery pack installed.

Table 6 Physical specifications

Model	Dimension (H x W x D)
JD785B/JD786B/JD788B	7.7” x 11.6” x 3.2” (195 mm x 295 mm x 82 mm)
JD745B/JD746B/JD748B	7.7” x 11.6” x 3.2” (195 mm x 295 mm x 82 mm)

2

Chapter 2 Getting Started

This chapter provides general guides of how to get started with your JD700B series instrument. Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Unpacking the JD700B series 29
- Exploring the JD700B series 29
- Installing battery pack 34
- Starting up the JD700B series 34
- Managing files 35
- Configuring system 39
- Upgrading firmware 41
- Managing licenses 43
- Performing service diagnostic 45
- Using system administration 47
- Running IP test 47
- Activating StrataSync 48
- Activating StrataSync 50
- Activating StrataSync 51
- Setting communication 52
- Managing help manual 57

Unpacking the JD700B series

Unpack and inspect the shipping package thoroughly to ensure that nothing was damaged during the shipment. Also, check that your delivered package includes all of your ordered items in the shipment. If contents in the package are damaged or defective or if there are any missing items, keep the shipping list and materials for carrier's inspection and contact your nearest VIAVI authorized sales and service office.

A basic test set of JD700B series would include the following items in the package. For more options, see "Appendix I – Ordering information" on page 787.

Table 7 Items included in a basic test set shipment

Item	Quantity
JD700B series instrument (JD785B, JD786B, JD788B, JD745B, JD746B, or JD748B)	1
AC/DC power adapter and power cord	1
1.5 meter cross LAN cable	1
1.8 meter USB A-to-B cable	1
> 1 GB USB memory	1
Rechargeable Lithium Ion battery pack	1
12 V DC automotive adapter	1
Stylus pen	1
User's guide and application software CD	1

Exploring the JD700B series

Figure 1 JD785B front panel view

Front panel

The JD700B series analyzers have the same front panel look as like **Figure 1**, except for the bumpers in different colors.

Power on/off button

Key	Description
	POWER ON/OFF – You can turn your instrument on or off. Two LEDs indicate power source and status. See “Starting up the JD700B series” on page 34.

Function hard keys

You can use these hard keys to activate specified functions as labeled on each key.

Key	Description
	MODE – You can select an analyzer mode from all the standard and optional modes available to your instrument.
	FREQ/DIST – You can configure frequency or distance settings.
	AMP/SCALE – You can configure amplitude and scale settings.
	BW/AVG – You can configure bandwidth and average settings.
	TRACE/DISPLAY – You can set up trace and display parameters.
	MARKER – You can analyze measurements with markers.
	PEAK SEARCH – You can set up peak search parameters.

Hot keys

When the user input field on the screen is inactive, you can use these hot keys to activate specific functions instead of numbers. When you see the user input field activated or highlighted, press the **ESC** hard key to use these hot keys.

Key	Description
	MEASURE – You can select measurements available for your selected analyzer mode.
	MEASURE SETUP – You can set measurement parameters available for your selected measurement mode.
	SAVE/LOAD – You can save or load your current screen, result, setup, or limit into or from the internal memory or an external USB memory drive.
	SWEEP – You can configure sweep parameters.
	TRIGGER – You can select trigger options such as internal, external, and GPS.
	SYSTEM – You can configure your system settings or view your current system information.

	PRESET – You can use this key to return to a known state and make measurements.
	HOLD – You can change the sweep mode: Continue or Single.
	LIMIT – You can set limit settings such as display line, multi segment line, save limits, recall limits, or test specification limits.
	BACKLIGHT – You can turn the key backlight feature on or off.
	HELP – You can have the online help screen on if available.

Soft keys

You can use not only the touchscreen keys but also these physical keys placed along the right side of the display to start a specific function associated with each soft key, invoke other screen keys, or select a unit. The **More** screen menu indicates that there are more than seven screen menus for the level. The small arrowhead symbol in the screen menu indicates that there are screen menus under the screen menu.

Data entry and other keys

Key	Description
	ROTARY KNOB WITH ENTER KEY – You can change a value with predefined increments or move marker position. Rotating this knob clockwise increases value or moves a marker to the right and rotating counter clockwise does vice versa. This knob works as the ENTER hard key as well.
	ARROW KEYS – You can increase or decrease value or move your selection up, down, to the left, or to the right.
	NUMERIC KEYS – You can manually enter a value for measurement parameters.
	DEL – You can delete data entry. After pressing the ENTER key or selecting a unit soft key, you cannot delete or remove data entered.
	ENTER – You can save and confirm data entry.
	ESC – You can cancel any input in the user input field or dismiss a pop-up window on the screen.
	PREV – You can go back to the previous menu without changing current setup.

Top panel

The JD700B series products have the same top view as **Figure 2** and Figure 3.

Figure 2 Top view of JD785B with optical hardware option

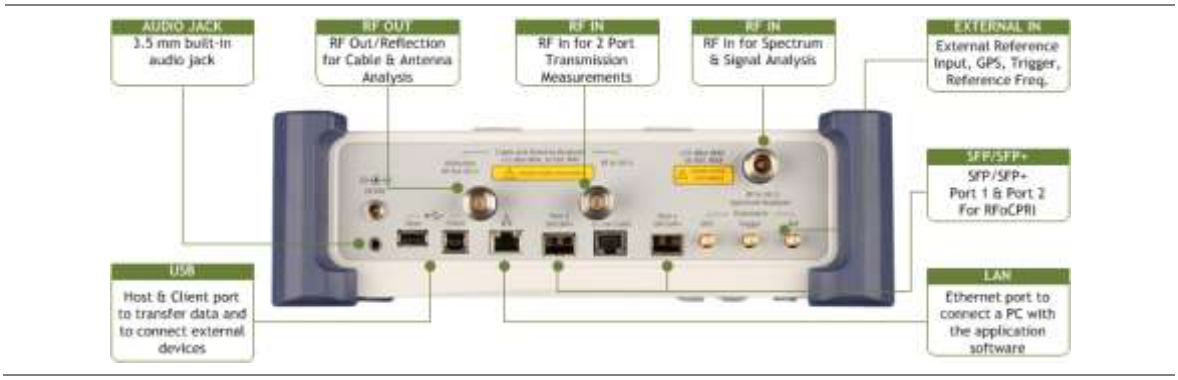


Figure 3 Top view of JD785B without optical hardware option

Reflection/RF Out (Cable and Antenna Analyzer)

The **Reflection/RF Out** port of the Cable and Antenna Analyzer is a precise 50 Ω N-type female connector that is used as the output signal port for the Cable and Antenna Analyzer mode.

CAUTION
Do not apply or connect power exceeding +25 dBm to this Reflection/RF Out port. If such power is applied, it will degrade the product's performance and can cause damage to the product in worst case.

RF In (Cable and Antenna Analyzer)

The **RF In** port is a precise 50 Ω N-type female connector that is used as the input signal port for 2-port vector measurements in the Cable and Antenna Analyzer mode.

CAUTION
The maximum power allowed to the RF In port is +25 dBm. If the input power exceeds the limit, it may degrade the product performance or cause damage to the instrument in a worst case. Do not connect any power feed exceeding 1 W directly to this port.

DC 18 V

The input power to this port shall be 18 V DC.

RF In (Spectrum Analyzer)

The **RF In** port is a precise 50 Ω N-type female connector that is used as the input signal port for spectrum analysis, signal analysis, and RF power measurement.

CAUTION
The maximum power allowed to the RF In port is +25 dBm for JD780B series and +20 dBm for JD740B series. If the input power exceeds the limit, it may degrade the product performance or cause damage to the instrument in a worst case.

Audio jack

The audio jack is labeled with a headphones icon. Plugging in headphones or earphones turns the speaker off.

USB

- **CLIENT:** This is a communication port that you can connect your instrument and your PC with application software JDViewer, JDRemote, or JDMapCreator. You must install driver software for the instrument on to the computer. See “Appendix H – Device driver installation” on page 786 for more information.
- **HOST:** You can use this port to plug in an external USB memory to extend storage capacity or to upgrade the instrument’s firmware. It supports most USB memory devices with 32-bit file system. You can also use this port to connect an external power sensor, Bluetooth USB adapter, or P5000i fiber microscope. See “Appendix G – Bluetooth connection” on page 783 on how to set up and use the Bluetooth connection.

LAN

You can use this Ethernet communication port to connect your instrument and your PC using the application software JDViewer or Motorola WinLMF, if necessary. Two LEDs indicate data transfer activity and link status.

- **ACTIVITY:** The yellow LED is illuminated during data transfer.
- **LINK:** The green LED is illuminated when there is a valid communication connection.

SFP/SFP+

The optical hardware option board for RFoCPRI and RFoOBSAI supports all types of MSA (Multi-Source Agreement) compliant SFP transceivers. You can use these SFP/SFP+ ports to connect SFP modules to test CPRI/OBSAI protocols, detect an error or alarm, perform interference analysis, and transmit test pattern over fiber link.

External In

- **GPS:** You can plug in a GPS antenna to this SMA type female connector in order to get location information and highly accurate reference.
- **TRIGGER:** You can use this SMA type female connector to receive PP2S clock or 10 ms synchronization signals from an external timing reference.
- **REF:** You can use this SMA type female connector to receive 10 MHz, 13 MHz, or 15 MHz reference clock signals from an external frequency source.

Installing battery pack

You need to install the Lithium Ion battery pack provided with your instrument. Follow the instruction to install or remove the battery pack as needed.

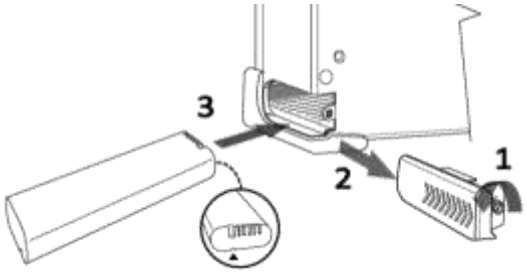
Procedure

To install the battery pack:

1. Loosen the latching screw of the battery cover by turning counter clockwise.
2. Slide out the battery cover to open.
3. Insert the battery pack with the connector terminal side up and push in until it stops.
4. Slide in the battery cover to close.
5. Tighten the latching screw of the battery cover by turning clockwise.

To remove the battery pack:

1. Loosen the latching screw of the battery cover by turning counter clockwise.
2. Slide out the battery cover.
3. Hold the battery strap and pull it out.



CAUTION
The battery pack that came with your instrument is Lithium Ion and it may, if not connected correctly, lead to explosion. In case you need to replace the battery, you must use one of the same kinds or compatible ones. You must dispose a battery according to your local safety and environmental regulations.

NOTE
It is recommended that you turn off the instrument to replace the battery. However, if you do not want to interrupt the current test, you can leave the module turned on with the AC power adapter plugged in.

Starting up the JD700B series

Use the power button to turn your JD700B series on or off. When external power is supplied via the AC/DC adapter, the upper orange LED is illuminated.

Procedure

To turn on:

1. Press and hold the **POWER** button for a few seconds until the lower green LED indicator is illuminated.
2. Release the button and wait for a few seconds while booting up.

To turn off:

1. Press and hold the **POWER** button for a few seconds until the lower green LED indicator goes out.
2. Release the button.

Managing files

The JD700B series lets you save and load screen, result, setup, limit, logging data, or Fail events depending on your selected measurement modes and options.

NOTE
If you see greyed-out menus as you change measurement modes, this indicates that the menu(s) are not available to be used.

Using save

You can save your current screen, result, setup, and limit into the internal memory or your external USB memory drive.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key. The Save/Load menu bar appears.
2. Press the **Save** soft key.
3. Select the save option, from the following choices:

To save	Select	File type
Current screen	Save Screen > Screen	.png
Measurement result in a report format with comments and captured screen images	Save Screen > Report	.pdf
Measurement result	Save Result	.tra .gom .grr .jdt
RRH profile (only available in BBU emulation mode)	Save Profile	.jcm
Measurement result (.csv)	Save Result as CSV Format	.csv
Setup and test configuration	Save Setup	.sta
Limit setting	Save Limit	.jml
Logging data	Save Logging Data	.grr .gsr .csv
Automatically screen or results that falls outside the defined limit settings (Failed event)	Save On Event	.png .tra .csv

The on-screen keyboard appears.

NOTE
- Save Setup saves a test configuration only, not a measurement limit setting. You must use Save Limit to save your limit settings.
- In the Spectrum measurement of Spectrum Analyzer and Interference Analyzer modes, Save Setup saves the test configuration and measurement limit settings.
- In the Cable and Antenna Analyzer mode, if the limit line is enabled and set, Save Result saves the trace together with the set limit line.
- In the Spectrum measurement of spectrum analyzer and Interference Analyzer modes, if the limit line is enabled and set, Save Result saves the trace together with the set limit line.
- An RFoCPRI/RFoOBSAI spectrum can be saved as a file, but the difference in its data

point does not allow the saved RFoCPRI/RFoOBSAI spectrum to be overlaid on a regular RF spectrum.

4 Toggle **Invert Colors** and select **On** to invert the image color.

5 Type the name of the file in the **File Name** field with or without using a keyword.

6 *Optional.*

To create or edit keywords, touch the **Edit Keywords** button, select your desired keyword button in the upper screen, type a keyword, and then tap the **Save** button on the keyboard. See “Editing or adding a custom keyword” on page 804 for more information.
To include a keyword in the file name, touch the **Append Keywords** button, select your desired keyword, and then tap the **Keyboard** button. See “Appending a keyword” on page 805 for more information.
To change the file location in the internal memory or to your USB memory drive, tap the **Location** button, select your desired file path using the touch screen or the rotary knob, and then press the **Apply** soft key.

To create a folder, press the **Create Folder** soft key, type a directory name, and then press the **Apply** soft key.

7 Press the **Save** soft key.

8 If you have selected **Save Screen > Report** in step **3**, pressing the **Save** soft key in the previous step **6** gives you another window where you can specify details on your report.

9 Type the name of the person who performed testing in the Engineer field.

10 Enter a description about the site or place in the Site Information field.

11 Enter your test purpose in the Test Purpose field.

12 Enter a summary of your test results in the Result field.

13 Type your company name in the Company Name field.

14 Enter your company or site address in the Address field.

15 To attach your company logo and up to six captured screens to the report, tap the **Click to Attach** bar, attach image files as desired, and then tap the **Save** button.

Saving fail events

Depending on the measurement mode, you can let the instrument automatically save measurement screen or result that falls outside the defined limit settings or the Fail indicator is on. You can also set to save the first event and hold the measurement or to save all the events continuously.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key.
The Save/Load menu bar appears.

2 Press the **Save** soft key.

3 Press the **Save On Event** soft key.

4 Press the **Save Type** soft key, and then select the save option from the choices: **Screen**, **Result**, or **Result as CSV Format**.

5 *Optional*. Toggle the **Save Then Stop** soft key to **On** in order to save the first event that falls outside the limit(s) and to hold the measurement. Otherwise, leave this feature off to save events continuously.

6 Press the **Start** soft key to start saving.
The on-screen keyboard appears.

7 Type the name of the file in the **File Name** field with or without using a keyword.

8 *Optional.* Complete the following steps:

To create or edit keywords, touch the **Edit Keywords** button, select your desired keyword button in the upper screen, type a keyword, and then tap the **Save** button on the keyboard. See “Editing or adding a custom keyword” on page 804 for more information.
To include a keyword in the file name, touch the **Append Keywords** button, select your

desired keyword, and then tap the **Keyboard** button. See “Appending a keyword” on page 805 for more information.
To change the file location in the internal memory or to your USB memory drive, touch the **Location** button, select your desired file path using the touch screen or the rotary knob, and then press the **Apply** soft key.
To create a folder, press the **Create Folder** soft key, type a directory name, and then press the **Apply** soft key.

9 Press the **Done** soft key.
The “Event Save” appears on the screen and the **Start** screen menu changes to **Stop**.

10 Press the **Stop** soft key to end the event saving.

Saving logging data

You can save logging data if the measurement mode supports the feature and has the activated Save Logging Data soft key.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key.
The Save/Load menu bar appears.

2 Press the **Save** soft key.

3 Press the **Save Logging Data** soft key.
The on-screen keyboard appears.

4 Type the name of the file in the **File Name** field with or without using a keyword.

5 *Optional.* Complete the following steps:

To create or edit keywords, touch the **Edit Keywords** button, select your desired keyword button in the upper screen, type a keyword, and then tap the **Save** button on the keyboard. See “Editing or adding a custom keyword” on page 804 for more information.

To include a keyword in the file name, touch the **Append Keywords** button, select your desired keyword, and then tap the **Keyboard** button. See “Appending a keyword” on page 805 for more information.

To create a folder, press the **Create Folder** soft key, type a directory name, and then press the **Apply** soft key.

To change the file location in the internal memory or to your USB memory drive, touch the **Location** button, select your desired file path using the touch screen or the rotary knob, and then press the **Apply** soft key.

NOTE
In is recommended that you use an external USB memory drive to save logging data in the Auto Measure mode in order to have enough free space.

6 *Optional only in the **Auto Measure** mode*.
Toggle the **Save Screen** soft key and select **All** to save all the Auto Measure screens or **Fail** to save only the ones with the Fail on.

7 Press the **Save** soft key to start logging.
The “Recording” appears on the screen.

8 Press the **ESC** hard key to stop logging data and complete saving.

Using load

You can load your saved screen, result, setup, and limit from the internal memory or your external USB memory drive.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key.

The Save/Load menu bar appears.

2 Press the **Load** soft key.
The Load menu bar appears.

3 Select the load option, from the following choices:

To load	Select
Saved screen or report	Load Screen
Measurement result	Load Result
Setup and test configuration	Load Setup
Limit setting	Load Limit
Logging data	Load Logging Data
Map file	Load Map
Scenario	Load Scenario

The file manager window appears.

NOTE
An RFoCPRI/RFoOBSAI spectrum can be recorded and replayed in the RFoCPRI/RFoOBSAI Interference Analyzer (IA) mode only. It is not compatible with a standard spectrum logging file in the Interference Analyzer mode.

4 Select the name of the file to be loaded from the internal memory or from your USB drive.
Information of your selected file appears in the File Information pane.

5 Press the **Load** soft key.

Using file manager

The File Manager lets you copy, cut, paste, and delete data files saved in the internal memory or in your USB memory drive.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key.
The Save/Load menu bar appears.

2 Press the **File Manager** soft key.
The file manager window appears.

3 To copy, cut, and paste, complete the following steps:
   a Select a file or folder by using the touch screen or the rotary knob.
   b Select the **Copy** or **Cut** soft key.
   c Select the location to which the file or folder to be pasted.
   d Press the **Paste** soft key.

4 To delete, complete the following steps:
   a Select a file or folder by using the touch screen or the rotary knob.
   b Press the **Delete** soft key.
   The confirmation dialog box appears.
   Once the file or folder is deleted, you cannot recover it.
   c Select **OK** to delete.

5 Press the **Exit** soft key or the **ESC** hard key to close the file manager window.

Configuring system

Setting frequency reference

You can improve measurement accuracy by setting frequency reference.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Press the **Freq Reference** soft key.
3. Select the frequency reference option: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, or **GPS**.

Setting frequency reference for 28 GHz downconverter

You can improve measurement accuracy by setting frequency reference.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Press the **Freq Reference** soft key.
3. Once pressed **CellAdvisor** soft key, select the frequency reference option: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, or **GPS**.
4. Once pressed **28G DC** soft key, select the option between **Internal** and **External**.

Setting date and time

You can set the instrument' system clock to your region.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **System Configuration > Date/Time**.
   The current time zone information box appears.
3. To change the standard time zone, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Std Time Zone** soft key.
   b. Select your time zone by using the rotary knob or arrow keys. You can also use the **Top/Bottom** or **Page Up/Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **ENTER** hard key to save your change. You can also press the rotary knob.
4. To change the date format, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Date Format** soft key.
   b. Select **YYMMDD**, **MMDDYY**, or **DDMMYY** as needed.
5. To set the date and time manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **Year**, **Month**, **Day**, **Hour**, or **Minute** soft key as needed.
   b. Enter a value by using numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key to save your change.
6. Press the **Apply** screen key to save and exit.

Setting language

You can change the system language for the menus, messages, and information on screen.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **System Configuration > Language**.
3. Select the language option from the choices available.

Setting power on

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Press the **Power On** soft key.
3. Select the power-on option, from the following choices:

   Last: Boots up with the last state of the instrument before power-off or shut-down.

   Preset: Boots up with the default settings preset in the factory.

   User: Boots up with the user-defined setup.
   When the User is selected, the User Setup menu under System becomes activated.
4. *Optional*. If you have selected User in step **3**, complete the following steps to specify a user setup file to be used:
   a. Press the **User Setup** soft key.
   b. Select the name of the user setup file.
   c. Press the **Done** soft key.

NOTE
The Preset is to revert to original factory settings. It is recommended that you use this option when you have experienced badly misadjusted settings.

Changing display mode

You can change the instrument's display mode as needed.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **System Configuration > Display Mode**.
3. Select a display mode from the choices: **Indoor**, **Outdoor**, and **Night**.
4. The instrument optimizes screen colors to each choice.

Setting sleep time

You can set the amount of time up to 255 minutes to let the instrument automatically turn the backlight off and enter into power saving mode after no actions or data entries. Default setting is zero, which indicates that the sleep mode is turned off and screen backlight is always on.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **System Configuration > Sleep Time**.
3. Enter the amount of minutes by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Adjusting LCD brightness

You can adjust display brightness from one to ten as needed. The larger number you set, the brighter the display becomes.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **System Configuration > LCD Brightness**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Adjusting volume

You can turn the sound on or off or adjust the volume from one to ten as needed.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select the sound option, from the following choices:

   To turn the sound or alarm off, toggle the **Sound** soft key to **Off**.

   To turn the sound or alarm on, toggle the **Sound** soft key to **On**.

   To adjust the volume, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Sound** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Upgrading firmware

It is recommended that you maintain your instrument up-to-date with its latest firmware in order to achieve the instrument's optimal performance.

Checking installed firmware version

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Press the **HW/FW Info** soft key.
3. Find the installed version number in the **Firmware** field.
4. From a computer with Internet access, visit VIAVI Software Updates website and check if your installed firmware is the latest one. Complete the steps **5-6** if you want to update your firmware with using your USB memory drive.
5. Download a latest firmware file from the website to the root directory of your USB memory drive.

NOTE
It is recommended that you format your memory drive to have enough space to download the file.

6. Unzip the download file into the root directory of your USB memory stick.
   A firmware file (`*.fw`) and a firmware release note (`*.pdf`) are extracted.

Installing new firmware

To update your firmware, you can choose either way of using your USB memory drive or accessing the FTP server over the network.

Upgrading from USB memory drive

Procedure

1. Power your instrument via the AC-DC adapter to prevent any severe damage to your instrument caused by a power-off in the middle of the upgrade, which may require a repair in the factory.
2. Plug in the USB memory drive to the **USB Host** port of your instrument.
3. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
4. Select **More (1/2) > Upgrade > USB**.
   The file manager window appears.
5. Highlight the firmware file (`.fw`) saved in the root directory of your USB drive.
6. Press the **Select** soft key.
   The Update Firmware dialog box appears.
7. Press the **OK** button to start to install the new firmware.
   The Upgrade Status bar appears.

NOTE
Firmware upgrade will be done within 30 minutes or so in most cases, but depending on the number of files to be reconfigured, it may take longer than that.

8. After you have restarted the instrument, check the installed firmware version and DSP versions in the System settings. Refer to the firmware release note to find correct DSP version and compatible application software versions.

WARNING
Do not remove the USB drive while upgrading the firmware.

Upgrading from FTP server

Procedure

1. Power your instrument via the AC-DC adapter to prevent any severe damage to your instrument caused by a power-off in the middle of the upgrade, which may require a repair in the factory.
2. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3. Select **More (1/2) > Upgrade > FTP Server**.
   The upgrade server dialog box appears.

NOTE
Older version of firmware does not have the FTP Server option. It is recommended that you update your firmware with the USB option first.

4. Enter **ftp2.jdsu.com** in the server address field.
5. Enter your proxy server address in the proxy server field, if necessary.
   Contact your system administrator for your proxy server information.
6. Tap the **Check** button to check if the installed firmware version is the latest one.
7. Do one of the following:

   If you view the latest firmware version information, tap the **Install** button to continue.

   If the message "**Your firmware is up to date.**" is displayed, tap the **Cancel** button.

NOTE
Firmware upgrade will be done within 30 minutes or so in most cases, but depending on the number of files to be reconfigured, it may take longer than that.

8. After you have started the instrument, check the installed firmware version and DSP versions in the System settings. Refer to the firmware release note to find correct DSP version and compatible application software versions.

Managing licenses

The License Manager lets you view installed options, install additional ones, and load evaluation licenses.

Checking installed or installable options

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > License Manager**. The License Manager menu bar appears.
3. Select the menu, from the following choices:

   To view the installed options, select the **Installed Options** soft key.
   The list of options appears.

   NOTE
   - The “(P)” indicates permanent licenses.
   - The “(T)” indicates temporary licenses.
   - The “(FL)” indicates floating licenses.

   To view the installable options, select the **Installable Options** soft key.

Installing purchased options

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > License Manager**.
   The License Manager menu bar appears.
3. Select the **Install an Option** soft key.
   The Installable Options window appears.
4. Highlight the name of the option from the list by using the rotary knob.
5. Press the **ENTER** hard key. You can also press the rotary knob.
   The License Code bar appears.
6. Enter the number of the license to activate by using the numeric keys.
7. Press the **ENTER** hard key. You can also select the **Enter** soft key.

Loading temporary license

The temporary license that you received from VIAVI is intended for your evaluation only and it expires after its specified time limit.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > License Manager**.
   The License Manager menu bar appears.
3. Select the **Load Temp License** soft key.
   The file manager window appears.
4. Select the name of the license file.
5. Press the **Load** soft key.
6. *Optional*. You can check the loaded license using the **Installed Options** menu.

Adding a floating license

If you have a VIAVI StrataSync account, you can simply add a floating license by synchronizing your instrument with the StrataSync server. Before you begin, you need to verify that the necessary licenses have been deployed to the instrument. See “Activating StrataSync” on page 48 for more information.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Utility > StrataSync**.
   The StrataSync setting window appears as shown in Figure 4.
3. Enter **<server address>** in the **Server Address** field for StrataSync.
   The server address at the time of this document production is “**stratasync.viavisolutions.com**”, which may change.

   NOTE
   VIAVI provides you with the information required to access StrataSync at your purchase of StrataSync, including the **Server Address**, **Account ID**, and **Port number**. See “JD700B Series Common Options” on page 799 for more information on available options.
4. Enter **<account number>** in the Account ID field.
5. Enter **<technician number>** in the Technician ID field.
6. To set the port number and proxy server address, complete the following steps:
   a. Tap the **Detail Settings** button.
      The input dialog box appears.
   b. Enter **<port number>** in the **Port** field.
   c. Enter **<proxy server address>** in the **Proxy Server** address, if necessary.
      Contact your system administrator for your proxy server information.
   d. Tap the **Apply** button to save and exit.
7. Tap the **Start Sync** button, and then do one from the following steps:

   When successfully synchronized, the text “**Reboot the instrument to update the license information**” appears. Tap the **Apply** button to exit and reboot the instrument.

   When any errors occur during the synchronization:
   The text “**Report log has been updated. Check report info**” appears and the **Report** button is activated at the same time.

   a. Tap the **Report** button.
      The list of errors is displayed on the report window. See Figure 5.
   b. Review the error details, and then tap the **OK** button to exit.

NOTE
You can only revoke and deploy a floating license via StrataSync server at **stratasync.viavisolutions.com**. For more details on revoking and deploying a floating license, refer to the following StrataSync Help:
http://blog.stratasync.jdsu.com/?resource=license-management

Figure 4 StrataSync setting window

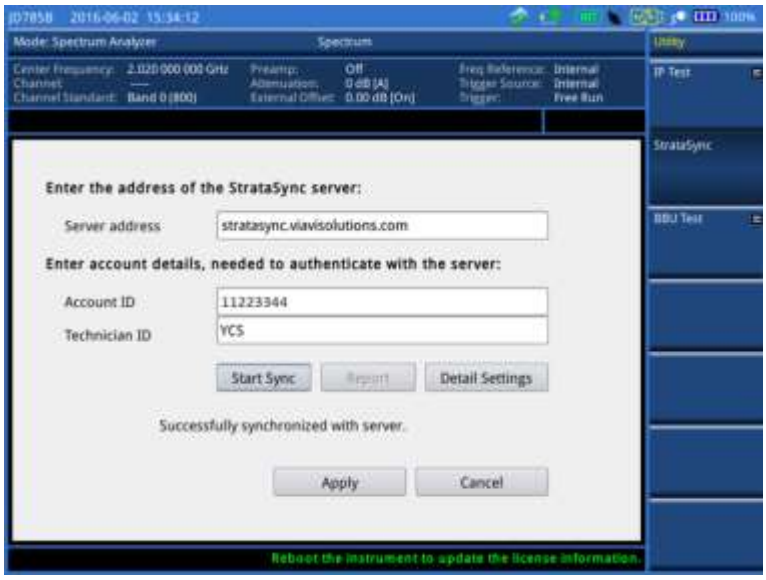
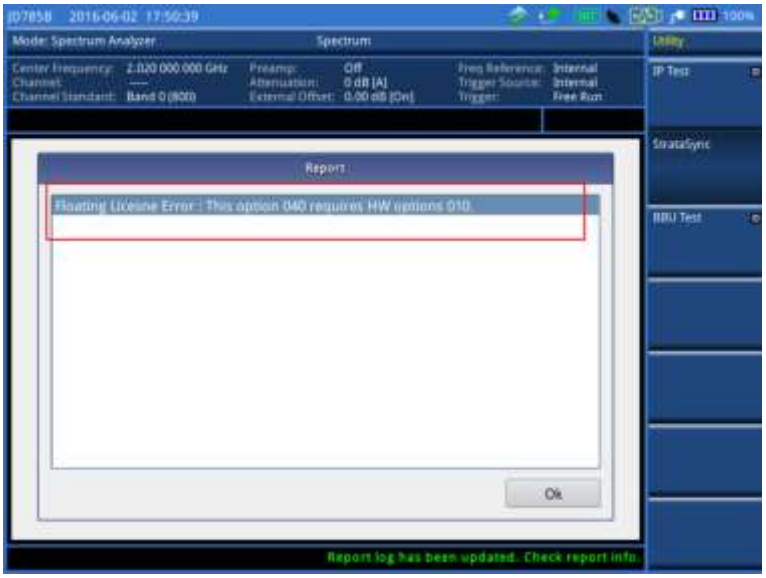


Figure 5 StrataSync report window



Viewing OSS license

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > License Manager**.
   The License Manager menu bar appears.
3. Select the **OSS License** soft key.
   The Open Source Code Notification & Distribution screen appears.

Performing service diagnostic

The Service Diagnostic lets you view system log, perform self-test, revert the instrument settings to its factory settings, or perform touch alignment.

Viewing system log

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Svc Diagnostic > System Logging**.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Save** soft key to save the system log as a `.log` file type.

Running self-test

You can run a self-test on your instrument boards and modules.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Svc Diagnostic > Self Test**.
   The on-screen instruction appears.
3. Connect a test cable between the **Reflection/RF Out** port for Cable and Antenna Analyzer and the **RF In** port for Spectrum Analyzer.
4. Press the **Start** soft key.
   The test result window appears.
5. *Optional*. Press the **Save Screen** soft key to save the self-test results.

Performing factory reset

The Factory Reset is used only when you want to purge all the user settings and data stored in the system and return to the instrument's factory state.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Svc Diagnostic > Factory Reset**.
   The confirmation dialog box appears.
3. Press the **Yes** soft key to continue. Otherwise, select **No**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you copy your setup or result data to an external USB memory drive so that you can restore them later.

Re-aligning touch screen

When you consistently experience of the instrument responding improperly to your touch on the screen, you may need to perform this touch-screen alignment.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Svc Diagnostic > Touch Alignment**.
   The white screen with a plus sign (+) in the upper-left corner appears.
3. Touch the plus sign and repeat until the previous screen is back on.

Using system administration

The Administration is used to disable editing limits, enable modifying help, or change administration password.

Logging in

You need to log in first to access the administration menus.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Administration**. The password box appears.
3. Enter **<password>** by using the numeric keys.
   Default password is "**0000**". To change the password, see "Changing password" on page 47.
4. Press the **Apply** soft key.

Changing password

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Administration**, and then enter your password.
3. Press the **Change Password** soft key.
   The new password box appears.
4. Enter a new password up to eight digits by using the numeric keys.
5. Press the **Apply** soft key.
   The reconfirmation box appears.
6. Enter the new password again by using the numeric keys.
7. Press the **Apply** soft key to complete changing password.

Locking limit key

You can lock the ***LIMIT*** hot key and disable editing predefined limit settings to prevent any unintentional changes, which could result in incorrect measurements.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Administration**, and then enter your password.
3. Toggle the **Edit Limit** soft key and select **Disable** to lock the ***LIMIT*** hot key or **Enable** to unlock the key.

NOTE
Disabling the Edit Limit limits the access to the ***LIMIT*** hot key only. The Limit features including displaying limit line(s) and Pass/Fail result function properly as predefined.

Running IP test

You can test an Internet Protocol (IP) configuration of the cell site's backhaul.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Utility > IP Test**.
3. Select the command option, from the following choices:

   To display the route and measure transit delays of packets, toggle the **Commands** soft key and select **Traceroute**.

   To display the reachability and measure the round-trip time, toggle the **Commands** soft key and select **Ping**.
4. To set the destination IP address to be tested, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Destination IP** soft key.
   b. Press the **First Octal** soft key.
   c. Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **Second Octal** soft key and repeat step **c**.
   e. Press the **Third Octal** soft key and repeat step **c**.
   f. Press the **Fourth Octal** soft key and repeat step **c**.
5. Press the **Execute** soft key and select **Start** to start testing.
   Test result is displayed on the screen as the test is progressing.
6. Press the **Execute** soft key and select **Stop** to stop testing.
7. *Optional*. Press the **Save** soft key to save the test result as a `.txt` file type.

Activating StrataSync

StrataSync is a cloud-based solution that provides asset, configuration, and test data management for VIAVI instruments. StrataSync manages and tracks test instruments, collects and analyzes results from the entire network, and informs and trains the workforce.

The JD700B series is compatible with the VIAVI StrataSync cloud. This optional capability allows you to manage your instrument inventory ensuring you know where all your valuable equipment is and which engineer is using it. In addition, it allows you to keep your instruments current through the remote upgrade capability that ensures all instruments have the latest firmware. It also enables the centralized distribution of configuration settings to ensure all your engineers use the same instrument settings resulting in consistent measurements.

Once testing is completed, the trace files can be uploaded onto StrataSync for secure storage and sharing. This sharing capability allows engineers who have a problem they cannot resolve to request help from an expert who can analyze the trace file via StrataSync using applications such as JDViewer, JDFileViewer, JDPowerMeter, etc. from anywhere without having to be at the instrument, helping resolve problems even faster.

Setting up Internet connection

Your JD700B series instrument must have Internet access to be able to connect to the StrataSync. You can set up for wireline or wireless Ethernet network connection. You can also use your mobile device's data network such as the Bluetooth tethering on an Android-based smartphone and the Personal Hotspot on an iOS-based smartphone. If you want to share your mobile's data network, you need to connect your instrument to your mobile device.

Procedure

1. Connect one of the Parani-UD100 Bluetooth adapters to the USB port of your JD780B or JD740B series.
2. Turn on Bluetooth on your mobile device, and then activate its tethering or hotspot.

   On Android mobile devices:

   a. Go to **Settings > Connections > Bluetooth**.
   b. Check the box for **Visible to all nearby Bluetooth devices** to make your mobile device discoverable by your instrument.
   c. Go to **Settings > More networks > Tethering and portable hotspot**.
   d. Check the box for **Bluetooth tethering** to enable sharing your mobile device's Internet connection with your instrument.

   On iOS mobile devices:

   a. Go to **Settings > Bluetooth**.
   b. Turn on **Bluetooth**.
   c. Go to **Settings > Personal Hotspot**.
   d. Turn on **Personal Hotspot** to make your mobile device discoverable by your instrument and enable sharing your mobile device's Internet connection with your instrument.
3. On your JD780B or JD740B series instrument, press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
4. Select **System Configuration > Remote Interface > Bluetooth > Connect**.
5. Press the **Scan** soft key to discover your mobile device.
   You will find your mobile device from the list on the screen.
6. Highlight your mobile device name from the list, and then press the **Select** soft key.
   A dialog box appears.
7. Tap the **Connect** button to pair and connect.
8. On your mobile device, enter **0000** in the PIN field, and then tap the **OK** button or **Pair** button.
   If the connection is successful, "(Paired & Connected)" appears next to the name of your mobile device on your instrument. If the connection is unsuccessful, repeat steps **6** and **7**.
9. Press the **PREV** hard key to return to the Bluetooth Information screen that displays the paired device and connected service including your CellAdvisor's IP Address.

NOTE
If you want to use the Web-based remote control described on page 56 using this Bluetooth tethering, record the IP address assigned to your JD700B series to have access to the instrument on your smartphone's Web browser.

Establishing a connection to StrataSync

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Utility > StrataSync**.
   The StrataSync setting window appears as shown in **Figure 6**.
3. Enter **<server address>** in the **Server Address** field for StrataSync.
   The server address at the time of this document production is "**stratasync.viavisolutions.com**", which may change.

NOTE
VIAVI provides you with the information required to access StrataSync at your purchase of StrataSync, including the **Server Address**, **Account ID**, and **Port** number. See "JD700B Series Common Options" on page 799 for more information on available options.

4. Enter **<account number>** in the Account ID field.
5. Enter **<technician number>** in the Technician ID field.
6. To set the port number and proxy server address, complete the following steps:
   a. Tap the **Detail Settings** button.

The input dialog box appears.

b Enter **<port number>** in the **Port** field.

c Enter **<proxy server address>** in the **Proxy Server** address, if necessary.
Contact your system administrator for your proxy server information.

d Tap the **Apply** button to save and exit.

7 Tap the **Start Sync** button, and then do one from the following steps:

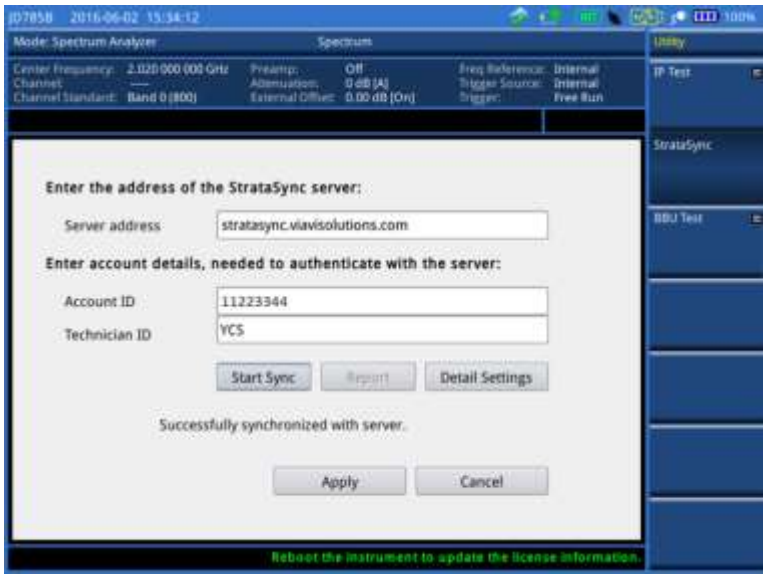
When successfully synchronized, the text "**Reboot the instrument to update the license information**" appears. Tap the **Apply** button to exit and reboot the instrument.

When any errors occur during the synchronization:
The text "**Report log has been updated. Check report info**" appears and the **Report** button is activated at the same time.

a Tap the **Report** button.
The list of errors is displayed on the report window.

b Review the error details, and then tap the **OK** button to exit.

Figure 6 StrataSync setting window



StrataSync status indicators

The StrataSync indication icons provide you with the connection and activity status.

Indicator	Description
	Indicates that your instrument is idle to be connected and synchronized with the StrataSync server.
	Indicates that your instrument is acquiring an authentication, synchronizing with the server, and sharing data.
	Indicates that your instrument is synchronized successfully.
	Indicates that your instrument failed to synchronize with the StrataSync server or encountered an error.

Setting up 28 GHz downconverter

28 GHz Downconverter increases CellAdvisor RF frequency range from 27 GHz to 30 GHz targeting

spectrum and interference analysis of 5G millimeter wave networks. It enalbes to down convert RF input frequencies of 27 to 30 GHz into anintermediate frequency (IF) output to 3.6 GHz. This functionality is only enabled when your firmware version is 3.080xxx and above. Make sure the unit should be connected to CellAdivisor before startging measurements. Refer to *28 GHz Downconverter Quick Start Guide* for more details.

Establishing a connection to 28 GHz downconverter

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Utility > 28G Downconverter**.
3. Press **Connect** soft key or **Connect** button on the screen to connect 28G DC.
4. Wait until it boots up.
   Once connected, the connection manager window automatically shuts down and **FREQ/DIST**setting screen is displyed.
5. Press **Shut Down** soft key or **Shut Down** button on the screen to disconnect 28G DC.
6. Press the **Exit** soft key or **Exit** button button on the screen to exit from the connection manager window.

NOTE
The soft keys and hard keys are not available when the 28 GHz Downconverter connection manager window is displayed.

Figure 7 28 GHz Downconverter Connection Manager window

Setting up SNMP traps

JD700B series provides Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) traps which enable an agent to notify the management station of significant events by way of an unsolicited SNMP message. The following trap formats are provided: SNMPv1 (Simple Network Management Protocol), SNMPv2c, and the VIAVI standard Management Information Base (MIB).

Using SNMP traps

The current SNMP only supports alarms occurred in EMF mode. The SNMP trap alarm message is sent when it reaches the user-defined MSL and ICNIRP limit.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Utility > SNMP Trap**.
3. Once the screen appears, enter the SNMP information using the on-screen keyboard.
4. Select the trap format among the 3 options: **Disable**, **SNMPv1**, or **SNMPv2c**.
5. Tap the **Apply** button to apply the settings.
6. Tap the **Test** button to start testing.
7. Tap the **Cancel** button to cancle the SNMP setting process.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and ICNIPR limit. See “Setting limit” on page 766 for more information.

Figure 8 SNMP trap information setting window

NOTE
You can only edit the server address and port number using the on-screen keyboard to send SNMP trap message.

Setting communication

JD700B series provides several methods for you to connect your instrument with application software or other instruments and devices.

Configuring Ethernet

You can configure a network to connect your JD700B series to a computer installed with VIAVI software applications such as JDViewer or JDRemote via Ethernet. JD700B series supports both IPv4 and IPv6 protocols.

Setting for IPv4 protocol

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **System Configuration > Ethernet Config > IPv4**.
   The Ethernet Configuration box appears.
3. Do one of the following:

   To enable automatic IP addressing, toggle the **Mode** soft key to **DHCP**.

   To manually assign fixed IP addresses, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Mode** soft key to **Static**.
   b. Press the **IP Address** soft key.
   c. Enter an address including dots in the user input field.
   d. Press the **ENTER** hard key or **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **Subnet Mask** soft key and repeat steps **c**-**d**.
   f. Press the **Gateway** soft key and repeat steps **c**-**d**.
   g. Press the **DNS** soft key and repeat steps **c**-**d**.
4. Press the **Apply** soft key to apply and complete the network configuration.
   The message “Applying Network Info…” appears.

Setting for IPv6 protocol

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Select **System Configuration > Ethernet Config > IPv6**.
3. Do one of the following:

   To enable automatic IP addressing, toggle the **Mode** soft key to **Auto**.

   To manually assign fixed IP addresses, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Mode** soft key to **Static**.
      The Ethernet Configuration box appears.
   b. Press the **IP Address** soft key.
   c. Type in an address including colons using the on-screen keyboard.
   d. Press the **Apply** soft key to complete the input.
   e. Press the **Subnet Prefix Length** soft key.
   f. Enter a length value using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   g. Press the **Gateway** soft key and repeat steps **c**-**d**.
   h. Press the **DNS** soft key and repeat steps **c**-**d**.
4. Press the **ESC** hard key, and then make sure to press the **Apply** soft key in the IPv6 menu bar in order to apply and complete the network configuration.
   The message “Applying Network Info…” appears.

Setting for JDViewer and JDRemote

The **App SW** is set by default to make it easy to connect your instrument to JDViewer, JDRemote, JDMapCreator, and other applications. After using other remote interfaces such as SCPI, LMF, and USBTMC, it is recommended that you set the LAN and USB settings back to App SW.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Configuration** soft key.

3 Press the **Remote Interface** soft key and then do the following:
Select the **LAN** soft key and then press the **App SW** soft key.
Select the **USB** soft key and then press the **App SW** soft key.

Setting USBTMC mode

The USB Test & Measurement Class (USBTMC) is a standard for programmatic control of USB-based test instruments that defines protocols used to send and receive messages. If you want to use the USBTMC protocol to communicate with the instrument remotely, you can turn this TMC Mode on.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2 Select **System Configuration > Remote Interface > USB**.
3 Press the **USBTMC** soft key.
The confirmation dialog box appears.
4 Press the **USBTMC** soft key again to confirm the mode change and reboot the instrument.

NOTE
After using the USBTMC mode, you may want to set this setting back to **App SW** if you use JDViewer mainly for remote controlling your JD700B series.

Setting SCPI mode

You can use SCPI commands to control your JD700B series remotely.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2 Select **System Configuration > Remote Interface > LAN**.
3 Press the **SCPI** soft key.

NOTE
After using the SCPI mode, you may want to set this setting back to **App SW** if you use JDViewer or JDRemote mainly.

Configuring LMF setting

The Local Maintenance Facility (LMF) setting is used in order to perform TX Calibration and TX Audit on Motorola's CDMA/EV-DO BTS in the RF Power Meter mode. See “Appendix F – Motorola CDMA/EV-DO LMF” on page 781 for more information.

Enabling Bluetooth connection

If your JD700B series has the Bluetooth Connectivity option installed with a license, you can use the Bluetooth mode to enable communicate between your instrument and your computer with application software such as JDRemote and JDViewer or to transfer files to a Bluetooth storage device. See “Appendix G – Bluetooth connection” on page 783 for more information.

Enabling Wi-Fi connection

Wi-Fi Connectivity is an optional feature that you can activate by installing a purchased license on your JD700B series. After plugging a USB Wi-Fi LAN card using Realtek NICs into the instrument, you can join a wireless network from the instrument so that you can have access to StrataSync or control the instrument from the Web-based remote control on a computer.

Procedure

1. Plug in your USB Wi-Fi LAN card to the USB Host port of the JD700B series.
   The Wi-Fi LAN card is detected and the white Wi-Fi indicator appears on the screen to indicate it.

   NOTE
   CellAdvisor JD700B series is compatible only with a USB LAN card that uses Realtek NICs (RTL8188eu, RTL8192cu, and RTL8812au).

2. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3. Select **System Configuration > Remote Interface > Wi-Fi**.
   The Wi-Fi mode is turned on automatically. After searching nearby networks, the instrument displays a list of networks.
4. To select a network to join, complete the following steps:
   a. To refresh the networks list, press the **Scan** soft key.
      The instrument displays all detected networks as **Detected** and previously connected ones as **Saved**.
   b. Highlight a network to join by using the arrow keys or rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key.
      The Wi-Fi Connection Info window appears for entries. **Figure 9** is an example.
5. To enter a user identity and a password for the network, complete the following steps:
   a. Tap on the input box for **Identity**, if required.
      The on-screen keyboard appears.
   b. Type your identity, and then press the **Apply** soft key.
   c. Tap on the input box for **Password**, if required.
      The on-screen keyboard appears.
   d. Type a correct password that must be at least eight characters long.
   e. Press the **Apply** soft key.
   f. To view the password exactly as entered, tap the checkbox for **Show Password** to enable it.
6. To configure IP network settings, complete the following steps:
   a. Select the TCP/IP protocol option from the choices: **IPv4** and **IPv6**.
      Sub-selection options change according to your selection. If the selected network supports IPv6, you can configure IP settings for it.
   b. Do one of the following:

      To enable automatic IP addressing, select **DHCP** for IPv4 or **Auto** for IPv6.
      It is recommended that you select DHCP unless otherwise you know static IP addresses.

      To manually assign fixed IP addresses, select **Static**, and then enter addresses as required for IPv4 or IPv6. If you do not have required information, contact your network administrator.

      To disable the IPv6 protocol, select **Off**.
7. Press the **Connect** soft key.
   Once connected, the Wi-Fi indicator turns to green and the Wi-Fi Connection Info window is updated with information about the connected network including SSID, status, authentication type, encryption method, BSSID, and assigned IP address(es). If you have selected **Auto** for IPv6 in step **6**, you will have Link-Local, Stateless, and Stateful instead of IP Address. If you see the green Wi-Fi indication with a red exclamation mark in the center, it means that an IP address has not been assigned.

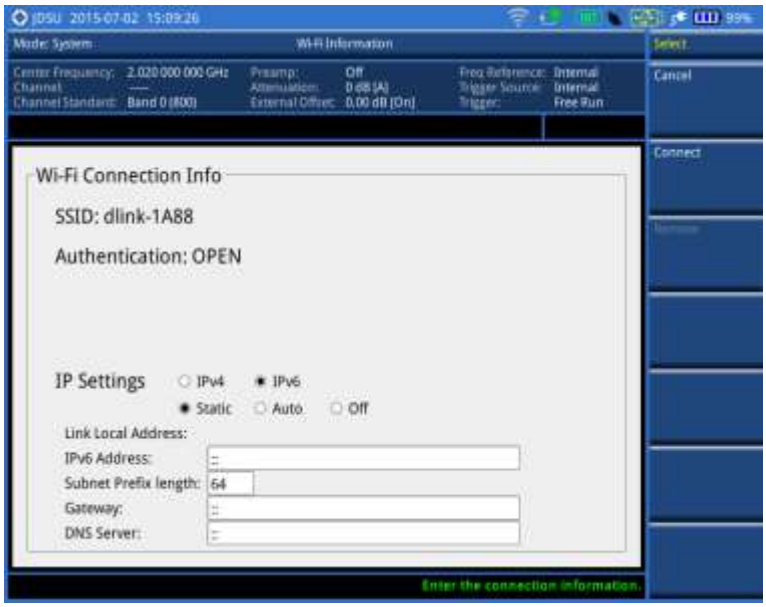
   NOTE
   It is important to record the IP address(es) if you want to use the Web Remote on your computer.

8. To disconnect the currently connected network, select the network and then press the

Disconnect soft key.

9 To forget the selected network and delete it permanently from the list, press the **Remove** soft key.

Figure 9 Example of Wi-Fi connection information window



Enabling Web-based remote control

If your JD700B series has the Wi-Fi Connectivity option installed with a license, you can enable this Web Remote feature to control your instrument from most of Web browsers including Windows Internet Explorer (IE) 6 and later, Firefox, Chrome, Safari, and Android native browser in an accessible network. You can also use this feature to allow other users to access your instrument remotely and share the live screen concurrently with up to 10 clients in the network.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.

2 To get the IP address assigned to your instrument, do one of the following:

For wireline LAN connection:

a Select **System Configuration > Ethernet Config > IPv4** or **IPv6**.

b Toggle the **Mode** soft key and select **DHCP** or **Auto** for automatic IP addressing.

c Press the **Apply** soft key.
The Ethernet Configuration box is updated with assigned IP address(es). For IPv6 Auto, you will see Link-Local, Stateless, and Stateful instead of IP Address.

d Record the IP address(es).

NOTE
If your network does not support the automatic IP addressing, contact your network administrator to get a fixed IP address assigned to your instrument.

For wireless LAN connection:

a Select **System Configuration > Remote Interface > Wi-Fi**.

b Select the currently connected network from the list, and then press the **Select** soft key.

c Record the IP address displayed at the bottom.

For Bluetooth tethering on an Android-based smartphone or Personal Hotspot on an iOS-based smartphone:

a Select **System Configuration > Remote Interface > Bluetooth**.

b Record the IP address assigned to your instrument under Connected Service.

3 Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key again.

4 Select **System Configuration > Remote Interface**.

5 Toggle the **Web Remote** soft key and select **On** to enable it.

6 Open a Web browser on your computer or mobile device, and then enter the IP address you have obtained in step **2**, depending on the TCP/IP protocol. Examples are the following:

IPv4: 10.82.26.254 (put the entire address including dots in the URL bar)

IPv6: [fe80::21b:22ff:fea1:924a**]** (make sure to add the brackets "**[**" and "**]**" and put the entire address including colons in the URL bar)

Your instrument's live screen appears on the Web browser as shown like Figure 10 or Figure 11.

NOTE
The IPv6 protocol is supported on the operation system "Windows Vista" and later.

Figure 10 Example of Web remote on iPhone

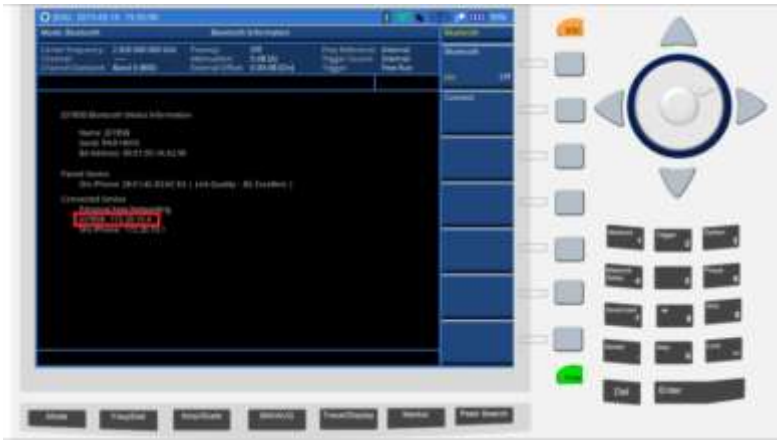


Figure 11 Example of Web remote on Chrome

Managing help manual

The JD700B series contains the JD700B series help manual by default. The name of default help manual is "**System_Help**". You can browse the manual instantly from any screen by pressing the ***HELP*** hot key.

Adding other help manual

You can add other help manuals to your instrument by importing a folder of help manuals (`.html`) from a USB memory drive.

Procedure

1. Insert a USB memory drive that contains the folders of help manuals (`.html`).
2. Press the ***HELP*** hot key.
3. Select **Help manager > Import Help Files**.
   The list of help folders appears on the import help files window.
4. Select a folder you want to add.

NOTE
You cannot copy the "**Internal**" folder.

5. Tap the **Copy** button to complete.
   The text "Copy Completed" appears. The folder is copied under the **User_Help** folder in the **Select Help**. See Figure 12.

NOTE
The maximum storage size for user help is 10M. If the file exceeds the remained storage space, the text "Not enough space left" appears.

Viewing help manual

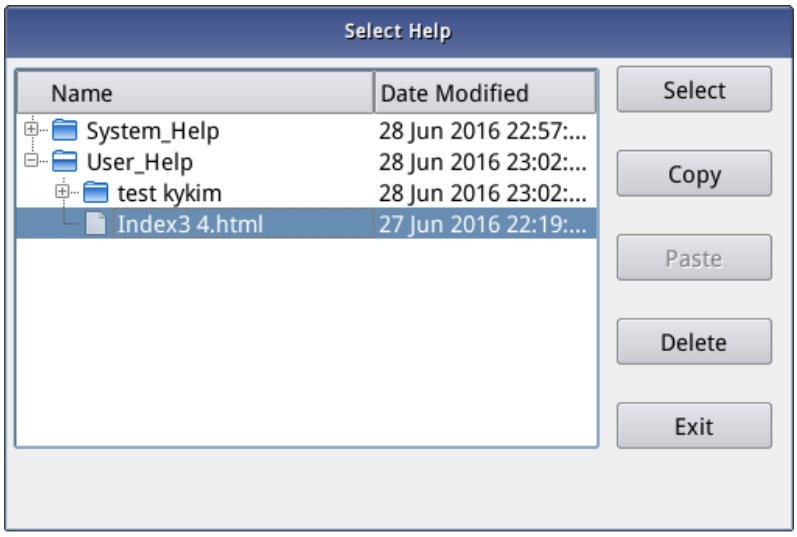
You can select a help manual to view on your instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***Help*** hot key.
2. Select **Help Manager > Select Help.**
   The list of help files appears on the select help window.
3. Select a folder or a help file you want to view, and then tap the **Select** button.
   The select help window is dismissed.
4. Press the **Home** soft key to view the selected help manual.
   The selected help manual appears.
5. To copy a folder or a help file in the **User_Help** folder, select a help file, and then tap **Copy > Paste**.
6. To delete a folder or a help file, select a folder or a help file, and then tap **Delete > Yes**.

NOTE
You cannot delete the **User_Help** folder.

Figure 12 Example of select help screen



3

Chapter 3 Analyzing Measurement Results

This chapter provides instructions on how to use JD700B series' capabilities for measurement analysis. Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Using marker 61
- Using peak search 62

Using marker

Marker

Marker is used to get the information about a specific trace. Six markers can be set on the display and each marker can be used independently. The X and Y coordinates of the trace are displayed when the marker is placed on any position of the trace. The position displaying the marker's X and Y coordinates may be slightly different for each measurement mode and refer to the description of each measurement. There are three different marker types available: Normal, Delta, and Delta pair. Marker position can be set manually by entering numeric values (frequency) when one of the marker types is selected.

- **Select Marker:** Selects an active marker whose position can be changed with the rotary knob or the arrow keys. The assigned number of the active marker is displayed in the Select Marker menu box and the active marker number is also displayed right next to the active marker on the trace when the Marker View is set to On.
- **Marker View:** Displays the selected marker on the screen or hides it. When the Marker View is turned off and then on again in the same measurement mode, markers appear at the previous positions. If a measurement mode is changed, markers are not restored to their previous positions.
- **Normal:** This Normal marker type provides the reading of a marker position on the trace along with the marker number between one and six.
- **Delta:** This Delta marker type is associated with a Normal marker. A Normal marker must be set before a Delta marker is set. When the Delta marker is set, the position set by the Delta marker becomes the reference position of the Normal marker and the marker's X and Y values displays the difference compared with the Delta marker.
- **Delta Pair:** This Delta Pair marker type is associated with a Normal marker. A Normal marker must be set before a Delta Pair marker is set. When the Delta Pair marker is set, the position set by the Delta Pair marker becomes the reference position of the Normal marker and the marker's X and Y values displays the difference compared with the Delta Pair marker. The reference position will be varied in accordance with trace change.
- **Marker All Off:** Turns all the markers the screen off. When the Marker View is selected for those markers, the instrument displays those markers back at the previous position. If a measurement mode is changed, current settings are not restored.
- **Marker →:** Sets the X coordinate of the active marker as selected.
  - **Marker→Center:** Sets the frequency of the active marker to the center frequency of spectrum analyzer.
  - **Marker→Start:** Sets the frequency of the active marker to the start frequency of spectrum analyzer.
  - **Marker→Stop:** Sets the frequency of the active marker to the stop frequency of spectrum analyzer.
- **Frequency Count:** This Frequency Count is used when a highly accurate reading of the frequency is needed for the active marker on the signal. The measurement sweeps get significantly slower because the instrument runs the measurement of the signal peak with 1 Hz resolution in background. Toggle this key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the frequency count function for the selected marker.
- **Noise Marker:** This Noise Marker is used to measure a noise adjacent to a signal by averaging several data points to calculate the readout for the Noise Marker as if making a measurement using a 1 Hz bandwidth. Toggle this key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the noise marker function for the selected active marker.

NOTE
Frequency Count and Noise Marker functions are used only in the Spectrum Analyzer mode.

Using peak search

Peak search

Each time the Peak Search soft key is pressed, the active marker is positioned at the highest peak of the trace.

- **Peak Search:** Moves the active marker to the highest peak of the trace.
- **Next Peak:** Moves the active marker to the second highest peak of the trace.
- **Next Peak Right:** Moves the active marker to the highest peak to the right of its current position.
- **Next Peak Left:** Moves the active marker to the highest peak to the left of its current position.
- **Min Search:** Moves the active marker to the lowest peak of the trace.
- **Always Peak:** When the **Always Peak** is set to **On**, the instrument moves the active marker automatically to the highest peak of the trace every time the trace is refreshed.

4

Chapter 4 Using Spectrum Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the Spectrum Analyzer function. Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 64
- Display overview 64
- Connecting a cable 65
- Selecting measurement mode 66
- Conducting spectrum measurements 74
- Conducting RF measurements 78

Introduction

The advantage of using the Spectrum Analyzer is easy to verify the presence of unwanted signals such as spurious and harmonics, which are normally very hard to identify in time domain analysis.

Performance assurance in wireless communication systems includes the observation of the out-of-band signal characteristics in order to identify the presence of harmonic signals. Harmonic signals of a carrier may interfere with other signals far out of the transmission band, or harmonic signals from other transmitter may interfere with in band signals affecting the spectral integrity.

In these days when wide variety of wireless communication services are provided in frequency bands assigned very closely to each other, it is critical to ensure that each communication service is carried out within their assigned frequency band minimizing interference with adjacent frequency bands. The Adjacent Channel Power Ratio (ACPR) characteristic of a power amplifier or other RF components is an important factor in evaluating the system performance.

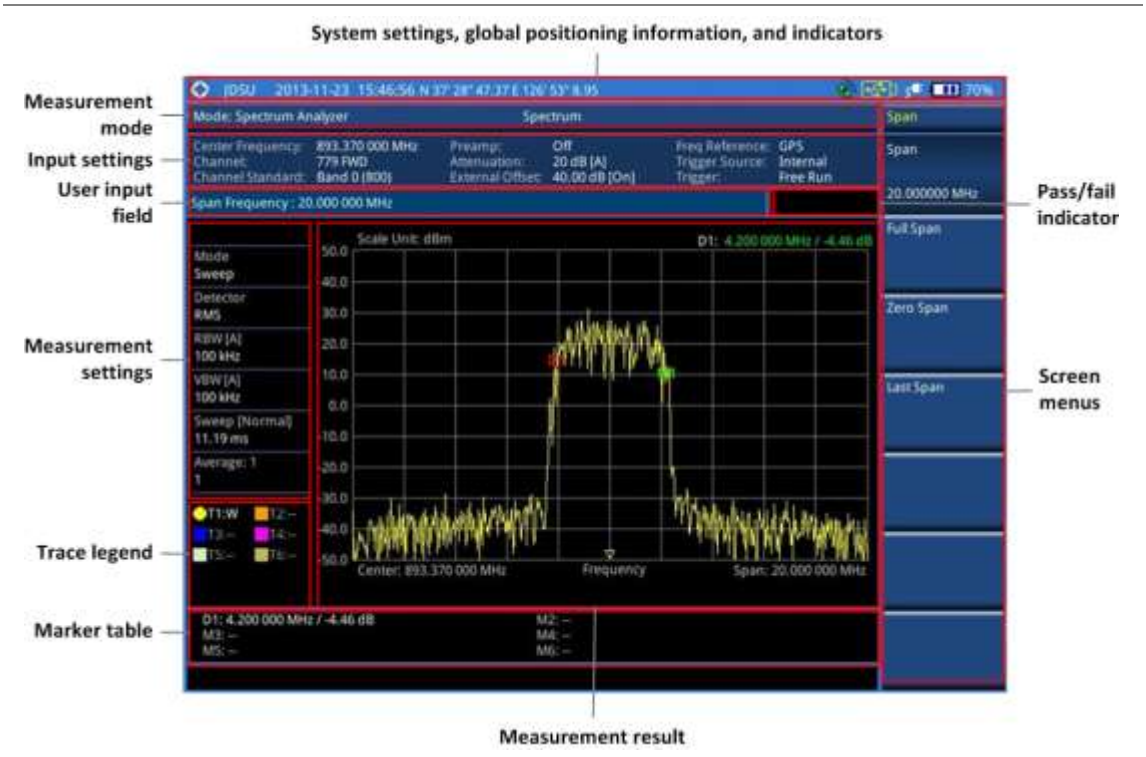
The JD700B series is the optimal solution to perform following measurements:

- Spectrum Analysis
  - Spectrum
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask
  - Adjacent Channel Power (ACP)
  - Multi-ACP
  - Spurious Emissions
  - AM/FM Audio Demodulation
  - Field Strength
  - Route Map
  - Dual Spectrum
  - PIM Detection (Single and Multiple Carriers): not supported when 28 GHz downconverter is connected.
  - Total Harmonic Distortion (THD): not supported when 28 GHz downconverter is connected.

Display overview

Figure 13 provides overview of each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 13 Spectrum measurement screen



Connecting a cable

There are two ways that you can make a connection of your instrument and the base station to be tested: direct or indirect.

Procedure

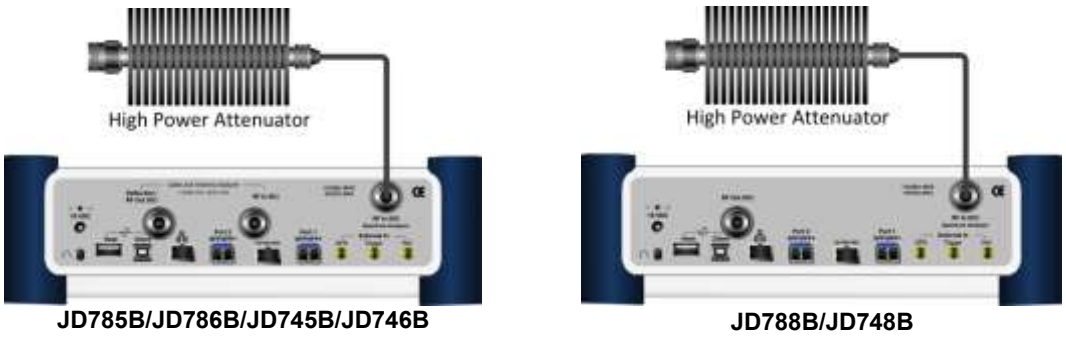
To make a direct connection:

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the PA output port of BTS as shown in **Figure 14**.

To make an indirect connection:

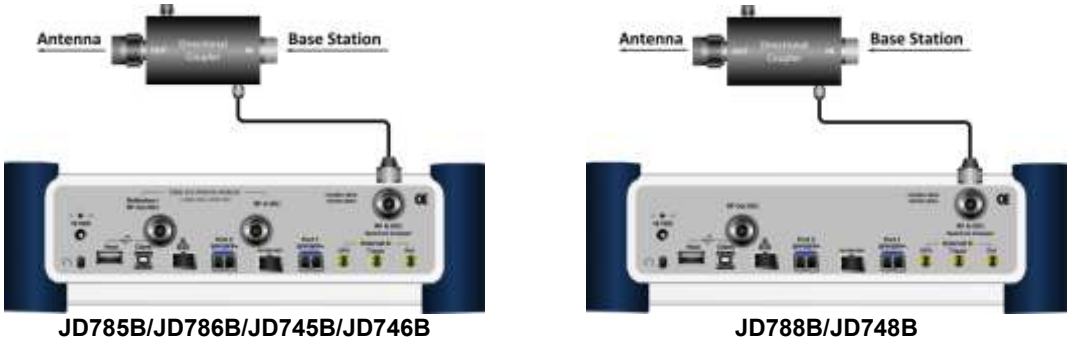
1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS as shown in **Figure 15**.

Figure 14 Direct connection



JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B **JD788B/JD748B**

Figure 15 Indirect connection



JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B **JD788B/JD748B**

CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Spectrum Analyzer** soft key. The **Measure Off** mode is selected by default.
3. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode from the following choices:

   Channel Power

   Occupied BW

   Spectrum Emission Mask

   Adjacent Channel Power

   Multi-ACP

   Spurious Emissions

   AM/FM Audio Demod

   Field Strength

   Route Map

   Dual Spectrum

   PIM Detection > Single Carrier and **Multiple Carriers (not supported when 28 GHz downconverter is connected).**

   Total Harmonic Distortion (not supported when 28 GHz downconverter is connected).

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You need to set the frequency range to be measured with either the center frequency/span or the start/stop frequencies. You can also set the frequency with the channel number and span.

Procedure

To set the center frequency and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. Press the **Span** soft key, and then do one of the following:

   To set the span manually, select **Span**, enter a value, and then select the unit.

   To set the span automatically, select **Full Span**, **Zero Span**, or **Last Span** as needed.

NOTE
The **Zero Span** option is available only in the Spectrum mode. If you have selected **Zero Span**, select ***TRIGGER*** **> Free Run**, **External**, **GPS**, **Video**, or **Display Position**.

To set the start and stop frequencies:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Freq**.
3. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
7. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
8. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up**/**Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
4. Toggle the **Link** soft key between **Fwd** (forward) or **Rev** (reverse) to select the sweep direction.
5. To set the channel number, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key or **ENTER** hard key to complete the entry.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
6. To set the span, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Span** soft key.
   b. Select the span option, from the following choices:

      To set the span manually, select **Span**, enter a value, and then select the unit.

      To set the span automatically, select **Full Span**, **Zero Span**, or **Last Span** as needed.

NOTE
The **Zero Span** option is available only in the Spectrum mode. If you have selected **Zero Span**, select ***TRIGGER*** **> Free Run**, **External**, **GPS**, **Video**, or **Display Position**.

Optional. **To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob:**

1. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key, if the **Freq** is selected.
2. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
3. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

Optional. **To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob:**

1. Press the **Channel Step** soft key, if the **Channel** is selected.
2. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
3. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This setting option is not available in the Spurious Emissions mode.

Setting frequency for 28 GHz downconverter

Once the CellAdvisor is connect to 28 GHz downconverter, the center frequency is automatically set to 28 GHz. You can measure the center frequency ranged from 27 to 30 GHz with the span or the start/stop frequencies. You cannot set the frequency with the channel number and span when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation.

Procedure

To set the center frequency and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
3. Enter a value from 27 to 30 GHz by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
4. Select the unit as **GHz** among the 4 options: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Press the **Span** soft key, and then do one of the following:

   To set the span manually, select **Span**, enter a value, and then select the unit.

   To set the span automatically, select **Full Span**, **Zero Span**, or **Last Span** as needed.

NOTE
The **Zero Span** option is available only in the Spectrum mode. If you have selected **Zero Span**, select ***TRIGGER*** **> Free Run**, **External**, **GPS**, **Video**, or **Display Position**.

Optional. **To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob:**

1. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key, if the **Freq** is selected.
2. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
3. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the start and stop frequencies:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
3. Enter a value from 27 to 30 GHz by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
4. Select the unit as **GHz** among the 4 options: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
6. Enter a value from 27 to 30 GHz by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
7. Select the unit as **GHz** among the 4 options: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference level on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   d. This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.
3. To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:
   To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

To set the internal attenuation value (only when 28 GHz downconverter is in operation):

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press **Attenuation Value Internal** soft key.
3. Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

a. Select **Attenuation (Internal) > Manual**.
b. Press the **Attenuation Value (Internal)** soft key to set the level.
c. Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
d. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation (Internal) > Couple**.
When you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

NOTE
The **Attenuation Value Internal** and **Attenuation Internal** menus are available when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
For the Field Strength mode, the units change to **dBµV/m**, **dBmV/m**, **dBV/m**, **V/m**, **Watt/m^2**, and **dBm/m^2**.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamplifier so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

Pre-amplifier for 28 GHz downconverter

You can turn the external pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamplifier so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector. The Preamp External is for 28 GHz downconverter, and the Preamp Internal is for CellAdvisor.

Procedure

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Press the **Preamp** soft key.
3 Toggle the **Preamp Internal** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.
4 Toggle the **Preamp External** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key to **On**.
3 Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key to **Off**.

NOTE
This setting option is not available in the Field Strength mode.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum measurement screen. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

To set the scale per division:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3 Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Setting bandwidth

You can manually set the Resolution Bandwidth (RBW), Video Bandwidth (VBW), and the proportional VBW based on the designated RBW. Selecting **Auto** changes the value to correspond to your frequency span setting for RBW and to the current RBW and VBW/RBW settings for VBW.

Procedure

To automatically set the RBW and VBW to your selected VBW/RBW ratio:

1 Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2 Press the **VBW/RBW** soft key to set the proportional VBW based on the designated RBW. Table 9 shows the ratio example for 30 kHz RBW.
3 Select the ratio: **1**, **0.3**, **0.1**, **0.03**, **0.01**, or **0.003**.
4 Toggle the **RBW** soft key to **Auto**.
5 Toggle the **VBW** soft key to **Auto**.
The RBW or VBW value on the screen changes accordingly based on the span.

To manually set the RBW or VBW to your selected VBW/RBW ratio:

1 Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2 Press the **RBW** soft key.
3 Enter a value between 1 Hz to 3 MHz in 1-3 sequence by using the numeric keys.
4 Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
The RBW setting automatically changes to **Manual**.
5 Press the **VBW** soft key, and then enter a value by using the numeric keys.
6 Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
The VBW setting automatically changes to **Manual**.
The RBW or VBW value on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This setting option is not available in the Spurious Emissions mode.

Table 8 VBW/RBW ratio example

RBW	Ratio (VBW/RBW)	VBW
30 kHz	1:1	30 kHz
	1:0.3	10 kHz
	1:0.1	3 kHz
	1:0.03	1 kHz
	1:0.01	300 Hz
	1:0.003	100 Hz

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep

The ***SWEEP*** hot key is used to set and control the sweep time, sweep mode, gated sweep settings, and gated sweep on or off.

Sweep time

You can set the sweep time automatically or manually. Manual setting allows you to set the sweep time beyond an automatic setting.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Select the sweep time option, from the following choices:

   To automatically set, toggle the **Sweep Time** soft key to **Auto**.

   To manually set, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Sweep Time** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.
   The sweep time mode automatically changes to **Manual**.

NOTE
This setting option is not available in the Spurious Emissions mode.

Sweep mode

The default settings of the sweep mode are **Continue** and **Normal** to sweep continuously at a normal speed for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.
4. *Optional*. To speed up sweeping, press the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Fast**.

NOTE
Selecting **Sweep Mode > Fast** may reduce the measurement accuracy, but it is useful to identify the existence of interfering signals.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

NOTE
This setting option is not available in the Field Strength mode, the AM/FM Audio Demodulation mode, and the Route Map mode.

Gated sweep

You can configure the gated sweep settings with an internal or external trigger source. If you select **Gated Sweep Settings**, you can view the signal in time domain.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Gated Sweep Settings** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Adjust sweep time to allow enough time for a cycle by completing the following steps:
   a. Press the **Zero Span Time** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.
4. Set the period, if using the internal trigger source, by completing one of the followings:

   To select the preset period, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Period** soft key to **StdSignal**.
   b. Press the **StdSignal** soft key, and then select the period from the choices: **GSM (4.615 ms)**, **WCDMA (10 ms)**, **LTE (10 ms)**, **EV-DO (5 ms)**, **TD-SCDMA (5 ms)**, or **WiMAX (10 ms)**.

   To manually set the period, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Period** soft key to **Manual**.
   b. Press the **Period** soft key to enter the amount of time.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   d. Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.
5. Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key, and then complete one of the followings:

   Select **External** for an external trigger source.

   Select **Video** or **Display Position** for the internal trigger source.
6. Press the **PREV** hard key to continue setting the gated sweep.
7. Set the gate delay by completing the following steps:
   a. Press the **Gate Delay** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.
8. Set the gate length by completing the following steps:
   a. Press the **Gate Length** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.
9. Press the **PREV** hard key to enable gated sweeping.
10. Toggle the **Gated Sweep** soft key to **On**.

NOTE
This setting option is not available in the in the Spurious Emissions mode, the Field Strength mode, and the Route Map mode.

Using signal generator (RF source)

You can turn on the RF Source feature to generate a CW signal of different output power levels. Note that this is not supported when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Source** soft key.
3. To set the frequency of the CW signal to be injected, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value within the frequency range of your instrument.
      - **JD740B** series: **25 MHz** to **4 GHz**
      - **JD780B** series: **5 MHz** to **6 GHz**
   c. Select the unit option from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
4. To set the output level of the CW signal to be injected, complete following steps:
   a. Press the **Power Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value within the output range for the frequency you have set.
      JD740B series: **-80 dBm** to **-30 dBm, 0 dBm**
      JD780B series: **-60 dBm** to **10 dBm**
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. To start to inject the set signal, toggle the **RF Source** soft key to **On**.
6. To stop injecting the signal, toggle the **RF Source** soft key to **Off**.

Conducting spectrum measurements

If you have configured test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66, your measurement is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 16.

Figure 16 Spectrum measurement with spectrum analyzer

Figure 17 Spectrum measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Figure 18 Gated sweep measurement with spectrum analyzer

Figure 19 Gated sweep measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Complete one of the followings:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/3) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/3) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4. To select the detection option, select **More (1/3) > Detectors**, and then complete one of the followings:

To display	Select

Random noise better than the peak without missing signals	Normal
The highest value in each data point	Peak
The root mean squared average power across the spectrum	RMS
The lowest value in each data point	Negative Peak
The center value in each data point	Sample

5 To detect Wi-Fi SSID in a user-specified bandwidth, complete the following steps and refer to Figure 19 below (this option is not available when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation):

- a Connect the WiFi device to the **USB Host** port of the instrument.
- b Press **More (1/3) > Wi-Fi Info**.
- c Toggle the **Wi-Fi Info** soft key and select **On.**
- d Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
- e Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
- f Enter a value using the numeric keys. You can also turn the rotary knob to change the value.

6 *Optional*. Select **More (1/3) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information.

7 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

NOTE
Wi-Fi SSID display is only enabled when the mesure mode is set to spectrum and channel power and the center frequency needs to be set as desired.

NOTE
To be able to load a trace, the trace to be overlaid must be saved in the same measurement mode and frequency setting as the current measurement.

Figure 20 Wi-Fi SSID display with spectrum analyzer

Setting limit

Procedure
To use the display line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Display Line** soft key for a reference line.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Display Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display and dismiss the reference line. The straight line appears across the screen to be used as a visual reference only.

To display the multiple segment line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key for Pass/Fail indication.
3. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.
4. Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.
   a. Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Autoset** soft key to let the instrument set the limit for each segment and display the line.
6. *Optional*. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.
   b. Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.
7. *Optional*. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.
   b. Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.
   c. Select the menu option, from the following choices:

      To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key to **Off**.

      To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

      To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

      To change the position, press the **Frequency** or **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.
8. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting frequency offset

If you want to check how much the actual frequency has been drifted from the input center frequency on your spectrum, you can set the center frequency as a frequency reference or an offset to view the drifted amount in frequency easily.

Procedure

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Frequency Offset** soft key.
3. Enter a value using the numeric keys. You can also turn the rotary knob to change the value. For example, if you have set the center frequency as 89.1 MHz and want to set it as a frequency reference, you need to enter “-89.1” in the user input field to view the center frequency as “0”.
4. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**. All frequency information on the display changes accordingly.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total

transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power, power spectral density, and Peak to Average Ratio (PAR) of the signal within the channel bandwidth.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters, you can set the measure setup to continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Set the channel power measurement bandwidth to be measured:
   a. Press the **Integrated BW** soft key.
   b. Enter a bandwidth by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
4. Set the frequency range over which the instrument will sweep:
   a. Press the **Span** soft key.
   b. Enter a span frequency value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Set the number of measurements to be averaged:
   a. Press the **Average** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 100.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Channel Power** soft key to set the limit parameters.
3. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.
4. Set the upper threshold:
   a. Press the **High Limit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value for the upper limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
5. Set the lower threshold:
   a. Press the **Low Limit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value for the lower limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

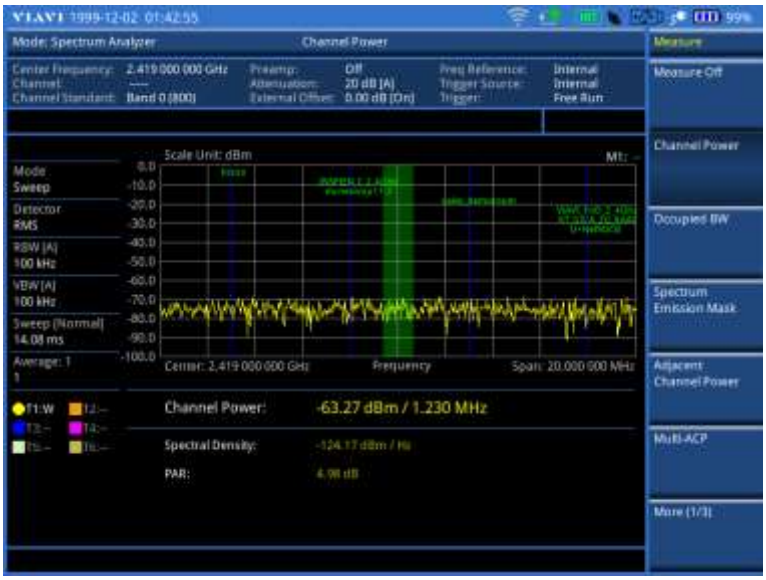
Measurement example

Figure 21 Channel power measurement with spectrum analyzer

Channel power measurement result shows channel power and spectrum density in a user specified channel bandwidth. The peak to average ratio (PAR) is shown at the bottom of the screen as well. The shaded area on the display indicates the channel bandwidth.

Figure 22 Channel power measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Figure 23 Wi-Fi SSID display in channel power measurement with spectrum analyzer



Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the percentage of the transmitted power within a specified bandwidth. The percentage is typically 99%.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters, you can set the measure setup to continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Set the percentage of power within the bandwidth to be measured:
   a. Press the **Occupied BW % Power** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Set the frequency range over which the instrument will sweep:
   a. Press the **Span** soft key.
   b. Enter a span frequency value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Set the number of measurements to be averaged:
   a. Press the **Average** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 100.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Occupied BW** soft key to set the limit parameters.

3 Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.

4 Set the upper threshold:

   a Press the **High Limit** soft key.

   b Enter a value for the upper limit, and then select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

The Occupied Bandwidth measurement shows both of power across the band and power bandwidth in a user specified percentage to determine the amount of spectrum used by a modulated signal. Occupied bandwidth is typically calculated as the bandwidth containing 99% of the transmitted power.

Figure 24 Occupied bandwidth measurement with spectrum analyzer

Figure 25 Occupied bandwidth measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission outside the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal. It measures the power ratio between in-band and adjacent channels. The JD700B series indicates either Pass or Fail based on the specified limit of the signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters, you can set the measure setup to continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Set the main channel bandwidth to be measured:
   a. Press the **Main Channel BW** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
4. Set the frequency range over which the instrument will sweep:
   a. Press the **Span** soft key.
   b. Enter a span frequency value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Set the number of measurements to be averaged:
   a. Press the **Average** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 100, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
6. To configure an offset, up to five, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Offset/Limit** soft key.
   The Offset/Limit menu bar appears.
   b. Press the **Offset** soft key, and then select the number for the active offset to configure.
   c. Toggle the **Offset** soft key and select **On** to display or **Off** to hide the active offset.
   d. Press the **Offset Frequency** soft key to set the center frequency of the offset.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   g. Press the **Measurement Bandwidth** soft key to set the bandwidth for the selected offset.
   h. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   i. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   j. Toggle the **Reference** soft key between Relative and Absolute and select **Relative** or **Absolute** depending on how to use the reference.
7. To define the selected offset’s limits for Pass/Fail indication, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Start Offset Limit** soft key to set the threshold for the power difference between the main channel bandwidth and the selected offset bandwidth on the left.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the **dB** soft key.
   d. Press the **Stop Offset Limit** soft key to set the threshold for the power difference between the main channel bandwidth and the selected offset bandwidth on the right.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Select the **dB** soft key.

Setting limit

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Spectrum Emission Mask** soft key.
3. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.
4. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
   See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 26 Spectrum emission mask measurement with spectrum analyzer

Figure 27 Spectrum emission mask measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Adjacent channel power (ACP)

The Adjacent Channel Power (ACP) is the power contained in a specified frequency channel bandwidth relative to the total carrier power. It may also be expressed as a ratio of power spectral densities between the carrier and the specified offset frequency band.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters, you can set the measure setup to continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Set the main channel bandwidth to be measured:
   a. Press the **Main Channel BW** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
4. Set the frequency range over which the instrument will sweep:
   a. Press the **Span** soft key.
   b. Enter a span frequency value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Set the number of measurements to be averaged:
   a. Press the **Average** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 100, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
6. To configure an offset, up to five, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Offset/Limit** soft key.
   The Offset/Limit menu bar appears.
   b. Press the **Offset** soft key, and then select the number for the active offset to configure.
   c. Toggle the **Offset** soft key and select **On** to display or **Off** to hide the active offset.
   d. Press the **Offset Frequency** soft key to set the center frequency of the offset.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   g. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key to set the bandwidth for the selected offset.
   h. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   i. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
7. To define the selected offset’s limits for Pass/Fail indication, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Lower** soft key to set the threshold for the power difference between the main channel bandwidth and the selected offset bandwidth on the left.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the **dBc** soft key.
   d. Press the **Upper** soft key to set the threshold for the power difference between the main channel bandwidth and the selected offset bandwidth on the right.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Select the **dBc** soft key.

Setting limit

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **ACP** soft key.

3 Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 28 Adjacent channel power measurement with spectrum analyzer

Figure 29 Adjacent channel power measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Multi-ACP

The Multi-ACP measurement is used to do multi-channel ACP testing. It helps you to measure ACP in multi-channel transmitting base station environment.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in “Configuring test parameters” on page 66, you can set the measure setup to continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq** or **Channel** (only available for frequency setting when 28 GHz is in operation).

   For the frequency setting, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Lowest Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   d. Press the **Highest Frequency** soft key.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

   For the channel setting, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   b. Select the band to be measured by using the rotary knob or the **Page p/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
   d. Toggle the **Link** soft key to select the sweep direction and select **Fwd** (forward) or **Rev** (reverse) as needed.
   e. Press the **Lowest Channel** soft key.
   f. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   g. Press the **Enter** soft key or **ENTER** hard key to complete the entry.
      The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
   h. Press the **Highest Channel** soft key.
   i. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   j. Press the **Enter** soft key or **ENTER** hard key to complete the entry.
      The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
3. To set up ACP setting, press the **ACP Settings** soft key and then complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Main Channel BW** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   d. Press the **Span** soft key to set the frequency range over which the instrument will sweep.
   e. Enter a span frequency value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   g. Press the **Average** soft key to set the number of measurement to be averaged:
   h. Enter a value between 1 and 100.
   i. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To configure an offset, up to five, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Offset/Limit** soft key. The Offset/Limit menu bar appears.
   b. Press the **Offset** soft key, and then select the number for the active offset to configure.
   c. Toggle the **Offset** soft key and select **On** to display or **Off** to hide the active offset.
   d. Press the **Offset Frequency** soft key to set the offset frequency.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   g. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   h. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

i Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

5 To define the selected offset's limits for Pass/Fail indication, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Lower** soft key to set the threshold for the power difference between the main channel bandwidth and the selected offset bandwidth on the left.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Select the **dBc** soft key.

d Press the **Upper** soft key to set the threshold for the power difference between the main channel bandwidth and the selected offset bandwidth on the right.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

f Select the **dBc** soft key.

Setting limit

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Multi-ACP** soft key.

3 Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 30 Multi-ACP measurement with spectrum analyzer

Figure 31 Multi-ACP measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Spurious emissions

The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify or determine the power level of in-band or out-of-band spurious emissions within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal. The JD700B series indicates either Pass or Fail based on the specified limit of the signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66, you can set the measure setup to continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.
   b. Do the following as desired:
      Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.
      Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.
      Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.
   c. Press the **PREV** hard key.
   d. Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.
3. Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4 To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Average** soft key.
   b Enter a value between **1** and **100**.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.
   b Enter a value between **1** and **20**.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **Spurious Emissions** soft key.
3 Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.
4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 32 Spurious emissions measurement with spectrum analyzer

Figure 33 Spurious emissions measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

AM/FM audio demodulation

The AM/FM Audio Demodulator operates using the power received from radio waves and it serves as an alternative to identify interfering signals easily. The instrument sounds demodulated signals that can be heard through the built-in speaker or plugged-in headphones. You can hear the sound and identify interfering signals easily.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66, you can set the measure setup to continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Audio Demod** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn the AM/FM audio demodulation on and off.
3. Press the **Demod at** soft key, and then select the marker number for the frequency to be demodulated.

> **NOTE**
> You must set the marker(s) first by using the **MARKER** hard key as the AM/FM demodulator uses the marker position to demodulate. See “Using marker” on page 61 for more information.

4. Press the **Demod Mode** soft key, and then select the demodulation mode: **AM**, **FM** and **CW**.
5. Press the **Dwell Time** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to set the demodulation interval between 1 and 20.
6. Press the **Volume** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to set the speaker volume.
7. Toggle the **Auto Gain** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the automatic gain feature to adjust the interval gain of the demodulator.
8. *Optional*. You can use the Save On Event soft key to let the instrument automatically save measurement screen or result that falls outside the defined limit settings or the Fail indicator is on. You can also set to save the first event and hold the measurement or to save all the events continuously. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting limit

You can show or hide the display line on the screen that is used as a visual reference only.

Procedure

To view the display line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Display Line** soft key.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Display Line On/Off** soft key and select **On**.
   The straight line appears on the screen.

To dismiss the display line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Display Line On/Off** soft key and select **Off**.

You can use the multiple segment limit line to set up different limits for different frequency ranges for Pass/Fail indication.

Procedure

To display the multiple segment line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key.
3. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.
4. Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.
   a. Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Autoset** soft key to let the instrument set the limit for each segment and display the line.
6. *Optional*. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.
   b. Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.
7. *Optional*. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.
   b. Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.
   c. Select the menu option, from the following choices:

      To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key and select **Off**.

      To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

      To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

      To change the position, press the **Frequency** or **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.
8. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
   See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 34 AM/FM audio demodulation with spectrum analyzer

Figure 35 AM/FM audio demodulation with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Field strength meter

The Field Strength Meter measures the field strength over the frequency range of a connected antenna, which is known with its specific bandwidth and gain characteristics. A standard or user-defined antenna can be selected from the antenna list in the JD700B series.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Connect an antenna to be used with your instrument.
2. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then do one of the following:

To select the connected antenna from the list stored in the instrument:

a Press the **Antenna List** soft key to view the standard and custom antennas. The antenna list window appears.

b Select an antenna to be used for the field strength measurement by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.

c Press the **Select** soft key.

NOTE
You can use the JDViewer to edit or define a custom antenna and add to this list.

To edit the properties of the connected antenna:

a Press the **Antenna Start Frequency** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Antenna Stop Frequency** soft key.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**. You can also use the rotary knob.

e Press the **Gain** soft key to enter the gain information for the antenna.

f Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then select the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit

You can show or hide the display line on the screen that is used as a visual reference only.

Procedure

To view the display line:

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Display Line** soft key.

3 Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.

4 Toggle the **Display Line On/Off** soft key and select **On**. The straight line appears on the screen.

To dismiss the display line:

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Toggle the **Display Line On/Off** soft key and select **Off.**

You can use the multiple segment limit line to set up different limits for different frequency ranges for Pass/Fail indication.

Procedure

To display the multiple segment line:

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key.

3 Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.

4 Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.

a Press the **# of Line** soft key.

b Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Press the **Autoset** soft key to set and display the limit line for each segment automatically.

6 *Optional*. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:

a Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.

b Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.

7 *Optional*. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.

b Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.

c Select the menu option, from the following choices:

To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key and select **Off**.
To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.
To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.
To change the position, press the **Frequency** or **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 36 Field strength measurement with spectrum analyzer

Figure 37 Field strength measurement with spectrum analyzer (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Route map

The JD700B Series provides the Route Map function that allows you to collect data of points in an indoor or outdoor environment and track the received signals and coverage of RF transmitters by plotting data real time directly on top of a loaded floor plan or a map.

The JD700B Series also supports the RAN-IL (Interference Location) feature that enables you to overlay user experience data obtained through VIAVI ariesoGEO on your base map to help you troubleshoot problems easily and quickly using your instrument. You can generate raster data files on the ariesoGEO application and load them on your instrument.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. If required, connect a GPS receiver to your JD700B series for outdoor mapping.
   Indoor mapping does not necessarily need a GPS antenna.
2. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66.
3. To load your map file, complete the following steps:
   a. Plug in your USB drive that has a floor map or `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

   NOTE
   The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

   b. Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**. See “Using load” on page 37 for more information.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
5. Press the **Plot Point** soft key, and then select the plot point option from the following choices:
   To collect data/plot points automatically as you move around in a vehicle or outside, select **GPS** and then toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key between **Map** and **Full**.

   NOTE
   - With the **Map** setting, you can view only the collected points that can be seen within the boundary of the loaded map. If a point is off the map, the instrument displays an arrow to indicate the direction of the current location on the map and the distance from the center to the location at the top of the screen.
   - With the **Full** setting, you can view all the collected points of the route without the loaded map.

   To collect data/plot points manually without a GPS antenna, select **Position**.
   To collect data/plot points based on time, select **Time**.
   You do not need a GPS antenna as you would usually use this option indoor.
6. Press the **Plot Item** soft key, and then select the measurement option: **RSSI** or **ACP**.
7. *Optional*. If ACP is selected, set the **Main Channel BW** and **Offset/Limit** (it is not supported when 28 GHz downconverter is in operation):
   a. Press the **Main Channel BW** soft key.
   b. Enter a value, and then select the unit from the choices: **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.
   c. Press the **Offset/Limit** soft key.
   d. Toggle the **Offset** soft key and select **On** to display or **Off** to hide the offset.
   e. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   f. Enter a value, and then select the unit from the choices: **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.
   g. Press the **Offset Frequency** soft key to set the offset frequency.

h Enter a value, and then select the unit from the choices: **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.

i Press the **Offset Limit** soft key to set the offset limit.

j Enter a value, and then select the **dB** soft key.

8 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Start**.

9 Touch directly on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key to collect data and plot points on the loaded map for the **Position** or **Time** setting.

NOTE
For the **Position** setting, you can change the direction of the route with screen touch or the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob. For the **Time** setting, the instrument interpolates points in between two enters on a straight dotted line. You can change the direction of the route with the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob.

10 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Stop** to stop plotting.

11 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key to save the result. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The instrument does not automatically save the collected data. It is recommended that you save the result. Otherwise, you will lose all the collected data.

Setting limit

You can set the thresholds for the four different color indicators.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Excellent** soft key to set its threshold.

3 Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

4 Press the **Very Good** soft key to set its threshold.

5 Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

6 Press the **Good** soft key to set its threshold.

7 Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

8 Press the **Poor** soft key to set its threshold.

9 Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

10 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 38 Route map measurement screen with GPS

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. To zoom in or zoom out, do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.
   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.
   c. Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.
   d. Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

   To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.
   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.
   c. Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.
4. To set the location mode, toggle the **Location Mode** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual** and select the one you desire.

   Auto: The instrument compares the coordinates of the displayed map with recevied GPS information. If your current location goes out of the displayed area and enters into the next zoomed-in section within the base map, the map display changes automatically to the next section in which your current position is.

   Manual: The map display of the zoomed-in area remains unchanged even if your current location goes out of the displayed area. You can change the displayed area manually by using the arrow keys.

Loading and displaying raster data

If you have a set of raster data files generated through the ariesoGEO application, you can load and overlay the data on your base map to help you check the signal quality and the strength of interferences while driving toward the area of interest.

Procedure

5 Copy a set of raster data files into your USB memory drive, including the following:

ASCII: `.tab`, `.asc,` and `.clr` files

BIL: `.tab`, `.hdr`, `.bil`, and `.clr` files

NOTE
The `.tab` file type is a geospatial vector data format used in many geographic information systems. The color file (`.clr`) is an optional file, but the image will be displayed as a grayscale image without it. The size of the raster map must be **1024 x 1024** or smaller.

6 Plug in the USB memory drive to your instrument.

7 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

8 Press the **Load Raster Map** soft key.
The file explorer window appears.

9 Navigate to the raster file (`.tab`) you want to open, and then press the **Load** soft key.
The raster image appears on top of your base map as shown in Figure 39.

NOTE
If the area of the loaded raster data is not within the boundary of the base map, you will not see the raster image on the screen.

10 To select the display option, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Display Options** soft key.

b Select the option you desire from the choices: **On**, **Off**, and **Blink**.

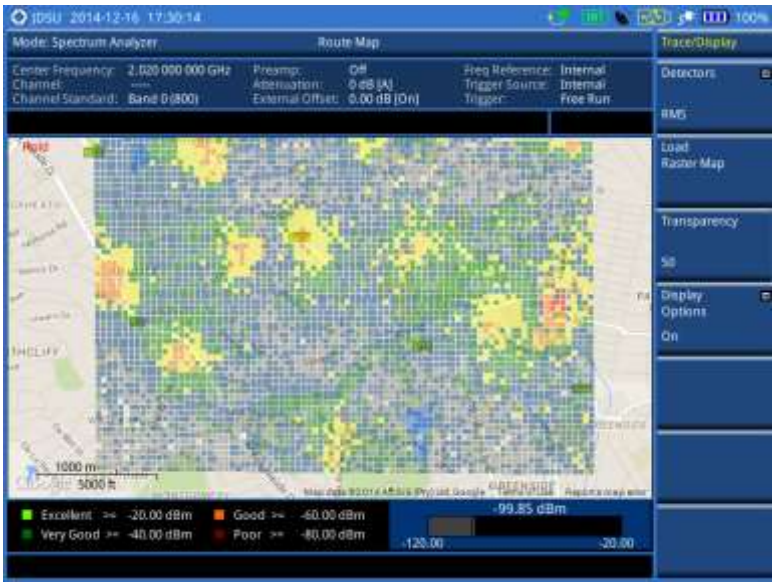
11 To adjust the transparency level of the image, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Transparency** soft key.

b Enter a value between **0** for opaque and **100** for clear.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Figure 39 Raster image overlaid on the base map



Dual spectrum

The Dual Spectrum feature lets you view two spectrum measurements, both the Uplink and Downlink spectrum, simultaneously eliminating the need to swap between two screens back and forth.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 66.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key between **Top** and **Bottom** to select the measurement window to configure or work on. You can also tap on the top or bottom chart on the screen.

Measurement example

Figure 40 Dual spectrum measurement with spectrum analyzer

PIM detection (single and multiple carriers)

The Passive Intermodulation (PIM) Detection allows you to detect Uplink PIM across the full spectrum for any technology. When PIM is detected, the normal repair mode is to replace the offending cable and what you need to do is replacing the whole cable irrespective of the location of the fault. Note that this functionality is not supported when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Connect cables as instructed on the screen.
3. *Optional*. To check any possibility of PIM existence in red color by calculation, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Calculated PIM** soft key.
   b. Press the **Radio Band** soft key for single carrier.
   There are **Radio 1 Band** and **Radio 2 Band** soft keys for multiple carriers.

c Highlight a desired band and then press the **Select** soft key.

d Press the **Return** soft key.

4 To set the uplink frequency to be measured, do one of the following:

To set the center frequency and span, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.

b Press the **Uplink Center Frequency** soft key.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

e Press the **Uplink Span** soft key.

f Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

g Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number and span, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.

b Press the **Channel Std** soft key and select a desired band.

c Press the **Channel Number** soft key.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys and then press the **Enter** soft key.
The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.

e Press the **Uplink Span** soft key.

f Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

g Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

5 Press the **Continue** soft key and follow the instructions on the screen.

Measurement example

Figure 41 PIM detection for single carrier

Figure 42 PIM detection for multiple carriers

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

The JD700B series can measure the Total Harmonic Distortion using spectrum analyzer. The Total Harmonic Distortion is defined as the ratio of RMS voltage of the harmonics to that of the fundamental component. This is accomplished by using a spectrum analyzer to obtain the level of each harmonic with peak detector. Note that this functionality is not supported when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation.

Figure 43 Total harmonic distortion screen

Setting fundamental frequency

You need to set the fundamental frequency to measure the total harmonic distortion. Once you set up, it will automatically collect the harmonic outputs (up to the tenth harmonics as shown in Figure 43) from the spectrum analyzer and calculate the corresponding THD value (%) and the distortion attenuation (dB).

Procedure

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Fundamental Frequency** soft key.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
4. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   The total harmonic distortion screen changes accordingly.

Setting reference level

You can set the reference level automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, the Y-axis scale changes to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, compete the following steps:
   a Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c Select the unit: **dBM** or **-dBM**, or press the **ENTER** hard key.
3 To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

   To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

   To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780 series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:
   a Select **Attenuation > Manual**.
   b Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.
   c Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
   d Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

   To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple.**

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1 Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2 Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the External offset on and manually set the external offset value.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Press the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
Enter a value by using the numeric keys between -120 to 120. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
3 Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To turn the external offset off:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Press the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the total harmonic distortion screen. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
   Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
3. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

5

Chapter 5 Using Interference Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the Interference Analyzer function (option 011). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 107
- Display overview 107
- Connecting a cable 108
- Selecting measurement mode 110
- Configuring test parameters 110
- Conducting spectrum measurements 117
- Conducting interference measurements 120
- Setting limit for interference analyzer 137

Introduction

Interference is becoming more prevalent in the wireless community with the increasing number of transmitters coming on the air. Wireless service providers have traditionally used spectrum analyzers to monitor service channels, frequencies, and adjacent spectrum and to locate sources of interference. A spectrum analyzer can only show you an interfering signal and you require determining the source of the interference. To solve interference problems, you must understand the RF environment, know adjacent operating transmitters, and identify any new or unlicensed emitters.

Once a potential interfering signal is identified in the Spectrum Analyzer mode, you can monitor the signal further in the Interference Analyzer mode. JD700B series provides two different methodologies to identify and determine interference signals: Spectrogram and Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI). Locating the source of interference signal can be done with geographical information received from the built-in GPS receiver.

The JD700B series is extremely effective for locating and identifying periodic or intermittent RF interference. Interference signals derive from several kinds of licensed or unlicensed transmitters that cause dropped calls and poor service quality.

The JD700B series provides following measurements for interference analysis:

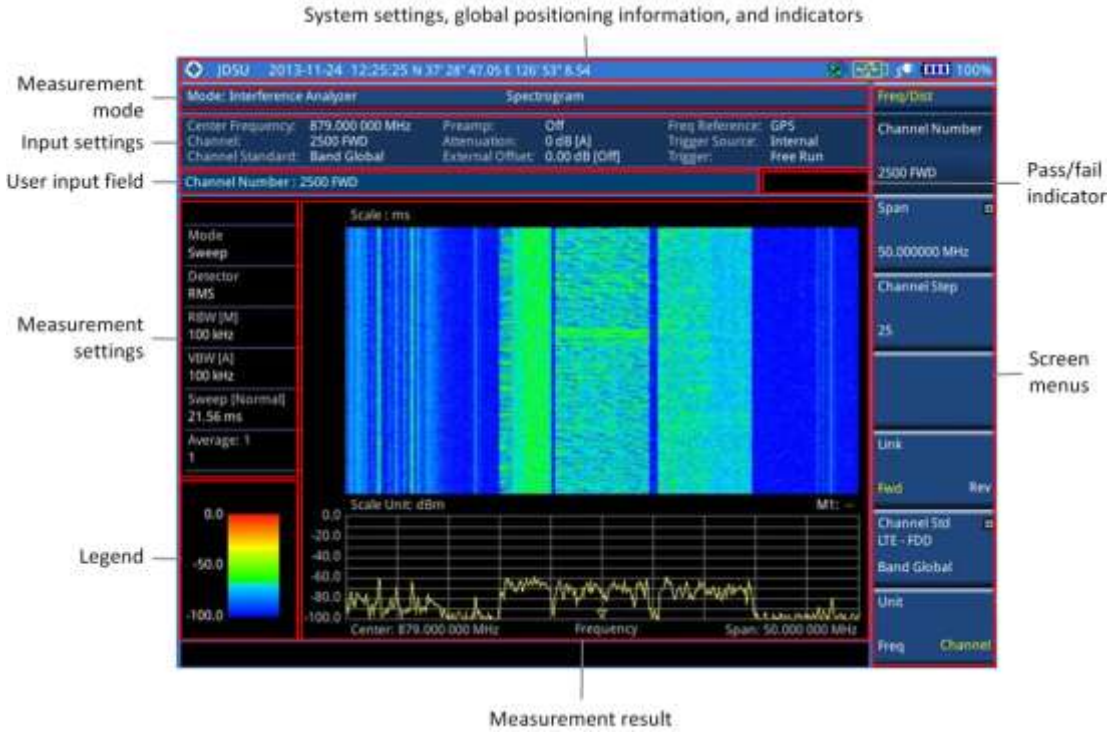
- Spectrum
- Spectrogram
- Dual Spectrogram
- RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator)
- Interference Finder
- Spectrum Replayer
- Radar Chart

Using a set of the AntennaAdvisor Handle that holds a broadband directional antenna is mandatory in the Rader Chart mode and its built-in compass, GPS antenna, gyro sensor, and low-noise amplifier (LNA) benefits you to determine the direction of the interference.

Display overview

Figure 44 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 44 Interference measurement screen



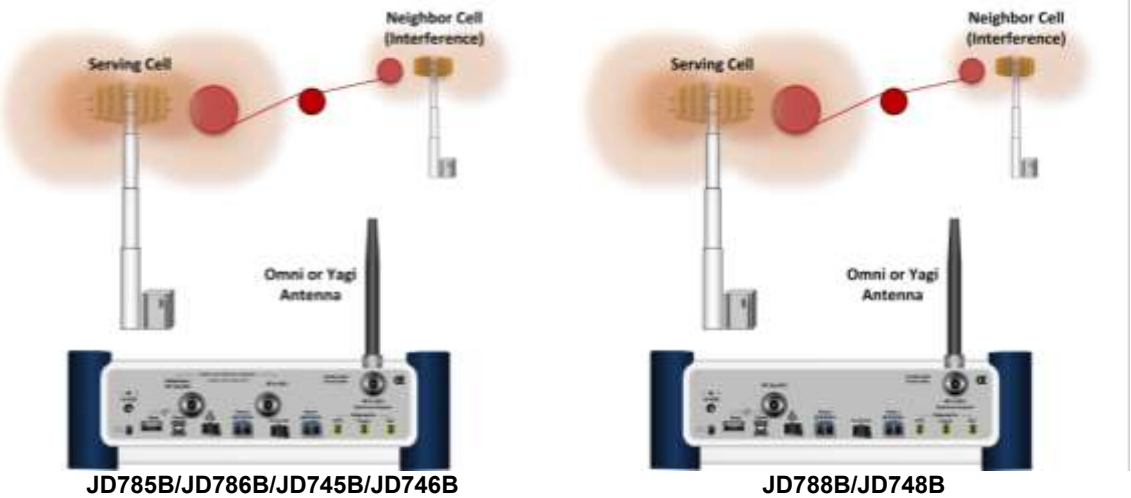
Connecting a cable

Using an Omni or Yagi antenna

Procedure

1. Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.
2. Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 45 Interference measurement connection



CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set it to 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the testing.

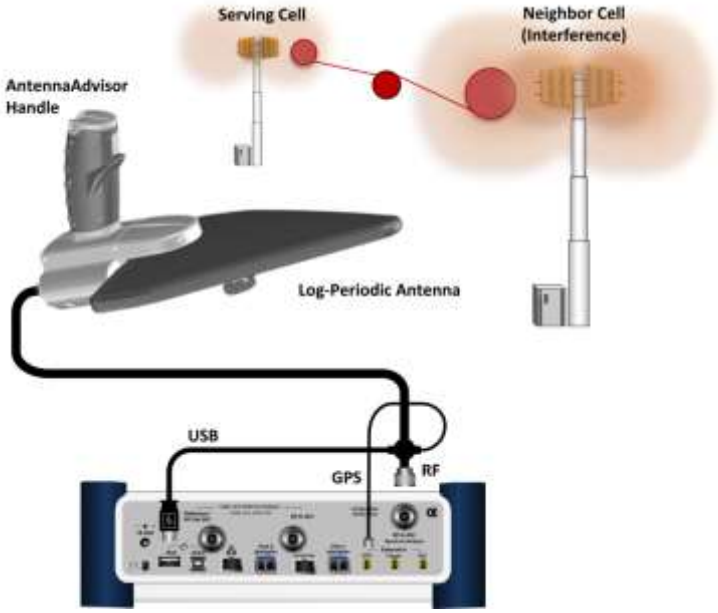
Using an AntennaAdvisor handle

In the Interference Finder mode and the Radar Chart mode, you can perform interference hunting using the AntennaAdvisor Handle after attaching a broadband directional antenna to it. The handle is a device that has a built-in GPS antenna and LNA.

Procedure

1. Mount a broadband antenna to your AntennaAdvisor Handle according to the quick start guide of the AntennaAdvisor Handle.
2. Connect the **RF Type-N jack** of the handle to the **RF In port** of the instrument.
3. Connect the **GPS SMA jack** of the handle to the **GPS port** of the instrument.
   The GPS status indicator appears on the instrument screen. If GPS is locked, the indicator turns green.
4. Connect the **USB plug** of the handle to the **USB Host port** of the JD700B series.
   The device icon appears in the system status bar on the screen.

Figure 46 Connection using AntennaAdvisor handle and log-periodic antenna



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Interference Analyzer** soft key. The **Spectrum** mode is selected by default.
3. To change the mode, press the ***MEASURE*** hot key and then select the measurement mode: **Spectrogram**, **Dual Spectrogram**, **RSSI**, **Interference Finder**, or **Spectrum Replayer**.

NOTE
If the **Dual Spectrogram** is selected, you can select the left or right measurement pane in ***MEASURE SETUP*** to configure measurement parameters for the selected spectrogram.

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You need to set the frequency range to be measured with either the center frequency/span or the start/stop frequencies. You can also set the frequency with the channel number and span.

Procedure

To set the center frequency and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. Press the **Span** soft key, and then do one of the following:

   To set the span manually, select **Span**, enter a value, and then select the unit.

   To set the span automatically, select **Full Span**, **Zero Span**, or **Last Span** as needed.

NOTE
The **Zero Span** option is available only in the Spectrum mode. If you have selected **Zero Span**, select ***TRIGGER*** **> Free Run**, **External**, **GPS**, **Video**, or **Display Position**.

To set the start and stop frequencies:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
7. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
8. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.

b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.

4. Toggle the **Link** soft key to select the sweep direction and select **Fwd** (forward) or **Rev** (reverse).
5. To set the channel number, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key or **ENTER** hard key to complete the entry.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
6. To set the span, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Span** soft key.
   b. Select the span option, from the following choices:

      To set the span manually, select **Span**, enter a value, and then select the unit.

      To set the span automatically, select **Full Span**, **Zero Span**, or **Last Span** as needed.

NOTE
The **Zero Span** option is available only in the Spectrum mode. If you have selected **Zero Span**, select ***TRIGGER*** **> Free Run**, **External**, **GPS**, **Video**, or **Display Position**.

Optional. **To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob:**

1. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key, if the **Freq** is selected.
2. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
3. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

Optional. **To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob:**

1. Press the **Channel Step** soft key, if the **Channel** is selected.
2. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
3. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting frequency for 28 GHz downconverter

Once the CellAdvisor is connect to 28 GHz downconverter, the center frequency is automatically set to 28 GHz. You can measure the center frequency ranged from 27 to 30 GHz with the span or the start/stop frequencies. You cannot set the frequency with the channel number and span when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation.

Procedure

To set the center frequency and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
3. Enter a value from 27 to 30 GHz by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
4. Select the unit as **GHz** among the 4 options: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Press the **Span** soft key, and then do one of the following:

   To set the span manually, select **Span**, enter a value, and then select the unit.

   To set the span automatically, select **Full Span**, **Zero Span**, or **Last Span** as needed.

NOTE
The **Zero Span** option is available only in the Spectrum mode. If you have selected **Zero Span**, select ***TRIGGER*** **> Free Run**, **External**, **GPS**, **Video**, or **Display Position**.

Optional. **To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob:**

1. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key, if the **Freq** is selected.
2. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

3 Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the start and stop frequencies:

1 Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2 Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
3 Enter a value from 27 to 30 GHz by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
4 Select the unit as **GHz** among the 4 options: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5 Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
6 Enter a value from 27 to 30 GHz by using the numeric keys, the rotary knob, or the arrow keys.
7 Select the unit as **GHz** among the 4 options: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.
3 To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:
   To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation (Internal) > Auto**.

To set the internal attenuation value (only when 28 GHz downconverter is in operation):

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Press **Attenuation Value Internal** soft key.
3 Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

   a Select **Attenuation (Internal) > Manual**.
   b Press the **Attenuation Value (Internal)** soft key to set the level.
   c Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
   d Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation (Internal) > Couple**.
As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

NOTE
The **Attenuation Value Internal** and **Attenuation Internal** menus are available when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum measurement screen. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

To set the scale per division:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

Pre-amplifier for 28 GHz downconverter

You can turn the external pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamplifier so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector. The Preamp External is for 28 GHz downconverter, and the Preamp Internal is for CellAdvisor.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Preamp** soft key.
3. Toggle the **Preamp Internal** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.
4. Toggle the **Preamp External** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the AMP/SCALE hard key.
2. Toggle the External Offset soft key to On.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the dB soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the AMP/SCALE hard key.
2. Toggle the External Offset soft key to Off.

Setting bandwidth

VBW based on the designated RBW. Selecting **Auto** changes the value to correspond to your frequency span setting for RBW and to the current RBW and VBW/RBW settings for VBW.

Procedure

To automatically set the RBW and VBW to your selected VBW/RBW ratio:

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **VBW/RBW** soft key to set the proportional VBW based on the designated RBW. Table 9 shows the ratio example for 30 kHz RBW.
3. Select the ratio: **1**, **0.3**, **0.1**, **0.03**, **0.01**, or **0.003**.
4. Toggle the **RBW** soft key and select **Auto**.
5. Toggle the **VBW** soft key and select **Auto**. The RBW or VBW value on the screen changes accordingly based on the span.

To manually set the RBW or VBW to your selected VBW/RBW ratio:

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **RBW** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 Hz to 3 MHz in 1-3 sequence by using the numeric keys.
4. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**. The RBW setting automatically changes to **Manual**.
5. Press the **VBW** soft key.
6. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
7. Select the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**. The VBW setting automatically changes to **Manual**. The RBW or VBW value on the screen changes accordingly.

Table 9 VBW/RBW ratio example

RBW	Ratio (VBW/RBW)	VBW
30 kHz	1:1	30 kHz
	1:0.3	10 kHz
	1:0.1	3 kHz

1:0.03	1 kHz
1:0.01	300 Hz
1:0.003	100 Hz

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep

The ***SWEEP*** hot key is used to set and control the sweep time, sweep mode, gated sweep settings, and gated sweep on or off. This key is not available in the Dual Spectrum mode.

Sweep time

You can set the sweep time automatically or manually. Manual setting allows you to set the sweep time beyond an automatic setting.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Select the sweep time option, from the following choices:

   To automatically set, toggle the **Sweep Time** soft key and select **Auto**.

   To manually set, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Sweep Time** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.
   The sweep time mode automatically changes to **Manual**.

Sweep mode

The default settings of the sweep mode are **Continue** and **Normal** to sweep continuously at a normal speed for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.

3 *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

4 *Optional*. To speed up sweeping, press the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Fast**.

NOTE
Selecting **Sweep Mode > Fast** may reduce the measurement accuracy, but it is useful to identify the existence of interfering signals.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1 Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Gated sweep

You can configure the gated sweep settings with an internal or external trigger source. If you select **Gated Sweep Settings**, you can view the signal in time domain.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Gated Sweep Settings** soft key.

3 *Optional*. Adjust sweep time to allow enough time for a cycle by completing the following steps:
   a Press the **Zero Span Time** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.

4 Set the period, if using the internal trigger source, by doing one of the following:

   To select the preset period, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **Period** soft key and select **StdSignal**.
   b Press the **StdSignal** soft key, and then select the period from the choices: **GSM (4.615 ms)**, **WCDMA (10 ms)**, **LTE (10 ms)**, **EV-DO (5 ms)**, **TD-SCDMA (5 ms)**, and **WiMAX (10 ms)**.

   To manually set the period, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **Period** soft key and select **Manual**.
   b Press the **Period** soft key to enter the amount of time.
   c Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   d Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.

5 Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key, and then do one of the following:

   Select **External** for an external trigger source.

   Select **Video** or **Display Position** for the internal trigger source.

6 Press the **PREV** hard key to continue setting the gated sweep.

7 Set the gate delay by completing the following steps:
   a Press the **Gate Delay** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.

8 Set the gate length by completing the following steps:
   a Press the **Gate Length** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Select the unit: **Sec**, **mSec**, or **µSec**.

9 Press the **PREV** hard key to enable gated sweeping.

10 Toggle the **Gated Sweep** soft key and select **On**.

NOTE
This setting option is not available in the Spectrum Replayer mode.

Conducting spectrum measurements

The spectrum measurement with an audible indicator is especially useful for locating interferer sources with a directional antenna.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**.
   The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4. To select the detection option, select **More (1/2) > Detectors**, and then do one of the following:

To display	Select
Random noise better than the peak without missing signals	Normal
The highest value in each data point	Peak
The root mean squared average power across the spectrum	RMS
The lowest value in each data point	Negative Peak
The center value in each data point	Sample

5. *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.
6. *Optional*. If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
   The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

NOTE
To be able to load a trace, the trace to be overlaid must be saved in the same measurement mode and frequency setting as the current measurement.

Sound indicator

You can use the Sound Indicator to help you identify interfering signals by sounding an alarm.

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 110.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **Sound Indicator** soft key.
4. Toggle the **Sound** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable and disable the alarm sound.
5. Select the alarm reference option from the following choices:

   To set the active marker position as the alarm reference, toggle the **Alarm Reference** soft key and select **Marker**.

   To set the limit as the alarm reference, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Alarm Reference** soft key and select **Line**.
   The Limit Line menu becomes activated to be set.
   b. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to define a threshold for the limit line.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **dBm** soft key.
6. *Optional*. To adjust the volume for alarm sound, press the **Volume** soft key and then turn the rotary knob clockwise or counter clockwise.
7. *Optional*. To select the sound mode for alam, toggle the **Sound Mode** soft key and select the option from the following choices:
   a. Select the **Mode 1** to create an alarm with a consistent tone (frequency) regardless of the interference signal.
   b. Select the **Mode 2** to apply the tone step from 1 to 20.
   c. Select the **Mode 3** to apply the tone step from 20 to 1.
8. *Optional*. You can save logging data automatically so that you can load the measurement data and replay in the Spectrum Replayer mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

AM/FM audio demodulation

You can use the AM/FM Audio Demodulation to identify if the interfering signal is n^{th} harmonics of AM/FM audio. The instrument sounds demodulated signals that you can hear through the speaker or headphones.

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 110.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Toggle the **Audio Demod** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn the AM/FM audio demodulation on and off.
4. Press the **Demod at** soft key, and then select the marker number for the frequency to be demodulated.

   NOTE
   You must set the marker(s) first by using the **MARKER** hard key as the AM/FM demodulator uses the marker position to demodulate. See “Using marker” on page 61 for more information.
5. Press the **Demod Mode** soft key, and then select the demodulation mode: **AM**, **FM** and **CW**.
6. Press the **Dwell Time** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to set the demodulation interval between 1 and 20.

7 Press the **Volume** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to set the speaker volume.

8 Toggle the **Auto Gain** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the automatic gain feature to adjust the interval gain of the demodulator.

9 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Interference ID

The Interference ID automatically classifies interfering signals over a designated spectrum and displays the list of possible signal types corresponding to the selected signal. This functionality is not available when the 28 GHz downconverter is in operation.

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 110.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Toggle the **Interference ID** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn the Interference ID on and off.
4. To set the threshold level manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Threshold** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **dBm** soft key.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analyzer” on page 132 for more information.

Conducting interference measurements

Spectrogram

The Spectrogram is particularly useful when attempting to identify periodic or intermittent signals as it captures spectrum activity over time and uses various colors to differentiate spectrum power levels. When the directional antenna is used to receive the signal, you will see a change in the amplitude of the tracked signal as you change the direction of the antenna and see a change in the Spectrogram colors. The source of the signal is located in the direction that results in the highest signal strength.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 110.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. To set the amount of time between each trace measurement:
   a. Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Sec** soft key.
4. To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Press the **Position** soft key.
   c. Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

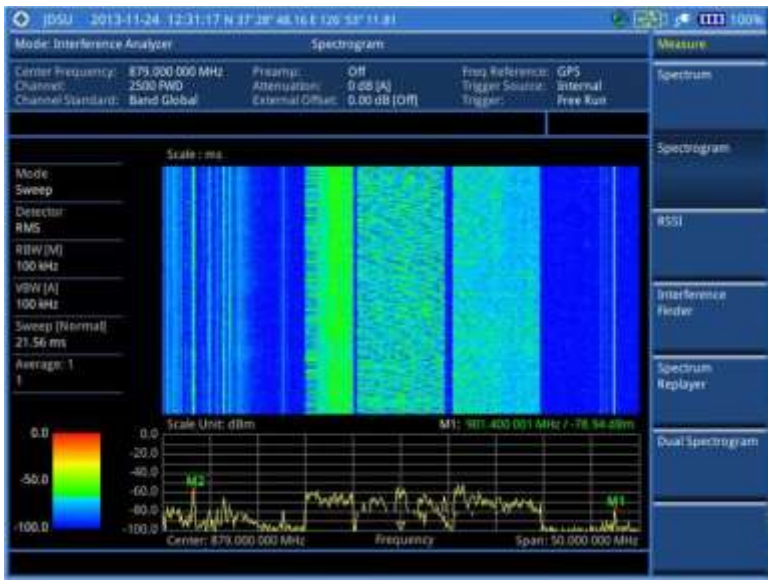
5. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

The spectrogram shows a vertical line on the chart when the marker is enabled on the screen.

Figure 47 Interference measurement in spectrogram



- The horizontal line or X-axis of the spectrogram is frequency.
- The vertical line or Y-axis is time.
- The color identification (Spectrogram) indicates power level of the tracked signal. As the signal strength increases, the color on the spectrogram changes accordingly.

Figure 48 Interference measurement in spectrogram (on 28 GHz downconverter)

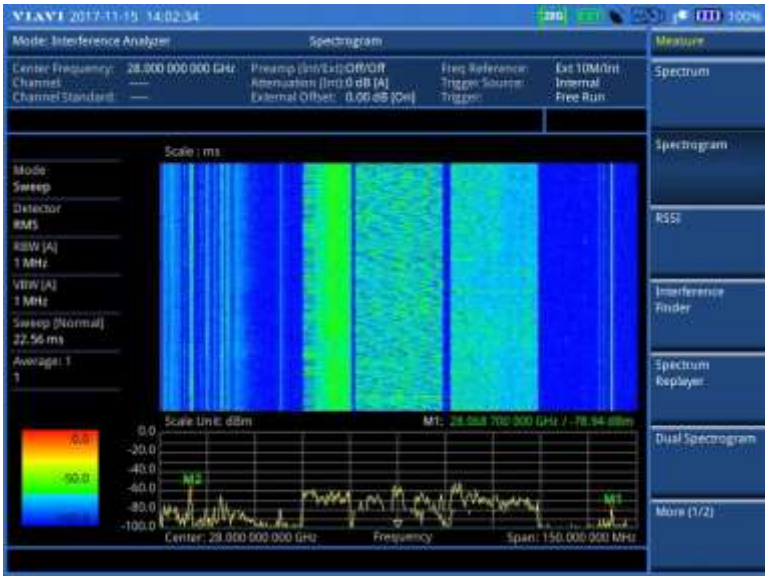


Figure 49 Interference measurement in spectrogram with gated sweep on

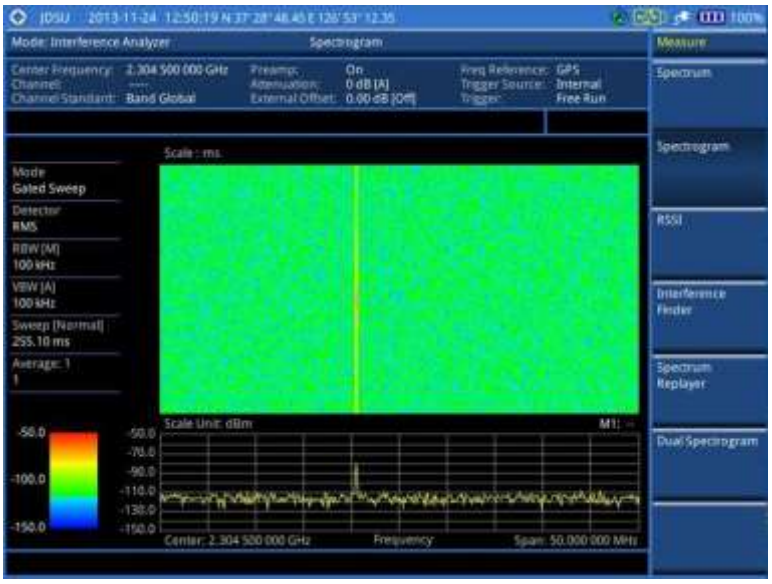
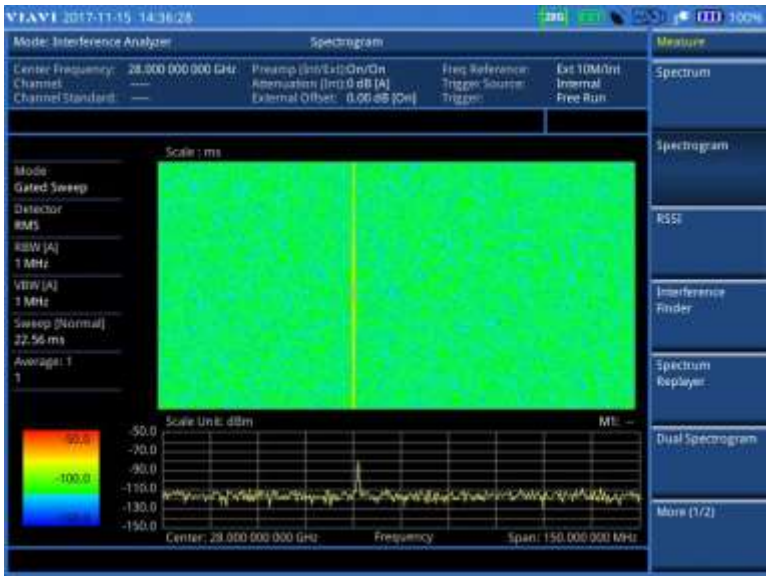


Figure 50 Interference measurement in spectrogram with gated sweep on (on 28 GHz downconverter)



NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analyzer” on page 132 for more information.

Dual spectrogram

The Dual Spectrogram mode is useful to compare two spectrograms displayed simultaneously on the screen.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 110.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key and select **Left** or **Right** spectrogram to be set up. You can also tap on the left or right chart on the screen.
4. To set the amount of time between each trace measurement:
   a. Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Sec** soft key.
5. To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Press the **Position** soft key.
   c. Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

6. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 51 Interference measurement in dual spectrogram view

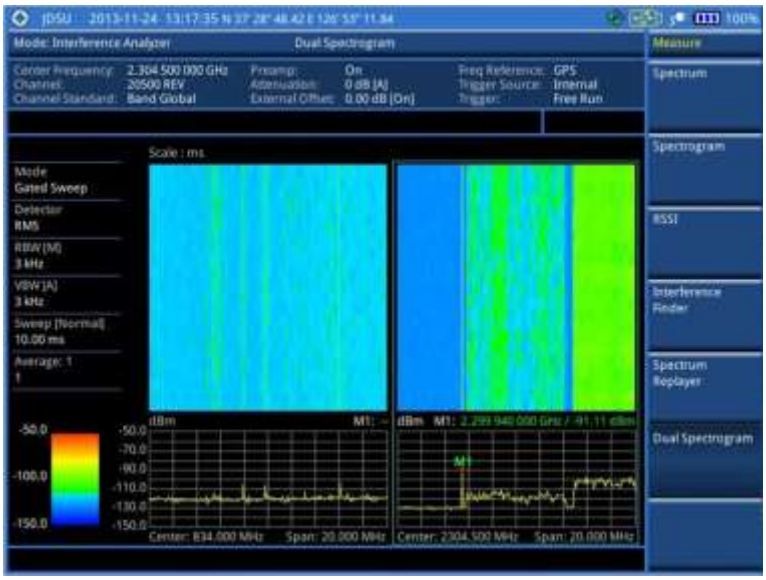
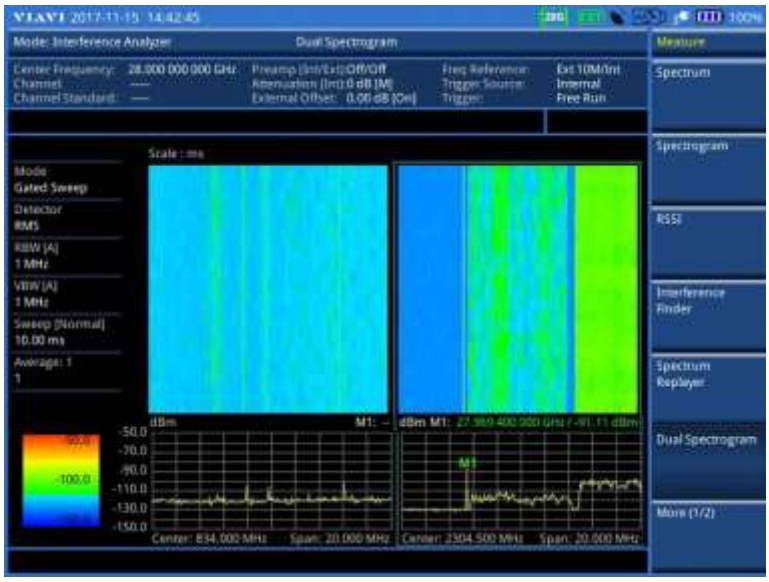


Figure 52 Interference measurement in dual spectrogram view (on 28 GHz downconverter)



RSSI

The Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) is a multi-signal tracking metric that is particularly useful for measuring power-level variations over time. The RSSI measurement lets you assign power limit line for audible alarms and increase alarm counters every time a signal exceeds a defined limit line. For long-term analysis, the spectrogram and RSSI measurements can be automatically saved into an external USB memory. Post-analysis can be performed with JDViewer application software.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 110.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. To set up the alarm parameters, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Alarm** soft key.
   b. Press the **Alarm at** soft key and select the marker number: M1 to M6.
   c. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the alarm.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   e. Press the **dBm** soft key.
   f. Toggle the **Alarm** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn the alarm feature on or off.
   g. *Optional*. Press the **Volume** soft key and adjust the volume.
4. To set up the AM/FM audio demodulation, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **AM/FM Audio Demod** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Audio Demod** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn the AM/FM audio demodulation on or off.
   c. Press the **Demod at** soft key, and then select the marker number for the frequency to be demodulated.

NOTE
For the alarm and AM/FM audio demodulation, you must set the marker(s) first by using the **MARKER** hard key as these features use the marker position to sound alarm or demodulate. See “Using marker” on page 61 for more information.

   d. Press the **Demod Mode** soft key, and then select the demodulation mode: **AM**, **FM**, and **CW**.
   e. Press the **Dwell Time** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to set the demodulation

interval between 1 and 20.

f Toggle the **Auto Gain** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the automatic gain feature to adjust the interval gain of the demodulator.

g *Optional*. Press the **Volume** soft key and adjust the volume.

5 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 53 Interference measurement in RSSI

Figure 54 Interference measurement in RSSI (on 28 GHz downconverter)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analyzer” on page 132 for more information.

Interference finder

The Interference Finder is an automatic triangulation algorithm that uses GPS coordinates to locate possible interference sources based on three measurements. The interference finder calculates possible interference locations using its inscribed circle or circumscribed circle based on measured intersection points. You can plot up to seven measurement points and select three that are more representative for triangulation. JD700B series automatically logs measurement positions not to lose them while changing measurement modes.

The JD700B Series also supports the RAN-IL (Interference Location) feature that enables you to overlay user experience data obtained through VIAVI ariesoGEO on your base map to help you troubleshoot problems easily and quickly using your instrument. You can generate raster data files on the ariesoGEO application and load them on your instrument.

Loading a map

After you have made connections as described in the “Using an Omni or Yagi antenna” on page 108 and configured test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 110, you need to load a map of the area where you want to go out and do interference hunting.

Procedure

1. Plug in your USB drive that has a map file in `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

   NOTE
   The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

2. Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**.
3. Navigate to a map file you want to open.
   The File Information pane displays file properties including file name, map type, and address. If you see “Sizable Map” for Map Type, you can zoom in and out the base map after loading.
4. Press the **Load** soft key. The loaded map appears.

Initializing AntennaAdvisor

If you have connected the AntennaAdvisor Handle to your instrument, you need to initialize it so that you get azimuth data as accurately as possible.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
   A message appears at the bottom of the screen to alert you if you have not performed initialization of your connected the antenna handle set.
2. To adjust the integration bandwidth based on the center frequency of the interfering signal that you have identified in the Spectrum view, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit option from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.
3. Initialize the antenna handle to calibrate the built-in compass by completing the following steps:
   a. Hold your antenna handle horizontally in its upright position.
   b. Point the antenna to the north, and then press the **Initialize AntennaAdvisor** soft key.

Setting location

As the Interference Finder uses triangulation to provide a circle of possible source of the interference, you must set three location points so that the straight lines started from the point can create three intersections. If you have the AntennaAdvisor Handle, it makes it easy to determine these points using its built-in compass and GPS antenna while measure power level of the received signal.

Procedure

1. Press the **Location Setup** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.
2. Press the **Location** soft key to set three location points.
3. Press the **Point [1|2|3]** soft key to set the first location point, and then do one of the following:

   To automatically get the selected point's positioning information with GPS locked, press the **Get GPS Position**. The instrument displays the latitude and longitude information of the signal received by either the GPS antenna or AntennaAdvisor Handle.

   To manually define a position for the selected point, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Latitude** soft key, and then set the properties: **North/South**, **Degree**, **Minute**, and **Second**.

   b. Press the **Longitude** soft key, and then set the properties: **East/West**, **Degree**, **Minute**, and **Second**.
4. To set an azimuth, do one of the following:

   Using the AntennaAdvisor Handle, complete the following steps:

   a. Press and hold the **TRIGGER** button on the handle and pan the antenna handle to scan through until you find the strongest RSSI value.
   RSSI, polarization, elevation and azimuth readings are continuously updated on the screen while pressing the physical button.

   b. Release the **TRIGGER** button to stop scanning.

   Using a compass, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Azimuth** soft key.

   b. Pan your Yagi antenna to find a signal with highest RSSI value, and then measure an azimuth of the interfering signal.

   c. Enter the measured angle using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

   Using your instrument without a compass, complete the following steps:

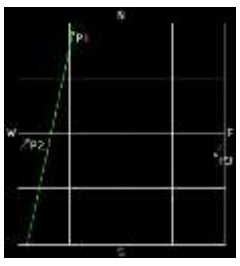
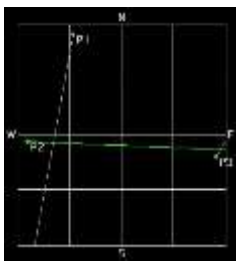
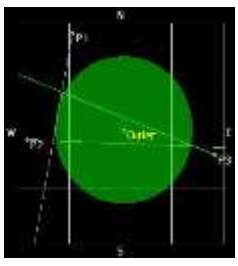
   a. Press the **Azimuth** soft key.

   b. Pan your Yagi antenna to find a signal with highest RSSI value.

   c. Turn the rotary knob to align the straight line on the base map with the direction of the interfering signal. The azimuth calculated by the instrument appears on the screen.

NOTE
The AntennaAdvisor Handle has a built-in low-noise amplifier (LNA) and you can turn it on and off using the physical On/Off button located on the rear side of the handle unit. For example, if the received signal is weak, you can turn on the switch to improve S/N.

5. To save the defined position, press the **Save Position** soft key and then select one of the soft keys to which you want to save the position information. The instrument stores the saved location points in the internal memory so that you can load them by using the **Load Position** soft key.
6. Press the **Location** soft key, and then repeat steps **3**-**5** to set the second location point.
7. Press the **Location** soft key, and then repeat steps **3**-**5** to set the third location point.
   The circumscribed circle appears when the lines from three location points create three intersections or vertices.

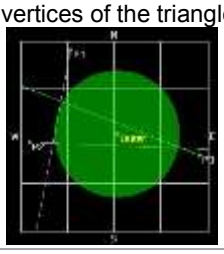
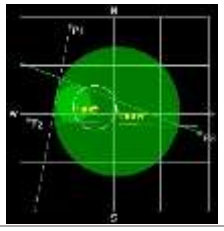




Setting display mode

When the triangulation is done with three location points and azimuth for each point, you can view a circumscribed circle by default. You can change the display mode to inscribed circle or double circles to view a narrower area. The center of the green-shaded circle is determined to be where the source of the interfering signal resides.

Procedure

1. Press the **Display Setup** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.
2. Press the **Display Mode** soft key, and then select the option from the following choices:

Circum: It displays a circumscribed circle that meets three vertices of the triangle. 	**Inscribed:** It displays an inscribed circle that meets the three sides of the triangle.	**Double:** It displays both circumscribed and inscribed circles. 

3. Toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key to select **Map** or **Full** as needed.

   Map: This option displays what are inside the base map with the map image.

   Full: This option displays three location points and defined circle without the map image.

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the green-shaded area on the map and view the location of the interference source in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.

   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.

   c. Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.

   d. Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

   To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.

   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.

   c. Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.

Measurement example

Figure 55 Interference finder measurement in map view

Figure 56 Interference finder measurement in map view (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Loading and displaying raster data

If you have a set of raster data files generated through the ariesoGEO application, you can load and overlay the data on your base map to help you assume suspicious points of interference easily and pinpoint the source of the interference quickly.

Procedure

1 Copy a set of raster data files into your USB memory drive, including the following:

ASCII: `.tab`, `.asc,` and `.clr` files

BIL: `.tab`, `.hdr`, `.bil`, and `.clr` files

NOTE
The `.tab` file type is a geospatial vector data format used in many geographic

information systems. The color file (`.clr`) is an optional file, but the image will be displayed as a grayscale image without it. The size of the raster map must be **1024 x 1024** or smaller.

2 Plug in the USB memory drive to your instrument.

3 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

4 Press the **Load Raster Map** soft key.
The file explorer window appears.

5 Navigate to the raster file (`.tab`) you want to open, and then press the **Load** soft key.
The raster image appears on top of your base map as shown in Figure 57.

NOTE
If the area of the loaded raster data is not within the boundary of the base map, you will not see the raster image on the screen.

6 To select the display option, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Display Options** soft key.
   b Select the option you desire from the choices: **On**, **Off**, and **Blink**.

7 To adjust the transparency level of the image, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Transparency** soft key.
   b Enter a value between **0** for opaque and **100** for clear.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Figure 57 Raster image overlaid on the map in interference finder

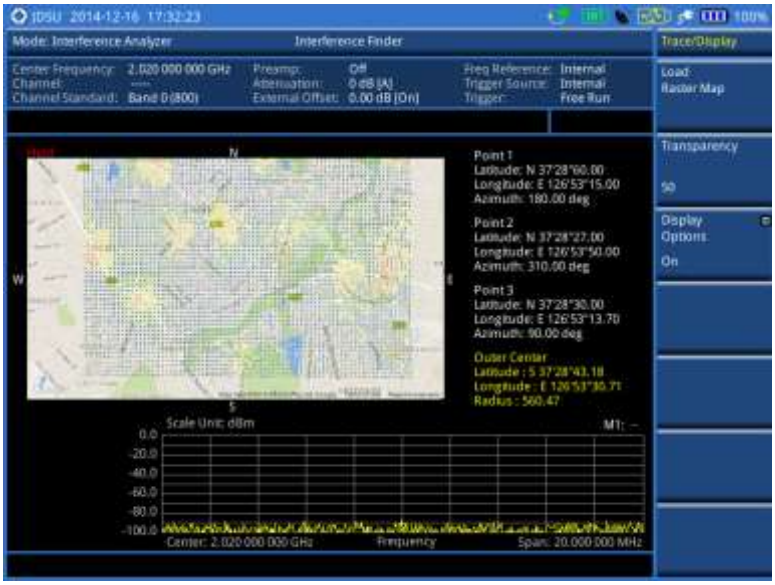


Figure 58 Raster image overlaid on the map in interference finder (on 28 GHz downconverter)

Spectrum Replayer

The Spectrum Replayer lets you retrieve and replay recorded spectrum analyzer traces in interference analysis mode. These traces can be played back in the spectrogram or RSSI. You can configure the limit line to create failure points when signals exceed it. The failure points are clearly displayed on the trace timeline for quick access during playback.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Press the **Spectrum Replayer** soft key.
   The file manager window appears.
3. Select a file to be loaded, and then press the **Load** soft key.
   The Measure Setup screen menus appear.
4. Toggle the **Replay Direction** soft key between **FWD** and **REV** to change play direction to forward or reverse.
5. Press the **Replay Speed** soft key, and then select the speed option: **x1**, **x2**, **x3**, and **x4**.
6. Press the **Play** soft key to start playing.
7. Press the **Pause** soft key to pause or stop playing data.
8. To move to a particular failure position directly and play from there, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Jump to Fail Index** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
9. *Optional*. Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the time cursor on the screen. This key becomes activated when you play logged data in the Spectrogram mode.

NOTE
If you connected a USB drive, do not remove it while playing. Doing so may freeze the USB port, which will require you to restart the instrument to get a USB drive recognized again.

Setting display

You can select the display option.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Select the display option: **Spectrum**, **Spectrogram**, or **RSSI**.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analyzer” on page 137 for more information.

Radar Chart

If you have identified an interfering signal on your spectrum view, you can move to the Radar Chart mode and measure RSSI power level through 360 degrees at a location received by the connected broadband directional antenna so that you can determine the direction of the source of the interference. A set of the AntennaAdvisor Handle with the antenna is mandatory to perform measurements in this mode.

If you have obtained user experience data through VIAVI ariesoGEO and generated raster data files from the application, you can load them onto your base map to help you troubleshoot problems easily and quickly.

Loading a map

After you have connected your AntennaAdvisor Handle set to the JD700B series as described in the “Using an AntennaAdvisor handle” on page 109 and configured test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 110, you need to load a map of the area where you want to go out and do interference hunting activities.

Procedure

1. Plug in your USB drive that has a map file in `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

   NOTE
   The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.
2. Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**.
3. Navigate to a map file you want to open.
   The File Information pane displays file properties including file name, map type, and address. If you see “Sizable Map” for Map Type, you can zoom in and out the base map after loading.
4. Press the **Load** soft key.
   The loaded map appears. Before pressing the **Get GPS Position** soft key, you should not interpret the center of the radar chart as your current geographical location on the map.

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.
   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.
   c. Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.
   d. Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

   To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.
   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.
   c. Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.

Initializing AntennaAdvisor

After you have loaded a map for the area of interest, you need to initialize the AntennaAdvisor Handle to calibrate its built-in compass in order to obtain more accurate azimuth information.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
   A message appears at the bottom of the screen to alert you if you have not performed initialization of your connected the antenna handle set.
2. To adjust the integration bandwidth based on the center frequency of the interfering signal that you have identified in the Spectrum view, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit option from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.
3. Initialize the antenna handle to calibrate the built-in compass by completing the following steps:
   a. Hold your antenna handle horizontally in its upright position. To avoid unnecessary impact of external magnetic field, position yourself at the location where the value of magnetic field strength displayed on the instrument is green.
   b. Point the antenna to the north, and then press the **Initialize AntennaAdvisor** soft key.
   The message disappears and the red line for the current antenna direction moves to the 0-degree line and overlaps to let you know that the initialization is done successfully.

NOTE
If is recommended that you re-initialize the AntennaAdvisor Handle after measurements to re-calibrate the compass when you notice that the red line on the radar chart is not aligned with the north on the map even though you are pointing the antenna to the north.

Obtaining RSSI data

After you have connected your antenna handle set and done necessary setups, you can monitor the power level of the received signal, the amount of polarization, and elevation level real time. Using the Trigger button on the antenna handle set, you can plot the RSSI level through 360 degrees at your location.

Procedure

1. When you have the green GPS indicator, press the **Get GPS Position** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar to set your current location with GPS locked as the center of the radar chart. The latitude and longitude information at the bottom of the display changes from 'Unknown Position' to the obtained position information.
2. *Optional*. To save a position to recall for triangulation in the **Interference Finder** mode, press the **Save Position** soft key and then select one of the soft keys to which you want to save.
3. Monitor the RSSI reading of the received signal. If the signal is weak, turn on the LNA switch on the antenna handle set to improve S/N.

NOTE
The AntennaAdvisor Handle has a built-in low-noise amplifier (LNA) and you can turn it on and off by toggling the physical On/Off switch located on the rear side of the handle unit.

4. Hold the antenna handle set horizontally and then make the following measurement:

   To obtain a RSSI value, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **TRIGGER** button located on the antenna handle.
   Every time you press the physical button on the handle, a beep is sounded and a power level of the received signal is plotted as a blue dot on the radar chart. Depending on the strength of the measured value, you may hear different tones of beeping.
   b. With panning the antenna horizontally to vary the angle of the direction, repeat pressing the **TRIGGER** button to obtain at least five points if you want to do the localization.

   To obtain RSSI values continuously, complete the following steps:

   a. Press and hold the **TRIGGER** button located on the antenna handle to start a continuous measurement.
   b. Pan the antenna handle horizontally through the angle of 360 degrees you desire.
   A beep is sounded repeatedly to let you know that the measurement is continuing and measured values are plotted on the radar chart. See Figure 59 for an example.
   c. Release the **TRIGGER** button to stop the continuous measurement.

NOTE
- The maximum number you can plot on the radar chart is **500 points** both in the single and continuous measurements. If your measurement reached to 500 points, you need to reset the measurement by pressing the Localization soft key twice or performing the initialization of the AntennaAdvisor Handle.
- Concentric circles indicate different levels of RSSI. The outer circle, the higher power level is. You can use the **AMP/SCALE** hard to adjust the amplitude scale of the chart.

5. To change the display mode, toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key and select **Map** or **Full** as needed.

   Map: It displays measured points inside the base map image. If you are in the area outside the base map and continue your measurement with the Trigger button, the instrument continue obtaining data even though the radar chart disappears from the screen. You can view obtained data when you change this display option to Full.

   Full: It displays measured points without the base map image. In case that you made measurements in the area outside the map image, selecting this option moves your measured data to the center of the display so that you can view the result.

Localizing RSSI data

The Localization feature lets you view averaged and smoothed measurement data with a bold green line on the radar chart that helps you determine the direction of the highest RSSI value. When you have five or more data points plotted on the radar chart, you can perform this localization.

Procedure

1. Press the **Localization** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.

All the measured points turn to green color and you can view the bold green line that indicates the possible direction of the interference source. See **Figure 61** for an example.

2 To clear all the data plots on the radar chart, press the **Localization** soft key again.

Measurement example

Figure 59 RSSI data plotted on the radar chart

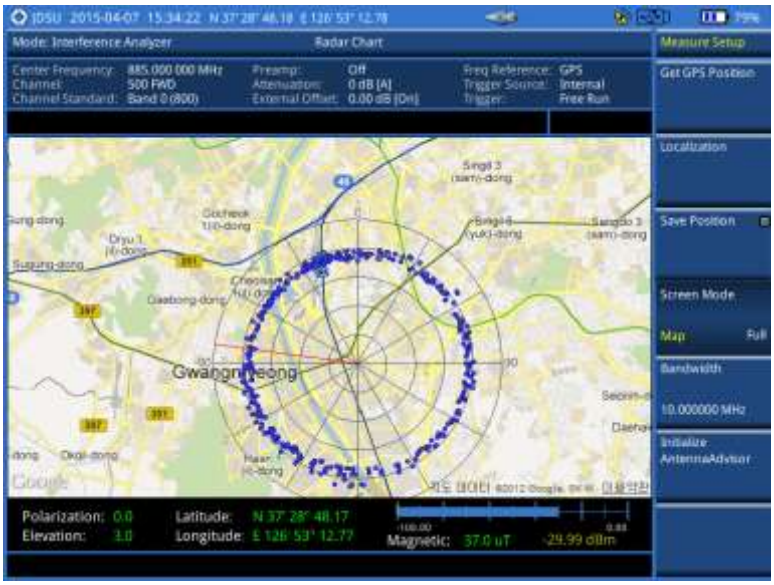


Figure 60 RSSI data plotted on the radar chart (on 28 GHz downconverter)

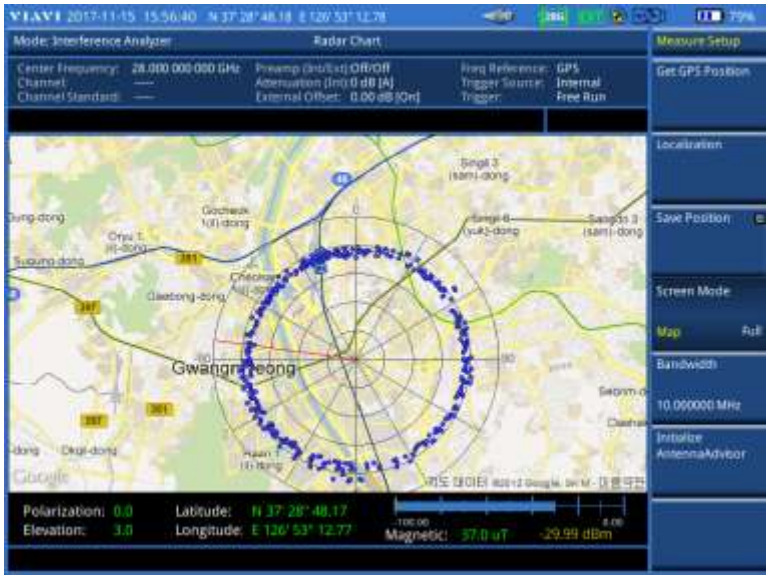


Figure 61 Localized RSSI data on the radar chart

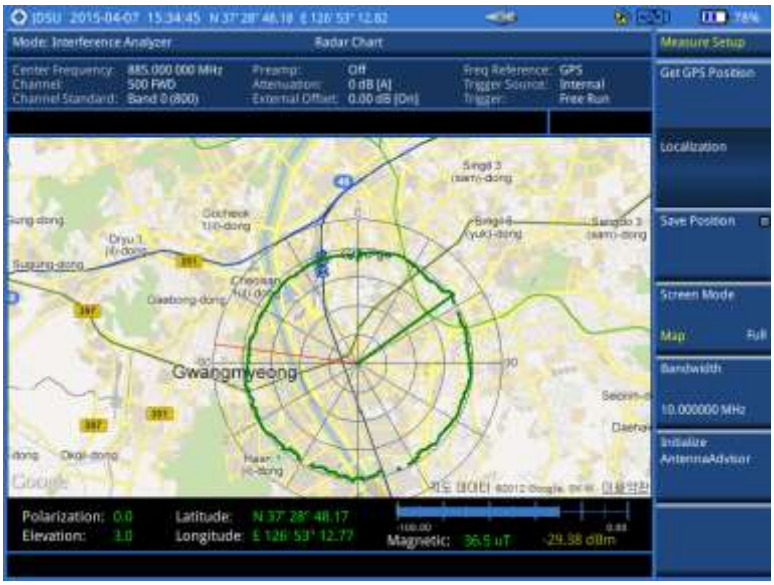
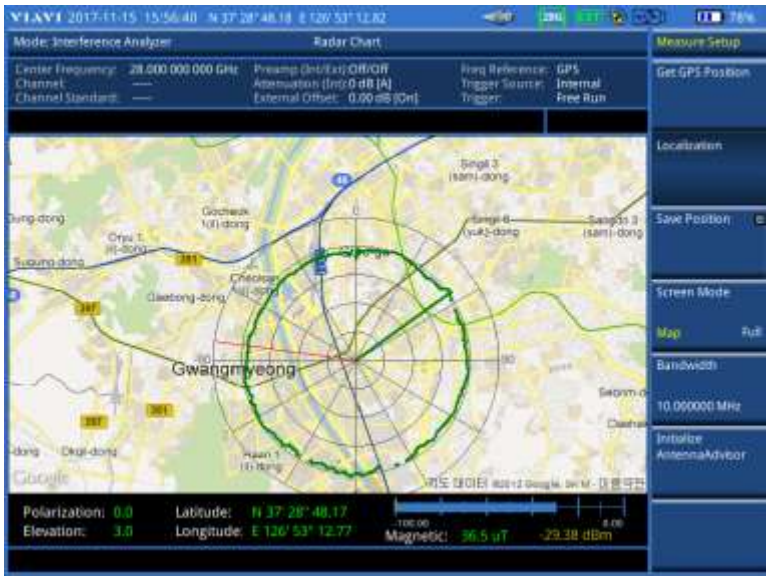


Figure 62 Localized RSSI data on the radar chart (on 28 GHz downconverter)



Loading and displaying raster data

If you have a set of raster data files generated through the ariesoGEO application, you can load and overlay the data on your background map to help you view suspicious points of interference easily and pinpoint the source of the interference quickly.

Procedure

1 Copy a set of raster data files into your USB memory drive, including the following:

ASCII: `.tab`, `.asc,` and `.clr` files

BIL: `.tab`, `.hdr`, `.bil`, and `.clr` files

NOTE
The `.tab` file type is a geospatial vector data format used in many geographic information systems. The color file (`.clr`) is an optional file, but the image will be displayed as a grayscale image without it. The size of the raster map must be

1024 x 1024 or smaller.

2 Plug in the USB memory drive to your instrument.

3 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

4 Press the **Load Raster Map** soft key.
The file explorer window appears.

5 Navigate to the raster file (`.tab`) you want to open, and then press the **Load** soft key.
The raster image appears on top of your base map.

NOTE
If the area of the loaded raster data is not within the boundary of the base map, you will not see the raster image on the screen.

6 To select the display option, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Display Options** soft key.
   b Select the option you desire from the choices: **On**, **Off**, and **Blink**.

7 To adjust the transparency level of the image, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Transparency** soft key.
   b Enter a value between **0** for opaque and **100** for clear.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit for interference analyzer

The Interference Analyzer function provides you with limit setting options for you to select, as you desire. They are a single line limit, a multi-segment line limit, and a channel limit.

Setting a single limit line

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Display Line** soft key for a reference line.

3 Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.

4 Toggle the **Display Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display and dismiss the reference line.
The straight line appears across the screen to be used as a visual reference only.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting a multi-segment line

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key for Pass/Fail indication.

3 Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.

4 Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit, up to 50 segments.
   a Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b Enter a value between **1** and **50** by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Press the **Autoset** soft key to automatically set the limit for each segment and display the line.

6 To move the limit line, complete the following steps:
   a Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.

b Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.

7 To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.

b Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.

c Select the menu option, from the following choices:

To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key and select **Off**.

To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

To change the position, press the Frequency or Amplitude soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Defining a channel limit

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Channel Limit** soft key.

3 To define the index table, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Table** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display and hide the channel index table on the screen.

b Press the **Index** soft key.

c Enter an index number to be set between 1 and 10 by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

d Press the **Start Frequency** or **Center Frequency** soft key depending on your prior frequency setting.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then select the unit from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.

f Press the **Stop Frequency** or **Span Width** soft key depending on your prior frequency setting.

g Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then select the unit from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.

4 To set the limits for Pass/Fail indication, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable and disable the limit.

b Press the **High Limit** soft key.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys, and then press the **dBm** soft key.

d Press the **Low Limit** soft key.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys, and then press the **dBm** soft key.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

6

Chapter 6 Using GSM/GPRS/EDGE Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the GSM/GPRS/EDGE Signal Analyzer function (option 022) with GSM//GPRS/EDGE OTA Analyzer function (option 042). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 140
- Display overview 140
- Connecting a cable 141
- Selecting measurement mode 143
- Configuring test parameters 143
- Conducting spectrum measurements 147
- Conducting RF measurements 148
- Conducting power vs. time measurements 154
- Conducting constellation measurements 157
- Performing auto measurements 159
- Conducting GSM OTA measurements 161

Introduction

The Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) is a digital cellular standard that uses Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) multiplexing scheme and Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK) modulation. The Enhanced Data Rates for GSM Evolution (EDGE) is an enhancement to GSM that promises to deliver multimedia and other broadband applications. It uses TDMA and 3π/8 8PSK (phase shift keying) modulation.

This instrument performs measurements using the methods and limits as defined in the 3GPP TS 51.021 Base Station System (BSS) equipment specification: Radio Aspects V8.9.0 (2003-06) and 3GPP TS 45.005 Radio Transmission and Reception (version 12.5.0, release 12). The Pass/Fail indictor helps you to determine base station performance easily.

This instrument provides the following measurement tools for GSM/GPRS/EDGE system:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM)
  - Output RF Spectrum
  - Spurious Emissions
- Power vs. Time
  - Power vs. Time (Slot)
  - Power vs. Time (Frame)
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
- Auto Measure
- Over The Air (OTA)
  - Channel Scanner
  - Frequency Scanner
  - Multipath Profile
  - Modulation Analyzer

Display overview

Figure 63 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 63 GSM signal analyzer measurement screen

Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 64 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

Indirect connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 65 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

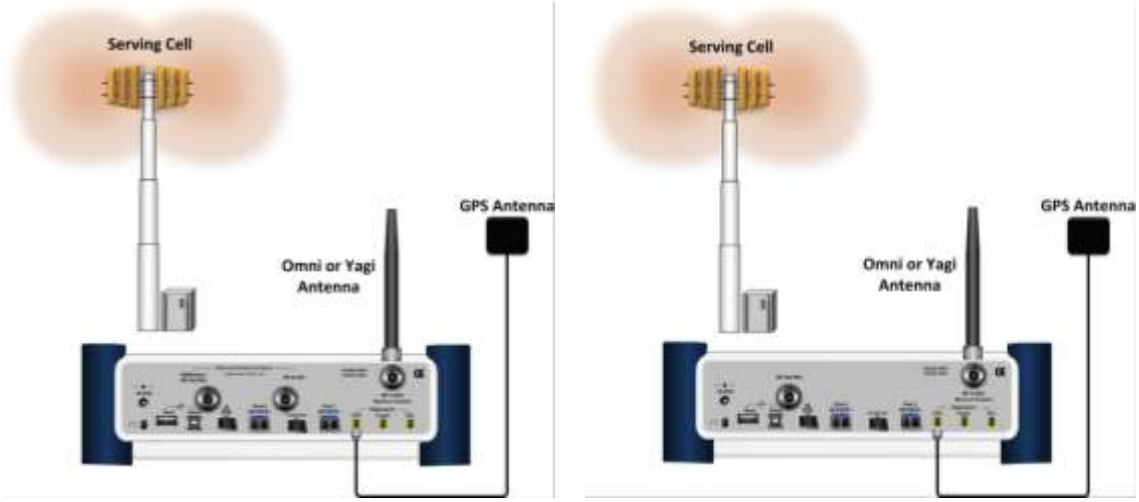
CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1. Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.
2. Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 66 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3. Press the **GSM** soft key. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power, **Occupied BW**, **Spectrum Emission Mask**, **Output RF Spectrum**, or **Spurious Emissions**

   Power vs Time > Power vs Time (Slot) or **Power vs Time (Frame)**

   Constellation

   Auto Measure

   OTA > Channel Scanner, **Frequency Scanner**, **Multipath Profile**, or **Modulation Analyzer**

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up**/**Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
4. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
5. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

6 Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.

8 *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Channel Step** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Spurious Emissions mode.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Reference Level** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.

c Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

3 To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

a Select **Attenuation > Manual**.

b Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.

c Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.

d Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**.

As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1 Select **More (1/2) > Units**.

2 Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements.

Procedure

1. Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.
2. Select the trigger source option from the following choices:

To set the trigger level	Select
When using the RF burst (wideband) trigger	RF Burst
To free burst if there is a frequency burst signal	Internal FB
To training sequence code	RF Burst & TS
To external trigger reference	External
To the free trigger	Free
To the locked GPS	GPS

NOTE
There is a case where RF Burst is not transmitted when the instrument is not interworking with a device based on GSM basestation. In this case, you cannot measure RF Burst while conducting PvsT measurements.

Conducting spectrum measurements

If you have configured test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 67.

Figure 67 Spectrum measurement screen with GSM signal analyzer

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Time Slot** soft key to assign a time slot with which performs RF measurements, and then select your desired time slot number from **0** to **7**.
3. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

5 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measures in-channel power for GSM/GPRS and EDGE systems, which use dynamic power control to ensure that each link is maintained with minimum power. It gives two fundamental benefits of keeping overall system interference to a minimum level and of maximizing battery life in the case of mobile stations. It determines the power delivered to the antenna system on the RF channel under test. The instrument acquires a GSM/GPRS or EDGE signal in the time domain. The average power level above the threshold is then computed and displayed.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 143, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Time Slot** soft key to assign a time slot with which performs measurements, and then select your desired time slot number from **0** to **7**.

3 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.

b Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 68 Channel power measurement with GSM signal analyzer

Channel power measurement result shows channel power and spectrum density in a user specified channel bandwidth. The peak to average ratio (PAR) is shown at the bottom of the screen as well. The shaded area on the display indicates the channel bandwidth.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 153 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Time Slot** soft key to assign a time slot with which performs measurements, and then select your desired time slot number from **0** to **7**.
3. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

The Occupied Bandwidth measurement shows both of power across the band and power bandwidth in a user specified percentage to determine the amount of spectrum used by a modulated signal. Occupied bandwidth is typically calculated as the bandwidth containing 99% of the transmitted power.

Figure 69 Occupied bandwidth measurement with GSM signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 153 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission outside the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal. It measures the power ratio between in-band and adjacent channels. The JD700B series indicates either Pass or Fail based on the specified limit of the signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Time Slot** soft key to assign a time slot with which performs measurements, and then select your desired time slot number from **0** to **7**.
3. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
b Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
d Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 70 SEM measurement with GSM signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 153 for more information.

Output RF spectrum

The Output RF Spectrum measures power of the output RF modulation spectrum of the carrier at different frequency offsets in different measurement bandwidths. It is used to determine if the output spectrum due to modulation and wideband noise for all supported RF channels meets the requirements specified in 3GPP TS 45.005 and conforms to the specification.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2 Press the **Time Slot** soft key to assign a time slot with which performs measurements, and then select your desired time slot number from **0** to **7**.
3 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.

b Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 71 Output RF spectrum measurement with GSM signal analyzer

NOTE
A set of limit values are applied according to the current channel power and automatically displayed in the result table. You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 153 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:

a Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.

b Do the following as desired:

Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.

Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.

Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.

Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.

Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.

Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.

Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.

c. Press the **PREV** hard key.

d. Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.

3. Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4. To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Average** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between **1** and **100**.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.
   b. Enter a value between **1** and **20**.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 72 Spurious emissions measurement with GSM signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 153 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
Output RF spectrum	Output RF Spectrum	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the Beep soft key between On and Off to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time measurements

The Power vs. Time measurement measures the mean transmission power during the useful part of GSM bursts and verifies that the power ramp fits within the defined mask. It also lets you view the rise, fall, and useful part of the GSM burst.

This measurement provides masks for both of Base Transceiver Station (BTS) and Mobile Station (MS). The timing masks are referenced to the transition from the bit 13 to the bit 14 of the mid-amble training sequence. For GMSK measurements, the 0 dB reference is determined by measuring the mean transmitted power during the useful part of the burst.

Power vs. time (slot)

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Time Slot** soft key to assign a time slot with which performs measurements, and then select your desired time slot number from **0** to **7**.
3. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **Auto**, **GSM**, or **EDGE**. Auto is set by default. The instrument applies a mask automatically based on the selected mode.
4. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Setting limit for burst power

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key.
3. Press the **Burst Power** soft key to set the limit in the Power vs. Time (Slot) measurement.
4. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.
5. Set the upper threshold:
   a. Press the **High Limit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value for the upper limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
6. Set the lower threshold:
   a. Press the **Low Limit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value for the lower limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
7. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
8. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 73 Power vs. time (slot) measurement with GSM signal analyzer

Figure 74 Power vs. time (slot) measurement with GSM signal analyzer

Power vs. time (frame)

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **Auto**, **GSM**, or **EDGE**. Auto is set by default. The instrument applies a mask automatically based on the selected mode.
3. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Setting limit for frame average power

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key.
3. Press the **Frame Avg Power** soft key to set the limit in the Power vs. Time (Frame) measurement.
4. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.
5. Set the upper threshold:
   a. Press the **High Limit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value for the upper limit.
   c. Press the **dBm** unit soft key.

6 Set the lower threshold:
   a Press the **Low Limit** soft key.
   b Enter a value for the lower limit.
   c Press the **dBm** unit soft key.
7 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 75 Power vs. time (frame) measurement with GSM signal analyzer

Conducting constellation measurements

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2 Press the **Time Slot** soft key to assign a time slot with which performs measurements, and then select your desired time slot number from **0** to **7**.
3 Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **Auto**, **GSM**, or **EDGE**. Auto is set by default. The instrument applies a mask automatically based on the selected mode.
4 Toggle the **PSK Constellation** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PSK constellation observation.

NOTE
The PSK constellation must be turned on to analyze EDGE signals.

5 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.

b Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Setting limit for constellation

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key to set the limits in the Constellation measurement.

3 Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Phase error rms	Phase Error RMS	High Limit, Low Limit
Phase error peak	Phase Error Peak	High Limit, Low Limit
Error vector magnitude rms	EVM RMS	High Limit
Error vector magnitude peak	EVM Peak	High Limit
I/Q origin offset of the I and Q error (magnitude squared) offset from the origin	IQ Origin Offset	High Limit
Carrier to interference (C/I) ratio	C/I	Low Limit

4 *Optional.* You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the Beep soft key between On and Off to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 76 Constellation measurement (PSK off) with GSM signal analyzer

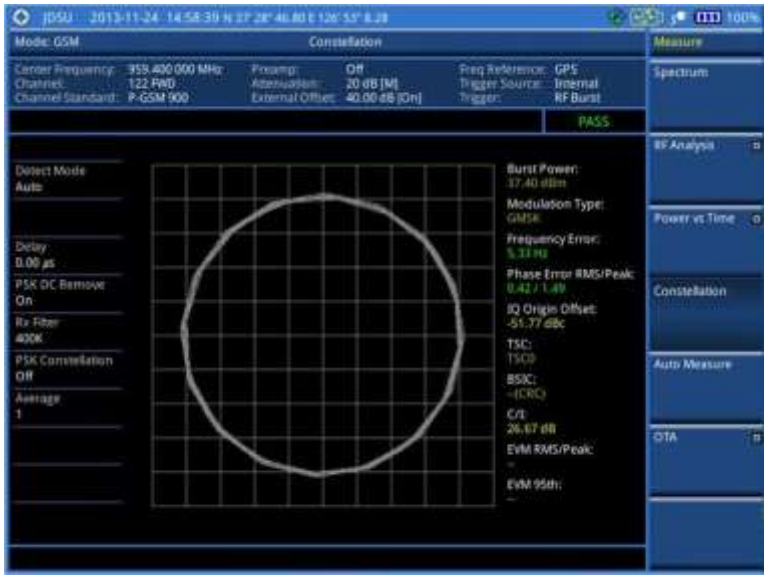


Figure 77 Constellation measurement (PSK on) with GSM signal analyzer

NOTE
Measurement items such as IQ Origin Offset, C/I, EVM RMS/Peak and EVM 95th are applicable only to EDGE signal measurements.

Performing auto measurements

The Auto Measure function of the JD700B series allows a complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters of up to 10 different carriers, particularly useful on an overlay architecture where base stations are transmitting in different frequencies.

The Auto Measure can be easily executed either by selecting a menu in the instrument or by running a programmed scenario in the PC-based application so that the instrument automatically configure and perform

tests on every aspect of all the carriers.

Setting limit for auto measure

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
3. Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
4. Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
5. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Configuration** soft key and select the configuration option:

   Current: Lets the instrument use current frequency (single carrier) and determine pass or fail based on the instrument’s limit settings in Auto Measure.

   Scenario: Runs a test with a programmed scenario in JDViewer. The Scenario menu becomes activated.
3. To load a scenario, press the **Scenario** soft key, and then select a scenario file to load.
4. Toggle the **Test Time** soft key and select the test time option:

   Now: Lets the instrument run a test only once.

   Schedule: Lets the instrument repeat tests as defined in the Set Timing. The Set Timing menu becomes activated.
5. To define a schedule for an auto measurement, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Set Timing** soft key.
   b. Press the **Start Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
   c. Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **Stop Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
   e. Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   f. Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   g. Enter the amount of time in minutes, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
6. To select the type of the measurement data to be taken for the determination of the results, press the **Data Type** soft key and then select the data type option from the following choices:

   Sample: The Auto Measure takes the last measurement data only.

   RMS: The Auto Measure takes data from all 20 measurements and averages them.

   Peak: The Auto Measure takes only the highest peak of all 20 measurements.

   Negative Peak: The Auto Measure takes only the lowest peak of all 20 measurements.
7. To set external offset, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

8 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

9 Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.

10 To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.

11 To change the view on the screen during the test, press the **Display** and then select the view option from the following choices:

Screen: You can view each measurement screen as the test progresses.

Results: You can view a measurement result table as the test progresses.

Settings: You can view a measurement setting table as the test progresses.

Setting display

After completion of the auto measurement, the screen menu changes to Trace/Display so that you can view the results in different forms.

Procedure

1 Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display option:

Result: You can view the result table. The Display Result menu becomes activated.

Settings: You can view the measurement settings for the auto measurement.

2 Toggle the **Display Result** soft key and select the display result option:

Full: You can view detailed measurement readings with the pass/fail indication.

Quick: You can view only the Pass/Fail results.

3 To view the measurement results for a different carrier, press the **View Carrier** soft key and then select the carrier number to view.

Conducting GSM OTA measurements

This Over-The-Air (OTA) measurement has channel scanner, frequency scanner, multipath profile, and modulation analyzer screens. The GSM OTA has a function to display channel power and related information up to 128 GSM down link signals. This channel scanner can quickly identifies improper power levels that affect network performance. The transmitter performance can be made on a base station from the convenience of your vehicle without taking the base station out of service. It helps you to determine testing area's RF environmental condition with the multipath profile.

Channel scanner

Setting channel

Procedure

1 Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.

2 To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.

b Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.

c Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.

3 To set the starting channel to be scanned, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
4 To set the amount of channel increment in scanning channels, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b Enter a value by suing the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
5 To set the number of channels to be displayed, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **# of Channels** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting zoom position

You can set the starting channel for the Zoom In Window.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2 Press the **Zoom Position** soft key.
3 Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit for OTA channel scanner

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the limit line and Pass/Fail indication.
3 Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4 Toggle the **Limit Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the limit line.
5 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 78 Channel scanner measurement with GSM OTA signal analyzer

Frequency scanner

Setting frequency

Procedure

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. To set the starting frequency to be scanned, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
3. To set the amount of frequency increment in scanning frequencies, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by suing the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
4. To set the number of frequencies to be displayed, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **# of Frequencies** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting zoom position

You can set the starting channel for the Zoom Window.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Zoom Position** soft key.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit for OTA frequency scanner

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the limit line and Pass/Fail indication.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Limit Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the limit line.
5. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 79 Frequency scanner measurement with GSM OTA signal analyzer

Multipath profile

The Multipath Profile let you determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. The multipath profile is the result of portions of the original broadcast signal arriving at the receiving antenna out of phase. This can be caused by the signal being reflected off objects such as buildings, or being refracted through the atmosphere differently from the main signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **Auto**, **GSM**, or **EDGE**. Auto is set by default. The instrument applies a mask automatically based on the selected mode.
3. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.

b Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **µs** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 80 Multipath profile measurement with GSM OTA signal analyzer

Modulation analyzer

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 143, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **Auto**, **GSM**, or **EDGE**. Auto is set by default. The instrument applies a mask automatically based on the selected mode.

3 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.

b Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **µs** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Setting limit for modulation analyzer

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s):

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frame average power	Frame Average Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Burst power	Burst Power	High Limit, Low Limit
ACLR	ACLR	(On/Off only)
Multi-ACLR	Multi-ACLR	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

3. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
4. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 81 Modulation analyzer measurement with GSM OTA signal analyzer

7

Chapter 7 Using WCDMA/HSPA+ Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the WCDMA/HSPA+ Signal Analyzer function (option 023) with the WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA Analyzer function (option 043). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 168
- Display overview 168
- Connecting a cable 169
- Selecting measurement mode 171
- Configuring test parameters 171
- Conducting spectrum measurements 176
- Conducting RF measurements 177
- Conducting modulation measurements 184
- Performing auto measurements 196
- Performing power statistics CCDF measurement 197
- Conducting WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA measurements 198

Introduction

This WCDMA/HSPA+ Signal Analyzer can be used to test a WCDMA transmitter including HSDPA/HSPA+ signals to check the base station's compliance with following standards documentation.

- 3GPP TS 25.104 Base Station radio transmission and reception
- 3GPP TS 25.141 Base Station (BS) conformance test
- 3GPP TS 25.211 Physical channel and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels
- 3GPP TS 25.212 Multiplexing and channel coding
- 3GPP TS 25.213 Spreading and modulation

The instrument automatically makes standard defined measurements using the measurement methods and limits as defined in the standards. Detailed measurement results allow you to analyze WCDMA and HSPA+ system performance. You may alter the measurement parameters for specialized analysis. Pass/Fail testing with standard defined or user defined upper and lower limits and the Pass/Fail indictor help you to determine base station performance easily.

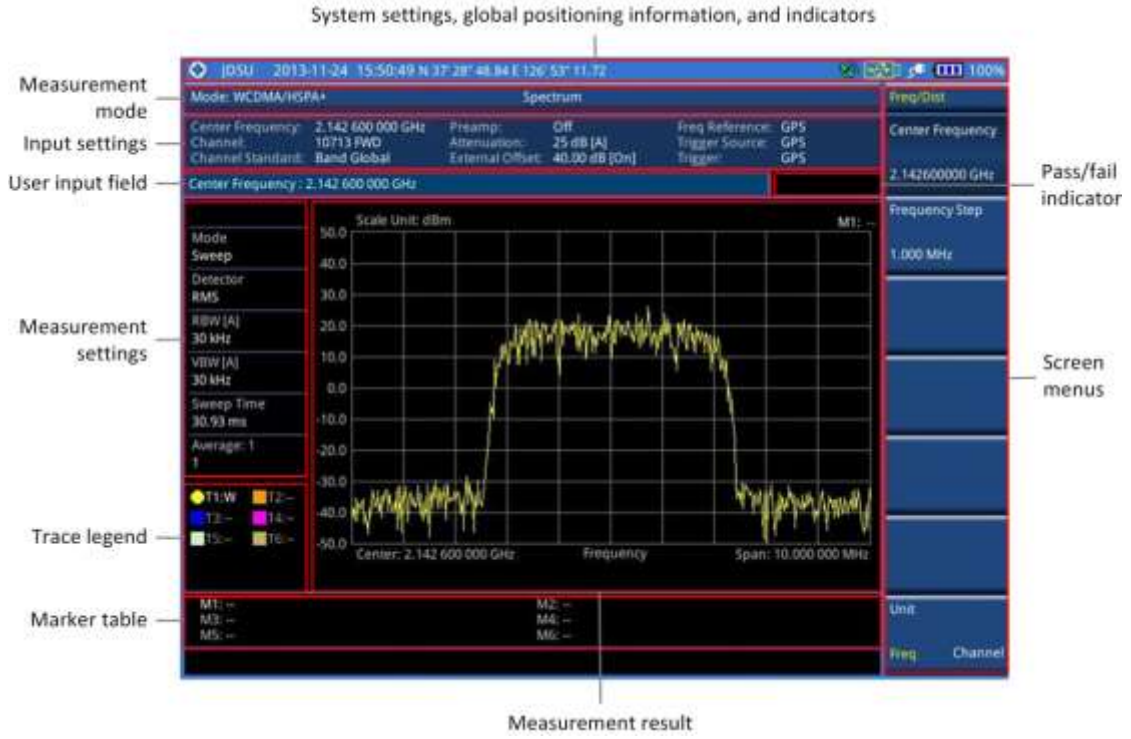
This instrument provides the following measurement tools for WCDMA/HSPA+ system:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM)
  - Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)
  - Multi-ACLR
  - Spurious Emissions
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Code Domain Power
  - Relative Code Domain Error
  - Codogram
  - Received Code Strength Indicator (RCSI)
  - CDP Table
- Auto Measure
- Power Statistics CCDF
- Over The Air (OTA)
  - Channel Scanner
  - Scramble Scanner
  - Multipath Profile
  - Code Domain Power
  - Route Map

Display overview

Figure 82 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 82 WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer measurement screen



Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 83 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

Indirect connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 84 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

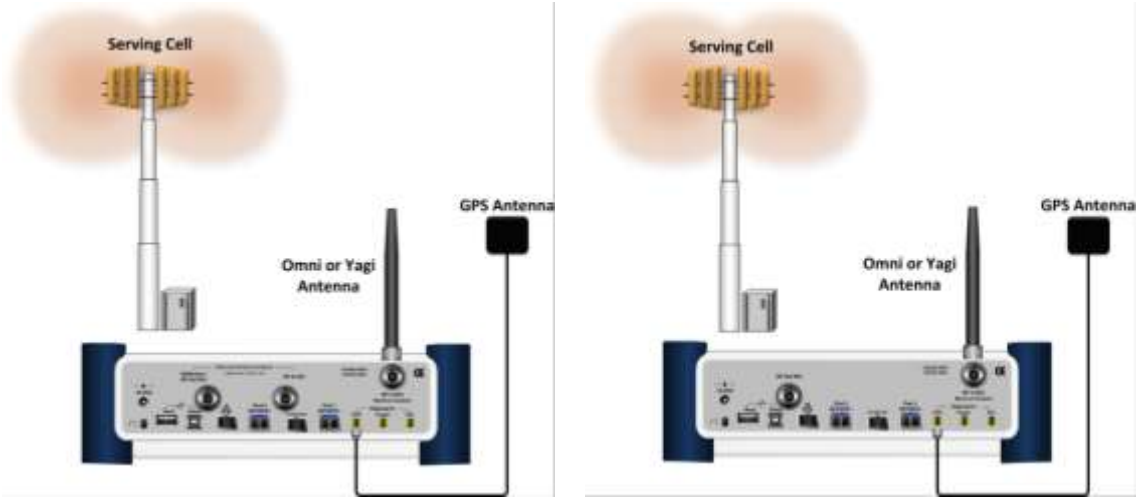
CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1. Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.
2. Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 85 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3. Press the **WCDMA** soft key. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power, **Occupied BW**, **Spectrum Emission Mask**, **ACLR**, **Multi-ACLR**, or **Spurious Emissions**

   Modulation > Constellation, **Code Domain Power**, **Relative Code Domain Error**, **Codogram**, **RCSI**, or **CDP Table**

   Auto Measure

   Power Statistics CCDF

   OTA > Channel Scanner, **Scramble Scanner**, **Multipath Profile**, **Code Domain Power**, or **Route Map**

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
4. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.

5 Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

6 Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.

8 *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Channel Step** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Multi-ACLR and Spurious Emissions modes.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Reference Level** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.

c Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Code Domain Power**, **Codogram**, and **RCSI**, you may need to select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** before setting the reference level.

3 To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

a Select **Attenuation > Manual**.

b Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.

c Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.

d Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**.
As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1 Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2 Press the **Average** soft key.
3 Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1 Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2 Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3 *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1 Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements.

Procedure

1 Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.
2 Select the trigger source option from the choices: **Internal**, **External**, and **GPS**.

Setting external clock

To enhance the reliability of modulation analysis measurements the JD700B series must be synchronized with a base station. When an external clock is not supplied, the instrument works with its built-in internal high-accuracy time base and some measurement results may exhibit inaccurate values. Therefore, it is highly recommended that you use the same reference clock as the signal source. You can use the ***TRIGGER*** hot key to set the external clock.

Table 10 Standards of external clock operation

Clock	Type	Reference	Port	Switching Standard
External Reference	Internal	Internal 10 MHz		Default
	External	External Ref Clock	Ext Ref (SMA)	Manual switching (Input signal level >-3 dBm)
	GPS	GPS Clock	GPS (SMA)	Automatic switching (GPS signal received)
Trigger	Internal	Internal Trigger		Default
	External	External Trigger	Trigger (SMA)	Manual switching
	GPS	GPS	GPS (SMA)	Manual switching

Figure 86 Connection ports for external reference clock

Procedure

1. Connect an external reference or a GPS antenna to the JD700B series.
2. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3. Press the **Freq Reference** soft key, and then select the reference option from the choices: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, and **GPS**.

NOTE
When a GPS antenna is connected and locked, GPS coordinates (longitude and latitude) are displayed on the screen and frequency reference is automatically set to GPS in the **System > Freq Reference**.

Table 11 External reference indicators

Type	Indicator	Description
Internal	INT (green)	The green **INT** icon indicates that the instrument uses the built-in internal time base.
External	EXT (green)	The green **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connected and locked and that the instrument uses the same reference clock as the signal source.
External	EXT (red)	The red **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connect but not locked.
GPS	(green)	The green GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locked.
GPS	(yellow)	The yellow GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locking is in progress.
GPS	(grey)	The grey GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is not connected, failed, or unable to be locked.

Conducting spectrum measurements

If you have configured test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 87**.

Figure 87 Spectrum measurement screen with WCDMA signal analyzer

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal’s maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal’s minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the

screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 To select the detection option, select **More (1/2) > Detectors**, and then do one of the following:

To display	Select
Random noise better than the peak without missing signals	Normal
The highest value in each data point	Peak
The root mean squared average power across the spectrum	RMS
The lowest value in each data point	Negative Peak
The center value in each data point	Sample

5 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

6 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. This procedure measures the total power within the defined channel for WCDMA. This measurement is applied to design, characterize, evaluate, and verify transmitters and their components or devices for base stations and mobile stations.

The channel power measurement identifies the channel power within a specified bandwidth (default is 5 MHz, as per the 3GPP WCDMA technical specifications) and the power spectral density (PSD) in dBm/Hz.

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 171, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 88**.

Figure 88 Channel power measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 183 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The 3GPP specifications require the occupied bandwidth (OBW) of a transmitted WCDMA signal to be less than 5 MHz, where occupied bandwidth is defined as the bandwidth containing 99% of the total channel power. In this measurement, the total power of the displayed span is measured. Then the power is measured inward from the right and left extremes until 0.5% of the power is accounted for each of the upper and lower part of the span and the calculated difference is the occupied bandwidth.

The spectrum shape of a WCDMA signal can give a useful qualitative insight into the transmitter’s operation. Any distortion to the spectrum shape might be an indication of degradation of the transmitter's performance.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 89.

Figure 89 Occupied bandwidth measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 183 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement required by 3GPP specifications encompasses different power limits and different measurement bandwidths (resolution bandwidths) at various frequency offsets. It may be expressed as a ratio of power spectral densities between the carrier and the specified offset frequency band. It provides useful figures-of-merit for the spectral re-growth and emissions produced by components and circuit blocks, without the rigor of performing a full SEM measurement.

The SEM measures spurious signal levels in up to five pairs of offset or region frequencies and relates them to the carrier power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can set the mask type according to the output power of the base station be tested. Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 90.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Mask Type** soft key.
3. Select the mask type option: **– 31 dBm**, **31 – 39 dBm**, **39 – 43 dBm**, or **49 dBm –**.

Figure 90 SEM measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 183 for more information.

ACLR

The Adjacent Channel Power Ratio (ACPR), designated by the 3GPP WCDMA specifications as the Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR), is the power contained in a specified frequency channel bandwidth relative to the total carrier power. It may also be expressed as a ratio of power spectral densities between the carrier and the specified offset frequency band.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 91.

Figure 91 ACLR measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 183 for more information.

Multi-ACLR

The Multi-ACLR measurement is used to perform multi-channel ACLR measurements with as many channels as possible. It helps you to measure ACLR in multi-channel transmitting Base Station environment.

Setting frequency for Multi-ACLR

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the frequency, do one of the following:

   To set the center frequency, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
   b. Press the **Lowest Frequency** soft key to set the starting center frequency.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   e. Press the **Highest Frequency** soft key to set the stopping center frequency.
   f. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   g. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

   To set the channel number, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
   b. To select the standard channel, press the **Channel Std** soft key and then select the band to be measured.
   c. Press the **Lowest Channel** soft key to set the starting channel.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   e. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   f. Press the **Highest Channel** soft key to set the stopping channel.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   h. Press the **Enter** soft key.

After configuring test parameters, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 92.

Figure 92 Multi-ACLR measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 183 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.
   b. Do the following as desired:
      Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.
      Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.
      Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.
   c. Press the **PREV** hard key.
   d. Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.
3. Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4 To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Average** soft key.
   b Enter a value between **1** and **100**.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.
   b Enter a value between **1** and **20**.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 93.

Figure 93 Spurious emissions measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 183 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.
3 Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit

Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
ACLR	ACLR	(On/Off only)
Multi-ACLR	Multi-ACLR	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting modulation measurements

Constellation

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

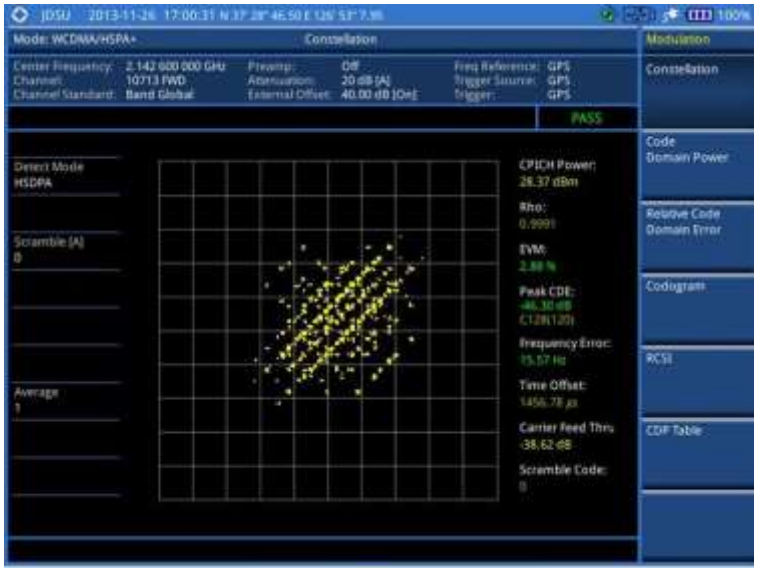
2 To set the scramble code, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **Scramble** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

3 Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **WCDMA**, **HSDPA**, or **HSPA+**. HSDPA is set by default.

4 To set the threshold, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 94 Constellation measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer



NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 195 for more information.

Code domain power

The Code Domain Power (CDP) measures the distribution of power across the set of code channels, normalized to the total power. It helps to verify that each code channel is operating at its proper level and to identify problems throughout the transmitter design from coding to the RF section. System imperfections such as amplifier non-linearity will present themselves as an undesired distribution of power in the code domain.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. *Optional*. To set the scramble code, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Scramble** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **WCDMA**, **HSDPA**, or **HSPA+**. HSDPA is set by default.
4. To set the S-CCPCH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **S-CCPCH** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **S-CCPCH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the S-CCPCH.
   c. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

f Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To set the PICH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PICH** soft key.

b Toggle the **PICH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PICH.

c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

f Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 *Optional*. To set the threshold, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 95 Code domain power measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

1) Full screen

2) Full screen with constellation

3) Zoomed screen (Width 64)

4) Zoomed screen with constellation (Width 64)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 195 for more information.

Setting display

You can view your measurement results in a different view option.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Toggle the **View** soft key and select the display option:
   Zoom: You can view the result in detail with zoom-in window.
   The Position and Width menus become activated.
   Full: You can view the full measurement result.
3. To define the zoom start position and width, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Position** soft key.
   b. Enter a value of the position by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **Width** soft key, and then select the Walsh code option: **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.
4. Toggle the **Constellation** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the constellation chart on the Code Domain Power screen.
5. Toggle the **Control Channel** soft key and select the control channel mode option:
   Normal: You can view the relative ratio of each control channel vs. total power.
   Delta: You can view the relative ratio of each control channel vs. CPICH channel.

Relative code domain power

The Relative Code Domain Error (RCDE) measurement provides relative code domain error analysis that is particularly required by HSPA+.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. *Optional*. To set the scramble code, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Scramble** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **WCDMA**, **HSDPA**, or **HSPA+**. HSDPA is set by default.

NOTE
It is recommended that you select **HSPA+** for RCDE testing.

4. To set the S-CCPCH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **S-CCPCH** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **S-CCPCH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the S-CCPCH.

c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

f Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To set the PICH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PICH** soft key.

b Toggle the **PICH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PICH.

c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

f Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 *Optional*. To set the threshold, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 96 Relative code domain error with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 195 for more information.

Setting display

You can view your measurement results in a different view option.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

2 Toggle the **View** soft key and select the display option:

Zoom: You can view the result in detail with zoom-in window.
The Position and Width menus become activated.

Full: You can view the full measurement result.

3 To define the zoom start position and width, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Position** soft key.
b Enter a value of the position by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.
d Press the **Width** soft key, and then select the Walsh code option: **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

4 Toggle the **Constellation** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the constellation chart on the Code Domain Power screen.

5 Toggle the **Control Channel** soft key and select the control channel mode option:

Normal: You can view the relative ratio of each control channel vs. total power.

Delta: You can view the relative ratio of each control channel vs. CPICH channel.

Codogram

The Codogram displays how the code level is changing over time and makes it easier for you to view traffic channels as they initiate and terminate and to track traffic channels call levels over time. The Codogram measurements can be saved into an external USB memory so that a post-analysis can be done with the application software JDViewer.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 *Optional*. To set the scramble code, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Scramble** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

3 *Optional*. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **WCDMA**, **HSDPA**, or **HSPA+**. HSDPA is set by default.

4 To set the S-CCPCH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:

a Press the **S-CCPCH** soft key.
b Toggle the **S-CCPCH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the S-CCPCH.
c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.
d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.
e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
f Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To set the PICH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PICH** soft key.
b Toggle the **PICH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PICH.
c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.
d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

f Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 *Optional*. To set the threshold, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To set the time interval, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Time Interval** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

8 To place the time cursor to analyze your measurements, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the time cursor.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

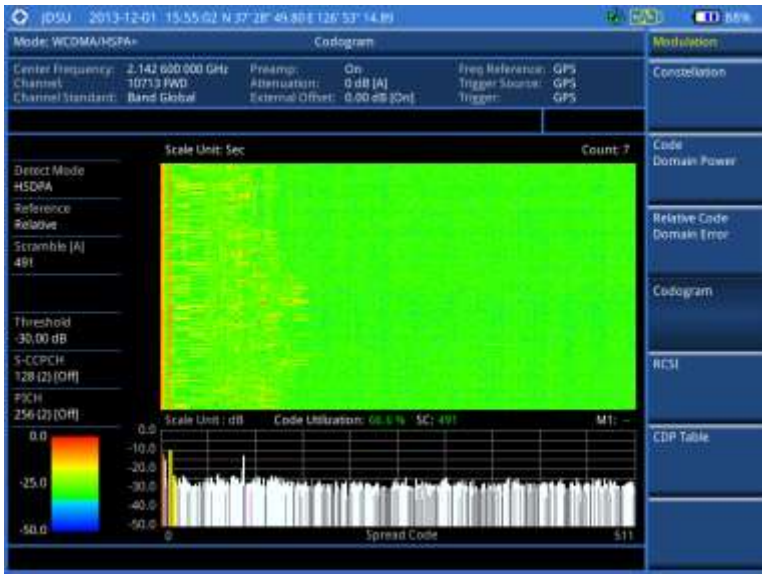
NOTE
When the time cursor is enabled, the measurement is put on hold and information about the time cursor is displayed.

9 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

10 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 97 Codogram in full view with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer



Setting display

You can view your measurement results in a different view option.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

2 Toggle the **View** soft key and select the display option:

Zoom: You can view the result in detail with zoom-in window.
The Position and Width menus become activated.

Full: You can view the full measurement result.

3 To define the zoom start position and width, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Position** soft key.
   b Enter a value of the position by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
4 Press the **Width** soft key, and then select the Walsh code option: **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

RCSI

The Received Code Strength indicator (RCSI) is used to track the code channels such as CPICH, P-CCPCH, S-CCPCH, PICH, P-SCH, and S-SCH. It is particularly useful to observe signal fluctuations of the dedicated control channels over the time. The RCSI measurements can be saved into an external USB memory so that a post-analysis can be done with the application software JDViewer.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2 *Optional*. To set the scramble code, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **Scramble** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
3 *Optional*. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **WCDMA**, **HSDPA**, or **HSPA+**. HSDPA is set by default.
4 To set the S-CCPCH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **S-CCPCH** soft key.
   b Toggle the **S-CCPCH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the S-CCPCH. Setting this on makes the S-CCPCH in the Alarm Code menu activated.
   c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.
   d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.
   e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   f Press the **Enter** soft key.
5 To set the PICH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PICH** soft key.
   b Toggle the **PICH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PICH. Setting this on makes the PICH in the Alarm Code menu activated.
   c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.
   d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.
   e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   f Press the **Enter** soft key.
6 *Optional*. To set the threshold, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
7 Press the **Alarm Code** soft key, and then select the alarm code option: **None**, **CPICH**, **P-**

CCPCH, **S-CCPCH**, **PICH**, **P-SCH**, or **S-SCH**.

NOTE
The alarm codes S-CCPCH and PICH become activated in case that you have enabled the S-CCPCH and PICH respectively.

8 To set the alarm mask, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Set Mask** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

9 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 98 RCSI measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

Setting display

You can view your measurement results in a different view option.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2 Toggle the **View** soft key and select the display option:
   Zoom: You can view the result in detail with zoom-in window.
   The Position and Width menus become activated.
   Full: You can view the full measurement result.
3 To define the zoom start position and width, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Position** soft key.
   b Enter a value of the position by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
   d Press the **Width** soft key, and then select the Walsh code option: **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

CDP Table

The CDP Table is used to look at a numeric and textual description of all the active code channels in the signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. *Optional*. To set the scramble code, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Scramble** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **WCDMA**, **HSDPA**, or **HSPA+**. HSDPA is set by default.
4. To set the S-CCPCH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **S-CCPCH** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **S-CCPCH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the S-CCPCH.
   c. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.
   d. Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   f. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. To set the PICH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PICH** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **PICH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PICH.
   c. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.
   d. Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   f. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. *Optional*. To set the threshold, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Threshold** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 99 CDP Table measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

Setting display

If the CDP table spans over to the next page(s), you can change pages up and down to view your measurement results.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Select **Page Up** or **Page Down** as needed.

Setting limit for modulation tests

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key to set the limits.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Error vector magnitude	EVM	High Limit
Peak code domain error	PCDE	High Limit
Carrier feed through	Carrier Feed Through	High Limit
Correlated power in coded channel	CPICH	High Limit [Abs|Rel] Low Limit [Abs|Rel]
Highest level among inactive channels	Max Inactive	High Limit
Relative code domain error	RCDE	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM)

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The Carrier Feed Through is a result of the RF carrier signal feeding through the I/Q modulator and riding on the output circuitry without being modulated.

Performing auto measurements

The Auto Measure function of the JD700B series allows a complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters of up to 10 different carriers, particularly useful on an overlay architecture where base stations are transmitting in different frequencies.

The Auto Measure can be easily executed either by selecting a menu in the instrument or by running a programmed scenario in the PC-based application so that the instrument automatically configure and perform tests on every aspect of all the carriers.

Setting limit for auto measure

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

3 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Toggle the **Configuration** soft key and select the configuration option:

Current: Lets the instrument use current frequency (single carrier) and determine pass or fail based on the instrument’s limit settings in Auto Measure.

Scenario: Runs a test with a programmed scenario in JDViewer. The Scenario menu becomes activated.

3 To load a scenario, press the **Scenario** soft key, and then select a scenario file to load.

4 Toggle the **Test Time** soft key and select the test time option:

Now: Lets the instrument run a test only once.

Schedule: Lets the instrument repeat tests as defined in the Set Timing.
The Set Timing menu becomes activated.

5 To define a schedule for an auto measurement, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Set Timing** soft key.
   b Press the **Start Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
   c Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d Press the **Stop Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
   e Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   f Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   g Enter the amount of time in minutes, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

6 To set external offset, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

7 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

8 Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.

9 To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.

10 To change the view on the screen during the test, press the **Display** and then select the view option from the following choices:

Screen: You can view each measurement screen as the test progresses.

Results: You can view a measurement result table as the test progresses.

Settings: You can view a measurement setting table as the test progresses.

Setting display

After completion of the auto measurement, the screen menu changes to Trace/Display so that you can view the results in different forms.

Procedure

1 Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display option:

Result: You can view the result table.
The Display Result menu becomes activated.

Settings: You can view the measurement settings for the auto measurement.

2 Toggle the **Display Result** soft key and select the display result option:

Full: You can view detailed measurement readings with the pass/fail indication.

Quick: You can view only the Pass/Fail results.

3 To view the measurement results for a different carrier, press the **View Carrier** soft key and then select the carrier number to view.

Performing power statistics CCDF measurement

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171, you can

continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **CCDF Length** soft key to set the length of the CCDF.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 100 CCDF measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ signal analyzer

Conducting WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA measurements

This Over The Air (OTA) measurement has channel scanner, scramble scanner, multipath profile, code domain power, and route map screens. Scramble scanner displays six scrambling codes and powers to inform neighbor cells existence and its power. The multipath profile graph helps you to determine testing area's RF environmental condition. The code domain power shows not only modulation performance metric but also amplifier capacity and code utilization metric. The amplifier capacity (code utilization) measurement is an estimate of the amount of power amplifier capacity (code utilization) that is being used expressed in percent of maximum.

Channel scanner

Setting channel/frequency

Procedure

To set the channels to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.

3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up**/**Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
5. To set the channel number for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. The instrument displays a corresponding center frequency for the channel number.
7. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
8. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3**-**6**.
9. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

To set the frequencies to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To set the center frequency for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3**-**5**.
7. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

Setting limit for OTA channel scanner

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the limit line and Pass/Fail indication.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Limit Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the limit line.
5. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
   See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 101 Channel scanner measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA signal analyzer

Scramble scanner

The WCDMA/HSPA+ mobile receives signals from multiple base stations that all of these signals share the same spectrum and are present at the same time. Each base station has a unique scrambling code assigned to the particular base station and it differentiates its signal from other base stations in the area.

Measurement example

Figure 102 Scramble scanner measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA signal analyzer

Multipath profile

The Multipath Profile enables you to determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. It indicates the amount of power of the dominant pilot signal that is dispersed outside the main correlation peak due to multipath echoes that are expressed in dB. This value should be very small ideally.

The multipath profile is the result of portions of the original broadcast signal arriving at the receiving antenna out of phase. This can be caused by the signal being reflected off objects such as buildings, or being refracted through the atmosphere differently from the main signal.

Measurement example

Figure 103 Multipath profile measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA signal analyzer

Code domain power

Channels with high correlation factors are determined to be active channels and are indicated as such on the display. Once the channels are decoded, the analyzer determines the power of each channel relative to the total signal power.

This measurement helps to verify that each code channel is operating at its proper level and helps to identify problems throughout the transmitter design from the coding to the RF section. System imperfections, such as the non-linearity of amplifiers, will present themselves as an undesired distribution of power in the code domain.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters, you can set the measure setup to continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the scramble code, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Scramble** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the signal standard option: **WCDMA**, **HSDPA**, or **HSPA+**. HSDPA is set by default.
4. To set the threshold, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To set the S-CCPCH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:

a Press the **S-CCPCH** soft key.

b Toggle the **S-CCPCH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the S-CCPCH.

c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

f Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 To set the PICH information of the system to be tested, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PICH** soft key.

b Toggle the **PICH** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PICH.

c Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **4**, **8**, **16**, **32**, **64**, **128**, or **256**.

d Press the **Spread Code** soft key to set the spread code.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

f Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To set the maximum amplifier power, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Max Amplifier Power** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dBm** soft key.

8 To set the CPICH power, complete the following steps:

a Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.

b Press the **CPICH** soft key.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

d Press the **dBm** soft key.

9 To set the threshold for CPICH dominance, complete the following steps:

a Press the **CPICH Dominance >** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Recommended value is 10. Color of the CPICH Dominance indicator on the screen bases on this setting.

10 To set the threshold for multipath power, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Multipath Power <** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Recommended value is one. Color of the multipath power indicator on the screen bases on this setting.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 104 Code domain power measurement with WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication.

Route map

The JD700B Series provides the Route Map function that allows you to collect data of points in an indoor or outdoor environment and track the received signals and coverage of RF transmitters by plotting data real time directly on top of a loaded floor plan or a map.

The JD700B Series also supports the RAN-IL (Interference Location) feature that enables you to overlay user experience data obtained through VIAVI ariesoGEO on your base map to help you troubleshoot problems easily and quickly using your instrument. You can generate raster data files on the ariesoGEO application and load them on your instrument.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. If required, connect a GPS receiver to your JD700B series for outdoor mapping.
   Indoor mapping does not necessarily need a GPS antenna.
2. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 171.
3. To load your map file, complete the following steps:
   a. Plug in your USB drive that has a floor map or `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

   NOTE
   The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

   b. Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**. See “Using load” on page 37 for more information.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

5 Press the **Plot Point** soft key, and then select the plot point option from the following choices:

To collect data/plot points automatically as you move around in a vehicle or outside, press the **GPS** soft key and then toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key between **Map** and **Full**.

NOTE
With the **Map** setting, you can view only the collected points that can be seen within the boundary of the loaded map. If a point is off the map, the instrument displays an arrow to indicate the direction of the current location on the map and the distance from the center to the location at the top of the screen.

With the **Full** setting, you can view all the collected points of the route without the loaded map.

To collect data/plot points manually without a GPS antenna in an indoor environment, press the **Position** soft key.

6 Press the **Plot Item** soft key, and then select the measurement option: **CPICH Power** or **Ec/Io**.

7 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Start**.

8 Touch directly on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key to collect data and plot points on the loaded map for the **Position** setting.

NOTE
For the **Position** setting, you can change the direction of the route with the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob.

9 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Stop** to stop plotting.

10 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key to save the result.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The instrument does not automatically save the collected data. It is recommended that you save the result. Otherwise, you will lose all the collected data.

Setting limit

You can set the thresholds for the four different color indicators for CPICH power or Ec/Io.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Select the plot items and set the limits as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
CPICH Power	CPICH Power	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
CPICH Ec/Io	Ec/Io	Good, Fair, Poor (dB)

3 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 105 Route map measurement (CPICH Power) with WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA signal analyzer

Figure 106 Route map measurement (CPICH Ec/Io) with WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA signal analyzer

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.

b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.

c. Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.

d. Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.

b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.

c. Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.

4 To set the location mode, toggle the **Location Mode** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual** and select the one you desire.

Auto: The instrument compares the coordinates of the displayed map with recevied GPS information. If your current location goes out of the displayed area and enters into the next zoomed-in section within the base map, the map display changes automatically to the next section in which your current position is.

Manual: The map display of the zoomed-in area remains unchanged even if your current location goes out of the displayed area. You can change the displayed area manually by using the arrow keys.

Loading and displaying raster data

If you have a set of raster data files generated through the ariesoGEO application, you can load and overlay the data on your base map to help you check the signal quality and the strength of interferences while driving toward the area of interest.

Procedure

1 Copy a set of raster data files into your USB memory drive, including the following:

ASCII: `.tab`, `.asc,` and `.clr` files

BIL: `.tab`,`.hdr`, `.bil`, and `.clr` files

NOTE
The `.tab` file type is a geospatial vector data format used in many geographic information systems. The color file (`.clr`) is an optional file, but the image will be displayed as a grayscale image without it. The size of the raster map must be **1024 x 1024** or smaller.

2 Plug in the USB memory drive to your instrument.

3 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

4 Press the **Load Raster Map** soft key.
The file explorer window appears.

5 Navigate to the raster file (`.tab`) you want to open, and then press the **Load** soft key.
The raster image appears on top of your base map as shown in Figure 107.

NOTE
If the area of the loaded raster data is not within the boundary of the base map, you will not see the raster image on the screen.

6 To select the display option, complete the following steps:

a. Press the **Display Options** soft key.

b. Select the option you desire from the choices: **On**, **Off**, and **Blink**.

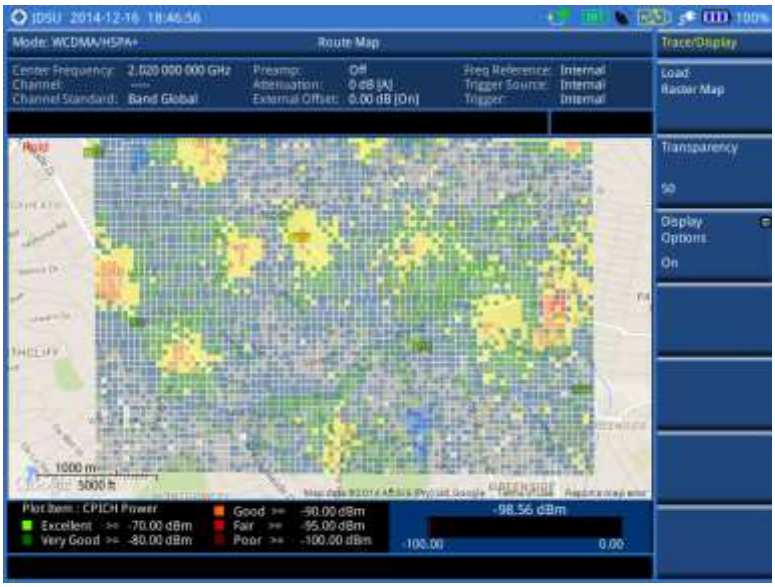
7 To adjust the transparency level of the image, complete the following steps:

a. Press the **Transparency** soft key.

b. Enter a value between **0** for opaque and **100** for clear.

c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Figure 107 Raster image overlaid on the base map in WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA signal analyzer



8

Chapter 8 Using LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer (option 028) and LTE-Advanced FDD Analyzer (option 030) with the LTE-FDD OTA Analyzer (option 048), LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator (option 032), and the LTE-FDD RAN Performance Indicator (option 014). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 209
- Display overview 210
- Connecting a cable 210
- Selecting measurement mode 212
- Configuring test parameters 212
- Conducting spectrum measurements 217
- Conducting RF measurements 218
- Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurements 225
- Conducting modulation measurements 226
- Performing auto measurements 245
- Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 252
- Performing carrier aggregation measurements 253
- Conducting LTE-FDD OTA measurements 258
- Performing RAN performance testing 273

Introduction

The LTE (Long-Term Evolution) Signal Analyzer of the JD700B series performs power and spectrum measurements as well as modulation analysis to test the proper transmitter performance of FDD LTE systems. It performs conformance testing according to the following standards providing a simple Pass/Fail indication on each test.

- 3GPP TS 36.104. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) Radio Transmission and Reception
- 3GPP TS 36.141. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) Conformance Testing
- 3GPP TS 36.211. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Channels and Modulation
- 3GPP TS 36.212. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Multiplexing and Channel Coding
- 3GPP TS 36.213 V8.2.0. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Layer Procedures

This instrument provides the following measurement tools for FDD LTE system:

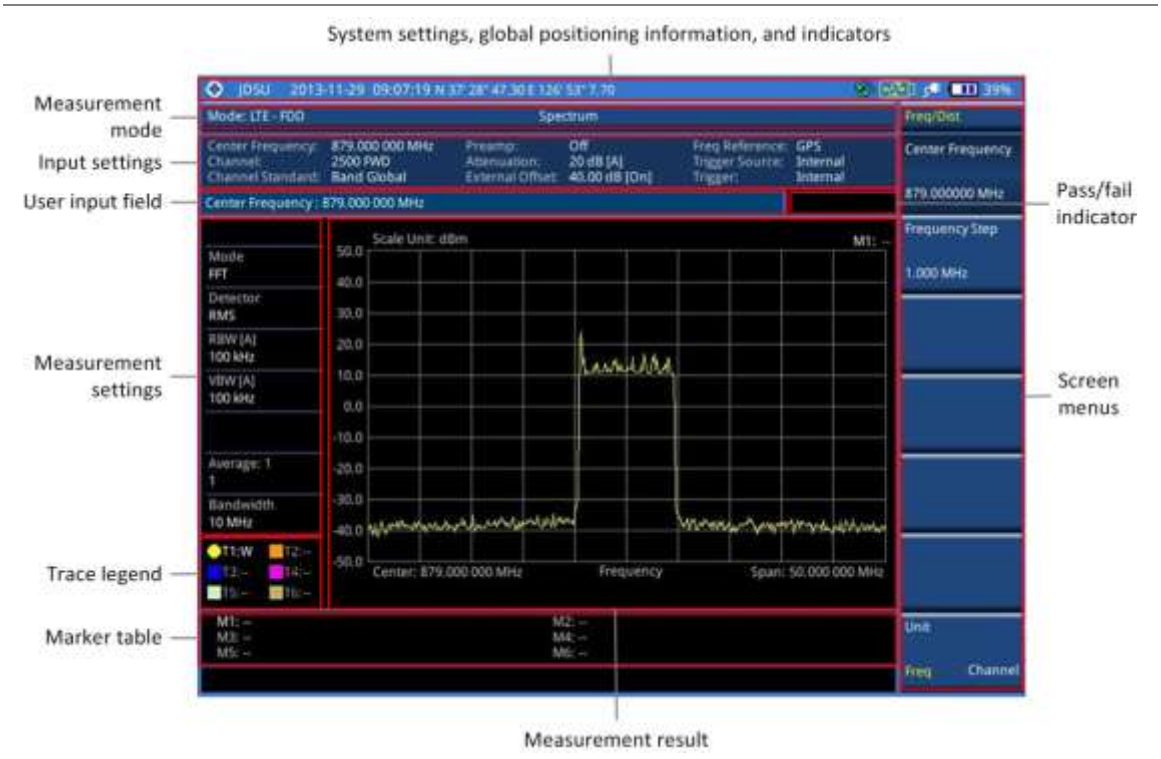
- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask
  - Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)
  - Multi-ACLR
  - Spurious Emissions
- Power vs. Time (Frame)
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Data Channel
  - Control Channel
  - Subframe
  - Frame
  - Time Alignment Error
  - Data Allocation Map
- Auto Measure:
  - Conformance Test
  - Maintenance Test
  - Signal Performance Test
  - DAS Test

- Power Statistics CCDF
- Carrier Aggregation
- Over The Air (OTA)
  - Channel Scanner
  - ID Scanner
  - Multipath Profile
  - Control Channel
  - Datagram
  - Route Map
- RAN Performance Indicator

Display overview

Figure 108 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 108 LTE-FDD signal analyzer measurement screen



Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1. Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 109 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

Indirect connection

Procedure

1. Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 110 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

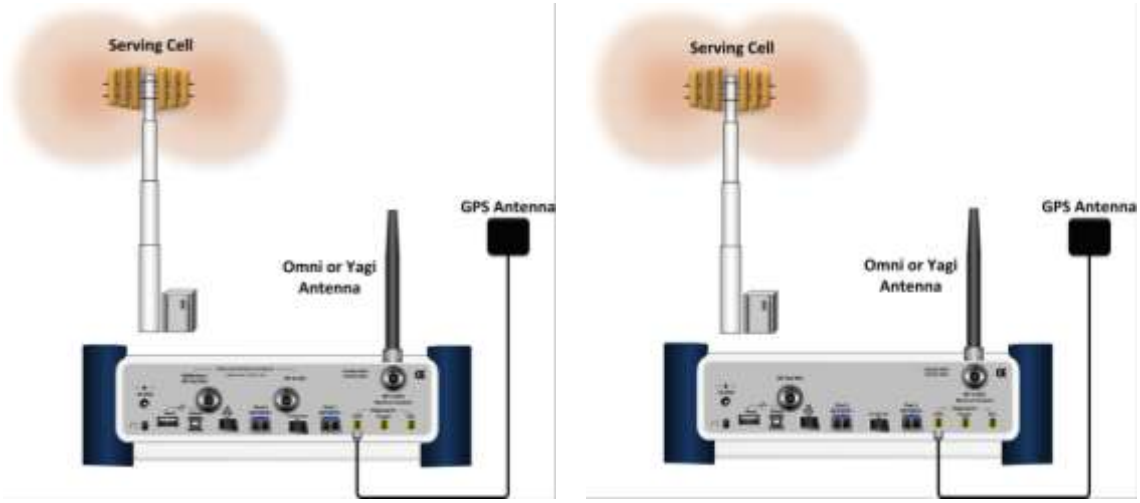
CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1. Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.
2. Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 111 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3. Press the **LTE - FDD** soft key. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power, **Occupied BW**, **Spectrum Emission Mask**, **ACLR**, **Multi-ACLR**, or **Spurious Emissions**

   Power vs Time (Frame)

   Modulation Analysis > Constellation, **Data Channel**, **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, **Frame**, **Time Alignement Error**, or **Data Allocation Map**

   Auto Measure > Conformance Test, **Maintenance Test**, **Signal Perfomance**, or **DAS Test**

   Power Statistics CCDF

   More (1/2) > Carrier Aggregation

   More (1/2) > OTA > Channel Scanner, **ID Scanner**, **Multipath Profile**, **Control Channel**, **Datagram**, or **Route Map**

   More (1/2) > RAN Performance Indicator

NOTE
The **Carrier Aggregation** soft key is activated if the license for the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed and so does the **RAN Performance Indicator** for the option 014 LTE-FDD RAN Performance Indicator.

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.

NOTE
Selecting **Channel** sets the standard channel to **Band Global** automatically so that you can set the **Channel Number** without choosing a standard channel band from the list.

3. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Multi-ACLR and Spurious Emissions modes.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be

optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, and **Frame**, you can select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** instead.

3. To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

   To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

   To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

   a. Select **Attenuation > Manual**.
   b. Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.
   c. Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
   d. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

   To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**. As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.

3 *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1 Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements.

Procedure

1 Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.

2 Select the trigger source option from the choices: **Internal**, **External**, and **GPS**.

Setting external clock

To enhance the reliability of modulation analysis measurements the JD700B series must be synchronized with a base station. When an external clock is not supplied, the instrument works with its built-in internal high-accuracy time base and some measurement results may exhibit inaccurate values. Therefore, it is highly recommended that you use the same reference clock as the signal source. You can use the ***TRIGGER*** hot key to set the external clock.

Figure 112 Connection ports for external reference clock

Procedure

1 Connect an external reference or a GPS antenna to the JD700B series.

2 Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.

3 Press the **Freq Reference** soft key, and then select the reference option from the choices: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, and **GPS**.

Table 12 External reference indicators

Type	Indicator	Description
Internal	INT (green)	The green **INT** icon indicates that the instrument uses the built-in internal time base.
External	EXT (green)	The green **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connected and locked and that the instrument uses the same reference clock as the signal source.
External	EXT (red)	The red **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connect but not locked.

GPS	(green)	The green GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locked.
GPS	(yellow)	The yellow GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locking is in progress.
GPS	(grey)	The grey GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is not connected, failed, or unable to be locked.

Conducting spectrum measurements

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
3. Select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 113.

Figure 113 Spectrum measurement screen with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.

3 Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

5 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power and power spectral density (PSD) of the signal in the LTE channel bandwidth.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

3 Select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

Measurement example

Figure 114 Channel power measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 225 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
3. Select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

Measurement example

Figure 115 Occupied bandwidth measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 225 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement required by 3GPP specifications encompasses different power limits and different measurement bandwidths (resolution bandwidths) at various frequency offsets. It may be expressed as a ratio of power spectral densities between the carrier and the specified offset frequency band. It provides useful figures-of-merit for the spectral re-growth and emissions produced by components and circuit blocks, without the rigor of performing a full SEM measurement.

The SEM measures spurious signal levels in up to five pairs of offset or region frequencies and relates them to the carrier power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the mask type, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Mask Type** soft key.
   b. Select the mask type option, from the following choices:
      Wide Area BS Category A

Wide Area BS Category B

Local Area BS

Home BS

Measurement example

Figure 116 SEM measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 225 for more information.

ACLR

The Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) measures the amount of interference or power in an adjacent frequency channel according to the standards.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
3. Select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the following choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

Measurement example

Figure 117 ACLR measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 225 for more information.

Multi-ACLR

The Multi-ACLR measurement is used to perform multi-channel ACLR measurements with as many channels as possible. It helps you to measure ACLR in multi-channel transmitting Base Station environment.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To set the frequency, do one of the following:

   To set the center frequency, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
   b. Press the **Lowest Frequency** soft key to set the starting center frequency.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   e. Press the **Highest Frequency** soft key to set the stopping center frequency.
   f. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   g. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

   To set the channel number, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.

NOTE
Selecting **Channel** sets the standard channel to **Band Global** automatically so that you can set the **Channel Number** without choosing a standard channel band from the list.

b Press the **Lowest Channel** soft key to set the starting channel.
c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
d Press the **Enter** soft key.
e Press the **Highest Channel** soft key to set the stopping channel.
f Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
g Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 118 Multi-ACLR measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 225 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2 To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:

a Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.

b Do the following as desired:

Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.

Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.

Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.

Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.

Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.

Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.

Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.

c Press the **PREV** hard key.

d Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.

3 Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4 To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Average** soft key.

b Enter a value between **1** and **100**, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.

b Enter a value between **1** and **20**, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 119 Spurious emissions measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 225 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
ACLR	ACLR	(On/Off only)
Multi-ACLR	Multi-ACLR	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurements

The Power vs. Time (Frame) measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the power of each time slot in an LTE signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Measurement example

Figure 120 Power vs. time (frame) measurement with LTE – FDD signal analyzer

Conducting modulation measurements

Constellation

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

3 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.

6 *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

7 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key, and then select the modulation type option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**. If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

NOTE
If you have installed a license for the option **032 LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator** on your CellAdvisor, you will have additional PDSCH modulation types of **256 QAM**, **E-TM3.1a**, and **E-TM2a**.

To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.

Measurement example

Figure 121 Constellation measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Figure 122 Constellation measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 244 for more information.

Data channel

The Data Channel measures the constellation for the specified resource block as well as the modulation accuracy of each PDSCH at the specified subframe.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, or **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
5. *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.
6. *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.
7. Toggle the **Event Hold** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the event hold feature. When enabled, the display line for the PDSCH threshold appears.
   When an event occurs, the measurement is put on hold until you press the **HOLD** hot key.
8. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

   To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

   Press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key, and then select the modulation type option:

Auto, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**. If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

NOTE
If you have installed a license for the option **032 LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator** on your CellAdvisor, you will have additional PDSCH modulation types of **256 QAM**, **E-TM3.1a**, and **E-TM2a**.

To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to change the display mode to NB-IoT.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Toggle the **NB-IoT** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the result of the selected resource block. If this setting is on, the **MARKER** hard key is activated.
3. To adjust the NB-IoT PBR Index, press the **NB-IoT PBR Index** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob clockwise or counter clockwise.

Measurement example

Figure 123 Data channel measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Figure 124 Data channel measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 244 for more information.

Figure 125 Data channel measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (NB-IoT On)

NOTE
You can see the resource block displayed in red, and if the value of Marker and NB-IoT PRB Index are same, only RB Power is displayed.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a resource block and display the IQ diagram for the selected resource block.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **RB Number** soft key to select the resource block to be marked.
3. Enter the resource block number by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The marker appears on the selected resource block.
5. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the result of the selected resource block.

Control channel

The Control Channel measures the constellation for the specified control channel as well as modulation accuracy of the control channel at the specified subframe.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, or **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
5. *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.
   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.
6. *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.
7. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:
   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.
   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 or 4x1 combiner or an antenna.
8. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**.

This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, the measurement item “MBSFN RS” appears in the result table.

To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key and select **REG** to calculate EVM based on Resource Element Group or **Avg** to calculate EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

Measurement example

Figure 126 Control channel measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Figure 127 Control channel measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 244 for more information.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a control channel and display the IQ diagram for the selected channel.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **Channel** soft key to select the channel to be displayed in the IQ diagram.
   The channel P-SS is selected by default.
3. Turn the rotary knob to move the highlight from one to another in the channel summary table.
4. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the result of the selected channel.

Subframe

The Subframe measures the modulation accuracy of all the data and control channels at the specified subframe (1 ms).

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**,

and **20 MHz**.

3 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.
Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.

6 *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

7 Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.
Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 or 4x1 combiner or an antenna.

8 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, the measurement item "MBSFN RS" appears in the result table and either PMCH or PDSCH appears as well depending on the detected channel.

To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key, and then select the modulation type option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**. If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

NOTE
If you have installed a license for the option **032 LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator** on your CellAdvisor, you will have additional PDSCH modulation types of **256 QAM**, **E-TM3.1a**, and **E-TM2a**.

To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key and select **REG** to calculate EVM based on Resource Element Group or **Avg** to calculate EVM after adding all PDCCH signals from one subframe.

Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.

Measurement example

Figure 128 Subframe measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Figure 129 Subframe measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (Chart On)

Figure 130 Subframe measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 244 for more information.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to view the RE and RS power at the symbol.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Chart** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the chart.
   If this setting is on, the **MARKER** hard key is activated.

Using marker

If you turn the Chart view on, you can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific symbol.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the marker on the chart.
3. Press the **Symbol** soft key to select the symbol number, to which the marker is placed.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
5. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Frame

The Frame measures the modulation accuracy of all the data and control channels at the frame (10 ms).

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
4. *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.
5. *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.
6. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 or 4x1 combiner or an antenna.
7. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. If this setting is on, the measurement items MBSFN RS, PMCH QPSK, PMCH 16 QAM, and PMCH 64 QAM appear in the result table.

   To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

   Press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key, and then select the modulation type option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**. If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

NOTE
If you have installed a license for the option **032 LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator** on your CellAdvisor, you will have additional PDSCH modulation types of **256 QAM**, **E-TM3.1a**, and **E-TM2a**.

To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key and select **REG** to calculate EVM based on Resource Element Group or **Avg** to calculate EVM after adding up all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.

Measurement example

Figure 131 Frame measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Figure 132 Frame measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 244 for more information.

Time alignment error

In eNode-B supporting Tx Diversity transmission, signals are transmitted from two or more antennas. These signals shall be aligned. The time alignment error in Tx diversity is specified as the delay between the signals from two antennas at the antenna ports.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
4. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not

installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Measurement example

Figure 133 Time alignment error measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 244 for more information.

Data allocation map

The Data Allocation Map function represents data allocation as a frame.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

4. To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **dB** soft key.
5. *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

   To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to change the display mode to Display Channel and NB-IoT.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Display Channel** soft key.
3. Select the display mode from the choice: **PDSCH**, **PMCH**, and **Both**.
4. Toggle the **NB-IoT** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the result of the selected resource block. If this setting is on, the **MARKER** hard key is activated.
5. To adjust the NB-IoT PBR Index, press the **NB-IoT PBR Index** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob clockwise or counter clockwise.

Measurement example

Figure 134 Data allocation map measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Figure 135 Data allocation map measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

Figure 136 Data allocation map measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (NB-IoT On)

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific resource block and subframe.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the marker on the chart.
3. To select the resource block number, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **RB Number** soft key.
   b. Enter the resource block number to select by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob to move the marker side by side.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To select the subframe block number, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter the subframe number to select by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob to move the marker up and down.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit for modulation tests

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key to set the limits.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
PDSCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is off	EVM > PDSCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM) *High Limit (256 QAM)**

PMCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is on and a PMCH is detected	EVM > PMCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM) *High Limit (256 QAM)**
RMS for data error vector magnitude	EVM > Data EVM RMS	High Limit
Peak for data error vector magnitude	EVM> Data EVM Peak	High Limit
RS error vector magnitude	EVM > RS EVM	High Limit
P-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > P-SS EVM	High Limit
S-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > S-SS EVM	High Limit
Downlink RS power	Power > DL RS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
P-SS power	Power > P-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
S-SS power	Power > S-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
PBCH power	Power > PBCH Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Subframe power	Power > Subframe Power	High Limit, Low Limit
OFDM symbol power	Power > OFDM Symbol Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Frame average power	Power > Frame Avg Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Time alignment error for MIMO	Time Alignment Error > MIMO	High Limit
Time alignment error for aggregation of component carriers (intra-band contiguous, intra-band non-contiguous, and inter-band)	Time Alignment Error > Carrier Aggregation	Intra Cont Intra Non-cont Inter Band
Time error	Time Error	High Limit, Low Limit
I-Q origin offset	IQ Origin Offset	High Limit

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Performing auto measurements

Conformance test

The Conformance Test is to test if eNode-B meets some specified standards that have been developed for verification. Its test procedure and test setups have been developed by 3GPP. Test results can be saved as a `.csv` file type.

Setting limit for conformance test

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement. Turning the test limit on for a test item makes the test item included in the conformance test.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. To set the limit for BTS output power, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **BTS Output Power** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the limit.
   c. Press the **High Limit** soft key.
   d. Enter a value for the upper limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
   e. Press the **Low Limit** soft key.
   f. Enter a value for the lower limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
3. To set the limit for total power dynamic, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Total Power Dynamic** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the limit.
   c. Press the **Low Limit** soft key.
   d. Enter a value for the lower limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. To verify signal quality, press the **Signal Quality** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error > Test Limits[E-TM2|*E-TM2a*|E-TM3.1|*E-TM3.1a*|E-TM3.2|E-TM3.3]	High Limit, Low Limit
Error vector magnitude	EVM > Test Limits [E-TM2|*E-TM2a*|E-TM3.1|*E-TM3.1a*|E-TM3.2|E-TM3.3]	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM) *High Limit (256 QAM)**
Time alignment error	Time Alignment Error	High Limit
RS power	RS Power	High Limit, Low Limit

5. To verify unwanted emissions, press the **Unwanted Emissions** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Adjacent channel power ratio	ACLR	
Spectrum emission mask	SEM	Mask Type
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	Range Table

6. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After setting frequency as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
3. Select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**,

5 MHz, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

4 Press the **Sector** soft key, and then select the sector option: **Alpha**, **Beta**, or **Gamma**.

5 To set external offset, complete the following steps:

   a Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.

   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

   c Press the **dB** soft key.

6 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

7 Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.

8 When prompted on the screen, connect the cable from the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the instrument to either **Antenna Port 0** or **Antenna Port 1** of the eNode-B, and then change the TM mode on the eNode-B side.

9 Press the **Continue** soft key to continue testing.

10 Repeat the steps 8-9 until completion of the test.
A conformance test report appears at the end of the test.

11 *Optional*. To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.

Maintenance test

The Auto Measure function of the JD700B series allows a complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters of up to 20 different carriers, particularly useful on an overlay architecture where base stations are transmitting in different frequencies.

Following settings are required only when you run the Auto Measure Maintenance Test on the instrument using “Current” configuration setting. Additional settings are not required when you run Auto Measure using a scenario generated in the PC application software, JDViewer.

Setting limit for maintenance test

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
3. Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
You can use the **Allowed % Change** soft key for each test item to compare two measurement values displayed in the result table. This requires setting the **Display** mode to **Compare** in advance.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Configuration** soft key and select the configuration option:
   Current: Lets the instrument use current frequency (single carrier) and determine pass or fail based on the instrument’s limit settings in Auto Measure.
   Scenario: Runs a test with a programmed scenario in JDViewer.
   The Scenario menu becomes activated.
3. To load a scenario, press the **Scenario** soft key, and then select a scenario file to load.
4. Toggle the **Test Time** soft key and select the test time option:
   Now: Lets the instrument run a test only once.
   Schedule: Lets the instrument repeat tests as defined in the Set Timing.
   The Set Timing menu becomes activated.
5. To define a schedule for an auto measurement, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Set Timing** soft key.
   b. Press the **Start Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
   c. Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

d Press the **Stop Time (HH:MM)** soft key.

e Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

f Press the **Time Interval** soft key.

g Enter the amount of time in minutes, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Press the **Settings** soft key, and then set the following as needed:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

b Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

c Press the **MIMO** soft key, and then select the antenna number option: **2x2** or **4x4**.
This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

d Press the **Antenna Port** soft key, and then select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, or **3**.
If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

e Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.

f Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

g To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the Subframe No with the same PMCH subframe number.

h To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

7 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

8 Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.

9 To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.

10 To change the view on the screen during the test, press the **Display** and then select the view option from the following choices:

Screen: You can view each measurement screen as the test progresses.

Results: You can view a measurement result table as the test progresses.

Settings: You can view a measurement setting table as the test progresses.

Setting display

After completion of the auto measurement, the screen menu changes to Trace/Display so that you can view the results in different forms.

Procedure

1 Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display option:

Result: You can view the result table.
The Display Result menu becomes activated.

Settings: You can view the measurement settings for the auto measurement.

2 Toggle the **Display Result** soft key and select the display result option:

Full: You can view detailed measurement readings with the pass/fail indication.

Quick: You can view only the Pass/Fail results.

Compare: You can compare two measurement values for each test time with the Allowed % Change setting on. You can view results vs. factory-defined or user-defined

references.

3 To view the measurement results for a different carrier, press the **View Carrier** soft key and then select the carrier number to view.

4 Press the **Replace Reference** soft key to replace existing reference values for comparison with new measurement data.

5 Press the **Load From** soft key to select the location from which references file to be loaded.

Signal performance test

Unlike the other auto measurement tests, the Signal Performance Test runs measurements continuously.

Setting limit for signal performance test

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **RF Test Limits > Channel Power** soft key, and then set the limits for the channel power. Other RF test items are not used in the signal performance test.

3 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

3 Press the **MIMO** soft key, and then select the antenna number option: **2x2** or **4x4**.
This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

4 Press the **Antenna Port** soft key, and then select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, or **3**.
If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

5 Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

6 Toggle the **RF Profile** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on or off the RF profiling such as channel power and subframe frequency error.

7 Toggle the **Modulation Profile** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on or off the modulation profiling such as P-SS, S-SS, Data - QPSK, Data – 16 QAM, and Data – 64 QAM.

8 Toggle the **MIMO Profile** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on or off the MIMO profiling such

as TX1 - RS0, TX2 - RS1, and time alignment error.

9 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On** to set the external offset value.

10 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

DAS test

The Distributed Antenna System (DAS) testing enables you to check the degradation of performance in the signal transmission from a radio band to antennas distributed from it. You can save measurement values at both the radio band and antennas and then compare results with percentage of changes. You can also save test results in the `.csv` file format for ease of analysis.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Settings** soft key and then set the following;

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

b Press the **MIMO** soft key, and then select the antenna number option: **2x2** or **4x4**.
This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

c Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

d Press the **Antenna Port** soft key, and then select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, or **3**.
If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

e Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On** to set the external offset value.

f To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.

g To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

3 To save your settings, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save > Save Setup** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

4 Press the **Continue** soft key to do the reference test first or press the **Skip Reference Test** soft key if you already saved test results from the radio band under test.

5 Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key and then set the frequency to be measured. See “Setting frequency” on page 282 for more information.

6 Press the **PREV** hard key.

7 Press the **Limit** soft key and then set the limits and allowed percentage change for each test item. See “Maintenance test” on page 317 for more information on setting limits.

8 Keep pressing the **PREV** hard key until you see the Run Test soft key.

9 Press the **Run Test** soft key.
The instrument runs specified tests to gather reference measurement values. The measurement table appears when the reference test is done.

10 Press the **Continue** soft key to run the testing on an antenna (Ant 1).

11 *Optional*. To change the settings such as **External Offset**, press the **Settings** and then change the settings as needed.

12 Press the **Continue** soft key.

The instrument runs the testing on Ant 1. The Ant 1 tab appears with the updated result table when the test is done.

13 To run the testing on the next antenna (Ant 2), press the **Run Test** soft key and then repeat the steps **11-12**. You can do the testing on up to 10 distributed antennas for one radio band.

14 To view test results for each antenna, press the **Select Antenna** soft key and then select the antenna tab number to display on the screen.

15 *Optional*. Press the **Delete** Test soft key to delete the selected antenna tab.

16 *Optional*. Press the **Retest Reference** soft key to obtain reference measurement values again.

17 *Optional*. To save your measurement results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement Example

Figure 137 DAS measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Performing power statistics CCDF measurements

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **CCDF Length** soft key to set the length of the CCDF.

3 Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

4 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 138 CCDF measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Performing carrier aggregation measurements

Carrier aggregation enables a maximum of five multiple LTE carriers to be used together in order to provide high data rate required for LTE-Advanced. Component carriers to be aggregated can be intra-band contiguous, intra-band non-contiguous, or inter-band. The JD700B series provides carrier aggregation measurements supporting for all the different modes with carrier aggregation bands added to the channel standard. This functionality is activated if the license for the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To configure parameters for up to 5 component carriers, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **CA Configuration** soft key.
   The component carrier configuration window appears.
   b. Press the **CA Range** soft key.
   c. Enter the number of the component carrier to be set between one and five.
   d. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Toggle the **CC State** soft key and select **On** to set parameters and view the results for the selected component carrier on the screen or **Off** to turn it off.
   f. Toggle **LAA** (License Assisted Access) soft key and select one among the three options: **2.4 GHz**, **5 GHz**, or **Off**.

NOTE
You need to select an available Wi-Fi band (2.4 GHz or 5 GHz) first and then input the right channel number to get the right frequency conversion. If you use LTE band (Off), input the ritght channel number as needed. The CellAdvisor 745/748B do not support 5

GHz.

g Set the following parameters as needed:

Center Frequency, **Channel Number**, **Bandwidth**, **Physical Cell ID**, **CFI**, **PHICH Ng**, **Antenna Port**, **MBMS On/Off**, **Cyclic Prefix**, and **PDSCH Modulation Type**

NOTE
You can set **PSS/SSS EVM** Threshold value by entering **Misc** menu only if **MA** is selected in **TRACE/DISPLAY**.

h To set more component carriers, repeat the steps **c-g**.

3 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key again

4 Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 or 4x1 combiner or an antenna.

5 To select the subframe number to be measured, do one of the following:

If the **EVM Detection Mode** is set to **Single**, press the **Subframe No** soft key and then set the subframe number.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

If the **EVM Detection Mode** is set to **Combine**, toggle the **Subframe No** soft key, and then select **0** or **5**.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

7 Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.

8 To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**.
This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

Measurement example

Figure 139 LAA (Licensed Assited Acess) measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

- LAA is a radio access technology which provides LTE service on the 2.4 or 5 GHz band.
- LTE-LAA consists of an anchor or a primary carrier on the licensed band and the secondary carrier on the Wi-Fi band. The CC1 in the measurement screen shows the anchor carrier, and CC2 and CC3 show LAA carriers on Wi-Fi band.
- LTE channel bandwidth on 5 GHz and on 2.4 GHz unlicensed spectrum is 20 MHz, and 10 MHz or 20 MHz respectively.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to select modulation analysis or spectrum analysis.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select **MA** for modulation analysis, **SA** for spectrum analysis or **Dual Sp** for dual spectrogram analysis.
   The screen changes according to the selected option.
3. If **SA** is selected, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **CC#** soft key, and then select between **CC1** and **CC2**.
   b. Press the **Select Trace** soft key and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**.
   The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
   c. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M

Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

d Toggle the **Wi-Fi Info** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.

Setting measure setup for dual spectrogram

The Dual Spectrogram mode is useful to compare two spectrograms displayed simultaneously on the screen.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key
2. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
3. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key and select **Left** or **Right** spectrogram to be set up. You can also tap on the left or right chart on the screen.
4. Press the **CC#** soft key and press the number from 1 to 5 using the numeric keys.
5. To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key and select **On**.
6. Press the **Position** soft key.
7. Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

8. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.
9. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 140 Carrier aggregation measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (MA)

- The MA (Modulation Analysis) result is updated only when the LAA is activated and paused when the Wi-Fi is activated.
- The availability of LTE-LAA is determined by the reference of PSS and SSS EVM. The default threshold is 50%, and it is a user-definable parameter.

Figure 141 Carrier aggregation measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (SA with Wi-Fi on)

- The SA (Spectrum Analysis) result shows the spectrum trace without triggering.
- The example measurement screen shows Wi-Fi SSID on top of the current spectrum trace showing the Wi-Fi band, which is one of the fuctions that CellAdvisor 700B series provide.
- Up to five spectrums can be displayed on the same screen simultaneously. When three or more charts become activated, SSID will not be displayed on top of the spectrum traces.

Figure 142 Carrier aggregation measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer (Dual Sp)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 244 for more information.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific channel.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the marker.
3. Press the **Channel** soft key to select the channel to be displayed on the IQ diagram.
4. Use the rotary knob or arrow keys to move and select a channel under EVM.

Conducting LTE-FDD OTA measurements

The FDD LTE Over The Air (OTA) measurement has Channel Scanner, ID Scanner, Multipath Profile, Datagram, and Control Channel screens. The ID Scanner displays key parameters such as RSRP, RSRQ, RS-SINR, and S-SS RSSI. The Multipath Profile enables you to determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. The OTA Control Channel provides summary of all control channels including RS power variation over time.

Channel scanner

The Channel Scanner is a radio receiver that can automatically tune or scan two or more discrete frequencies and multi-channels, indicating when it finds a signal on one of them and then continuing scanning when that frequency goes silent.

Setting channel/frequency

Procedure

To set the channels to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number between one and six by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up**/**Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
5. To set the channel number for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. The instrument displays a corresponding center frequency for the channel number.
7. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
8. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3**-**6**.
9. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

To set the frequencies to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number between one and six by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To set the center frequency for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3**-**5**.
7. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

Setting number of antenna ports

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**.
   This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

Measurement example

Figure 143 Channel scanner measurement with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

ID scanner

The LTE mobile receives signals from multiple base stations that all of these signals share the same spectrum and are present at the same time. Each base station has unique scrambling code assigned to the particular base station and it differentiates its signal from other base stations in the area.

The ID Scanner shows key parameters such as RSRP (Reference Signal Received Power) and RSRQ (Reference Signal Received Quality) that predict the downlink coverage quickly.

- RSRPs from entire cells help to rank between the different cells as input for handover and cell reselection decisions.
- RSRQ provides additional information when RSRP is not sufficient to make a reliable handover or cell reselection decision.

All of the parameters for OTA ID scanner can be plotted on map data such as Google Maps and Google Earth by using JDViewer.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-

Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 144 ID scanner measurement with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Multipath profile

The Multipath Profile enables you to determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. It indicates the amount of power of the dominant pilot signal that is dispersed outside the main correlation peak due to multipath echoes that are expressed in dB. This value should be very small ideally.

The multipath profile is the result of portions of the original broadcast signal arriving at the receiving antenna out of phase. This can be caused by the signal being reflected off objects such as buildings, or being refracted through the atmosphere differently from the main signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

3 Toggle the **Display** soft key and select **RS** or **Sync**.
The RS Window soft key becomes activated if RS is selected.

4 Press the **RS Window** soft key, if RS is selected, and then select the RS window option: **2 µs**, **4 µs**, or **8 µs**.

5 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 145 Multipath profile measurement with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Control channel

DL RS power is the resource element power of Downlink Reference Symbol. The absolute DL RS power is indicated on the BCH. The absolute accuracy is defined as the maximum deviation between the DL RS power indicated on the BCH and the DL RS power at the BS antenna connector.

The OTA Control Channel provides summary of all control channels including RS power trend over time. GPS coordinates (latitude and longitude) will be displayed on the screen if a GPS antenna is connected and locked to the GPS satellites.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
5. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

   To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, the measurement item "MBSFN RS" appears in the result table.

   To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Setting limit for OTA control channel

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
P-SS error vector magnitude	P-SS EVM	High Limit
S-SS error vector magnitude	S-SS EVM	High Limit
RS error vector magnitude	RS EVM > RS0 EVM	High Limit

	RS EVM > RS1 EVM RS EVM > RS2 EVM RS EVM > RS3 EVM	
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Time error	Time Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Time alignment error	Time Alignment Error	High Limit

3 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to select the display option.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select **Power** or **EVM**.
   The screen changes according to the selected option.

Measurement example

Figure 146 Control channel measurement with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Datagram

The OTA Datagram is a time-varying spectral representation that shows how the power of a signal varies with time. The power allocated to the specific resource block will be represented with an amplitude axis (in dBm) and the waterfall diagram will show the trend of past resource block power over certain period. Using a marker function facilitates analysis of accumulated resource block power for data utilization.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

6 To set the time cursor at a specific position, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key and select **On**.

b Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

7 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

8 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 030 LTE-Advanced FDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

9 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 147 Datagram measurement with LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Route map

The JD700B Series provides the Route Map function that allows you to collect data of points in an indoor or outdoor environment and track the received signals and coverage of RF transmitters by plotting data real time directly on top of a loaded floor plan or a map.

The JD700B Series also supports the RAN-IL (Interference Location) feature that enables you to overlay user experience data obtained through VIAVI ariesoGEO on your base map to help you troubleshoot problems easily and quickly using your instrument. You can generate raster data files on the ariesoGEO application and load them on your instrument.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. If required, connect a GPS receiver to your JD700B series for outdoor mapping.
   Indoor mapping does not necessarily need a GPS antenna.
2. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 212.
3. To load your map file, complete the following steps:
   a. Plug in your USB drive that has a floor map or `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

NOTE
The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

   b. Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**. See “Using load” on page 37 for more information.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
5. Press the **Plot Point** soft key, and then select the plot point option from the following choices:
   To collect data/plot points automatically as you move around in a vehicle or outside, press the **GPS** soft key and then toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key between **Map** and **Full**.

NOTE
With the **Map** setting, you can view only the collected points that can be seen within the boundary of the loaded map. If a point is off the map, the instrument displays an arrow to indicate the direction of the current location on the map and the distance from the center to the location at the top of the screen.

With the **Full** setting, you can view all the collected points of the route without the loaded map.

   To collect data/plot points manually without a GPS antenna in an indoor environment, press the **Position** soft key.
6. Press the **Plot Item** soft key, and then select the measurement option: **RSRP**, **RSRQ**, **RS-SINR**, **S-SS RSSI**, **P-SS Power**, **S-SS Power**, or **S-SS Ec/Io**.

NOTE
The instrument collects the strongest Physical Cell ID’s data to plot points.

7. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key to set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, and then select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
8. Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Start** to start plotting.
9. Touch directly on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key to collect data and plot points on the loaded map for the **Position** setting.

NOTE
For the **Position** setting, you can change the direction of the route with the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob.

10 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Stop** to stop plotting.

11 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key to save the result.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The instrument does not automatically save the collected data. It is recommended that you save the result. Otherwise, you will lose all the collected data.

Setting limit for route map

You can set the thresholds for each test item.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Select the plot items and set the limits as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
RSRP	RSRP	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
RSRQ	RSRQ	Good, Fair, Poor (dB)
RS-SINR	RS-SINR	Good, Fair, Poor (dB)
S-SS RSSI	S-SS RSSI	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
P-SS Power	P-SS Power	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
S-SS Power	S-SS Power	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
S-SS Ec/Io	S-SS Ec/Io	Good, Fair, Poor (dB)

3 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 148 Route map measurement (RSRP) with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 149 Route map measurement (RSRQ) with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 150 Route map measurement (RS-SINR) with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 151 Route map measurement (S-SS RSSI) with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 152 Route map measurement (P-SS Power) with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 153 Route map measurement (S-SS Power) with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 154 Route map measurement (S-SS Ec/Io) with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.

   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.

c Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.

d Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.

b Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.

c Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.

4 To set the location mode, toggle the **Location Mode** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual** and select the one you desire.

Auto: The instrument compares the coordinates of the displayed map with recevied GPS information. If your current location goes out of the displayed area and enters into the next zoomed-in section within the base map, the map display changes automatically to the next section in which your current position is.

Manual: The map display of the zoomed-in area remains unchanged even if your current location goes out of the displayed area. You can change the displayed area manually by using the arrow keys.

Loading and displaying raster data

If you have a set of raster data files generated through the ariesoGEO application, you can load and overlay the data on your base map to help you check the signal quality and the strength of interferences while driving toward the area of interest.

Procedure

1 Copy a set of raster data files into your USB memory drive, including the following:

ASCII: `.tab`, `.asc`, and `.clr` files

BIL: `.tab`, `.hdr`, `.bil`, and `.clr` files

NOTE
The `.tab` file type is a geospatial vector data format used in many geographic information systems. The color file (`.clr`) is an optional file, but the image will be displayed as a grayscale image without it. The size of the raster map must be **1024 x 1024** or smaller.

2 Plug in the USB memory drive to your instrument.

3 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

4 Press the **Load Raster Map** soft key.
The file explorer window appears.

5 Navigate to the raster file (`.tab`) you want to open, and then press the **Load** soft key.
The raster image appears on top of your base map as shown in Figure 155.

NOTE
If the area of the loaded raster data is not within the boundary of the base map, you will not see the raster image on the screen.

6 To select the display option, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Display Options** soft key.

b Select the option you desire from the choices: **On**, **Off**, and **Blink**.

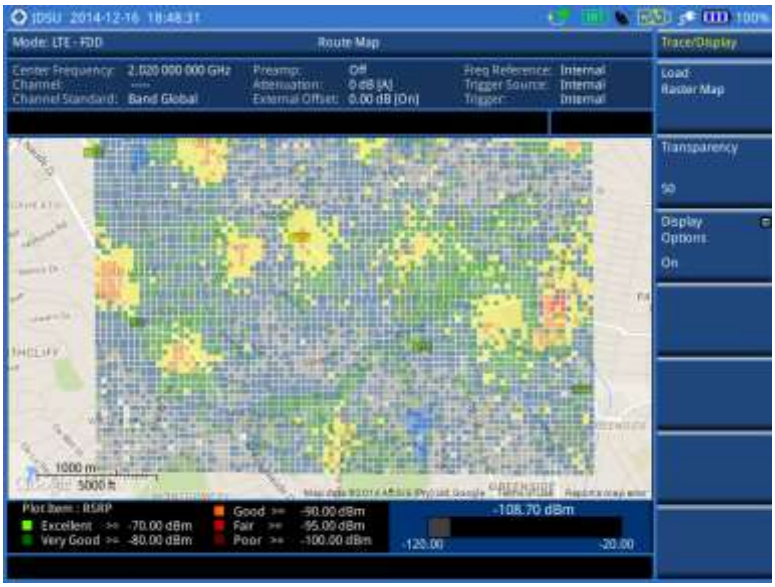
7 To adjust the transparency level of the image, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Transparency** soft key.

b Enter a value between **0** for opaque and **100** for clear.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Figure 155 Raster image overlaid on the base map with LTE-FDD OTA signal analyzer



Performing RAN performance testing

The JD700B series provides the optional feature that lets you conduct correlated uplink and downlink testing with your instrument connected to your mobile device via Bluetooth. The RANAdvisor TrueSite application installed on your smartphone collects data and transfers uplink data based on your parameter settings and then your instrument consolidates the data into the measurement results and displays them as performance indicators. It helps you troubleshoot a problem and identify the cause of the problem fast.

To perform this testing, you need both of these installed: the license for the option 014 LTE-FDD RAN Performance Indicator on your instrument and the RANAdvisor TrueSite app with the license on your smartphone.

Preparing your smartphone for remote control via Bluetooth

To set up a Bluetooth connection and enable data collection with remote control properly, you need to pair your instrument with your smartphone and set the app's local Bluetooth control option to Slave once at the beginning.

Procedure

1. Connect a Bluetooth adapter to the USB Host port and an Omni antenna to the RF In port of your CellAdvisor instrument.
   The instrument detects the adapter and turns on its Bluetooth automatically.
2. Make your smartphone visible to your instrument by doing the following steps:
   a. On your smartphone, turn on **Bluetooth**.
   b. Check the checkbox for **Visible to all nearby Bluetooth devices** to enable this option.
3. Pair with your smartphone by doing the following steps:
   a. On your instrument, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
   b. Press the **Bluetooth Connect** soft key.
   c. Press the **Scan** soft key.
   The instrument lists detected Bluetooth devices with their MAC address and status.
   d. Highlight your mobile device from the list by touching on the screen.
   e. Press the **Pair** soft key.

The pairing dialog box appears on your smartphone.

f On your smartphone, enter **0000** and then tap the **OK** button.
If pairing is successful, the status of your device on the list changes to "**Paired**".

4 Make sure to set your smartphone as a slave by completing the following steps:

a On your smartphone, open the **RANAdvisor TrueSite** icon.

b Go to **Settings > General**.

c Tap the **Automation Control Mode** menu under Automation Control Options.

d Select the **Local Bluetooth Control** option.

e Tap **Slave**.
The application restart dialog box appears.

f Tap **Continue**.
The application closes itself.

NOTE
It is very important for you to set the local Bluetooth control option to **Slave** on the RANAdvisor TrueSite app in order to give your instrument a control to collect necessary data from the app over Bluetooth successfully.

Setting parameters on RANAdvisor TrueSite™

To specify uplink measurement data that will be transferred to your instrument, you need to set map display parameters of your choice on the RANAdvisor TrueSite application.

Procedure

1 After you have paired and set your smartphone as a slave, open the **RANAdvisor TrueSite** icon on your device again.

2 Tap the **(+)** button at the bottom of the Home screen.
The Main Screen appears.

3 Tap the **Customization** menu.
The Choose Operation menu box appears.

4 Select **Map Display Parameters > LTE Serving and Neighbor Parameters**.

5 Make sure to check the checkbox for the following two mandatory parameters:

Serving E-ARFCN

Serving Physical Cell-ID

NOTE
It is very important for you to select these two parameters to identify the Uplink Channel Number, Physical Cell ID, Group ID, and Sector ID.

6 Select other parameters up to six from the list of parameters supported by the CellAdvisor instrument. See "Appendix L – Supported map display parameters" on page 807 for more information.

NOTE
As the RANAdvisor TrueSite app can transfer data of up to eight parameters at a time, it limits you to select eight parameters in total: two compulsories and six electives. After you have selected all eight parameters, the app blocks any further selection. In this case, you need to uncheck any selected optional parameters in order to enable other optional parameters.

7 Tap the **OK** button and then the **Back** key to return to the Home Screen.

Performing RAN performance testing

After you have set the local Bluetooth control option and selected desired parameters on the app, you need to connect your instrument to your smartphone via Bluetooth to enable data collection from RANAdvisor TrueSite so that you can view consolidated measurement results on your instrument and save results as a file.

Procedure

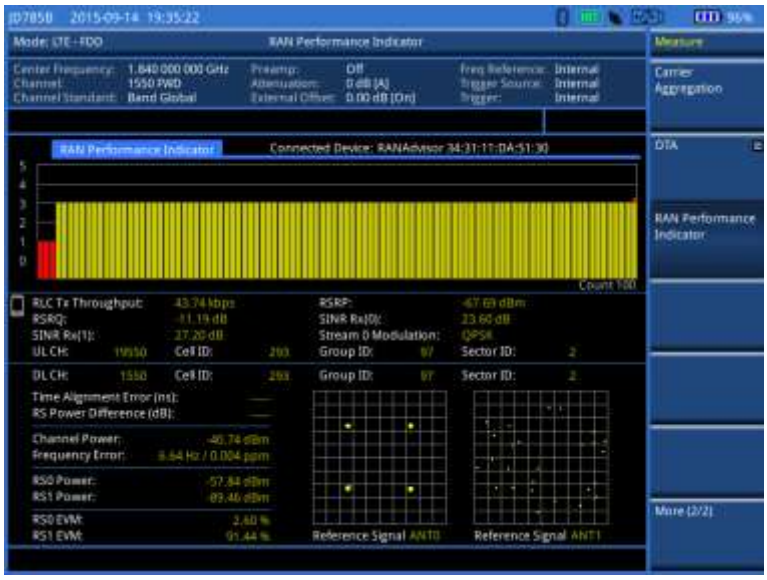
1. Make sure to have the RANAdvisor TrueSite app opened on your device.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key on your instrument.
3. Press the **Bluetooth Connect** soft key.
4. Highlight your paired smartphone to connect from the list.
5. Press the **Connect** soft key.
   The connected device information appears above the RAN Performance Indicator chart to indicate a successful connection.
6. The instrument automatically sets the correlated downlink channel number for the received uplink channel number and displays measurement results as like Figure 156. Observe the consolidated measurement results on the screen for your troubleshooting.

> **NOTE**
> If the Physical Cell ID of the uplink channel is not identical to the one of the downlink channel, the instrument displays "---" for the parameters to indicate invalid measurement results.

7. If you want to see measurement results for other parameters, select new parameters on the RANAdvisor TrueSite app. See "Setting parameters on RANAdvisor TrueSite™" on page 274.
8. *Optional*. To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 156 RAN performance indicator with LTE-FDD signal analyzer



Setting performance score level

To analyze your measurement data easily with color codes, you can use the limit feature and set a performance score level for each measurement parameter.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. To analyze the quality of user experience, do the following as needed:

To set the level for	Select	Set
Data throughput	Data Throughput	Good, Bad (kbps)
Channel quality indicator	CQI	Good, Bad
Modulation type	Modulation Type	(On/Off only)

3. To check the performance of eNode-B, do the following as needed:

To set the level for	Select	Set
Reference signal received power	RSRP	Good, Bad (dBm)
Reference signal received quality	RSRQ	Good, Bad (dB)
Signal to interference and noise ratio	SINR	Good, Bad (dB)
Error vector magnitude	More (1/2) > EVM	Good, Bad (%)
Time alignment error	More (1/2) > Time Alignment Error	Good, Bad (ns)
Frequency error	More (1/2) > Frequency Error	Good, Bad (ppm)

9

Chapter 9 Using LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer (option 029) and LTE-Advanced TDD Analyzer (option 031) with the LTE-TDD OTA Analyzer (option 049), LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator (option 033), and the LTE-TDD RAN Performance Indicator (option 015). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 278
- Display overview 279
- Connecting a cable 279
- Selecting measurement mode 281
- Configuring test parameters 281
- Conducting spectrum measurements 286
- Conducting RF measurements 288
- Conducting power vs. time measurements 296
- Conducting modulation measurements 299
- Performing auto measurements 316
- Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 322
- Performing carrier aggregation measurements 323
- Conducting LTE-TDD OTA measurements 327
- Performing RAN performance testing 342

Introduction

The LTE (Long-Term Evolution) Signal Analyzer of the JD700B series performs power and spectrum measurements as well as modulation analysis to test the proper transmitter performance of TDD LTE systems. It performs conformance testing according to the following standards providing a simple Pass/Fail indication on each test.

- 3GPP TS 36.104. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) Radio Transmission and Reception
- 3GPP TS 36.141. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) Conformance Testing
- 3GPP TS 36.211. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Channels and Modulation
- 3GPP TS 36.212. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Multiplexing and Channel Coding
- 3GPP TS 36.213 V8.2.0. Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Physical Layer Procedures

This instrument provides the following measurement tools for TDD LTE system:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask
  - Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)
  - Multi-ACLR
  - Spurious Emissions
- Power vs. Time: Slot and Frame
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Data Channel
  - Control Channel
  - Subframe
  - Time Alignment Error
  - Data Allocation Map
- Auto Measure
  - Conformance Test
  - Maintenance Test
  - Signal Performance Test
  - DAS Test
- Power Statistics CCDF
- Carrier Aggregation
- Over The Air (OTA)

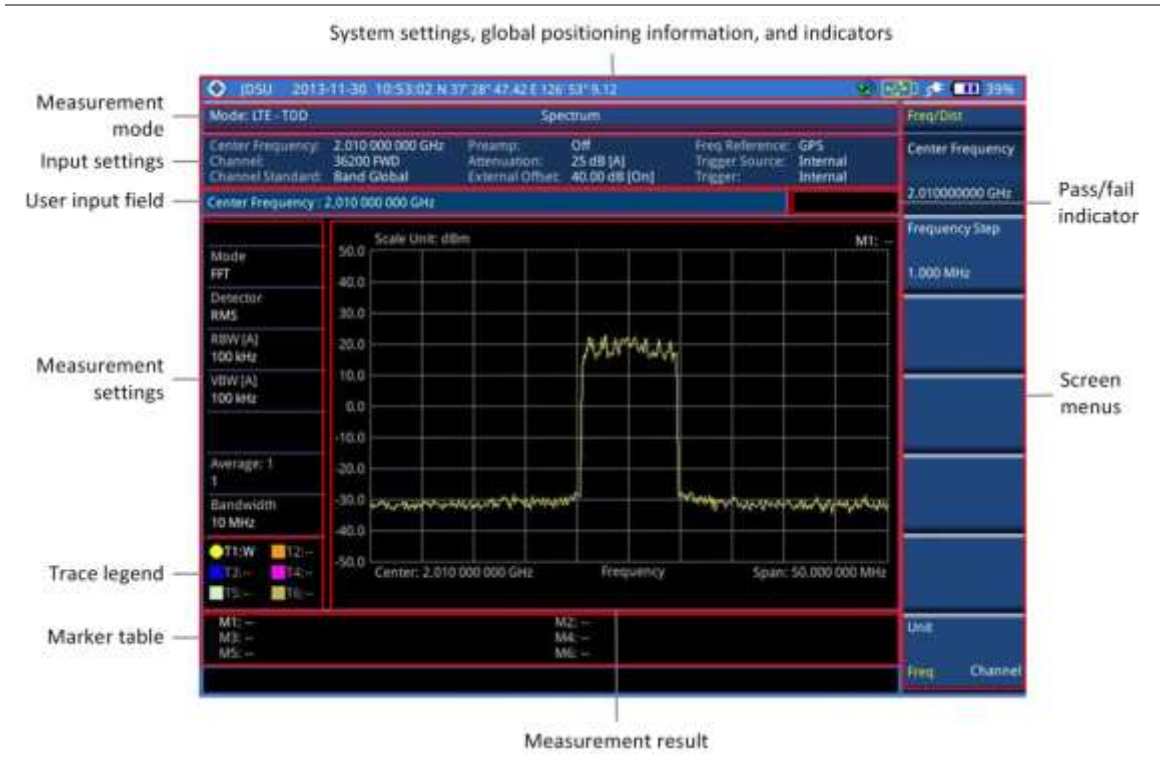
- Channel Scanner
- ID Scanner
- Multipath Profile
- Control Channel
- Datagram
- Route Map

- RAN Performance Indicator

Display overview

Figure 157 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 157 LTE-TDD signal analyzer measurement screen



Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 158 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

Indirect connection

Procedure

1. Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 159 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

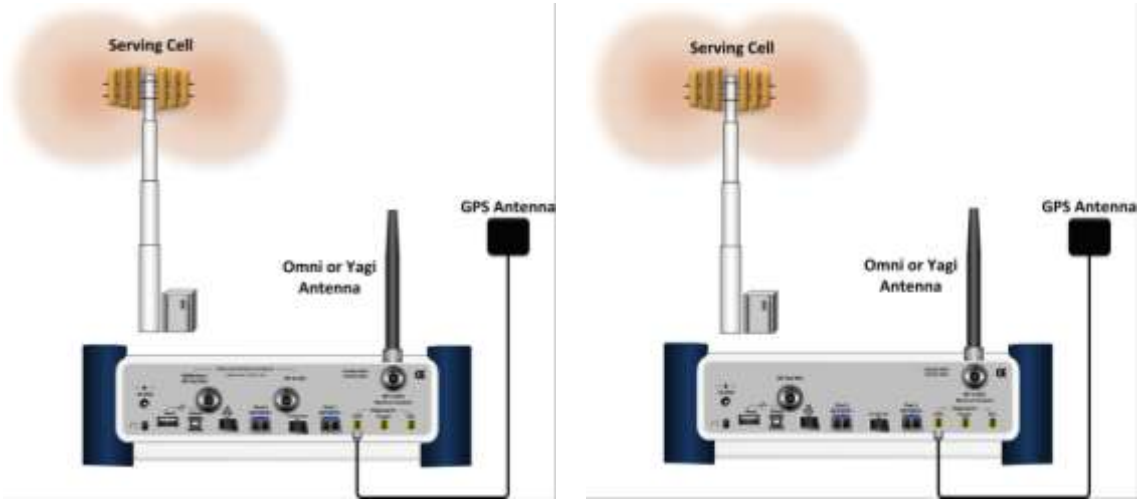
CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1. Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.
2. Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 160 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3. Press the **LTE - TDD** soft key. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power, **Occupied BW**, **Spectrum Emission Mask**, **ACLR**, **Multi-ACLR**, or **Spurious Emissions**

   Power vs Time > Power vs Time (Slot) or **Power vs Time (Frame)**

   Modulation Analysis > Constellation, **Data Channel**, **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, **Time Alignement Error**, or **Data Allocation Map**

   Auto Measure > Conformance Test, **Maintenance Test**, **Signal Perfomance**, or **DAS Test**

   Power Statistics CCDF

   More (1/2) > Carrier Aggregation

   More (1/2) > OTA > Channel Scanner, **ID Scanner**, **Multipath Profile**, **Control Channel**, **Datagram**, or **Route Map**

   More (1/2) > RAN Performance Indicator

NOTE
The **Carrier Aggregation** soft key is activated if the license for the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed and so does the **RAN Performance Indicator** for the option 015 LTE-TDD RAN Performance Indicator.

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.

NOTE
Selecting **Channel** sets the standard channel to **Band Global** automatically so that you can set the **Channel Number** without choosing a standard channel band from the list.

3. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
6. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Multi-ACLR and Spurious Emissions modes.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be

optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Control Channel** and **Subframe**, you can select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** instead.

3. To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:
   To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

   To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **Attenuation > Manual**.
   b. Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.
   c. Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
   d. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

   To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**.
   As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.

3 *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1 Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements.

Procedure

1 Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.
2 Select the trigger source option from the choices: **Internal**, **External**, and **GPS**.

Setting external clock

To enhance the reliability of modulation analysis measurements the JD700B series must be synchronized with a base station. When an external clock is not supplied, the instrument works with its built-in internal high-accuracy time base and some measurement results may exhibit inaccurate values. Therefore, it is highly recommended that you use the same reference clock as the signal source. You can use the ***TRIGGER*** hot key to set the external clock.

Figure 161 Connection ports for external reference clock

Procedure

1 Connect an external reference or a GPS antenna to the JD700B series.
2 Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3 Press the **Freq Reference** soft key, and then select the reference option: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, or **GPS**.

Table 13 External reference indicators

Type	Indicator	Description
Internal	INT (green)	The green **INT** icon indicates that the instrument uses the built-in internal time base.
External	EXT (green)	The green **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connected and locked and that the instrument uses the same reference clock as the signal source.
External	EXT (red)	The red **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connect but not locked.
GPS	(green)	The green GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locked.

GPS	(yellow)	The yellow GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locking is in progress.
GPS	(grey)	The grey GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is not connected, failed, or unable to be locked.

Conducting spectrum measurements

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. If you enable the gated sweep for the guard period, you can easily identify the existence of the interference in uplink call activities.
   a. To turn it on, toggle the **Guard Period** soft key and select **Enable**.
   The Subframe No menu deactivates.
   b. To turn it off, toggle the **Guard Period** soft key and select **Disable**.

NOTE
In LTE-TDD, the guard period is a special subframe, normally Subframe #1 and optionally Subframe #6, where there happens the switching from DL to UL. You should not see any data transmission in the guard period spectrum.

5. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 162.

Figure 162 Spectrum measurement screen with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4. *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.
5. *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power

difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power and power spectral density (PSD) of the signal in the LTE channel bandwidth.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

Measurement example

Figure 163 Channel power measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 295 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

Measurement example

Figure 164 Occupied bandwidth measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 295 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement required by 3GPP specifications encompasses different power limits and different measurement bandwidths (resolution bandwidths) at various frequency offsets. It may be expressed as a ratio of power spectral densities between the carrier and the specified offset frequency band. It provides useful figures-of-merit for the spectral re-growth and emissions produced by components and circuit blocks, without the rigor of performing a full SEM measurement.

The SEM measures spurious signal levels in up to five pairs of offset or region frequencies and relates them to the carrier power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the mask type, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Mask Type** soft key.
   b. Select the mask type option, from the following choices:
      Wide Area BS Category A
      Wide Area BS Category B

Local Area BS

Home BS

4 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

Measurement example

Figure 165 SEM measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 295 for more information.

ACLR

The Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) measures the amount of interference or power in an adjacent frequency channel according to the standards.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

3 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

Measurement example

Figure 166 ACLR measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 295 for more information.

Multi-ACLR

The Multi-ACLR measurement is used to perform multi-channel ACLR measurements with as many channels as possible. It helps you to measure ACLR in multi-channel transmitting Base Station environment.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

3 To set the frequency, do one of the following:

To set the center frequency, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.

b Press the **Lowest Frequency** soft key to set the starting center frequency.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

e Press the **Highest Frequency** soft key to set the stopping center frequency.

f Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

g Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.

NOTE
Selecting **Channel** sets the standard channel to **Band Global** automatically so that you can set the **Channel Number** without choosing a standard channel band from the list.

b Press the **Lowest Channel** soft key to set the starting channel.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **Enter** soft key.

e Press the **Highest Channel** soft key to set the stopping channel.

f Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

g Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 167 Multi-ACLR measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 295 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.
   b. Do the following as desired:
      Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.
      Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.
      Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.
   c. Press the **PREV** hard key.
   d. Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.
3. Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4. To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Average** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between **1** and **100**.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.
   b. Enter a value between **1** and **20**.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 168 Spurious emissions measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 295 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
ACLR	ACLR	(On/Off only)
Multi-ACLR	Multi-ACLR	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time measurements

The Power vs. Time measurement measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the signal rise and fall shape of LTE signal and the power of each time slot in an LTE signal.

Power vs. time (slot)

The Power vs. Time (Slot) in LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the signal rise and fall shapes of LTE signal.

NOTE
In this measurement, desirable level of the input power is lower than -10 dBm. If the input power to be measured is -10 dBm or higher, it is highly recommended that you use an external attenuator.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the slot number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Slot No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
5. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

   To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Setting limit for power vs. time tests

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s):

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Slot average power	Slot Avg Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Off power	Off Power	High Limit
Transition period	Transition Period	High Limit

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 169 Power vs. time (slot) measurement with LTE – TDD signal analyzer

1) Off to on

2) On to off

Power vs. time (frame)

The Power vs. Time (Frame) measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the power of each time slot in an LTE signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
5. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or

Extended. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 170 Power vs. time (frame) measurement with LTE – TDD signal analyzer

Conducting modulation measurements

Constellation

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

3 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.

6 *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

7 Press the **Uplink-Downlink Configuration** soft key, and then select the number of uplink/downlink between one and six.

8 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key, and then select the modulation type option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**. If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

NOTE
If you have installed a license for the option **033 LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator** on your CellAdvisor, you will have additional PDSCH modulation types of **256 QAM**, **E-TM3.1a**, and **E-TM2a**.

To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.

Measurement example

Figure 171 Constellation measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Figure 172 Constellation measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 315 for more information.

Data channel

The Data Channel measures the constellation for the specified resource block as well as the modulation accuracy of each PDSCH at the specified subframe.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
5. *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.
6. *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.
7. Toggle the **Event Hold** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the event hold feature. When enabled, the display line for the PDSCH threshold appears.
   When an event occurs, the measurement is put on hold until you press the **HOLD** hot key.

   NOTE
   You can view detailed current resource block on the I-Q diagram, particularly in a dynamic field environment.
8. Select **More (1/2) > Uplink-Downlink Configuration**, and then select the number of uplink/downlink between one and six.
9. *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Miscellaneous**, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-

Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key, and then select the modulation type option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**. If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

NOTE
If you have installed a license for the option **033 LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator** on your CellAdvisor, you will have additional PDSCH modulation types of **256 QAM**, **E-TM3.1a**, and **E-TM2a**.

To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.

Measurement example

Figure 173 Data channel measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Figure 174 Data channel measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 315 for more information.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a resource block and display the IQ diagram for the selected resource block.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **RB Number** soft key to select the resource block to be marked.

3 Enter the resource block number by using the numeric keys.

4 Press the **Enter** soft key.
The marker appears on the selected resource block.

5 Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the result of the selected resource block.

Control channel

The Control Channel measures the constellation for the specified control channel as well as modulation accuracy of the control channel at the specified subframe.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

3 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.
   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.

6 *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

7 Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:
   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.
   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 or 4x1 combiner or an antenna.

8 Press the **Uplink-Downlink Configuration** soft key, and then select the number of uplink/downlink between one and six.

9 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**.

This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, the measurement item “MBSFN RS” appears in the result table.

To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key and select **REG** to calculate EVM based on Resource Element Group or **Avg** to calculate EVM after adding up all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

Measurement example

Figure 175 Control channel measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Figure 176 Control channel measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 315 for more information.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a resource block and display the IQ diagram for the selected resource block.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **Channel** soft key to select the channel to be displayed in the IQ diagram.
   The channel P-SS is selected by default.
3. Turn the rotary knob to move the highlight from one to another in the channel summary table.
4. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the result of the selected channel.

Subframe

The Subframe measures the modulation accuracy of all the data and control channels at the specified subframe (1 ms).

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

3 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. Toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually. The set of OFDM symbols that can be used for PDCCH in a subframe is given by **0**, **2**, **3** or **4** in 1.4 MHz bandwidth and **1**, **2**, or **3** in other bandwidths.

6 *Optional*. Press the **PHICH Ng** soft key, and then select the option for the number of PHICH groups (Ng): **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

7 Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 or 4x1 combiner or an antenna.

8 Press the **Uplink-Downlink Configuration** soft key, and then select the number of uplink/downlink between one and six.

9 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, the measurement item "MBSFN RS" appears in the result table and either PMCH or PDSCH appears as well depending on the detected channel.

   To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

   To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or

Extended. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key, and then select the modulation type option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**. If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

NOTE
If you have installed a license for the option **033 LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator** on your CellAdvisor, you will have additional PDSCH modulation types of **256 QAM**, **E-TM3.1a**, and **E-TM2a**.

To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key and select **REG** to calculate EVM based on Resource Element Group or **Avg** to calculate EVM after adding up all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.

Measurement example

Figure 177 Subframe measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Figure 178 Subframe measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (Chart On)

Figure 179 Subframe measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 315 for more information.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to view your measurement result with the chart.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Chart** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the chart. If this setting is on, the **MARKER** hard key is activated.

Using marker

If you turn the Chart view on, you can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific symbol.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the marker on the chart.
3. Press the **Symbol** soft key to select the symbol number, to which the marker is placed.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
5. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Time alignment error

In eNode B supporting Tx Diversity transmission, signals are transmitted from two or more antennas. These signals shall be aligned. The time alignment error in Tx diversity is specified as the delay between the signals from two antennas at the antenna ports.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.
4. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   To set the delay, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or

Extended. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Measurement example

Figure 180 Time alignment error measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 315 for more information.

Data allocation map

The Data Allocation Map function represents data allocation as a mapping.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s

subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

5 *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

6 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

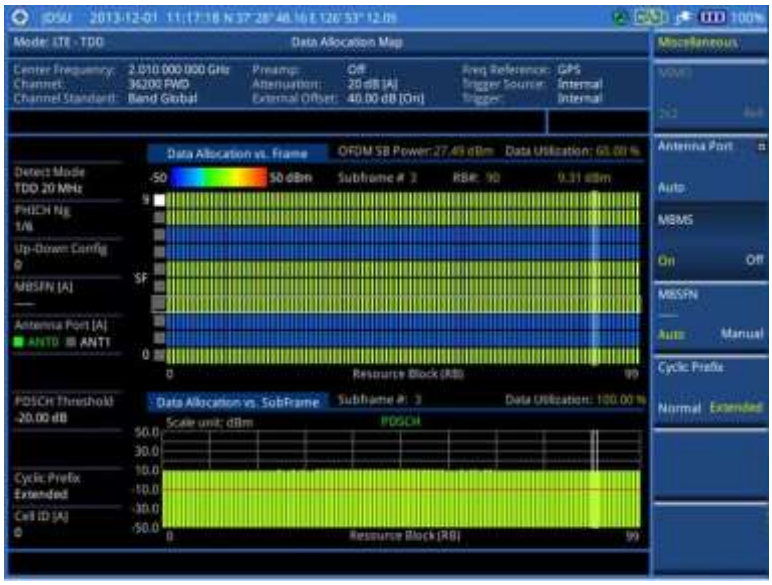
To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Measurement example

Figure 181 Data allocation map measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Figure 182 Data allocation map measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (MBMS On)



Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to change the display mode to PDSCH, PMCH, or both.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the Display Channel soft key.
3. Select the display mode from the choice: **PDSCH**, **PMCH**, and **Both**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific resource block and subframe.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the marker on the chart.
3. To select the resource block number, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **RB Number** soft key.
   b. Enter the resource block number to select by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob to move the marker side by side.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To select the subframe block number, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter the subframe number to select by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob to move the marker up and down.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting limit for modulation tests

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key to set the limits.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
PDSCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is off	EVM > PDSCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM) *High Limit (256 QAM)**
PMCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is on and a PMCH is detected	EVM > PMCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM) *High Limit (256 QAM)**
RMS for data error vector magnitude	EVM > Data EVM RMS	High Limit
Peak for data error vector magnitude	EVM> Data EVM Peak	High Limit
RS error vector magnitude	EVM > RS EVM	High Limit
P-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > P-SS EVM	High Limit
S-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > S-SS EVM	High Limit
Downlink RS power	Power > DL RS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
P-SS power	Power > P-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
S-SS power	Power > S-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
PBCH power	Power > PBCH Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Subframe power	Power > Subframe Power	High Limit, Low Limit
OFDM symbol power	Power > OFDM Symbol Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Time alignment error for MIMO	Time Alignment Error > MIMO	High Limit
Time alignment error for aggregation of component carriers (intra-band contiguous, intra-band non-contiguous, and inter-band)	Time Alignment Error > Carrier Aggregation	Intra Cont Intra Non-cont Inter Band
Time error	Time Error	High Limit, Low Limit
I-Q origin offset	IQ Origin Offset	High Limit

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Performing auto measurements

Conformance test

The Conformance Test is to test if eNode-B meets some specified standards that have been developed for verification. Its test procedure and test setups have been developed by 3GPP. Test results can be saved as a `.csv` file type.

Setting limit for conformance test

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement. Turning the test limit on for a test item makes the test item included in the conformance test.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. To set the limit for BTS output power, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **BTS Output Power** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the limit.
   c. Press the **High Limit** soft key.
   d. Enter a value for the upper limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
   e. Press the **Low Limit** soft key.
   f. Enter a value for the lower limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
3. To set the limit for total power dynamic, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Total Power Dynamic** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the limit.
   c. Press the **Low Limit** soft key.
   d. Enter a value for the lower limit, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. To set the limit for on/off power, press the **On/Off Power** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Off power	Off Power	High Limit
Transition period	Transition Period	High Limit

5. To verify signal quality, press the **Signal Quality** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Error vector magnitude	EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM)
Time alignment error	Time Alignment Error	High Limit
RS power	RS Power	High Limit, Low Limit

6. To verify unwanted emissions, press the **Unwanted Emissions** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Adjacent channel power ratio	ACLR	
Spectrum emission mask	SEM	Mask Type

Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	Range Table

7 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After setting frequency as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

3 Select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

4 Press the **Sector** soft key, and then select the sector option: **Alpha**, **Beta**, or **Gamma**.

5 To set external offset, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

6 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

7 Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.

8 When prompted on the screen, connect the cable from the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the instrument to either **Antenna Port 0** or **Antenna Port 1** of the eNode-B, and then change the TM mode on the eNode-B side.

9 Press the **Continue** soft key to continue testing.

10 Repeat the steps **8**-**9** until completion of the test.
A conformance test report appears at the end of the test.

11 *Optional*. To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.

Maintenance test

The Auto Measure function of the JD700B series allows a complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters of up to 20 different carriers, particularly useful on an overlay architecture where base stations are transmitting in different frequencies.

Following settings are required only when you run the Auto Measure Maintenance Test on the instrument using “Current” configuration setting. Additional settings are not required when you run Auto Measure using a scenario generated in the PC application software, JDViewer.

Setting limit for maintenance test

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

3 Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

4 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

5 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
You can use the **Allowed % Change** soft key for each test item to compare two measurement values displayed in the result table. This requires setting the **Display** mode to **Compare** in advance.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Toggle the **Configuration** soft key and select the configuration option:

Current: Lets the instrument use current frequency (single carrier) and determine pass or fail based on the instrument’s limit settings in Auto Measure.

Scenario: Runs a test with a programmed scenario in JDViewer.
The Scenario menu becomes activated.

3 To load a scenario, press the **Scenario** soft key, and then select a scenario file to load.

4 Toggle the **Test Time** soft key and select the test time option:

Now: Lets the instrument run a test only once.

Schedule: Lets the instrument repeat tests as defined in the Set Timing.
The Set Timing menu becomes activated.

5 To define a schedule for an auto measurement, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Set Timing** soft key.
b Press the **Start Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
c Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
d Press the **Stop Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
e Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
f Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
g Enter the amount of time in minutes, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Press the **Settings** soft key, and then set the following:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

b Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

c Press the **MIMO** soft key, and then select the antenna number option: **2x2** or **4x4**.
This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

d Press the **Antenna Port** soft key, and then select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, or **3**.
If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the

antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

e. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.

f. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

g. To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the Subframe No with the same PMCH subframe number.

h. To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

7. To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.
8. Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
   The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.
9. To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.
10. To change the view on the screen during the test, press the **Display** and then select the view option from the following choices:

    Screen: You can view each measurement screen as the test progresses.

    Results: You can view a measurement result table as the test progresses.

    Settings: You can view a measurement setting table as the test progresses.

Setting display

After completion of the auto measurement, the screen menu changes to Trace/Display so that you can view the results in different forms.

Procedure

1. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display option:

   Result: You can view the result table. The Display Result menu becomes activated.

   Settings: You can view the measurement settings for the auto measurement.
2. Toggle the **Display Result** soft key and select the display result option:

   Full: You can view detailed measurement readings with the pass/fail indication.

   Quick: You can view only the Pass/Fail results.

   Compare: You can compare two measurement values for each test time with the Allowed % Change setting on. You can view results vs. factory-defined or user-defined references.
3. To view the measurement results for a different carrier, press the **View Carrier** soft key and then select the carrier number to view.
4. Press the **Replace Reference** soft key to replace existing reference values for comparison with new measurement data.
5. Press the **Load From** soft key to select the location from which references file to be loaded.

Signal performance test

Unlike the other auto measurement tests, the Signal Performance Test runs measurements continuously.

Setting limit for signal performance test

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **RF Test Limits > Channel Power** soft key, and then set the limits for the channel power. Other RF test items are not used in the signal performance test.

3 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

3 Press the **MIMO** soft key, and then select the antenna number option: **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

4 Press the **Antenna Port** soft key, and then select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, or **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

5 Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

6 Toggle the **RF Profile** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on or off the RF profiling such as channel power and subframe frequency error.

7 Toggle the **Modulation Profile** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on or off the modulation profiling such as P-SS, S-SS, Data - QPSK, Data – 16 QAM, and Data – 64 QAM.

8 Toggle the **MIMO Profile** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on or off the MIMO profiling such as TX1 - RS0, TX2 - RS1, and time alignment error.

9 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On** to set the external offset value.

10 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

DAS test

The Distributed Antenna System (DAS) testing enables you to check the degradation of performance in the signal transmission from a radio band to antennas distributed from it. You can save measurement values at both the radio band and antennas and then compare results with percentage of changes. You can also save test results in the `.csv` file format for ease of analysis.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Settings** soft key and then set the following;

   a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

   b Press the **MIMO** soft key, and then select the antenna number option: **2x2** or **4x4**.
   This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   c Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

      Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

      Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

   d Press the **Antenna Port** soft key, and then select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, or **3**.
   If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

   e Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On** to set the external offset value.

   f To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.

   g To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

3 To save your settings, go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save > Save Setup** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

4 Press the **Continue** soft key to do the reference test first or press the **Skip Reference Test** soft key if you already saved test results from the radio band under test.

5 Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key and then set the frequency to be measured. See “Setting frequency” on page 282 for more information.

6 Press the **PREV** hard key.

7 Press the **Limit** soft key and then set the limits and allowed percentage change for each test item. See “Maintenance test” on page 317 for more information on setting limits.

8 Keep pressing the **PREV** hard key until you see the Run Test soft key.

9 Press the **Run Test** soft key.
The instrument runs specified tests to gather reference measurement values. The measurement table appears when the reference test is done.

10 Press the **Continue** soft key to run the testing on an antenna (Ant 1).

11 *Optional*. To change the settings such as **External Offset**, press the **Settings** and then change the settings as needed.

12 Press the **Continue** soft key.
The instrument runs the testing on Ant 1. The Ant 1 tab appears with the updated result table when the test is done.

13 To run the testing on the next antenna (Ant 2), press the **Run Test** soft key and then repeat the steps **11-12**. You can do the testing on up to 10 distributed antennas for one radio band.

14 To view test results for each antenna, press the **Select Antenna** soft key and then select the antenna tab number to display on the screen.

15 *Optional*. Press the **Delete** Test soft key to delete the selected antenna tab.

16 *Optional*. Press the **Retest Reference** soft key to obtain reference measurement values again.

17 *Optional*. To save your measurement results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 183 DAS measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Performing power statistics CCDF measurements

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **CCDF Length** soft key to set the length of the CCDF.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 184 CCDF measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Performing carrier aggregation measurements

Carrier aggregation enables a maximum of five multiple LTE carriers to be used together in order to provide high data rate required for LTE-Advanced. Component carriers to be aggregated can be intra-band contiguous, intra-band non-contiguous, or inter-band. The JD700B series provides carrier aggregation measurements supporting for all the different modes with carrier aggregation bands added to the channel standard. This functionality is activated if the license for the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To configure parameters for up to 5 component carriers, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **CA Configuration** soft key.
   The component carrier configuration window appears.
   b. Press the **CA Range** soft key.
   c. Enter the number of the component carrier to be set between one and five.
   d. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Toggle the **CC State** soft key, and then select **On** to set parameters and view the results for the selected component carrier on the screen or **Off** to turn it off.
   f. Toggle the **LAA** (License Assisted Access) soft key and select one among the three options: **2.4 GHz, 5 GHz**, or **Off**.

NOTE
You need to select an available Wi-Fi band (2.4 GHz or 5 GHz) first and then input the right channel number to get the right frequency conversion. If you use LTE band (Off), input the ritght channel number as needed. The CellAdvisor JD745/748B do not support

5 GHz.

g. Set the following parameters as needed:

Center Frequency, **Channel Number**, **Bandwidth**, **Physical Cell ID**, **CFI**, **PHICH Ng**, **Antenna Port**, **MBMS On/Off**, **Cyclic Prefix**, and **PDSCH Modulation Type**

NOTE
You can set **PSS/SSS EVM Threshold** value using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the numeric keys only if **MA** is selected in **TRACE/DISPLAY**.

h. To set more component carriers, repeat the steps **c**-**g**.

3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key again.
4. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 or 4x1 combiner or an antenna.

5. To select the subframe number to be measured, do one of the following:

   If the **EVM Detection Mode** is set to **Single**, press the **Subframe No** soft key and then set the subframe number.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

   If the **EVM Detection Mode** is set to **Combine**, toggle the **Subframe No** soft key and then select **0** or **5**.

6. To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **dB** soft key.
7. Toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the PDSCH precoding.
8. To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**.
   This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to select modulation analysis or spectrum analysis.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select **MA** for modulation analysis, **SA** for spectrum analysis or **Dual Sp** for dual spectrogram analysis.
   The screen changes according to the selected option.
3. If **SA** is selected, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **CC#** soft key, and then select between **CC1** and **CC2**.
   b. Press the **Select Trace** soft key and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**.
      The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
   c. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W

Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

d Toggle the **Wi-Fi Info** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.

Setting measure setup for dual spectrogram

The Dual Spectrogram mode is useful to compare two spectrograms displayed simultaneously on the screen.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
3. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key and select **Left** or **Right** spectrogram to be set up. You can also tap on the left or right chart on the screen.
4. Press the **CC#** soft key and press the number from 1 to 5 using the numeric keys.
5. To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key and select **On**.
6. Press the **Position** soft key.
7. Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

8. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.
9. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 185 Carrier aggregation measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (MA)

Figure 186 Carrier aggregation measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (SA with Wi-Fi on)

Figure 187 Carrier aggregation measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer (Dual Sp)

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 315 for more information.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific channel.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the marker.
3. Press the **Channel** soft key to select the channel to be displayed on the IQ diagram.
4. Use the rotary knob to move and select an item under EVM.

Conducting LTE-TDD OTA measurements

The TDD LTE Over The Air (OTA) measurement has Channel Scanner, ID Scanner, Multipath Profile, Datagram, and Control Channel screens. The ID Scanner displays key parameters such as RSRP, RSRQ, RS-SINR, and S-SS RSSI. The Multipath Profile enables you to determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. The OTA Control Channel provides summary of all control channels including RS power variation over time.

Channel scanner

The Channel Scanner is a radio receiver that can automatically tune or scan two or more discrete frequencies and multi-channels, indicating when it finds a signal on one of them and then continuing scanning when that frequency goes silent.

Setting channel/frequency

Procedure

To set the channels to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number between one and six by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up**/**Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
5. To set the channel number for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. The instrument displays a corresponding center frequency for the channel number.
7. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
8. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3**-**6**.
9. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

To set the frequencies to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number between one and six by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To set the center frequency for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3**-**5**.
7. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

Setting number of antenna ports

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**.
   This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

Measurement example

Figure 188 Channel scanner measurement with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

ID scanner

The LTE mobile receives signals from multiple base stations that all of these signals share the same spectrum and are present at the same time. Each base station has unique scrambling code assigned to the particular base station and it differentiates its signal from other base stations in the area.

The ID Scanner shows key parameters such as RSRP (Reference Signal Received Power) and RSRQ (Reference Signal Received Quality) that predict the downlink coverage quickly.

- RSRPs from entire cells help to rank between the different cells as input for handover and cell reselection decisions.
- RSRQ provides additional information when RSRP is not sufficient to make a reliable handover or cell reselection decision.

All of the parameters for OTA ID scanner can be plotted on map data such as Google Maps and Google Earth by using JDViewer.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-

Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 189 ID scanner measurement with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Multipath profile

The Multipath Profile enables you to determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. It indicates the amount of power of the dominant pilot signal that is dispersed outside the main correlation peak due to multipath echoes that are expressed in dB. This value should be very small ideally.

The multipath profile is the result of portions of the original broadcast signal arriving at the receiving antenna out of phase. This can be caused by the signal being reflected off objects such as buildings, or being refracted through the atmosphere differently from the main signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select **RS** or **Sync**.
   The RS Window soft key becomes activated if RS is selected.
4. Press the **RS Window** soft key, if RS is selected, and then select the RS window option: **2 µs**, **4 µs**, or **8 µs**.
5. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 190 Multipath profile measurement with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Control channel

DL RS power is the resource element power of Downlink Reference Symbol. The absolute DL RS power is indicated on the BCH. The absolute accuracy is defined as the maximum deviation between the DL RS power indicated on the BCH and the DL RS power at the BS antenna connector.

The OTA Control Channel provides summary of all control channels including RS power trend over time. GPS coordinates (latitude and longitude) will be displayed on the screen if a GPS antenna is connected and locked to the GPS satellites.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to test on MIMO channels.

To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, **1**, **2**, and **3**. If the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is not installed or if the MIMO is set to 2x2, the antenna ports 2 and 3 are disabled.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

To turn the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature on or off, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, the measurement item “MBSFN RS” appears in the result table.

To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

6 Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting limit for OTA control channel

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
P-SS error vector magnitude	P-SS EVM	High Limit
S-SS error vector magnitude	S-SS EVM	High Limit
RS error vector magnitude	RS EVM > RS0 EVM RS EVM > RS1 EVM RS EVM > RS2 EVM RS EVM > RS3 EVM	High Limit
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Time error	Time Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Time alignment error	Time Alignment Error	High Limit

3 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to select the display option.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select **Power** or **EVM**.
   The screen changes according to the selected option.

Measurement example

Figure 191 Control channel measurement with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Datagram

The OTA Datagram is a time-varying spectral representation that shows how the power of a signal varies with time. The power allocated to the specific resource block will be represented with an amplitude axis (in dBm) and the waterfall diagram will show the trend of past resource block power over certain period. Using a marker function facilitates analysis of accumulated resource block power for data utilization.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization with a BTS.

5 *Optional*. To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **dB** soft key.

6 To set the time cursor at a specific position, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key and select **On**.

b Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

7 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

8 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the number of antenna ports, toggle the **MIMO** soft key and select **2x2** or **4x4**. This MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output) setting is activated only if the option 031 LTE-Advanced TDD is installed with a license number. If not, the instrument sets this option to 2x2 by default. A 2x1 or 4x1 RF combiner is also required to able to test on MIMO channels.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

9 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 192 Datagram measurement with LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Route map

The JD700B Series provides the Route Map function that allows you to collect data of points in an indoor or outdoor environment and track the received signals and coverage of RF transmitters by plotting data real time directly on top of a loaded floor plan or a map.

The JD700B Series also supports the RAN-IL (Interference Location) feature that enables you to overlay user experience data obtained through VIAVI ariesoGEO on your base map to help you troubleshoot problems easily and quickly using your instrument. You can generate raster data files on the ariesoGEO application and load them on your instrument.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. If required, connect a GPS receiver to your JD700B series for outdoor mapping.
   Indoor mapping does not necessarily need a GPS antenna.
2. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 281.
3. To load your map file, complete the following steps:
   a. Plug in your USB drive that has a floor map or `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

   NOTE
   The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

   b. Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**. See “Using load” on page 37 for more information.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
5. Press the **Plot Point** soft key, and then select the plot point option from the following choices:
   To collect data/plot points automatically as you move around in a vehicle or outside, press the **GPS** soft key and then toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key between **Map** and **Full**.

   NOTE
   With the **Map** setting, you can view only the collected points that can be seen within the boundary of the loaded map. If a point is off the map, the instrument displays an arrow to indicate the direction of the current location on the map and the distance from the center to the location at the top of the screen.

   With the **Full** setting, you can view all the collected points of the route without the loaded map.

   To collect data/plot points manually without a GPS antenna in an indoor environment, press the **Position** soft key.
6. Press the **Plot Item** soft key, and then select the measurement option: **RSRP**, **RSRQ**, **RS-SINR**, **S-SS RSSI**, **P-SS Power**, **S-SS Power**, or **S-SS Ec/Io**.

   NOTE
   The instrument collects the strongest Physical Cell ID’s data to plot points.
7. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key to set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, and then select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
8. Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Start** to start plotting.
9. Touch directly on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key to collect data and plot points on the loaded map for the **Position** setting.

   NOTE
   For the **Position** setting, you can change the direction of the route with the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob.

10 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Stop** to stop plotting.

11 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key to save the result.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The instrument does not automatically save the collected data. It is recommended that you save the result. Otherwise, you will lose all the collected data.

Setting limit for route map

You can set the thresholds for each test item.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Select the plot items and set the limits as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
RSRP	RSRP	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
RSRQ	RSRQ	Good, Fair, Poor (dB)
RS-SINR	RS-SINR	Good, Fair, Poor (dB)
S-SS RSSI	S-SS RSSI	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
P-SS Power	P-SS Power	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
S-SS Power	S-SS Power	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
S-SS Ec/Io	S-SS Ec/Io	Good, Fair, Poor (dB)

3 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 193 Route map measurement (RSRP) with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 194 Route map measurement (RSRQ) with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 195 Route map measurement (RS-SINR) with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 196 Route map measurement (S-SS RSSI) with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 197 Route map measurement (P-SS Power) with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 198 Route map measurement (S-SS Power) with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Figure 199 Route map measurement (S-SS Ec/Io) with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.

   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.

c Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.

d Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.

b Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.

c Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.

4 To set the location mode, toggle the **Location Mode** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual** and select the one you desire.

Auto: The instrument compares the coordinates of the displayed map with recevied GPS information. If your current location goes out of the displayed area and enters into the next zoomed-in section within the base map, the map display changes automatically to the next section in which your current position is.

Manual: The map display of the zoomed-in area remains unchanged even if your current location goes out of the displayed area. You can change the displayed area manually by using the arrow keys.

Loading and displaying raster data

If you have a set of raster data files generated through the ariesoGEO application, you can load and overlay the data on your base map to help you check the signal quality and the strength of interferences while driving toward the area of interest.

Procedure

1 Copy a set of raster data files into your USB memory drive, including the following:

ASCII: `.tab`, `.asc`, and `.clr` files

BIL: `.tab`, `.hdr`, `.bil`, and `.clr` files

NOTE
The `.tab` file type is a geospatial vector data format used in many geographic information systems. The color file (`.clr`) is an optional file, but the image will be displayed as a grayscale image without it. The size of the raster map must be **1024 x 1024** or smaller.

2 Plug in the USB memory drive to your instrument.

3 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

4 Press the **Load Raster Map** soft key.
The file explorer window appears.

5 Navigate to the raster file (`.tab`) you want to open, and then press the **Load** soft key.
The raster image appears on top of your base map as shown in Figure 200.

NOTE
If the area of the loaded raster data is not within the boundary of the base map, you will not see the raster image on the screen.

6 To select the display option, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Display Options** soft key.

b Select the option you desire from the choices: **On**, **Off**, and **Blink**.

7 To adjust the transparency level of the image, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Transparency** soft key.

b Enter a value between **0** for opaque and **100** for clear.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Figure 200 Raster image overlaid on the base map with LTE-TDD OTA signal analyzer

Performing RAN performance testing

The JD700B series provides the optional feature that lets you conduct correlated uplink and downlink testing with your instrument connected to your mobile device via Bluetooth. The RANAdvisor TrueSite application installed on your smartphone collects data and transfers uplink data based on your parameter settings and then your instrument consolidates the data into the measurement results and displays them as performance indicators. It helps you troubleshoot a problem and identify the cause of the problem fast.

To perform this testing, you need both of these installed: the license for the option 015 LTE-TDD RAN Performance Indicator on your instrument and the RANAdvisor TrueSite app with the license on your smartphone.

Preparing your smartphone for remote control via Bluetooth

To set up a Bluetooth connection and enable data collection with remote control properly, you need to pair your instrument with your smartphone and set the app's local Bluetooth control option to Slave once at the beginning.

Procedure

1. Connect a Bluetooth adapter to the USB Host port and an Omni antenna to the RF In port of your CellAdvisor instrument.
   The instrument detects the adapter and turns on its Bluetooth automatically.
2. Make your smartphone visible to your instrument by doing the following steps:
   a. On your smartphone, turn on **Bluetooth**.
   b. Check the checkbox for **Visible to all nearby Bluetooth devices** to enable this option.
3. Pair with your smartphone by doing the following steps:
   a. On your instrument, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
   b. Press the **Bluetooth Connect** soft key.
   c. Press the **Scan** soft key.
   The instrument lists detected Bluetooth devices with their MAC address and status.
   d. Highlight your mobile device from the list by touching on the screen.
   e. Press the **Pair** soft key.

The pairing dialog box appears on your smartphone.

f On your smartphone, enter **0000** and then tap the **OK** button.
If pairing is successful, the status of your device on the list changes to "**Paired**".

4 Make sure to set your smartphone as a slave by completing the following steps:

a On your smartphone, open the **RANAdvisor TrueSite** icon.

b Go to **Settings > General**.

c Tap the **Automation Control Mode** menu under Automation Control Options.

d Select the **Local Bluetooth Control** option.

e Tap **Slave**.
The application restart dialog box appears.

f Tap **Continue**.
The application closes itself.

NOTE
It is very important for you to set the local Bluetooth control option to **Slave** on the RANAdvisor TrueSite app in order to give your instrument a control to collect necessary data from the app over Bluetooth successfully.

Setting parameters on RANAdvisor TrueSite™

To specify uplink measurement data that will be transferred to your instrument, you need to set map display parameters of your choice on the RANAdvisor TrueSite application.

Procedure

1 After you have paired and set your smartphone as a slave, open the **RANAdvisor TrueSite** icon on your device again.

2 Tap the **(+)** button at the bottom of the Home screen.
The Main Screen appears.

3 Tap the **Customization** menu.
The Choose Operation menu box appears.

4 Select **Map Display Parameters > LTE Serving and Neighbor Parameters**.

5 Make sure to check the checkbox for the following two mandatory parameters:

Serving E-ARFCN

Serving Physical Cell-ID

NOTE
It is very important for you to select these two parameters to identify the Uplink Channel Number, Physical Cell ID, Group ID, and Sector ID.

6 Select other parameters up to six from the list of parameters supported by the CellAdvisor instrument. See "Appendix L – Supported map display parameters" on page 807 for more information.

NOTE
As the RANAdvisor TrueSite app can transfer data of up to eight parameters at a time, it limits you to select eight parameters in total: two compulsories and six electives. After you have selected all eight parameters, the app blocks any further selection. In this case, you need to uncheck any selected optional parameters in order to enable other optional parameters.

7 Tap the **OK** button and then the **Back** key to return to the Home Screen.

Performing RAN performance testing

After you have set the local Bluetooth control option and selected desired parameters on the app, you need to connect your instrument to your smartphone via Bluetooth to enable data collection from RANAdvisor TrueSite so that you can view consolidated measurement results on your instrument and save results as a file.

Procedure

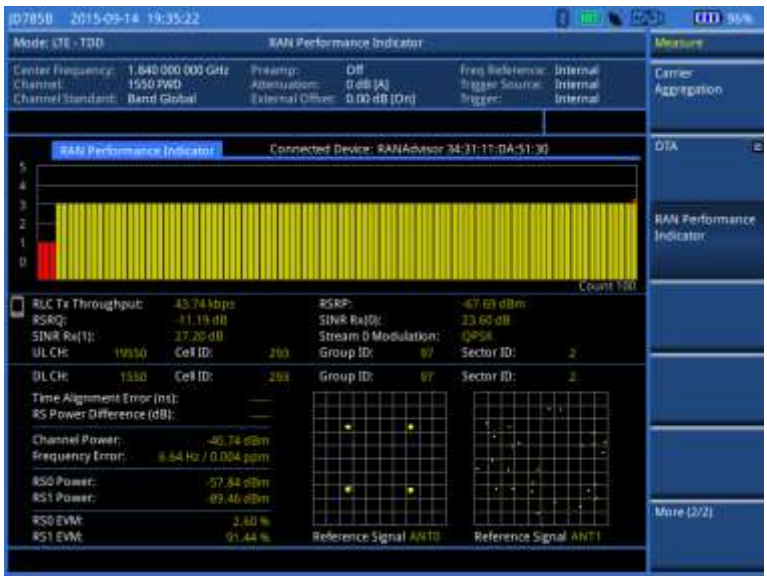
1. Make sure to have the RANAdvisor TrueSite app opened on your device.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key on your instrument.
3. Press the **Bluetooth Connect** soft key.
4. Highlight your paired smartphone to connect from the list.
5. Press the **Connect** soft key.
   The connected device information appears above the RAN Performance Indicator chart to indicate a successful connection.
6. The instrument automatically sets the correlated downlink channel number for the received uplink channel number and displays measurement results as like Figure 201. Observe the consolidated measurement results on the screen for your troubleshooting.

NOTE
If the Physical Cell ID of the uplink channel is not identical to the one of the downlink channel, the instrument displays "---" for the parameters to indicate invalid measurement results.

7. If you want to see measurement results for other parameters, select new parameters on the RANAdvisor TrueSite app. See "Setting parameters on RANAdvisor TrueSite™" on page 274.
8. *Optional*. To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 201 RAN performance indicator with LTE-TDD signal analyzer



Setting performance score level

To analyze your measurement data easily with color codes, you can use the limit feature and set a performance score level for each measurement parameter.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. To analyze the quality of user experience, do the following as needed:

To set the level for	Select	Set

Data throughput	Data Throughput	Good, Bad (kbps)
Channel quality indicator	CQI	Good, Bad
Modulation type	Modulation Type	(On/Off only)

3 To check the performance of eNode-B, do the following as needed:

To set the level for	**Select**	**Set**
Reference signal received power	RSRP	Good, Bad (dBm)
Reference signal received quality	RSRQ	Good, Bad (dB)
Signal to interference and noise ratio	SINR	Good, Bad (dB)
Error vector magnitude	More (1/2) > EVM	Good, Bad (%)
Time alignment error	More (1/2) > Time Alignment Error	Good, Bad (ns)
Frequency error	More (1/2) > Frequency Error	Good, Bad (ppm)

10

Chapter 10 Using CDMA Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the CDMA Signal Analyzer function (option 020) with the CDMA OTA Analyzer function (option 040). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 347
- Display overview 348
- Connecting a cable 348
- Selecting measurement mode 350
- Configuring test parameters 350
- Conducting spectrum measurements 355
- Conducting RF measurements 356
- Conducting modulation measurements 362
- Performing auto measurements 370
- Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 372
- Conducting CDMA OTA measurements 372

Introduction

This CDMA Signal Analyzer can be used to test a CDMA transmitter including cdmaOne and cdma2000 signals to check the base station's compliance with following standards documentation.

- 3GPP2 C.S0002 Physical Layer Standard for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Systems
- 3GPP2 C.S0010 Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Base Station

This instrument automatically makes standard defined measurements using the measurement methods and limits as defined in the standards. Detailed measurement results allow you to analyze cdmaOne and cdma2000 system performance.

- cdmaOne uses dual BPSK (Binary Phase-Shifting Key) for the forward link and OQPSK (Offset Quadrature Phase Shift Keying) for the reverse link.
- cdma2000 uses QPSK (Quadrature Phase Shift Keying) modulation for the forward link and QPSK modulation with HPSK spreading for the reverse link. Both forward and reverse links may have several channels, and individual characteristics for each channel. The chip rate depends on the mode selected.

You may alter the measurement parameters for specialized analysis. Pass/Fail testing with standard defined or user defined upper and lower limits and the Pass/Fail indictor help you to determine base station performance easily.

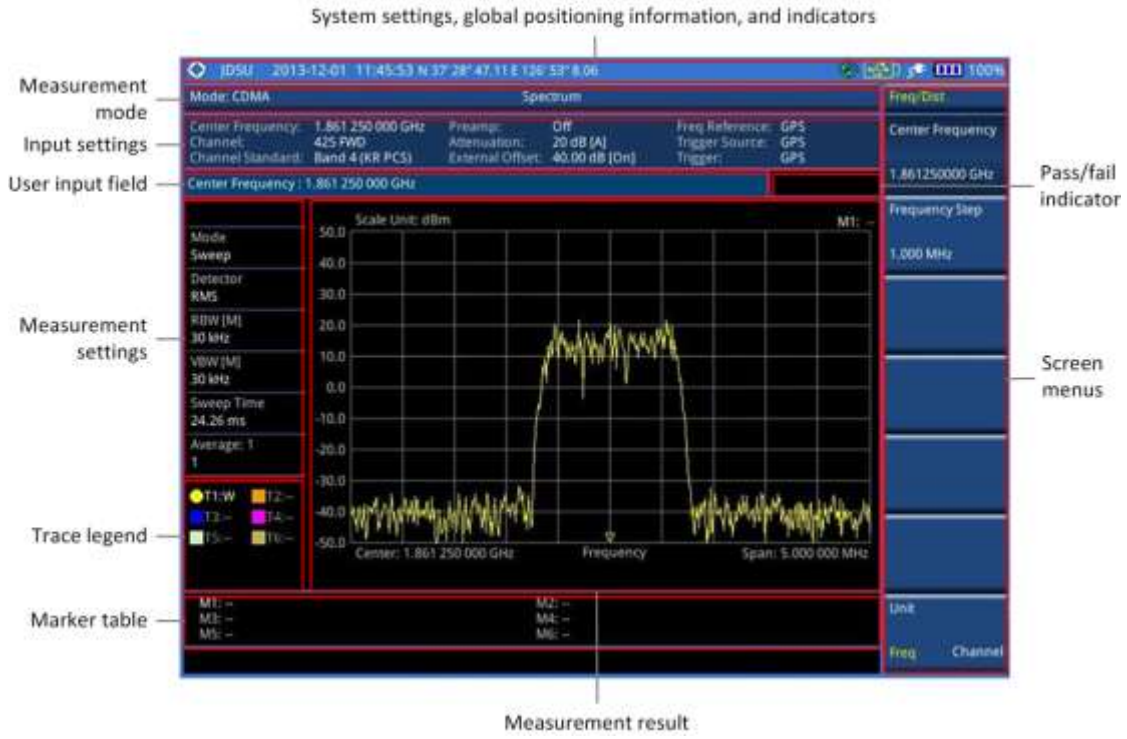
This instrument provides the following measurement tools for CDMA system:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM)
  - Adjacent Channel Power Ratio (ACPR)
  - Multi-ACPR
  - Spurious Emissions
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Code Domain Power
  - Codogram
  - Received Code Strength Indicator (RCSI)
  - CDP Table
- Auto Measure
- Power Statistics CCDF
- Over The Air (OTA)
  - Channel Scanner
  - PN Scanner
  - Multipath Profile
  - Code Domain Power
  - Route Map

Display overview

Figure 202 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 202 CDMA signal analyzer measurement screen



Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 203 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

Indirect connection

Procedure

1. Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 204 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

NOTE
For accurate PN Offset and Time Offset measurements with the CDMA Signal Analyzer function, a PP2S should be connected to the External Trigger. Without a GPS connection, measurement results could be invalid numbers.

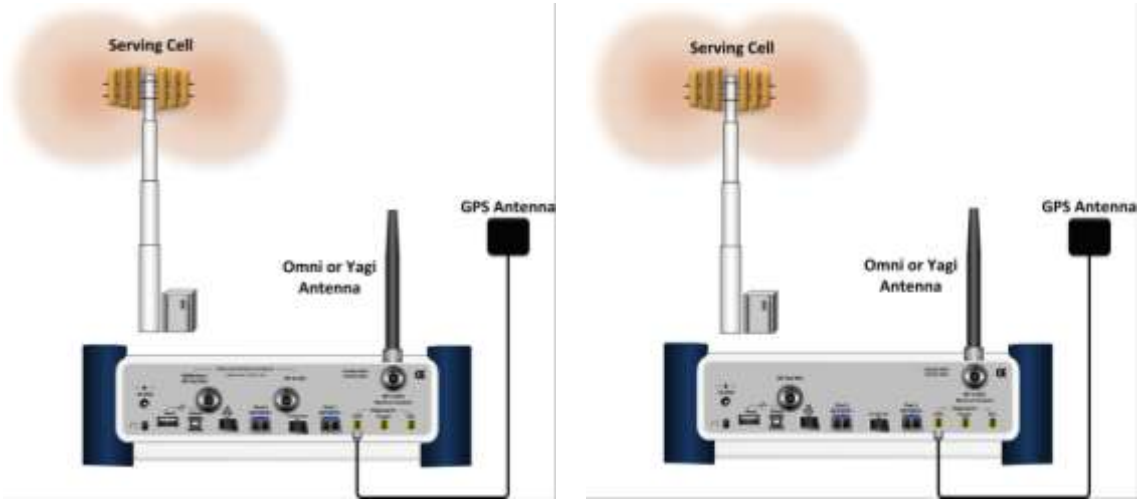
Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1. Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.
2. Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Figure 205 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3. Press the **CDMA** soft key. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power, **Occupied BW**, **Spectrum Emission Mask**, **ACPR**, **Multi-ACPR**, or **Spurious Emissions**

   Modulation > Constellation, **Code Domain Power**, **Codogram**, **RCSI**, or **CDP Table**

   Auto Measure

   Power Statistics CCDF

   OTA > Channel Scanner, **PN Scanner**, **Multipath Profile**, **Code Domain Power**, or **Route Map**

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.

4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard”” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
4. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
5. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
6. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
7. *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Multi-ACLR and Spurious Emissions modes.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   This unit key name changes according to the setting in the Units menu.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Code Domain Power**, **Codogram**, and **RCSI**, you may need to select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** before setting the reference level.

3 To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

a Select **Attenuation > Manual**.
b Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.
c Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
d Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**.
As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

***Optional*. To change the scale unit:**

1 Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2 Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3 Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements. Connecting an external trigger is necessary for accurate modulation measurements on CDMA systems.

Procedure

1. Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.
2. Select the trigger source option from the choices: **Internal**, **External**, and **GPS**.

Setting external clock

To enhance the reliability of modulation analysis measurements the JD700B series must be synchronized with a base station. When an external clock is not supplied, the instrument works with its built-in internal high-accuracy time base and some measurement results may exhibit inaccurate values. Therefore, it is highly recommended that you use the same reference clock as the signal source. You can use the ***TRIGGER*** hot key to set the external clock.

Table 14 Standards of external clock operation

Clock	Type	Reference	Port	Switching Standard
External Reference	Internal	Internal 10 MHz		Default
	External	External Ref Clock	Ext Ref (SMA)	Manual switching (Input signal level >-3 dBm)
	GPS	GPS Clock	GPS (SMA)	Automatic switching (GPS signal received)
Trigger	Internal	Internal Trigger		Default
	External	External Trigger	Trigger (SMA)	Manual switching
	GPS	GPS	GPS (SMA)	Manual switching

Figure 206 Connection ports for external reference clock

Procedure

1. Connect an external reference or a GPS antenna to the JD700B series.
2. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3. Press the **Freq Reference** soft key, and then select the reference option: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, or **GPS**.

NOTE
When a GPS antenna is connected and locked, GPS coordinates (longitude and latitude) are displayed on the screen and frequency reference is automatically set to GPS in the **System > Freq Reference**.

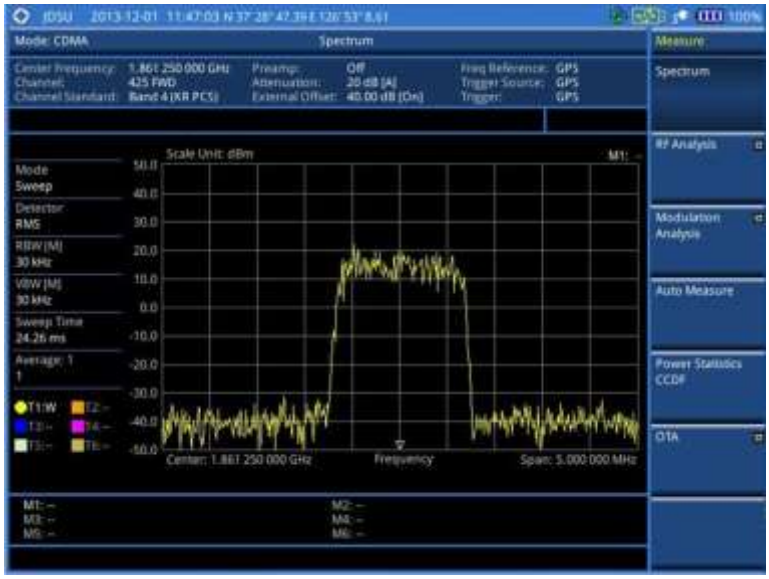
Table 15 External reference indicators

Type	Indicator	Description
Internal	(green)	The green **INT** icon indicates that the instrument uses the built-in internal time base.
External	(green)	The green **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connected and locked and that the instrument uses the same reference clock as the signal source.
External	(red)	The red **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connect but not locked.
GPS	(green)	The green GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locked.
GPS	(yellow)	The yellow GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locking is in progress.
GPS	(grey)	The grey GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is not connected, failed, or unable to be locked.

Conducting spectrum measurements

If you have configured test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 207**.

Figure 207 Spectrum measurement screen with CDMA signal analyzer



Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.

3 Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 To select the detection option, select **More (1/2) > Detectors**, and then do one of the following:

To display	Select
Random noise better than the peak without missing signals	Normal
The highest value in each data point	Peak
The root mean squared average power across the spectrum	RMS
The lowest value in each data point	Negative Peak
The center value in each data point	Sample

5 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

6 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power, power spectral density (PSD) and peak to average ratio (PAR) of the signal within the channel bandwidth (1.23 MHz for cdmaOne).

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 350, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 208**.

Figure 208 Channel power measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 361 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 209**.

Figure 209 Occupied bandwidth measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 361 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement required by 3GPP2 specifications encompasses different power limits and different measurement bandwidths (resolution bandwidths) at various frequency offsets. It may be expressed as a ratio of power spectral densities between the carrier and the specified offset frequency band. It provides useful figures-of-merit for the spectral re-growth and emissions produced by components and circuit blocks, without the rigor of performing a full SEM measurement.

The SEM measures spurious signal levels in up to five pairs of offset or region frequencies and relates them to the carrier power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 210**.

Figure 210 SEM measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 361 for more information.

ACPR

The Adjacent Channel Power Ratio (ACPR) is defined as the ratio of the average power in the adjacent frequency channel (or offset) to the average power in the transmitted frequency channel. It may be expressed as the ratio of the integrated signal power in the adjacent channel to the integrated signal power in the main channel.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 211**.

Figure 211 ACPR measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 361 for more information.

Multi-ACPR

The Multi-ACPR measurement is used to perform multi-channel ACPR measurements with as many channels as possible. It helps you to measure ACPR in multi-channel transmitting base station environment.

Setting frequency for Multi-ACPR

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the frequency, do one of the following:

   To set the center frequency, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
   b. Press the **Lowest Frequency** soft key to set the starting center frequency.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   e. Press the **Highest Frequency** soft key to set the stopping center frequency.
   f. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   g. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

   To set the channel number, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
   b. To select the standard channel, press the **Channel Std** soft key and then select the band to be measured.
   c. Press the **Lowest Channel** soft key to set the starting channel.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   e. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   f. Press the **Highest Channel** soft key to set the stopping channel.

g Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

h Press the **Enter** soft key.

After configuring test parameters, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 212**.

Figure 212 Multi-ACPR measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 361 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:

a Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.

b Do the following as desired:

Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.

Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.

Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.

Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.

Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.

Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.

Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.

c Press the **PREV** hard key.

d Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.

3 Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4 To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Average** soft key.

b Enter a value between **1** and **100**.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.

b Enter a value between **1** and **20**.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 213**.

Figure 213 Spurious emissions measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 361 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.

3 Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
ACPR	ACPR	(On/Off only)
Multi-ACPR	Multi-ACPR	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting modulation measurements

In order to make accurate measurements of time offset and PN, you must connect an external trigger before making a modulation measurement.

Constellation

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

3 To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 214 Constellation measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 369 for more information.

Code domain power

The Code Domain Power (CDP) measures the distribution of power across the set of code channels, normalized to the total power. It helps to verify that each code channel is operating at its proper level and to identify problems throughout the transmitter design from coding to the RF section. System imperfections such as amplifier non-linearity will present themselves as an undesired distribution of power in the code domain.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.

b Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Toggle the **Q-Paging** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the quick page channel that indicates the power of Quick Page Walsh code 80.

6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 215 Code domain power measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 369 for more information.

Setting display

You can view your measurement results in a different view option.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

2 Press the **Code Order** soft key, and then select the code order option from the following choices:

Hadamard: To assign the number based on Walsh code order and display the measured code power according to the assigned number in sequence.

Bit Reverse: Code number in binary bit is reversed relative to the Hadamard method.

3 Toggle the **Base Code Length** soft key and select the base Walsh code number: **64** or **128**.

Codogram

The Codogram displays how the code level is changing over time and makes it easier for you to view traffic channels as they initiate and terminate and to track traffic channels call levels over time. The Codogram measurements can be saved into an external USB memory so that a post-analysis can be done with the application software JDViewer.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **More (1/2) > Threshold**. Its default setting is -27 dB.
   b. Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Toggle the **Q-Paging** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the quick page channel that indicates the power of Quick Page Walsh code 80.
6. To set the time interval, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
7. To place the time cursor to analyze your measurements, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the time cursor.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
When the time cursor is enabled, the measurement is put on hold and information about the time cursor is displayed.

8. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.
9. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 216 Codogram in full view with CDMA signal analyzer

Setting display

You can view your measurement results in a different view option.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Code Order** soft key, and then select the code order option from the following choices:

   Hadamard: To assign the number based on Walsh code order and display the measured code power according to the assigned number in sequence.

   Bit Reverse: Code number in binary bit is reversed relative to the Hadamard method.
3. Toggle the **Base Code Length** soft key and select the base Walsh code number: **64** or **128**.

RCSI

The Received Code Strength Indicator (RCSI) is used to track the power variation of cdmaOne or cdma2000 control channels such as Pilot, Paging, Sync, and Q-Paging over time. The RCSI measurements can be saved into an external USB memory so that a post-analysis can be done with the application software JDViewer.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

3 To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
a Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
a Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
b Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Toggle the **Q-Paging** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the quick page channel that indicates the power of Quick Page Walsh code 80.

6 Press the **Alarm Code** soft key, and then select the alarm code option: **None**, **Pilot**, **Page**, **Sync**, or **Quick Page**.

7 To set the alarm mask, complete the following steps:
a Press the **Set Mask** soft key.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **[dB|dBm]** soft key.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 217 RCSI measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

Setting display

You can view your measurement results in a different view option.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

2 Press the **Code Order** soft key, and then select the code order option from the following choices:
Hadamard: To assign the number based on Walsh code order and display the measured

code power according to the assigned number in sequence.

Bit Reverse: Code number in binary bit is reversed relative to the Hadamard method.

3 Toggle the **Base Code Length** soft key and select the base Walsh code number: **64** or **128**.

CDP Table

The CDP Table is used to look at a numeric and textual description of all the active code channels in the signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

3 To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
   b Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Toggle the **Q-Paging** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the quick page channel that indicates the power of Quick Page Walsh code 80.

Measurement example

Figure 218 CDP Table measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

Setting display

If the CDP table spans over to the next page(s), you can change pages up and down to view your measurement results.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Code Order** soft key, and then select the code order option from the following choices:
   Hadamard: To assign the number based on Walsh code order and display the measured code power according to the assigned number in sequence.
   Bit Reverse: Code number in binary bit is reversed relative to the Hadamard method.
3. Toggle the **Base Code Length** soft key and select the base Walsh code number: **64** or **128**.
4. Select **Page Up** or **Page Down** as needed to scroll the screen up and down.

Setting limit for modulation tests

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the Modulation Test Limits soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Time offset	Time Offset	High Limit, Low Limit
Waveform quality (Rho)	Rho	Low Limit
Carrier feed through	Carrier Feed Through	High Limit
Pilot power	Pilot Power	High Limit [Abs|Rel]

		Low Limit [Abs|Rel]
Highest level among inactive channels	Max Inactive	High Limit

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The Time Offset compares the PN offset timing with the overall system time and the instrument checks the start of PN offset in comparison to either the GPS signal or the even second clock signal.

NOTE
The Rho measures the modulation quality for a CDMA transmitter along with EVM and Walsh Channel Power. It includes all errors occurred along the transmitter chain such as base band filtering, abnormality of I/Q modulator and distortion in power amplifier. A perfect Rho value is 1.0 indicating that all of the power is being transmitted correctly.

NOTE
The Carrier Feed Through is a result of the RF carrier signal feeding through the I/Q modulator and riding on the output circuitry without being modulated.

Performing auto measurements

The Auto Measure function of the JD700B series allows a complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters of up to 10 different carriers, particularly useful on an overlay architecture where base stations are transmitting in different frequencies.

The Auto Measure can be easily executed either by selecting a menu in the instrument or by running a programmed scenario in the PC-based application so that the instrument automatically configure and perform tests on every aspect of all the carriers.

Setting limit for auto measure

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

3 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Configuration** soft key and select the configuration option:

   Current: Lets the instrument use current frequency (single carrier) and determine pass or fail based on the instrument's limit settings in Auto Measure.

   Scenario: Runs a test with a programmed scenario in JDViewer.
   The Scenario menu becomes activated.
3. To load a scenario, press the **Scenario** soft key, and then select a scenario file to load.
4. Toggle the **Test Time** soft key and select the test time option:

   Now: Lets the instrument run a test only once.

   Schedule: Lets the instrument repeat tests as defined in the Set Timing.
   The Set Timing menu becomes activated.
5. To define a schedule for an auto measurement, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Set Timing** soft key.
   b. Press the **Start Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
   c. Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **Stop Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
   e. Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   f. Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   g. Enter the amount of time in minutes, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
6. To set external offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.
7. To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.
8. Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
   The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.
9. To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.
10. To change the view on the screen during the test, press the **Display** and then select the view option from the following choices:

    Screen: You can view each measurement screen as the test progresses.

    Results: You can view a measurement result table as the test progresses.

    Settings: You can view a measurement setting table as the test progresses.

Setting display

After completion of the auto measurement, the screen menu changes to Trace/Display so that you can view the results in different forms.

Procedure

1. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display option:

   Result: You can view the result table.
   The Display Result menu becomes activated.

   Settings: You can view the measurement settings for the auto measurement.
2. Toggle the **Display Result** soft key and select the display result option:

   Full: You can view detailed measurement readings with the pass/fail indication.

   Quick: You can view only the Pass/Fail results.
3. To view the measurement results for a different carrier, press the **View Carrier** soft key and then select the carrier number to view.

Performing power statistics CCDF measurements

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **CCDF Length** soft key to set the length of the CCDF.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 219 CCDF measurement with CDMA signal analyzer

Conducting CDMA OTA measurements

This Over The Air (OTA) measurement has channel scanner, PN scanner, multipath profile, and Code Domain power screens. It is used to verify CDMA transmitter performance at any location providing reflective measurements and identifying signals providing from different sites. The Code Domain power shows not only modulation performance metric but also amplifier capacity and code utilization metric. The Amplifier capacity (code utilization) measurement is an estimate of the amount of power amplifier capacity (code utilization) that is being used expressed in percent of maximum.

Channel scanner

Setting channel/frequency

Procedure

To set the channels to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number between one and six by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
5. To set the channel number for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. The instrument displays a corresponding center frequency for the channel number.
7. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
8. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3-6**.
9. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

To set the frequencies to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number between one and six by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To set the center frequency for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3-5**.
7. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

Setting measure setup

After configuring other test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting limit for OTA channel scanner

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the limit line and Pass/Fail indication.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Limit Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the limit line.
5. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 220 Channel scanner measurement with CDMA OTA signal analyzer

PN scanner

Each access network sector has a unique PN offset. The PN Scanner is used to identify all the active PNs in an area.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can

continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 221 PN scanner measurement with CDMA OTA signal analyzer

Multipath profile

The Multipath Profile enables you to determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. It indicates the amount of power of the dominant pilot signal that is dispersed outside the main correlation peak due to multipath echoes that are expressed in dB. This value should be very small ideally.

The multipath profile is the result of portions of the original broadcast signal arriving at the receiving antenna out of phase. This can be caused by the signal being reflected off objects such as buildings, or being refracted through the atmosphere differently from the main signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 222 Multipath profile measurement with CDMA OTA signal analyzer

Code domain power

Channels with high correlation factors are determined to be active channels and are indicated as such on the display. Once the channels are decoded, the analyzer determines the power of each channel relative to the total signal power.

This measurement helps to verify that each code channel is operating at its proper level and helps to identify problems throughout the transmitter design from the coding to the RF section. System imperfections, such as the non-linearity of amplifiers, will present themselves as an undesired distribution of power in the code domain.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in “Configuring test parameters” on page 350, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

3 To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
   b Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Toggle the **Q-Paging** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the quick page channel that indicates the power of Quick Page Walsh code 80.

6 To set the maximum amplifier power, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Max Amplifier Power** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **dBm** soft key.

7 To set the pilot power, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Pilot Power** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **dBm** soft key.

8 To set the threshold for pilot dominance, complete the following steps:
   a Select **More (1/2) > Pilot Dominance >**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Recommended value is 10. Color of the Pilot Dominance indicator on the screen bases on this setting.

9 To set the threshold for multipath power, complete the following steps:
   a Select **More (1/2) > Multipath Power <**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Recommended value is one. Color of the multipath power indicator on the screen bases on this setting.

10 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 223 Code domain power measurement with CDMA OTA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication.

Setting display

You can view your measurement results in a different view option.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Code Order** soft key, and then select the code order option from the following choices:
   Hadamard: To assign the number based on Walsh code order and display the measured code power according to the assigned number in sequence.
   Bit Reverse: Code number in binary bit is reversed relative to the Hadamard method.
3. Toggle the **Base Code Length** soft key and select the base Walsh code number: **64** or **128**.

Route map

The JD700B Series provides the Route Map function that allows you to collect data of points in an indoor or outdoor environment and track the received signals and coverage of RF transmitters by plotting data real time directly on top of a loaded floor plan or a map.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. If required, connect a GPS receiver to your JD700B series for outdoor mapping.
   Indoor mapping does not necessarily need a GPS antenna.
2. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 350.
3. To load your map file, complete the following steps:
   a. Plug in your USB drive that has a floor map or `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If

the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

NOTE
The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument's display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

b Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**. See "Using load" on page 37 for more information.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

5 Press the **Plot Point** soft key, and then select the plot point option from the following choices:

To collect data/plot points automatically as you move around in a vehicle or outside, press the **GPS** soft key and then toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key between **Map** and **Full**.

NOTE
With the **Map** setting, you can view only the collected points that can be seen within the boundary of the loaded map. If a point is off the map, the instrument displays an arrow to indicate the direction of the current location on the map and the distance from the center to the location at the top of the screen. With the **Full** setting, you can view all the collected points of the route without the loaded map.

To collect data/plot points manually without a GPS antenna in an indoor environment, press the **Position** soft key.

6 Press the **Plot Item** soft key, and then select the measurement option: **Pilot Power** or **Ec/Io**.

7 To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

8 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Start**.

9 Touch directly on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key to collect data and plot points on the loaded map for the **Position** setting.

NOTE
For the **Position** setting, you can change the direction of the route with the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob.

10 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Stop** to stop plotting.

11 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key to save the result.
See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The instrument does not automatically save the collected data. It is recommended that you save the result. Otherwise, you will lose all the collected data.

Setting limit

You can set the thresholds for the four different color indicators for Pilot power or Ec/Io.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 To set the limits for pilot power if you have selected Pilot for the plot item, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Pilot Power** soft key.
b Press the **Excellent** soft key to set its threshold.
c Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.
d Press the **Very Good** soft key to set its threshold.
e Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.
f Press the **Good** soft key to set its threshold.

g Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.
h Press the **Fair** soft key to set its threshold.
i Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.
j Press the **Poor** soft key to set its threshold.
k Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

3 To set the limits for Ec/Io if you have selected as for the plot item , complete the following steps:

a Press the **Ec/Io** soft key.
b Press the **Good** soft key to set its threshold.
c Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.
d Press the **Fair** soft key to set its threshold.
e Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.
f Press the **Poor** soft key to set its threshold.
g Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

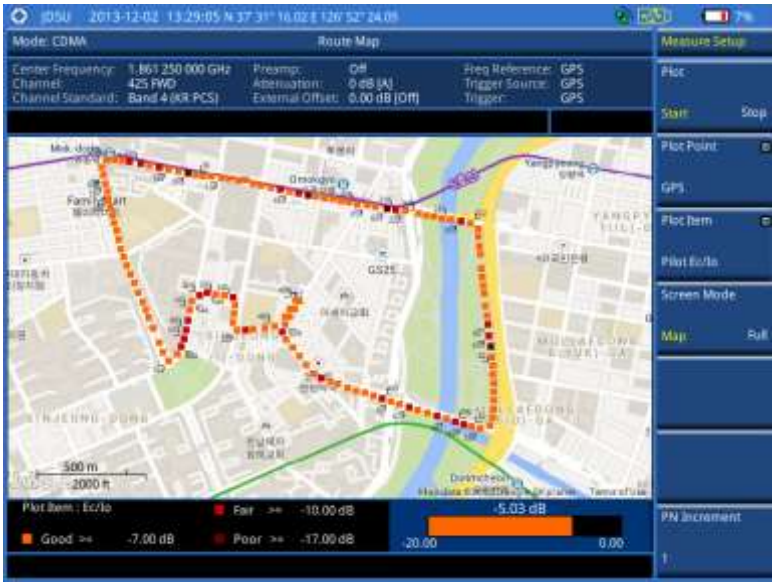
4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 224 Route map measurement with CDMA OTA signal analyzer

1) Pilot Power

2) Pilot Ec/Io



Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.

The black rectangle appears on the map.

b Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.

c Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.

d Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.

b Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.

c Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.

4 To set the location mode, toggle the **Location Mode** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual** and select the one you desire.

Auto: The instrument compares the coordinates of the displayed map with recevied GPS information. If your current location goes out of the displayed area and enters into the next zoomed-in section within the base map, the map display changes automatically to the next section in which your current position is.

Manual: The map display of the zoomed-in area remains unchanged even if your current location goes out of the displayed area. You can change the displayed area manually by using the arrow keys.

11

Chapter 11 Using EV-DO Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the EV-DO Signal Analyzer function (option 021) with the EV-DO OTA Analyzer function (option 041). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 384
- Display overview 384
- Connecting a cable 385
- Selecting measurement mode 387
- Configuring test parameters 387
- Conducting spectrum measurements 392
- Conducting RF measurements 393
- Conducting power vs. time measurements 399
- Conducting modulation measurements 401
- Performing auto measurements 411
- Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 413
- Conducting EV-DO OTA measurements 413

Introduction

The EV-DO Signal Analyzer of the JD700B series performs power and spectrum measurements as well as modulation analysis to test the proper transmitter performance of EV-DO systems. It performs conformance testing according to the following standards providing a simple Pass/Fail indication on each test.

- 3GPP2 C.S0024-B. cdma2000 High Rate Packet Data Air Interface Specification
- 3GPP2 C.S0032-B. Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for cdma2000 High Rate Packet Data Access Network

You may alter the measurement parameters for specialized analysis. Pass/Fail testing with standard defined or user defined upper and lower limits and the Pass/Fail indictor help you to determine base station performance easily.

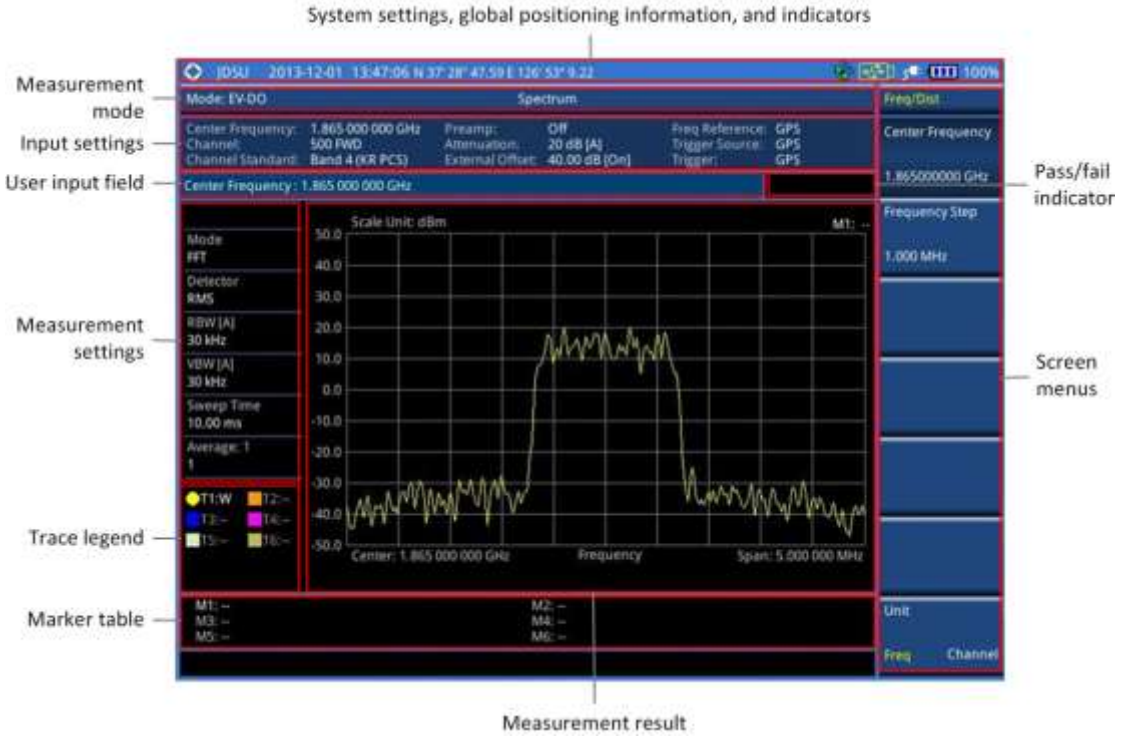
This instrument provides the following measurement tools for EV-DO system:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM)
  - Adjacent Channel Power Ratio (ACLR)
  - Multi-ACPR
  - Spurious Emissions
- Power vs. Time: Idle Slot and Active Slot
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Code Domain Power
  - MAC Codogram
  - Received Code Strength Indicator (RCSI)
  - MAC CDP Table
- Auto Measure
- Power Statistics CCDF
- Over The Air (OTA)
  - Channel Scanner
  - PN Scanner
  - Multipath Profile
  - Code Domain Power
  - Route Map

Display overview

Figure 225 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 225 EV-DO signal analyzer measurement screen



Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 226 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

Indirect connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 227 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

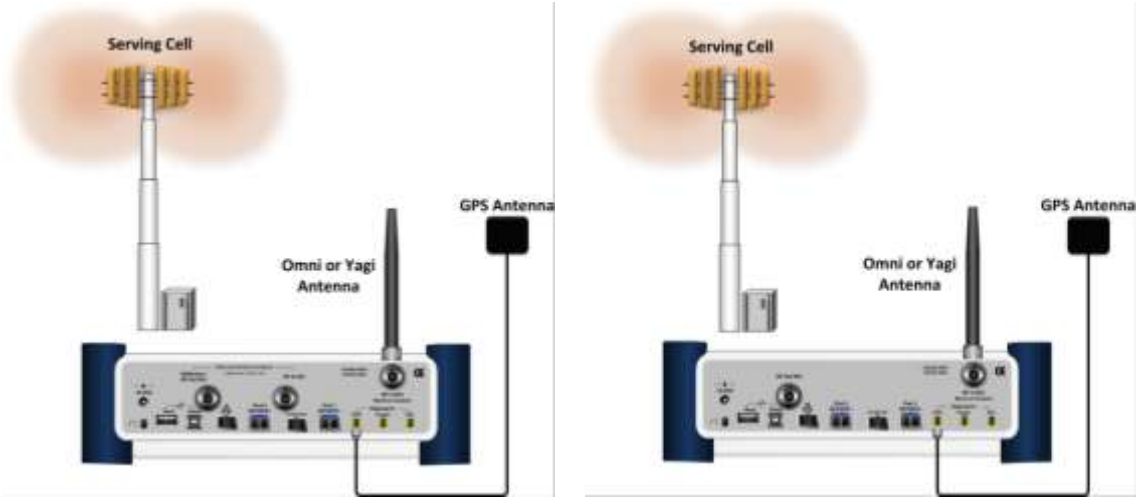
CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1. Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.
2. Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 228 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3. Press the **EV-DO** soft key. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power, **Occupied BW**, **Spectrum Emission Mask**, **ACPR**, **Multi-ACPR**, or **Spurious Emissions**

   Power vs Time > Power vs Time (Idle Slot) or **Power vs Time (Active Slot)**

   Modulation Analysis > Constellation > Composite 64, **Composite 128**, **Pilot**, **MAC 64**, **MAC 128**, or **Data**

   Modulation Analysis > Code Domain Power > Pilot, **MAC 64**, **MAC 128**, or **Data**

   Modulation Analysis > MAC Codogram, **RCSI**, or **MAC CDP Table**

   Auto Measure

   Power Statistics CCDF

   OTA > Channel Scanner, **PN Scanner**, **Multipath Profile**, **Code Domain Power**, or **Route Map**

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page**

Up/Page Down soft keys.

c Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.

4 Press the **Channel Number** soft key.

5 Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

6 Press the **Enter** soft key.
The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.

7 *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Channel Step** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Multi-ACLR and Spurious Emissions modes.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Reference Level** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.

c Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Code Domain Power** and **MAC Codogram**, you may need to select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** before setting the reference level.

3 To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

a Select **Attenuation > Manual**.

b Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.

c Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.

d Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation >**

Couple.
As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

To set the scale per division:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements. Connecting an external trigger is necessary for accurate modulation measurements on EV-DO systems.

Procedure

1. Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.
2. Select the trigger source option from the choices: **Internal**, **External**, and **GPS**.

Setting external clock

To enhance the reliability of modulation analysis measurements the JD700B series must be synchronized with a base station. When an external clock is not supplied, the instrument works with its built-in internal high-accuracy time base and some measurement results may exhibit inaccurate values. Therefore, it is highly recommended that you use the same reference clock as the signal source. You can use the ***TRIGGER*** hot key to set the external clock.

Table 16 Standards of external clock operation

Clock	Type	Reference	Port	Switching Standard
External Reference	Internal	Internal 10 MHz		Default
	External	External Ref Clock	Ext Ref (SMA)	Manual switching (Input signal level >-3 dBm)
	GPS	GPS Clock	GPS (SMA)	Automatic switching (GPS signal received)
Trigger	Internal	Internal Trigger		Default
	External	External Trigger	Trigger (SMA)	Manual switching
	GPS	GPS	GPS (SMA)	Manual switching

Figure 229 Connection ports for external reference clock

Procedure

1. Connect an external reference or a GPS antenna to the JD700B series.
2. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3. Press the **Freq Reference** soft key, and then select the reference option: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, or **GPS**.

NOTE
When a GPS antenna is connected and locked, GPS coordinates (longitude and latitude) are displayed on the screen and frequency reference is automatically set to GPS in the **System > Freq Reference**.

Table 17 External reference indicators

Type	Indicator	Description
Internal	INT (green)	The green **INT** icon indicates that the instrument uses the built-in internal time base.
External	EXT (green)	The green **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connected and locked and that the instrument uses the same reference clock as the signal source.
External	EXT (red)	The red **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connect but not locked.
GPS	(green)	The green GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locked.
GPS	(yellow)	The yellow GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locking is in progress.
GPS	(grey)	The grey GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is not connected, failed, or unable to be locked.

Conducting spectrum measurements

If you have configured test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 230**.

Figure 230 Spectrum measurement screen with EV-DO signal analyzer

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal’s maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal’s minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the

screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

5 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power, power spectral density (PSD) and peak to average ratio (PAR) of the signal in the EV-DO channel bandwidth (1.23 MHz).

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 387, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 231.

Figure 231 Channel power measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See "Setting limit for RF tests" on page 399 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 232.

Figure 232 Occupied bandwidth measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 399 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement required by 3GPP2 specifications encompasses different power limits and different measurement bandwidths (resolution bandwidths) at various frequency offsets. It may be expressed as a ratio of power spectral densities between the carrier and the specified offset frequency band. It provides useful figures-of-merit for the spectral re-growth and emissions produced by components and circuit blocks, without the rigor of performing a full SEM measurement.

The SEM measures spurious signal levels in up to five pairs of offset or region frequencies and relates them to the carrier power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 233.

Figure 233 SEM measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 399 for more information.

ACPR

The Adjacent Channel Power Ratio (ACPR) is defined as the ratio of the average power in the adjacent frequency channel (or offset) to the average power in the transmitted frequency channel. It may be expressed as the ratio of the integrated signal power in the adjacent channel to the integrated signal power in the main channel.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 234.

Figure 234 ACPR measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 399 for more information.

Multi-ACPR

The Multi-ACPR measurement is used to perform multi-channel ACPR measurements with as many channels as possible. It helps you to measure ACPR in multi-channel transmitting Base Station environment.

Setting frequency for Multi-ACPR

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the frequency, do one of the following:

   To set the center frequency, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
   b. Press the **Lowest Frequency** soft key to set the starting center frequency.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   e. Press the **Highest Frequency** soft key to set the stopping center frequency.
   f. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   g. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

   To set the channel number, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
   b. To select the standard channel, press the **Channel Std** soft key and then select the band to be measured.
   c. Press the **Lowest Channel** soft key to set the starting channel.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   e. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   f. Press the **Highest Channel** soft key to set the stopping channel.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   h. Press the **Enter** soft key.

After configuring the test parameters, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 235**.

Figure 235 Multi-ACPR measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 399 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set up the range table and frequency range, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key, and then enter the range number to add a new range or change an existing one.
   b. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   c. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key to set up the frequency range.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   e. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   f. Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key to set up the frequency range.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   h. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
3. Toggle the **Range** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the selected range.
4. To set up the test limits for Pass/Fail indication, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Start Limit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the **dBm** soft key.
   d. Press the **Stop Limit** soft key.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

f Select the **dBm** soft key.

5 To set up the other parameters, complete the following steps:

a Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation** to set up the attenuation value.

a Enter a value in the multiple of five.

b Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

c Press the **RBW** soft key.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

e Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

f Press the **VBW** soft key.

g Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

h Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

6 Press the **PREV** hard key.

7 Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

8 Set the number of measurements to be averaged:

a Press the **Average** soft key.

b Enter a value between 1 and 100.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 236**.

Figure 236 Spurious emissions measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 399 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
ACPR	ACPR	(On/Off only)
Multi-ACPR	Multi-ACPR	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time measurements

The Power vs. Time (Idle Slot and Active Slot) in EV-DO Signal Analyzer verifies that the transmitter output power has correct amplitude, shape, and timing for the EV-DO format.

- Idle Slot: Slot with no data in traffic channel.
- Active Slot: Slot with the loaded data in traffic channel.

Forward link of 1xEV-DO is a frame structure and each frame consists of 16 slots. The frame period for 1xEV-DO is 26.667 ms, which is also the period of one pilot channel. Each frame is divided into 16 slots of 1.666 ms. 1xEV-DO uses CDMA modulation scheme, but unlike its previous systems the Pilot, MAC (Media Access Control), and Data (Traffic) Channel are not transmitted simultaneously; instead they are transmitted in TDM (Time Division Multiplex).

Power vs. time (idle slot)

The Power vs. Time (Idle Slot) measurement provides the idle slot that includes the Pilot and MAC channels with the masks in all regions.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 237**.

Figure 237 Power vs. time (idle slot) measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for power vs. time tests” on page 401 for more information.

Power vs. time (active slot)

The Power vs. Time (Active Slot) measurement includes the Pilot, MAC, and Data channels with the upper and lower masks.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 238**.

Figure 238 Power vs. time (active slot) measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for power vs. time tests” on page 401 for more information.

Setting limit for power vs. time tests

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s):

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Pilot power	Pilot Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Medium access control power	MAC Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Data power during the data period	Data Power	High Limit, Low Limit
On/off power ratio of the pilot and MAC powers to the data power	On/Off Ratio	Low Limit

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting modulation measurements

In order to make accurate measurements of time offset and PN, you must connect an external trigger before making a modulation measurement.

Constellation

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the detection mode option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 410 for more information. *The Max Inactive is not used in the Constellation mode.*

Measurement example

Figure 239 Constellation measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

1) Composite 64

2) Composite 128

3) Pilot

4) MAC 64

5) MAC 128

6) Data

Code domain power

The Code Domain Power (CDP) measures the distribution of power across the set of code channels, normalized to the total EV-DO power. It helps to verify that each code channel is operating at its proper level and to identify problems throughout the transmitter design from coding to the RF section. System imperfections such as amplifier non-linearity will present themselves as an undesired distribution of power in the code domain.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
   b. Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the detection mode option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available

for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication for the Max Inactive. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 410 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 240 Code domain power measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

1) Pilot

2) MAC 64

3) MAC 128

4) Data

MAC Codogram

The MAC Codogram displays the power variation for every code over time, presenting a clear view of the traffic load per channels at any given time. The MAC Codogram measurements can be saved into an external USB memory so that a post-analysis can be done with the application software JDViewer.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

3 To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
a Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
a Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
b Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Toggle the **MAC** soft key and select the MAC Walsh code option: **64** or **128**.

6 To set the time interval, complete the following steps:
a Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To place the time cursor to analyze your measurements, complete the following steps:
a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the time cursor.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

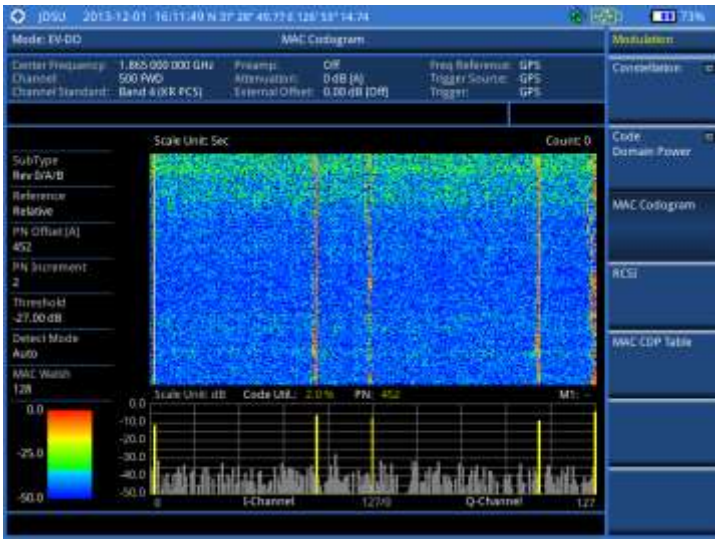
NOTE
When the time cursor is enabled, the measurement is put on hold and information about the time cursor is displayed.

8 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

9 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 241 MAC Codogram in full view with EV-DO signal analyzer



RCSI

The Received Code Strength Indicator (RCSI) is used to track the power variation over time of EV-DO channels: Pilot, MAC, Data, and Slot. The RCSI measurements can be saved into an external USB memory

so that a post-analysis can be done with the application software JDViewer.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
   b. Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Toggle the **MAC** soft key and select the MAC Walsh code option: **64** or **128**.
6. Press the **Alarm Code** soft key, and then select the alarm code option: **None**, **Pilot**, **MAC**, **Data**, or **Slot**.
7. To set the alarm mask, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Set Mask** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **[dB|dBm]** soft key.
8. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 242 RCSI measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

MAC CDP Table

The MAC CDP Table is used for the user to look at a numeric and textual description of all the active control channels in the signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To set the threshold between Auto and Manual, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
   b. Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Toggle the **MAC** soft key and select the MAC Walsh code option: **64** or **128**.

Measurement example

Figure 243 MAC CDP Table measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

Setting display

If the MAC CDP table spans over to the next page(s), you can change pages up and down to view your measurement results.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Select **Page Up** or **Page Down** as needed to scroll the screen up and down.

Setting limit for modulation tests

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the Modulation Test Limits soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Time offset	Time Offset	High Limit, Low Limit
Carrier feed through	Carrier Feed Through	High Limit
Highest level among inactive channels	Max Inactive	High Limit
Waveform quality (Rho) for pilot	Pilot Rho	Low Limit
Waveform quality (Rho) for MAC	MAC Rho	Low Limit
Waveform quality (Rho) for data	Data Rho	Low Limit

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.

See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The Time Offset compares the PN offset timing with the overall system time and the instrument checks the start of PN offset in comparison to either the GPS signal or the even second clock signal.

NOTE
The Carrier Feed Through is a result of the RF carrier signal feeding through the I/Q modulator and riding on the output circuitry without being modulated.

Performing auto measurements

The Auto Measure function of the JD700B series allows a complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters of up to 10 different carriers, particularly useful on an overlay architecture where base stations are transmitting in different frequencies.

The Auto Measure can be easily executed either by selecting a menu in the instrument or by running a programmed scenario in the PC-based application so that the instrument automatically configure and perform tests on every aspect of all the carriers.

Setting limit for auto measure

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
3. Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
4. Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
5. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Configuration** soft key and select the configuration option:
   Current: Lets the instrument use current frequency (single carrier) and determine pass or fail based on the instrument’s limit settings in Auto Measure.
   Scenario: Runs a test with a programmed scenario in JDViewer. The Scenario menu becomes activated.
3. To load a scenario, press the **Scenario** soft key, and then select a scenario file to load.

4 Toggle the **Test Time** soft key and select the test time option:

Now: Lets the instrument run a test only once.

Schedule: Lets the instrument repeat tests as defined in the Set Timing.
The Set Timing menu becomes activated.

5 To define a schedule for an auto measurement, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Set Timing** soft key.
b Press the **Start Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
c Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
d Press the **Stop Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
e Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
f Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
g Enter the amount of time in minutes, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Press the **Settings** soft key, and then set the following:

a Toggle the **MAC** soft key and select the MAC Walsh code option: **64** or **128**.
b Toggle the **PvsT** soft key and select the slot option: **Idle** or **Active**.
c Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

7 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

8 Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.

9 To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.

10 To change the view on the screen during the test, press the **Display** and then select the view option from the following choices:

Screen: You can view each measurement screen as the test progresses.

Results: You can view a measurement result table as the test progresses.

Settings: You can view a measurement setting table as the test progresses.

Setting display

After completion of the auto measurement, the screen menu changes to Trace/Display so that you can view the results in different forms.

Procedure

1 Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display option:

Result: You can view the result table.
The Display Result menu becomes activated.

Settings: You can view the measurement settings for the auto measurement.

2 Toggle the **Display Result** soft key and select the display result option:

Full: You can view detailed measurement readings with the pass/fail indication.

Quick: You can view only the Pass/Fail results.

3 To view the measurement results for a different carrier, press the **View Carrier** soft key and then select the carrier number to view.

Performing power statistics CCDF measurements

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **CCDF Length** soft key to set the length of the CCDF.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 244 CCDF measurement with EV-DO signal analyzer

Conducting EV-DO OTA measurements

This Over The Air (OTA) measurement has channel scanner, PN scanner, multipath profile, and Code Domain power screens. It is used to verify EV-DO transmitter performance at any location providing reflective measurements and identifying signals providing from different sites. The Code Domain power shows not only modulation performance metric but also amplifier capacity and code utilization metric. The Amplifier capacity (code utilization) measurement is an estimate of the amount of power amplifier capacity (code utilization) that is being used expressed in percent of maximum.

Channel scanner

Setting channel/frequency

Procedure

To set the channels to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number between one and six by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
5. To set the channel number for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. The instrument displays a corresponding center frequency for the channel number.
7. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
8. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3-6**.
9. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

To set the frequencies to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number between one and six by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. To set the center frequency for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3-5**.
7. Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

Setting measure setup

After configuring other test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting limit for OTA channel scanner

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the limit line and Pass/Fail indication.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Limit Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the limit line.
5. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 245 Channel scanner measurement with EV-DO OTA signal analyzer

PN scanner

Each access network sector has a unique PN offset. The PN Scanner is used to identify all the active PNs in an area.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also

use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 246 PN scanner measurement with EV-DO OTA signal analyzer

Multipath profile

The Multipath Profile enables you to determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. It indicates the amount of power of the dominant pilot signal that is dispersed outside the main correlation peak due to multipath echoes that are expressed in dB. This value should be very small ideally.

The multipath profile is the result of portions of the original broadcast signal arriving at the receiving antenna out of phase. This can be caused by the signal being reflected off objects such as buildings, or being refracted through the atmosphere differently from the main signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 247 Multipath profile measurement with EV-DO OTA signal analyzer

Code domain power

Channels with high correlation factors are determined to be active channels and are indicated as such on the display. Once the channels are decoded, the analyzer determines the power of each channel relative to the total signal power.

This measurement helps to verify that each code channel is operating at its proper level and helps to identify problems throughout the transmitter design from the coding to the RF section. System imperfections, such as the non-linearity of amplifiers, will present themselves as an undesired distribution of power in the code domain.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in “Configuring test parameters” on page 387, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the Pseudo-Noise (PN) offset, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **PN Offset** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys to set manually.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
3 To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PN Increment** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
4 To set the threshold between **Auto** and **Manual**, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
   b Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys to change the value in the Manual mode.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
5 Toggle the **MAC** soft key and select the MAC Walsh code option: **64** or **128**.
6 Press the **Detect Mode** soft key, and then select the detection mode option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.
7 To set the threshold for pilot dominance, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Pilot Dominance >** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Recommended value is 10. Color of the Pilot Dominance indicator on the screen bases on this setting.

8 To set the threshold for multipath power, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Multipath Power <** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Recommended value is one. Color of the multipath power indicator on the screen bases on this setting.

9 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 248 Code domain power measurement with EV-DO OTA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication.

Route map

The JD700B Series provides the Route Map function that allows you to collect data of points in an indoor or outdoor environment and track the received signals and coverage of RF transmitters by plotting data real time directly on top of a loaded floor plan or a map.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. If required, connect a GPS receiver to your JD700B series for outdoor mapping.
   Indoor mapping does not necessarily need a GPS antenna.
2. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 387.
3. To load your map file, complete the following steps:
   a. Plug in your USB drive that has a floor map or `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

   NOTE
   The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

   b. Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**. See “Using load” on page 37 for more information.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
5. Press the **Plot Point** soft key, and then select the plot point option from the following choices:

   To collect data/plot points automatically as you move around in a vehicle or outside, press the **GPS** soft key and then toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key between **Map** and **Full**.

   NOTE
   With the **Map** setting, you can view only the collected points that can be seen within the

boundary of the loaded map. If a point is off the map, the instrument displays an arrow to indicate the direction of the current location on the map and the distance from the center to the location at the top of the screen.

With the **Full** setting, you can view all the collected points of the route without the loaded map.

To collect data/plot points manually without a GPS antenna in an indoor environment, press the **Position** soft key.

6 Press the **Plot Item** soft key, and then select the measurement option: **Pilot Power** or **Ec/Io**.

7 To set the incremental step for the PN offset, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PN Increment** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

8 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Start**.

9 Touch directly on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key to collect data and plot points on the loaded map for the **Position** setting.

NOTE
For the **Position** setting, you can change the direction of the route with the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob.

10 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Stop** to stop plotting.

11 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key to save the result.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The instrument does not automatically save the collected data. It is recommended that you save the result. Otherwise, you will lose all the collected data.

Setting limit

You can set the thresholds for the four different color indicators for Pilot power or Ec/Io.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Select the plot items and set the limits as needed:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Pilot Power	Pilot Power	Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair, Poor (dBm)
Ec/Io	Ec/Io	Good, Fair, Poor (dB)

3 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 249 Route map measurement with EV-DO OTA signal analyzer

1) **Pilot Power**

2) **Pilot Ec/Io**

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.

   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.

   c. Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.

d Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.

b Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.

c Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.

4 To set the location mode, toggle the **Location Mode** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual** and select the one you desire.

Auto: The instrument compares the coordinates of the displayed map with recevied GPS information. If your current location goes out of the displayed area and enters into the next zoomed-in section within the base map, the map display changes automatically to the next section in which your current position is.

Manual: The map display of the zoomed-in area remains unchanged even if your current location goes out of the displayed area. You can change the displayed area manually by using the arrow keys.

12

Chapter 12 Using TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer function (option 025) with the TD-SCDMA OTA Analyzer function (option 045). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 424
- Display overview 425
- Connecting a cable 425
- Selecting measurement mode 427
- Configuring test parameters 427
- Conducting spectrum measurements 431
- Conducting RF measurements 433
- Conducting power vs. time measurements 440
- Conducting modulation measurements 446
- Performing auto measurements 453
- Conducting TD-SCDMA OTA measurements 455

Introduction

The Time Division-Synchronous Code Division Multiple Access, also known as TD-SCDMA, is a 3G mobile telecommunications standard that is pursued by the Chinese Academy of Telecommunications Technology (CATT) in the People's Republic of China. The TD-SCDMA uses the TDD scheme while the WCDMA uses the FDD.

This TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer can be used for testing of TD-SCDMA systems, made according to the following standard documentation.

- 3GPP TS 25.105 Base Station radio transmission and reception (TDD)
- 3GPP TS 25.142 Base Station conformance testing (TDD)
- 3GPP TS 25.222 Multiplexing and channel coding (TDD)
- 3GPP TS 25.223 Spreading and modulation (TDD)

The instrument automatically makes standard defined measurements using the measurement methods and limits as defined in the standard. The detailed results allow you to analyze TD-SCDMA/HSDPA system performance. You may alter the measurement parameters for specialized analysis. Pass/Fail testing with standard defined or user defined upper and lower limits and the Pass/Fail indictor help you to determine base station performance easily.

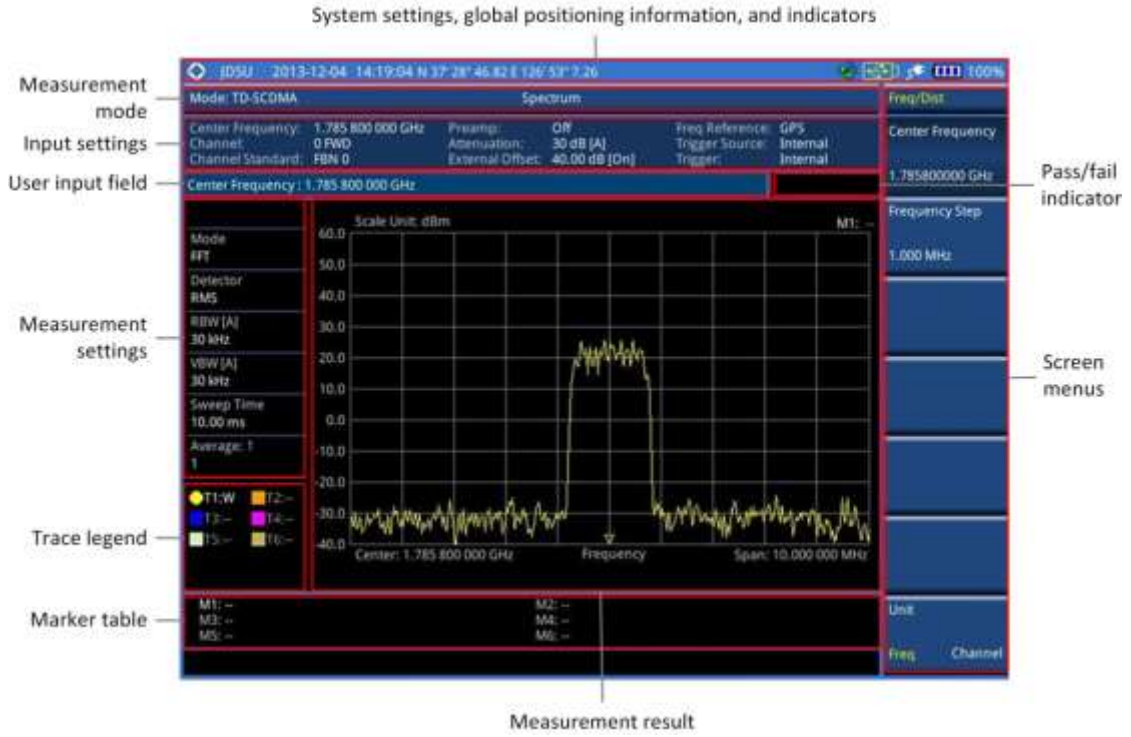
This instrument provides the following measurement tools for TD-SCDMA system:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask
  - Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)
  - Multi-ACLR
  - Spurious Emissions
- Power vs. Time:
  - Power vs. Time (Slot)
  - Power vs. Time (Frame)
  - Power vs. Time (Mask)
  - Timogram
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Midamble Power
  - Code Power
  - Code Error
- Auto Measure
- Over The Air (OTA)
  - Sync-DL ID Scanner
  - Sync-DL ID vs. Tau
  - Sync-DL ID Multipath
  - Sync-DL ID Analyzer
  - Route Map

Display overview

Figure 250 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 250 TD-SCDMA signal analyzer measurement screen



Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1. Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 251 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

Indirect connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 252 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

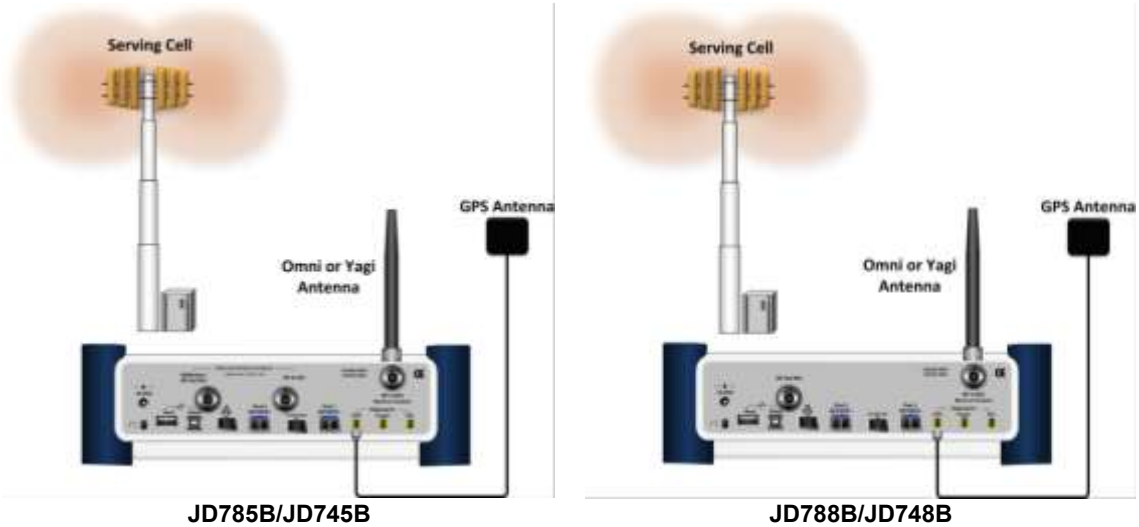
Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1 Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.

2 Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 253 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3. Select **More (1/2) > TD-SCDMA**. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power, **Occupied BW**, **Spectrum Emission Mask**, **ACLR**, **Multi-ACLR**, or **Spurious Emissions**

   Power vs Time > Power vs Time (Slot), **Power vs Time (Frame)**, **Power vs Time (Frame)**, or **Timogram**

   Modulation Analysis > Constellation, **Midamble Power**, **Code Power**, or **Code Error**

   Auto Measure

   OTA > Sync-DL ID Scanner, **Sync-DL ID vs Tau**, **Sync-DL ID Multipath**, **Sync-DL ID Analyzer**, or **Route Map**

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.

See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.

b Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.

c Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.

4 Press the **Channel Number** soft key.

5 Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

6 Press the **Enter** soft key.
The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.

7 *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Channel Step** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Multi-ACLR and Spurious Emissions modes.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Reference Level** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.

c Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Midamble Power**, **Code Power**, and **Code Error**, you may need to select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** before setting the reference level.

3 To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

To set the input attenuator’s level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

a Select **Attenuation > Manual**.

b Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.

c Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.

d Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**.

As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation in the spectrum and RF analysis. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements.

Procedure

1. Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.
2. Select the trigger source option from the choices: **Internal**, **External**, and **GPS**.

Setting external clock

To enhance the reliability of modulation analysis measurements the JD700B series must be synchronized with a base station. When an external clock is not supplied, the instrument works with its built-in internal high-accuracy time base and some measurement results may exhibit inaccurate values. Therefore, it is highly recommended that you use the same reference clock as the signal source. You can use the ***TRIGGER*** hot key to set the external clock.

Figure 254 Connection ports for external reference clock

Procedure

1. Connect an external reference or a GPS antenna to the JD700B series.
2. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3. Press the **Freq Reference** soft key, and then select the reference option: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, or **GPS**.

Table 18 External reference indicators

Type	Indicator	Description
Internal	(green)	The green **INT** icon indicates that the instrument uses the built-in internal time base.
External	(green)	The green **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connected and locked and that the instrument uses the same reference clock as the signal source.
External	(red)	The red **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connect but not locked.
GPS	(green)	The green GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locked.
GPS	(yellow)	The yellow GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locking is in progress.
GPS	(grey)	The grey GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is not connected, failed, or unable to be locked.

Conducting spectrum measurements

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
3. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, **Figure 255**.

Figure 255 Spectrum measurement screen with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m

Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

5 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measurement determines the average power of an RF signal burst at or above a specified threshold value.

The purpose of the Channel Power measurement is to determine the power delivered to the antenna system on the RF channel under test. The instrument acquires a TD-SCDMA signal in the time domain. The average power level above the threshold is then computed and displayed.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.

3 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 256 Channel power measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 440 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
3. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 257 Occupied bandwidth measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 440 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement required by 3GPP specifications encompasses different power limits and different measurement bandwidths (resolution bandwidths) at various frequency offsets. It may be expressed as a ratio of power spectral densities between the carrier and the specified offset frequency band. It provides useful figures-of-merit for the spectral re-growth and emissions produced by components and circuit blocks, without the rigor of performing a full SEM measurement.

The SEM measures spurious signal levels in up to five pairs of offset or region frequencies and relates them to the carrier power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
3. To select the mask type according to the output power of the base station, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Mask Type** soft key.
   b. Select the mask type option: **- 26 dBm**, **26 – 34 dBm**, or **34 dBm –**.
4. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 258 SEM measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 440 for more information.

ACLR

The Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) measures the amount of interference or power in an adjacent frequency channel according to the standards.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.

3 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 259 ACLR measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 440 for more information.

Multi-ACLR

The Multi-ACLR measurement is used to perform multi-channel ACLR measurements with as many channels as possible. It helps you to measure ACLR in multi-channel transmitting Base Station environment.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the frequency, do one of the following:

   To set the center frequency, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
   b. Press the **Lowest Frequency** soft key to set the starting center frequency.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   e. Press the **Highest Frequency** soft key to set the stopping center frequency.
   f. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   g. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

   To set the channel number, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
   b. To select the standard channel, press the **Channel Std** soft key and then select the band to be measured.
   c. Press the **Lowest Channel** soft key to set the starting channel.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
e Press the **Enter** soft key.
f Press the **Highest Channel** soft key to set the stopping channel.
g Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
h Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 260 Multi-ACLR measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 440 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2 To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.
   b Do the following as desired:

Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.

Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.

Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.

Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.

Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.

Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.

Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.

c Press the **PREV** hard key.

d Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.

3 Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4 To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Average** soft key.

b Enter a value between **1** and **100**, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.

b Enter a value between **1** and **20**, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 261 Spurious emissions measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 440 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
ACLR	ACLR	(On/Off only)
Multi-ACLR	Multi-ACLR	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time measurements

The Power vs. Time (P vs T) measurement analyzes the amplitude profile and timing of the burst signal and provides a time mask for the signal. It measures the mean transmit power during the “useful part” of TD-SCDMA bursts and verifies that the power ramp fits within the defined mask. TD-SCDMA is a Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) scheme with seven time slots, or bursts, per RF channel and by using the “Multi-Slot” function, up to seven slots in a frame can be viewed at one time.

Power vs. time (slot)

The Power vs. Time (Slot) in TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the signal rise and fall shape of TD-SCDMA signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
3. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **DL Auto** for auto detection of downlink, **UL Auto** for auto detection of uplink, **SF1**, **SF2**, **SF4**, **SF8**, or **SF16**
4. To set the number of maximum users, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Max Users** soft key.

b Enter a value up to 16 by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

6 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select how to determine scrambling estimation, toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Spec** or **Full**.

NOTE
The Spec searches “Sync Sequence Number” from 0 to 31 based on the TD-SCDMA specification and determines “Scrambling Code Number” by using the sync sequence number, while the Full does from 0 to 127 fully.

To select how to determine the Midamble spread factor estimation either in full or maximum power search, toggle the **Mid SF Map** soft key and select **Max** or **Spec**.

NOTE
The Max determines the spread factor of the Midamble by using the maximum power of the received Midamble, while the Spec searches “Default Midamble Allocation” based on the TD-SCDMA specification.

To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK/8PSK**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

Measurement example

Figure 262 Power vs. time (slot) measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for power vs. time tests” on page 446 for more information.

Power vs. time (frame)

The Power vs. Time (Frame) measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the power of each time slot of the TD-SCDMA signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
3. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **DL Auto** for auto detection of downlink, **UL Auto** for auto detection of uplink, **SF1**, **SF2**, **SF4**, **SF8**, or **SF16**
4. To set the number of maximum users, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Max Users** soft key.
   b. Enter a value up to 16 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select how to determine scrambling estimation, toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Spec** or **Full**.

NOTE
The Spec searches “Sync Sequence Number” from 0 to 31 based on the TD-SCDMA specification and determines “Scrambling Code Number” by using the sync sequence number, while the Full does from 0 to 127 fully.

   To select how to determine the Midamble spread factor estimation either in full or maximum power search, toggle the **Mid SF Map** soft key and select **Max** or **Spec**.

NOTE
The Max determines the spread factor of the Midamble by using the maximum power of the received Midamble, while the Spec searches “Default Midamble Allocation” based on the TD-SCDMA specification.

   To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK/8PSK**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

Measurement example

Figure 263 Power vs. time (frame) measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for power vs. time tests” on page 446 for more information. The On/Off Ratio is not used in the power vs. time (frame) tests.

Power vs. time (mask)

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
3. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **DL Auto** for auto detection of downlink, **UL Auto** for auto detection of uplink, **SF1**, **SF2**, **SF4**, **SF8**, or **SF16**
4. To set the number of maximum users, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Max Users** soft key.
   b. Enter a value up to 16 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

   NOTE
   The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.
6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To select how to determine scrambling estimation, toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Spec** or **Full**.

NOTE
The Spec searches “Sync Sequence Number” from 0 to 31 based on the TD-SCDMA specification and determines “Scrambling Code Number” by using the sync sequence number, while the Full does from 0 to 127 fully.

To select how to determine the Midamble spread factor estimation either in full or maximum power search, toggle the **Mid SF Map** soft key and select **Max** or **Spec**.

NOTE
The Max determines the spread factor of the Midamble by using the maximum power of the received Midamble, while the Spec searches “Default Midamble Allocation” based on the TD-SCDMA specification.

To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK/8PSK**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

Measurement example

Figure 264 Power vs. time (mask) measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for power vs. time tests” on page 446 for more information. The DwPTS Power and UpPTS Power are not used in the power vs. time (mask) tests.

Timogram

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **DL Auto** for auto detection of downlink, **UL Auto** for auto detection of uplink, **SF1**, **SF2**, **SF4**, **SF8**, or **SF16**
3. To set the number of maximum users, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Max Users** soft key.
b Enter a value up to 16 by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To set the time interval, complete the following steps:
a Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 To place the time cursor to analyze your measurements, complete the following steps:
a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the time cursor.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
When the time cursor is enabled, the measurement is put on hold and information about the time cursor is displayed.

6 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To set the delay, complete the following steps:
a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

To select how to determine scrambling estimation, toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Spec** or **Full**.

NOTE
The Spec searches “Sync Sequence Number” from 0 to 31 based on the TD-SCDMA specification and determines “Scrambling Code Number” by using the sync sequence number, while the Full does from 0 to 127 fully.

To select how to determine the Midamble spread factor estimation either in full or maximum power search, toggle the **Mid SF Map** soft key and select **Max** or **Spec**.

NOTE
The Max determines the spread factor of the Midamble by using the maximum power of the received Midamble, while the Spec searches “Default Midamble Allocation” based on the TD-SCDMA specification.

To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK/8PSK**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

Measurement example

Figure 265 Timogram with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

Setting limit for power vs. time tests

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Slot power	Slot Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Downlink pilot signal power	DwPTS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Uplink pilot signal power	UpPTS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Power between on and off portions of the downlink slots	On/Off Ratio	High Limit, Low Limit

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting modulation measurements

TD-SCDMA receivers rely on the frequency or phase quality of the QPSK or 8PSK signal in order to achieve the expected carrier to noise performance. A transmitter with high frequency or phase error is often still able to support phone calls during a functional test. It displays the frequency errors numerically and graphically, showing the binary representation of the demodulated data bits of the received signal using Constellation, Midamble Power, Code Power, and Code Error screens.

Constellation

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** to set the scramble code automatically or manually.
3. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
4. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **DL Auto** for auto detection of downlink, **UL Auto** for auto detection of uplink, **SF1**, **SF2**, **SF4**, **SF8**, or **SF16**
5. To set the number of maximum users, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Max Users** soft key.
   b. Enter a value up to 16 by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To set the delay, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

   To select how to determine scrambling estimation, toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Spec** or **Full**.

NOTE
The Spec searches “Sync Sequence Number” from 0 to 31 based on the TD-SCDMA specification and determines “Scrambling Code Number” by using the sync sequence number, while the Full does from 0 to 127 fully.

   To select how to determine the Midamble spread factor estimation either in full or maximum power search, toggle the **Mid SF Map** soft key and select **Max** or **Spec**.

NOTE
The Max determines the spread factor of the Midamble by using the maximum power of the received Midamble, while the Spec searches “Default Midamble Allocation” based on the TD-SCDMA specification.

   To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK/8PSK**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

   To set the relative threshold, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
   b. Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 266 Constellation measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 452 for more information. The Max Inactive is not used in the Constellation mode.

Midamble power

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** to set the scramble code automatically or manually.
3. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
4. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **DL Auto** for auto detection of downlink, **UL Auto** for auto detection of uplink, **SF1**, **SF2**, **SF4**, **SF8**, or **SF16**
5. To set the number of maximum users, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Max Users** soft key.
   b. Enter a value up to 16 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

To select how to determine scrambling estimation, toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Spec** or **Full**.

NOTE
The Spec searches “Sync Sequence Number” from 0 to 31 based on the TD-SCDMA specification and determines “Scrambling Code Number” by using the sync sequence number, while the Full does from 0 to 127 fully.

To select how to determine the Midamble spread factor estimation either in full or maximum power search, toggle the **Mid SF Map** soft key and select **Max** or **Spec**.

NOTE
The Max determines the spread factor of the Midamble by using the maximum power of the received Midamble, while the Spec searches “Default Midamble Allocation” based on the TD-SCDMA specification.

To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK/8PSK**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

To set the relative threshold, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
b Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys.
c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 267 Midamble measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

Code power

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** to set the scramble code automatically or manually.
3. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
4. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **DL Auto** for auto detection of downlink, **UL Auto** for auto detection of uplink, **SF1**, **SF2**, **SF4**, **SF8**, or **SF16**
5. To set the number of maximum users, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Max Users** soft key.
   b. Enter a value up to 16 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To set the delay, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

To select how to determine scrambling estimation, toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Spec** or **Full**.

NOTE
The Spec searches “Sync Sequence Number” from 0 to 31 based on the TD-SCDMA specification and determines “Scrambling Code Number” by using the sync sequence number, while the Full does from 0 to 127 fully.

To select how to determine the Midamble spread factor estimation either in full or maximum power search, toggle the **Mid SF Map** soft key and select **Max** or **Spec**.

NOTE
The Max determines the spread factor of the Midamble by using the maximum power of the received Midamble, while the Spec searches “Default Midamble Allocation” based on the TD-SCDMA specification.

To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK/8PSK**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

To set the relative threshold, complete the following steps:

a. Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.
b. Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys.
c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 268 Code power measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication for the Max Inactive. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 452 for more information.

Code error

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** to set the scramble code automatically or manually.
3. Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
4. Press the **Spread Factor** soft key, and then select the spread factor option: **DL Auto** for auto detection of downlink, **UL Auto** for auto detection of uplink, **SF1**, **SF2**, **SF4**, **SF8**, or **SF16**
5. To set the number of maximum users, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Max Users** soft key.
   b. Enter a value up to 16 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

To select how to determine scrambling estimation, toggle the **Scramble** soft key and select **Spec** or **Full**.

NOTE
The Spec searches “Sync Sequence Number” from 0 to 31 based on the TD-SCDMA specification and determines “Scrambling Code Number” by using the sync sequence number, while the Full does from 0 to 127 fully.

To select how to determine the Midamble spread factor estimation either in full or maximum power search, toggle the **Mid SF Map** soft key and select **Max** or **Spec**.

NOTE
The Max determines the spread factor of the Midamble by using the maximum power of the received Midamble, while the Spec searches “Default Midamble Allocation” based on the TD-SCDMA specification.

To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK/8PSK**, **QPSK**, **8PSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

To set the relative threshold, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Threshold** soft key. Its default setting is -27 dB.

b Enter a value between -50 and zero by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 269 Code error measurement with TD-SCDMA signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication for the Max Inactive. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 452 for more information.

Setting limit for modulation tests

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the Modulation Test Limits soft key.

3 Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
Error vector magnitude rms	EVM RMS	High Limit
Peak code domain error	PCDE	High Limit
Highest level among inactive channels	Max Inactive	High Limit

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Performing auto measurements

The Auto Measure function of the JD700B series allows a complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters of up to 10 different carriers, particularly useful on an overlay architecture where base stations are transmitting in different frequencies.

The Auto Measure can be easily executed either by selecting a menu in the instrument or by running a programmed scenario in the PC-based application so that the instrument automatically configure and perform tests on every aspect of all the carriers.

Setting limit

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

3 Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

4 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.

5 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Toggle the **Configuration** soft key and select the configuration option:

Current: Lets the instrument use current frequency (single carrier) and determine pass or fail based on the instrument's limit settings in Auto Measure.

Scenario: Runs a test with a programmed scenario in JDViewer.
The Scenario menu becomes activated.

3 To load a scenario, press the **Scenario** soft key, and then select a scenario file to load.

4 Toggle the **Test Time** soft key and select the test time option:

Now: Lets the instrument run a test only once.

Schedule: Lets the instrument repeat tests as defined in the Set Timing.
The Set Timing menu becomes activated.

5 To define a schedule for an auto measurement, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Set Timing** soft key.
b Press the **Start Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
c Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
d Press the **Stop Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
e Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
f Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
g Enter the amount of time in minutes, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Press the **Settings** soft key, and then set the following:

a Press the **Slot Number** soft key, and then select the time slot number to be displayed: **TS0**, **TS1**, **TS2**, **TS3**, **TS4**, **TS5**, or **TS6**.
b Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
c Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

7 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

8 Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.

9 To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.

10 To change the view on the screen during the test, press the **Display** and then select the view option from the following choices:

Screen: You can view each measurement screen as the test progresses.

Results: You can view a measurement result table as the test progresses.

Settings: You can view a measurement setting table as the test progresses.

Setting display

After completion of the auto measurement, the screen menu changes to Trace/Display so that you can view the results in different forms.

Procedure

1 Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display option:

Result: You can view the result table.
The Display Result menu becomes activated.

Settings: You can view the measurement settings for the auto measurement.

2 Toggle the **Display Result** soft key and select the display result option:

Full: You can view detailed measurement readings with the pass/fail indication.

Quick: You can view only the Pass/Fail results.

3 To view the measurement results for a different carrier, press the **View Carrier** soft key and then select the carrier number to view.

Conducting TD-SCDMA OTA measurements

Sync-DL ID scanner

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sync-DL ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** to set the Sync Downlink ID automatically or manually.
3. *Optional*. To select the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 270 Sync-DL ID scanner measurement with TD-SCDMA OTA signal analyzer

Sync-DL ID vs. Tau

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sync-DL ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** to set the Sync Downlink ID automatically or manually.
3. *Optional*. To select the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 271 Sync-DL ID vs. Tau measurement with TD-SCDMA OTA signal analyzer

Sync-DL ID multipath

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sync-DL ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** to set the Sync Downlink ID automatically or manually.
3. *Optional*. To select the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 272 Sync-DL ID multipath measurement with TD-SCDMA OTA signal analyzer

Sync-DL ID analyzer

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Toggle the **Sync-DL ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** to set the Sync Downlink ID automatically or manually.

3 *Optional*. To select the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.

b Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

c Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

d Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting limit for Sync-DL ID analyzer

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. To set the limit for rms of the error vector magnitude, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **EVM RMS** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the limit.
   c. Press the **High Limit** soft key, and then enter a value for the upper threshold.
   d. Press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the limit for frequency error, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Error** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Test Limits** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the limit.
   c. Press the **High Limit** soft key, and then enter a value for the upper threshold.
   d. Press the **ppm** soft key.
   e. Press the **Low Limit** soft key, and then enter a value for the lower threshold.
   f. Press the **ppm** soft key.
4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 273 Sync-DL ID analyzer measurement with TD-SCDMA OTA signal analyzer

Route map

The JD700B Series provides the Route Map function that allows you to collect data of points in an indoor or outdoor environment and track the received signals and coverage of RF transmitters by plotting data real time directly on top of a loaded floor plan or a map.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. If required, connect a GPS receiver to your JD700B series for outdoor mapping.
   Indoor mapping does not necessarily need a GPS antenna.
2. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 427.
3. To load your map file, complete the following steps:
   a. Plug in your USB drive that has a floor map or `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

   NOTE
   The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

   b. Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**. See “Using load” on page 37 for more information.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
5. Press the **Plot Point** soft key, and then select the plot point option from the following choices:
   To collect data/plot points automatically as you move around in a vehicle or outside, press the **GPS** soft key and then toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key between **Map** and **Full**.

   NOTE
   With the **Map** setting, you can view only the collected points that can be seen within the boundary of the loaded map. If a point is off the map, the instrument displays an arrow to indicate the direction of the current location on the map and the distance from the center to the location at the top of the screen.

   With the **Full** setting, you can view all the collected points of the route without the loaded map.

   To collect data/plot points manually without a GPS antenna in an indoor environment, press the **Position** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Start** to start plotting.
7. Touch directly on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key to collect data and plot points on the loaded map for the **Position** setting.

   NOTE
   For the **Position** setting, you can change the direction of the route with the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob.
8. Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Stop** to stop plotting.
9. Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key to save the result.
   See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

   NOTE
   The instrument does not automatically save the collected data. It is recommended that you save the result. Otherwise, you will lose all the collected data.

Setting limit for route map

You can set the thresholds for each test item.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Excellent** soft key to set its threshold.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Very Good** soft key to set its threshold.

5 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

6 Press the **Good** soft key to set its threshold.

7 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

8 Press the **Fair** soft key to set its threshold.

9 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

10 Press the **Poor** soft key to set its threshold.

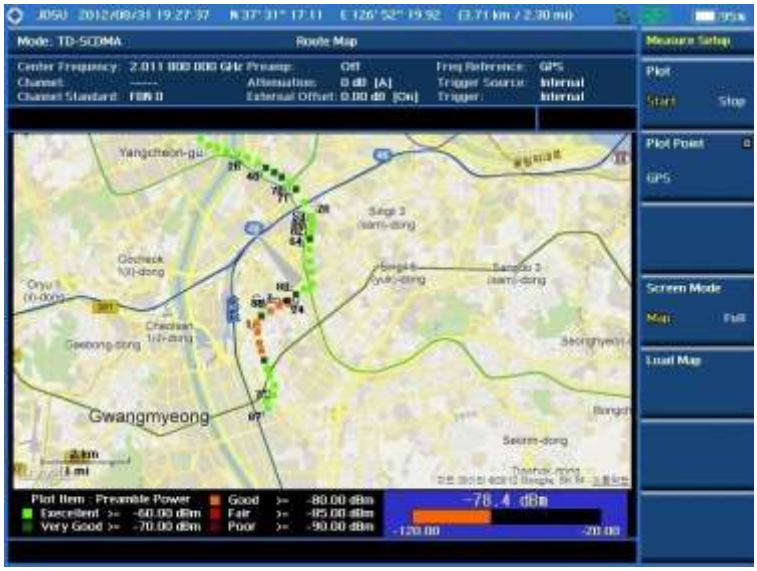
11 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

12 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 274 Route map measurement with TD-SCDMA OTA signal analyzer

1) Map view



2) Full view

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.
   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.
   c. Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.
   d. Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

   To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.
   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.
   c. Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.
4. To set the location mode, toggle the **Location Mode** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual** and select the one you desire.

   Auto: The instrument compares the coordinates of the displayed map with recevied GPS information. If your current location goes out of the displayed area and enters into the next zoomed-in section within the base map, the map display changes automatically to the next section in which your current position is.

   Manual: The map display of the zoomed-in area remains unchanged even if your current location goes out of the displayed area. You can change the displayed area manually by using the arrow keys.

14

Chapter 13 Using Mobile WiMAX Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the Mobile WiMAX Signal Analyzer function (option 026) with the Mobile WiMAX OTA Analyzer function (option 046). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 463
- Display overview 464
- Connecting a cable 464
- Selecting measurement mode 466
- Configuring test parameters 466
- Conducting spectrum measurements 470
- Conducting RF measurements 472
- Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurements 478
- Conducting modulation measurements 480
- Performing auto measurements 487
- Performing power statistics CCDF measurements 488
- Conducting Mobile WiMAX OTA measurements 489

Introduction

The Mobile WiMAX Signal Analyzer performs power and spectrum measurements as well as modulation analysis to test the proper transmitter performance of Mobile WiMAX systems. It performs conformance testing according to the following standards providing a simple Pass/Fail indication on each test.

- IEEE 802.16e-2005
- WiBro (Korean Mobile WiMAX OFDMA Service)

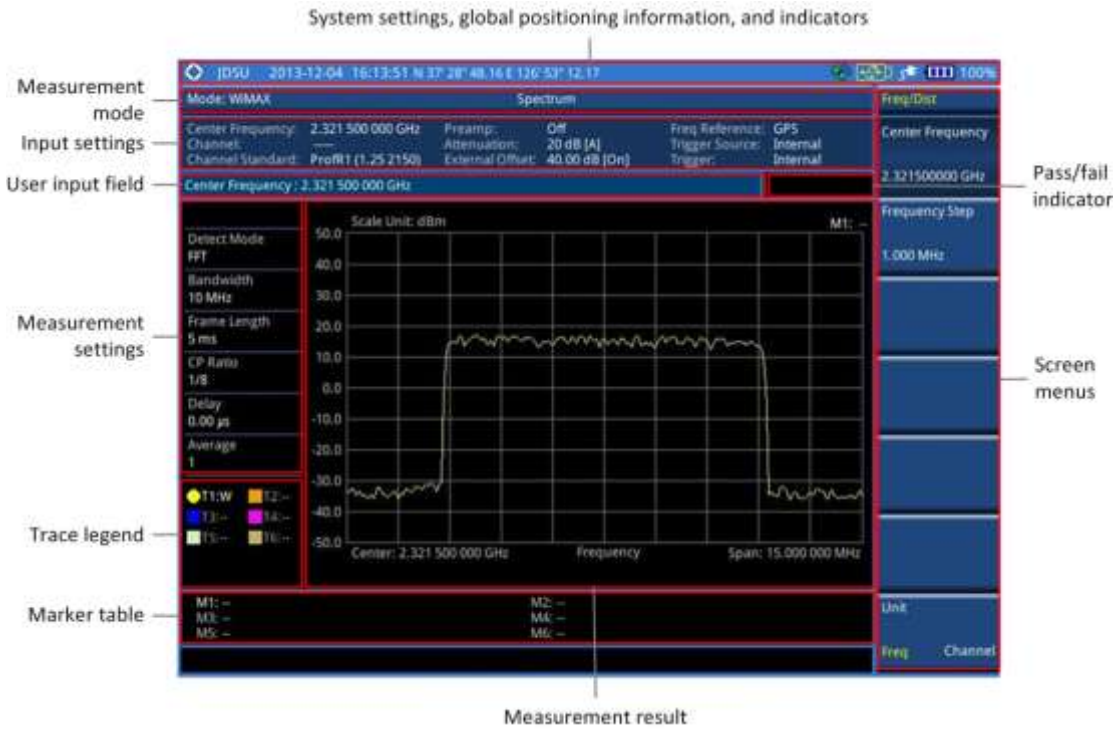
This instrument provides the following measurement tools for Mobile WiMAX system:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask
  - Spurious Emissions
- Power vs. Time (Frame)
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Spectral Flatness
  - EVM vs. Subcarrier
  - EVM vs. Symbol
- Auto Measure
- Power Statistics CCDF
- Over The Air (OTA)
  - Preamble Scanner
  - Multipath Profile
  - Preamble Power Trend
  - Route Map

Display overview

Figure 275 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 275 Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer measurement screen



Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1. Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 276 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

Indirect connection

Procedure

1. Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 277 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

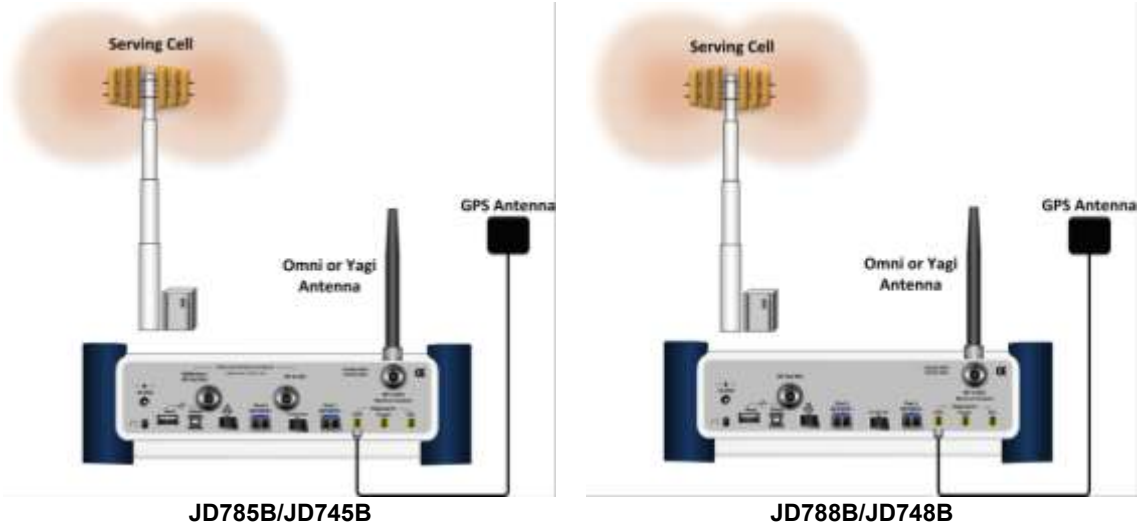
CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1. Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.
2. Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 278 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3. Select **More (1/2) > Mobile WiMAX**. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power, **Occupied BW**, **Spectrum Emission Mask**, or **Spurious Emissions**

   Power vs Time (Frame)

   Modulation Analysis > Constellation, **Spectral Flatness**, **EVM vs Subcarrier**, or **EVM vs. Symbol**

   Auto Measure

   Power Statistics CCDF

   OTA > Preamble Scanner, **Multipath Profile**, **Preamble Power Trend**, or **Route Map**

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.

See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.

b Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.

c Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.

4 Press the **Channel Number** soft key.

5 Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

6 Press the **Enter** soft key.
The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.

7 *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Channel Step** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Spurious Emissions mode.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

2 To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Reference Level** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.

c Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Midamble Power**, **Code Power**, and **Code Error**, you may need to select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** before setting the reference level.

3 To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

To set the input attenuator’s level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

a Select **Attenuation > Manual**.

b Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.

c Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.

d Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**.

As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1 Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2 Press the **Average** soft key.
3 Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1 Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2 Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3 *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1 Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements.

Procedure

1 Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.
2 Select the trigger source option from the choices: **Internal**, **External**, and **GPS**.

Setting external clock

To enhance the reliability of modulation analysis measurements the JD700B series must be synchronized with a base station. When an external clock is not supplied, the instrument works with its built-in internal high-accuracy time base and some measurement results may exhibit inaccurate values. Therefore, it is highly recommended that you use the same reference clock as the signal source. You can use the

TRIGGER hot key to set the external clock.

Figure 279 Connection ports for external reference clock

Procedure

1. Connect an external reference or a GPS antenna to the JD700B series.
2. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3. Press the **Freq Reference** soft key, and then select the reference option: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, or **GPS**.

Table 19 External reference indicators

Type	Indicator	Description
Internal	(green)	The green **INT** icon indicates that the instrument uses the built-in internal time base.
External	(green)	The green **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connected and locked and that the instrument uses the same reference clock as the signal source.
External	(red)	The red **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connect but not locked.
GPS	(green)	The green GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locked.
GPS	(yellow)	The yellow GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locking is in progress.
GPS	(grey)	The grey GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is not connected, failed, or unable to be locked.

Conducting spectrum measurements

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:
      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In

conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth

8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7

10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25

b Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.

c Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

e Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.

f Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.

g Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

h Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.

i Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

3 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example, Figure 280.

Figure 280 Spectrum measurement screen with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

2 Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.

3 Complete one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

5 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting RF measurements

Channel power

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power, power spectral density (PSD) and peak to average ratio (PAR) of the signal in the Mobile WiMAX channel bandwidth.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 466, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:

7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In

conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth

8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7

10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25

b Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.

c Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

e Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.

f Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.

g Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

h Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.

i Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

3 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4 To set the start/stop symbols, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Start Symbol** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

c Press the **Stop Symbol** soft key.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 281 Channel power measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 478 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:
      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth
      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7
      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25
   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.
   f. Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   h. Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.
   i. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4. To set the start/stop symbols, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Start Symbol** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   c. Press the **Stop Symbol** soft key.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 282 Occupied bandwidth measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 478 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement compares the total power level within the defined carrier bandwidth and the given offset channels according to the standards.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:
      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth
      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7
      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25
   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.
   f. Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

h Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.

i Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

3 *Optional*. To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4 To set the start/stop symbols, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Start Symbol** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

c Press the **Stop Symbol** soft key.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 283 SEM measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 478 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.
   b. Do the following as desired:
      Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.
      Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.
      Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.
   c. Press the **PREV** hard key.
   d. Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.
3. Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4. To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Average** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between **1** and **100**, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
5. To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.
   b. Enter a value between **1** and **20**, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 284 Spurious emissions measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 478 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.
3. Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4. *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurements

The Power vs. Time (Frame) measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the power of each time slot in a Mobile WiMAX signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:

      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth

      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7

      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25

   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.
   f. Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   h. Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.
   i. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

3 To set the start/stop symbols, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Start Symbol** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   c Press the **Stop Symbol** soft key.
   d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
4 Toggle the **Preamble Index** soft key and select the preamble search method: **Auto** or **Manual**.
5 Toggle the **Search Type** soft key and select **Full** or **Window**.
6 Toggle the **Video Filter** soft key and select **On** or **Off** to enable or disable the video filter.
7 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

   To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

Setting limit for power vs. time tests

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key.
3 Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s):

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Preamble power	Preamble Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Downlink burst power	DL Burst Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Uplink burst power	UL Burst Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Frame average power	Frame Average Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Time offset	Time Offset	High Limit, Low Limit
I/Q origin offset	IQ Origin Offset	High Limit

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 285 Power vs. time (frame) measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

Conducting modulation measurements

Constellation

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:
      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth
      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7
      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25
   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.

f Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.

g Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

h Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.

i Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

3 To set the start/stop symbols, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Start/Stop Symbol** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

4 Toggle the **Preamble Index** soft key and select the preamble search method: **Auto** or **Manual**.

5 Toggle the **Search Type** soft key and select **Full** or **Window**.

6 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

To select the downlink zone, press the **DL Zone** soft key and then select the permutation zone option: **Auto**, **PUSC** for partial usage of subcarrier channels, **FUSC** for full usage of subcarrier channels, or **AMC2X3** for adaptive modulation and coding.

NOTE
The permutation zone that is a number of contiguous OFDMA symbols in downlink that use the same permutation. The DL subframe may contain more than one permutation zone. The maximum number of DL zone is 8 in one DL subframe.

To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 286 Constellation measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 486 for more information. The Spectral Flatness is not used in the Constellation mode.

Spectral flatness

The Spectral Flatness is used to measure the flatness energy of the constellation according to the WiMAX specification IEEE 802.16e.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:

      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth

      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7

      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25

   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.
   f. Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   h. Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.
   i. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the start/stop symbols, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Start Symbol** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   c. Press the **Stop Symbol** soft key.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Toggle the **Preamble Index** soft key and select the preamble search method: **Auto** or **Manual**.
5. Toggle the **Search Type** soft key and select **Full** or **Window**.
6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

   To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

   To select the downlink zone, press the **DL Zone** soft key and then select the permutation zone option: **Auto**, **PUSC** for partial usage of subcarrier channels, **FUSC** for full usage of subcarrier channels, or **AMC2X3** for adaptive modulation and coding.

NOTE
The permutation zone, which is a number of contiguous OFDMA, symbols in downlink that use the same permutation. The DL subframe may contain more than one permutation zone. The maximum number of DL zone is 8 in one DL subframe.

   To set the delay, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 287 Spectral flatness measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication for the Spectral Flatness. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 486 for more information.

EVM vs. subcarrier

The EVM vs Subcarrier shows the error vector magnitude representing the average constellation error of WIMAX OFDMA subcarriers.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:
      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth
      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7
      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25
   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last

sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

e Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.

f Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.

g Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

h Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.

i Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

3 To set the start/stop symbols, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Start/Stop Symbol** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

4 Toggle the **Preamble Index** soft key and select the preamble search method: **Auto** or **Manual**.

5 Toggle the **Search Type** soft key and select **Full** or **Window**.

6 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:

To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.

To select the downlink zone, press the **DL Zone** soft key and then select the permutation zone option: **Auto**, **PUSC** for partial usage of subcarrier channels, **FUSC** for full usage of subcarrier channels, or **AMC2X3** for adaptive modulation and coding.

NOTE
The permutation zone, which is a number of contiguous OFDMA, symbols in downlink that use the same permutation. The DL subframe may contain more than one permutation zone. The maximum number of DL zone is 8 in one DL subframe.

To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 288 EVM vs. subcarrier measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 486 for more information. The Spectral Flatness and Frequency Error are not used in the EVM vs. Subcarrier mode.

EVM vs. symbol

The EVM vs Symbol is used to show the error vector magnitude representing the average constellation error of WiMAX OFDMA symbols.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:
      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth
      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7
      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25
   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.
   f. Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   h. Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.
   i. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
3. To set the start/stop symbols, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Start/Stop Symbol** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
4. Toggle the **Preamble Index** soft key and select the preamble search method: **Auto** or **Manual**.
5. Toggle the **Search Type** soft key and select **Full** or **Window**.
6. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To select the detect mode, press the **Detect Mode** soft key and then select the option: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, or **64 QAM**.
   To select the downlink zone, press the **DL Zone** soft key and then select the permutation zone option: **Auto**, **PUSC** for partial usage of subcarrier channels, **FUSC** for full usage of subcarrier channels, or **AMC2X3** for adaptive modulation and coding.

NOTE
The permutation zone, which is a number of contiguous OFDMA, symbols in downlink that use the same permutation. The DL subframe may contain more than one permutation zone. The maximum number of DL zone is 8 in one DL subframe.

To set the delay, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

Measurement example

Figure 289 EVM vs. symbol measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for modulation tests” on page 486 for more information. The Spectral Flatness and Frequency Error are not used in the EVM vs. Subcarrier mode.

Setting limit for modulation tests

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key to set the limits.

3 Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Spectral flatness	Spectral Flatness	On/Off
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
RMS for RCE	RCE RMS	High Limit
Peak for RCE	RCE Peak	High Limit
RMS for error vector magnitude	EVM RMS	High Limit
Peak for error vector magnitude	EVM Peak	High Limit

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Performing auto measurements

The Auto Measure function of the JD700B series allows a complete signal profiling covering RF characterization and modulation quality parameters of up to 10 different carriers, particularly useful on an overlay architecture where base stations are transmitting in different frequencies.

The Auto Measure can be easily executed either by selecting a menu in the instrument or by running a programmed scenario in the PC-based application so that the instrument automatically configure and perform tests on every aspect of all the carriers.

Setting limit

You can set test limits for test item(s) in the auto measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
3 Press the **PvsT Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
4 Press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key, and then enable test limits as desired.
5 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit.
Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.
6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to the instrument.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2 Toggle the **Configuration** soft key and select the configuration option:
Current: Lets the instrument use current frequency (single carrier) and determine pass or fail based on the instrument’s limit settings in Auto Measure.
Scenario: Runs a test with a programmed scenario in JDViewer.
The Scenario menu becomes activated.
3 To load a scenario, press the **Scenario** soft key, and then select a scenario file to load.
4 Toggle the **Test Time** soft key and select the test time option:
Now: Lets the instrument run a test only once.
Schedule: Lets the instrument repeat tests as defined in the Set Timing.
The Set Timing menu becomes activated.
5 To define a schedule for an auto measurement, complete the following steps:
a Press the **Set Timing** soft key.
b Press the **Start Time (HH:MM)** soft key.

c Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
d Press the **Stop Time (HH:MM)** soft key.
e Enter the time in the HH:MM format, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
f Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
g Enter the amount of time in minutes, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Press the **Settings** soft key, and then set the following:
a Press the **Start Symbol** soft key.
b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
c Press the **Stop Symbol** soft key.
d Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
e Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.
f Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key.

7 To save your settings and results, go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save** and then perform functions as you desire. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

8 Press the **Run Test** soft key to start to run a test.
The Auto Measure Results window appears at the end of the test.

9 To stop running the test, press the **Abort** soft key.

10 To change the view on the screen during the test, press the **Display** and then select the view option from the following choices:

Screen: You can view each measurement screen as the test progresses.

Results: You can view a measurement result table as the test progresses.

Settings: You can view a measurement setting table as the test progresses.

Setting display

After completion of the auto measurement, the screen menu changes to Trace/Display so that you can view the results in different forms.

Procedure

1 Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display option:

Result: You can view the result table.
The Display Result menu becomes activated.

Settings: You can view the measurement settings for the auto measurement.

2 Toggle the **Display Result** soft key and select the display result option:

Full: You can view detailed measurement readings with the pass/fail indication.

Quick: You can view only the Pass/Fail results.

3 To view the measurement results for a different carrier, press the **View Carrier** soft key and then select the carrier number to view.

Performing power statistics CCDF measurements

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement. The measurement settings can be saved and recalled as a file. You can also use JDViewer, PC application software to configure a measure setup, save as a file, and load the file on to

the instrument.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **CCDF Length** soft key to set the length of the CCDF.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 290 CCDF measurement with Mobile WiMAX signal analyzer

Conducting Mobile WiMAX OTA measurements

This Over The Air (OTA) measurement has preamble scanner, multipath profile, and preamble power trend screens. Preamble scanner displays six preambles and relative powers to inform neighbor cells existence. The multipath profile graph helps the user to determine testing area's RF environmental condition. The preamble power trend shows power variations of selected preamble over time along with relative power trend for strongest preamble.

Preamble scanner

The OTA Preamble Scanner displays the six strongest preambles to inform neighbor cells existence of testing area. Preamble Index, Relative Power, Physical Cell ID, and Sector ID are listed in for each preamble signal with Time Offset in us. Positioning information, latitude, and longitude will be displayed if a GPS antenna is supplied and locked to the GPS satellites on the bottom of the screen.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:

      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth

      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7

      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25

   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.
   f. Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   h. Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.
   i. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 291 Preamble scanner measurement with Mobile WiMAX OTA signal analyzer

Multipath profile

The Multipath Profile enables the user to determine RF environmental conditions of testing area. It indicates the multipath power with time delay in us up to six.

The multipath profile is the result of portions of the original broadcast signal arriving at the receiving antenna out of phase. This can be caused by the signal being reflected off objects such as buildings, or being refracted through the atmosphere differently from the main signal.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:
      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth
      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7
      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25
   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.
   f. Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   h. Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.
   i. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following steps:
   a. Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

4. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 292 Multipath profile measurement with Mobile WiMAX OTA signal analyzer

Preamble power trend

The Preamble Power Trend shows power variations of a strongest preamble signal over time along with the relative power trend compare to total preamble power. Searching preamble index can be set auto to detect strongest or manual to search specific preamble. Positioning information, latitude, and longitude will be displayed if a GPS antenna is supplied and locked to the GPS satellites on the bottom of the screen.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **System Config** soft key, and then do the following:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured from the following choices:

      7 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 7 MHz with sampling factor 8/7. In conjunction with nominal channel bandwidth

      8.75 MHz (8/7): Sets the channel bandwidth to 8.75 MHz with sampling factor 8/7

      10 MHz (28/25): Sets the channel bandwidth to 10 MHz with sampling factor 28/25

   b. Toggle the **Frame Length** soft key and select **5 ms** or **10 ms**.
   c. Press the **TTG (RTG)** soft key to set the transmit/receive transition gap between the last sample of the downlink burst and the first sample of the subsequent uplink burst.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   e. Press the **CP Ratio** soft key, and then select the cyclic prefix ratio option: **1/4**, **1/8**, **1/16**, or **1/32**.
   f. Press the **DL Symbols** soft key to set the number of downlink symbols.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   h. Press the **UL Symbols** soft key to set the number of uplink symbols.
   i. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

3 Toggle the **Preamble Index** soft key and select the preamble search method: **Auto** or **Manual**.

4 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following steps:

a Press the **Delay** soft key to set the amount of delay in µs.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **µs** soft key.

NOTE
The Delay setting is used only when there is a time offset in the signals to be measured.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 293 Preamble power trend with Mobile WiMAX OTA signal analyzer

Route map

The JD700B Series provides the Route Map function that allows you to collect data of points in an indoor or outdoor environment and track the received signals and coverage of RF transmitters by plotting data real time directly on top of a loaded floor plan or a map.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1 If required, connect a GPS receiver to your JD700B series for outdoor mapping.
Indoor mapping does not necessarily need a GPS antenna.

2 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 466.

3 To load your map file, complete the following steps:

a Plug in your USB drive that has a floor map or `.mcf` file type created in JDMapCreator. If the JDMapCreator application on your computer is connected to the instrument via USB or LAN, you can send a map file with a single layer to the instrument directly by using the **Send to EQP** menu in JDMapCreator.

NOTE
The JDMapCreator converts and resizes any scanned floor plan or layout to fit onto your instrument’s display. JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later can save a multiple-layered map, providing **x1**, **x2**, and **x4** views, as a sizable map file so that you can zoom in and out after loading it.

b Press ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key, and then select **Load > Load Map**. See “Using load” on page 37 for more information.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

5 Press the **Plot Point** soft key, and then select the plot point option from the following choices:

To collect data/plot points automatically as you move around in a vehicle or outside, press the **GPS** soft key and then toggle the **Screen Mode** soft key between **Map** and **Full**.

NOTE
With the **Map** setting, you can view only the collected points that can be seen within the boundary of the loaded map. If a point is off the map, the instrument displays an arrow to indicate the direction of the current location on the map and the distance from the center to the location at the top of the screen.

With the **Full** setting, you can view all the collected points of the route without the loaded map.

To collect data/plot points manually without a GPS antenna in an indoor environment, press the **Position** soft key.

6 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Start** to start plotting.

7 Touch directly on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key to collect data and plot points on the loaded map for the **Position** setting.

NOTE
For the **Position** setting, you can change the direction of the route with the arrow keys and the distance with the rotary knob.

8 Toggle the **Plot** soft key and select **Stop** to stop plotting.

9 Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key to save the result.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

NOTE
The instrument does not automatically save the collected data. It is recommended that you save the result. Otherwise, you will lose all the collected data.

Setting limit for route map

You can set the thresholds for each test item.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **Excellent** soft key to set its threshold.

3 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

4 Press the **Very Good** soft key to set its threshold.

5 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

6 Press the **Good** soft key to set its threshold.

7 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

8 Press the **Fair** soft key to set its threshold.

9 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

10 Press the **Poor** soft key to set its threshold.

11 Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

12 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 294 Route map measurement with Mobile WiMAX OTA signal analyzer

Controlling a map

If you have loaded a sizable map that was created in JDMapCreator 1.2.0 or later, you can use the Map Control feature that enables you to zoom into the map and view a specific area of interest in detail.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Map Control** soft key. This key is active only when you have loaded a sizable map.
3. Do one of the following:

   To zoom into an area of interest directly, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Area**.
   The black rectangle appears on the map.

   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to decrease and increase the selected area.

   c. Move the rectangle by using the four arrow keys, as you need, to place it in a specific area of interest.

   d. Press the center of the rotary knob to zoom into the selected area. You can also press the **Zoom to** soft key again to zoom into the selected area.

   To zoom into the center or zoom out from the center, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Zoom to** soft key and select **Center**.

   b. Press the **Zoom In** and **Zoom Out** soft keys, as you need, to zoom in and zoom out.

   c. Move the zoomed-in area by using the four arrow keys, as you need.

4. To set the location mode, toggle the **Location Mode** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual** and select the one you desire.

   Auto: The instrument compares the coordinates of the displayed map with recevied GPS information. If your current location goes out of the displayed area and enters into the next zoomed-in section within the base map, the map display changes automatically to the next section in which your current position is.

   Manual: The map display of the zoomed-in area remains unchanged even if your current location goes out of the displayed area. You can change the displayed area manually by using the arrow keys.

14

Chapter 14 Using NB-IoT Signal Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the NB-IoT Signal Analyzer with the NB-IoT Analyzer function (option 034). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 497
- Connecting a cable 498
- Selecting measurement mode 499
- Configuring test parameters 500
- Conducting NB-IoT in band spectrum measurement 504
- Conducting NB-IoT in band modulation analysis 505
- Conducting NB-IoT guard band spectrum measurement 507
- Conducting NB-IoT guard band spectrum emission mask (SEM) 508
- Conducting NB-IoT guard band modulation analysis 509
- Conducting NB-IoT standalone RF measurements 510
- Conducting NB-IoT standalone modulation analysis 515

Introduction

The JD700B series provide features to analyze the NB-IoT signal running with in band, guard band, and standalone. By implementing demodulation capability for NB-IoT, the JD700B series can be a 4.5G solution being deployed on top of the existing LTE network.

The NB-IoT Signal Analyzer consists of the following operation modes:

- In Band mode
- Guard Band mode
- Standalone mode

This instrument provides the following measurement tools for the NB-IoT:

- Spectrum Analysis for In Band and Guard Band
- Modulation Analysis
- RF Analysis for Standalone
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
  - Spectrum Emission Mask
  - ACLR
  - Spurious Emissions

Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 295 Direct connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

Indirect connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 296 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD745B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Over the air (OTA)

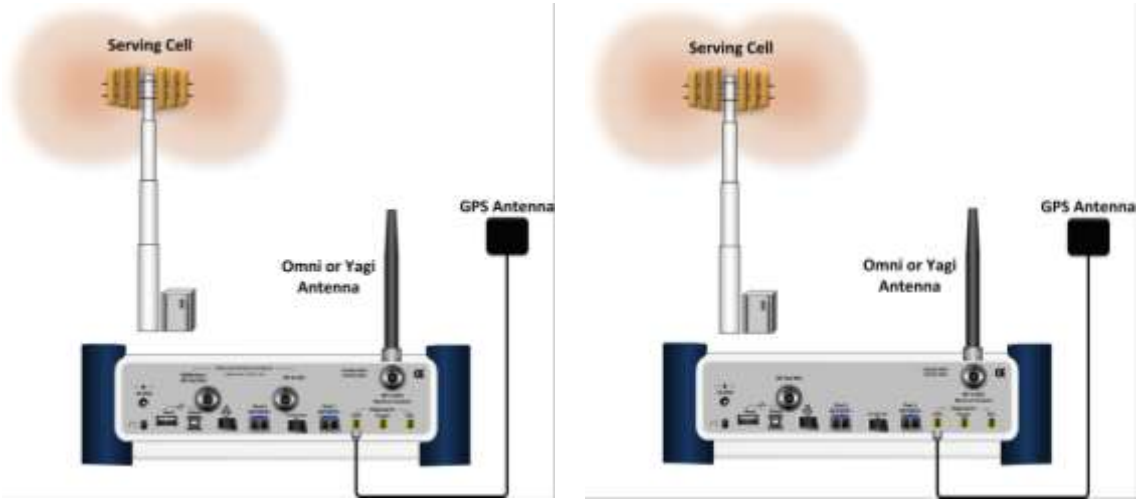
Procedure

1 Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B

series.

2 Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 297 OTA connection



JD785B/JD745B **JD788B/JD748B**

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1 Press the **MODE** hard key.
2 Press the **Signal Analyzer** soft key.
3 Select **More (1/2) > NB-IoT**. The **Spectrum** mode is set by default.
4 Select between **In Band**, **Guide Band** and **Standalone** mode.
5 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key for **In Band** mode, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:
   Spectrum
   Modulation Analysis
6 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key for **Guard Band** mode, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:
   Spectrum
   Spectrum Emission Mask
   Modulation Analysis
7 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key for **Standalone** mode, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:
   Spectrum (Only shows spectrum, not available to use *Measure Setup* hot key)
   RF Analysis > Channel Power > Occupied BW > Spectrum Emission Mask > ACLR > Spurious Emissions
   Modulation Analysis

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
4. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
5. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
6. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
7. *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This frequency setting is not used in the Spurious Emissions mode.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Midamble Power**, **Code Power**, and **Code Error**, you may need to select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** before setting the reference level.

3. To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

   To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

   To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

   a. Select **Attenuation** > **Manual**.
   b. Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level
   c. Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
   d. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

   To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**.
   As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
This Units menu is available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum and RF analysis. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trigger source

You can set the trigger source option for your measurements.

Procedure

1. Press the ***TRIGGER*** hot key.
2. Select the trigger source option from the choices: **Internal**, **External**, and **GPS**.

Setting external clock

To enhance the reliability of modulation analysis measurements the JD700B series must be synchronized with a base station. When an external clock is not supplied, the instrument works with its built-in internal high-accuracy time base and some measurement results may exhibit inaccurate values. Therefore, it is highly recommended that you use the same reference clock as the signal source. You can use the ***TRIGGER*** hot key to set the external clock.

Figure 298 Connection ports for external reference clock

Procedure

1. Connect an external reference or a GPS antenna to the JD700B series.
2. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
3. Press the **Freq Reference** soft key, and then select the reference option: **Internal**, **External 10 MHz**, **External 13 MHz**, **External 15 MHz**, or **GPS**.

Table 20 External reference indicators

Type	Indicator	Description
Internal	INT (green)	The green **INT** icon indicates that the instrument uses the built-in internal time base.

External	(green)	The green **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connected and locked and that the instrument uses the same reference clock as the signal source.
External	(red)	The red **EXT** icon indicates that an external reference is connect but not locked.
GPS	(green)	The green GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locked.
GPS	(yellow)	The yellow GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is connected and locking is in progress.
GPS	(grey)	The grey GPS antenna icon indicates that a GPS antenna is not connected, failed, or unable to be locked.

Conducting NB-IoT in band spectrum measurement

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 500, you can continue your measurement. You can just check the spectrum based on the bandwidth you chose.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, or **20 MHz**.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Complete one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal’s maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal’s minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F

Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 To select the detection option, select **More (1/2) > Detectors**, and then complete one of the followings:

To display	Select
Random noise better than the peak without missing signals	Normal
The highest value in each data point	Peak
The root mean squared average power across the spectrum	RMS
The lowest value in each data point	Negative Peak
The center value in each data point	Sample

5 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

6 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting NB-IoT in band modulation analysis

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 500, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, or **20 MHz**.

3 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b Enter a value from 0 to 9 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
You can use **Subframe No** soft key only if you toggle the **Measure Type** soft key and select **Subframe**.

4 Press the **NB-IoT PRB Index** soft key.

5 Enter a value from 0 to 49 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
The following is a table which defines PRB number values based on 3GPP standard. You can refer to the setting value.

LTE System Bandwidth	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
LTE PRB Indices for NB-IoT Syncronization	2, 12	2, 7, 17, 22	4, 9, 14, 19, 30, 35, 40, 45	2, 7, 17, 22, 27, 32, 42, 47, 52, 57, 62, 67, 72	4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 34, 39, 44, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95

6 To measure the I-Q diagram by each channel shown on the screen, complete the following steps:

a Press the **MARKER** hard key.

b Toggle the **Marker View** soft key and select **On**.

c Press the **Channel** and then turn the rotary knob.

Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following examples. Note that the example measurement screens in this chapter consist of outdoor mode images or images with inverted colors for better visuality.

Figure 299 NB-IoT In Band Modualtion Analysis measurement screen (Frame)

Figure 300 NB-IoT In Band Modualtion Analysis measurement screen (Subframe 5- NPSS)

Conducting NB-IoT guard band spectrum measurement

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 500, you can continue your measurement. You can just check the spectrum based on the bandwidth you chose.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, or **20 MHz**.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

3. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
4. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
5. Complete one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal’s maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M

Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

6 To select the detection option, select **More (1/2) > Detectors**, and then complete one of the followings:

To display	Select
Random noise better than the peak without missing signals	Normal
The highest value in each data point	Peak
The root mean squared average power across the spectrum	RMS
The lowest value in each data point	Negative Peak
The center value in each data point	Sample

7 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

8 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Conducting NB-IoT guard band spectrum emission mask (SEM)

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the "Configuring test parameters" on page 500, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

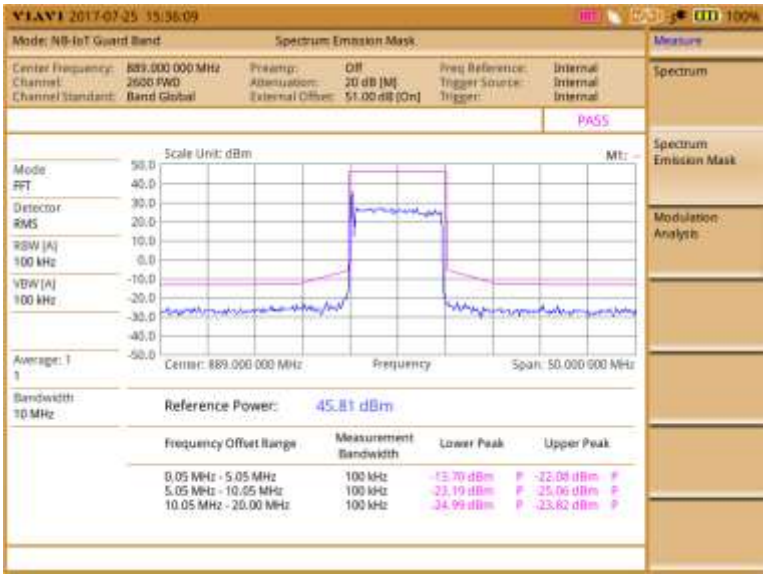
1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

3 To select the mask type, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Mask Type** soft key.
   b Select the mask type option, from the following choices:
      Wide Area BS Category A
      Wide Area BS Category B
      Local Area BS

Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following example.

Figure 301 Spectrum Emission Mask measurement screen



Conducting NB-IoT guard band modulation analysis

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 500, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the nominal channel bandwidth to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, or **20 MHz**.
3. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value from 0 to 9 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

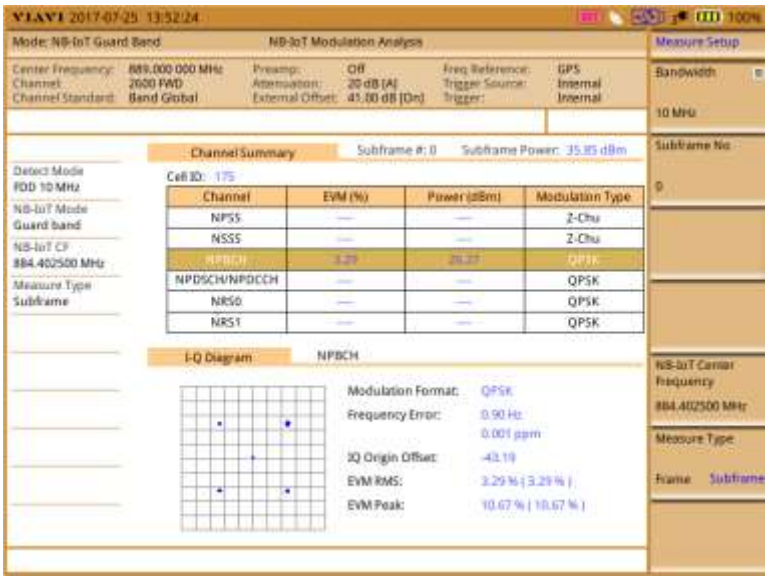
NOTE
You can use **Subframe No** soft key only if you toggle the **Measure Type** soft key and select **Subframe**.

4. Press the **NB-IoT Center Frequency** soft key.
5. Enter a value using the numeric keys or rotate the rotary knob clockwise or counter clockwise.
6. To measure the I-Q diagram by each channel shown on the screen, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
   b. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key and select **On**.
   c. Press the **Channel** and then turn the rotary knob.

Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following examples.

Figure 302 NB-IoT Guard Band Modualtion Analysis measurement screen (Frame)

Figure 303 NB-IoT Guard Band Modualtion Analysis measurement screen (Subframe 0- NPBCH)



Conducting NB-IoT standalone RF measurements

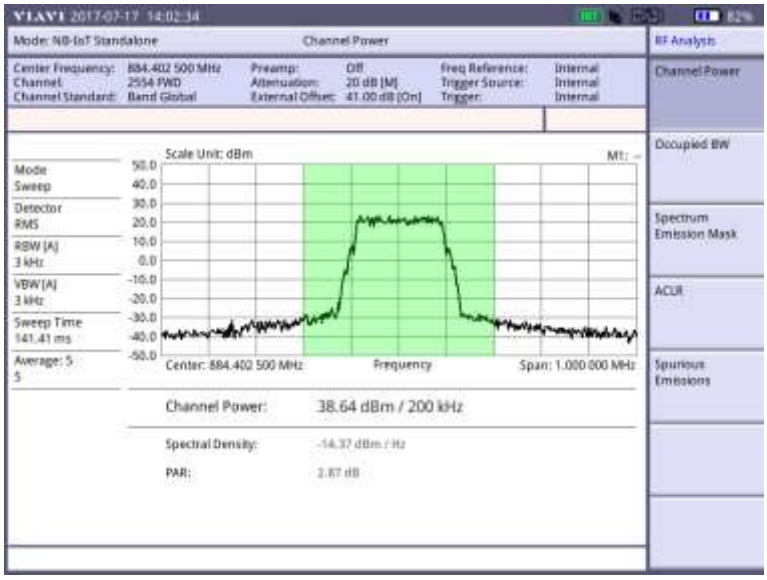
Channel power

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power, power spectral density (PSD) and peak to average ratio (PAR) of the signal in the NB-IoT channel bandwidth.

Measurement example

Figure 304 Channel power measurement with NB-IoT Standalone signal analyzer



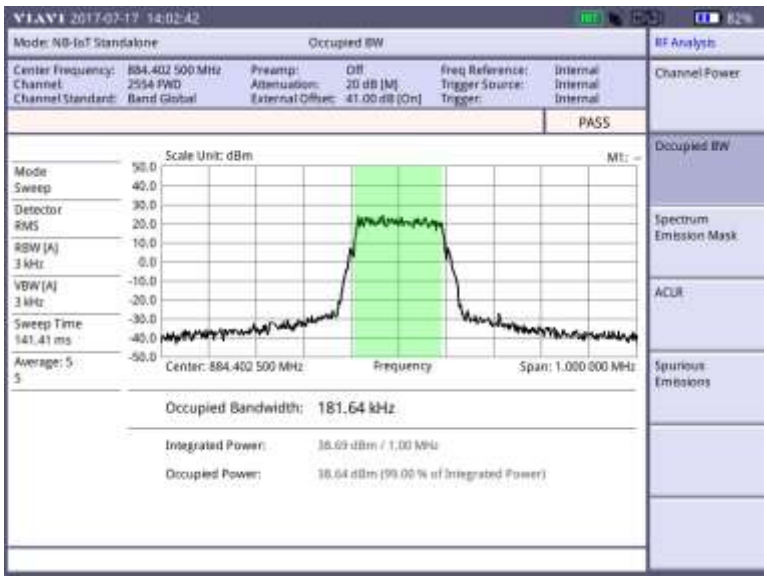
NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 514 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Measurement example

Figure 305 Occupied bandwidth measurement with NB-IoT Standalone signal analyzer



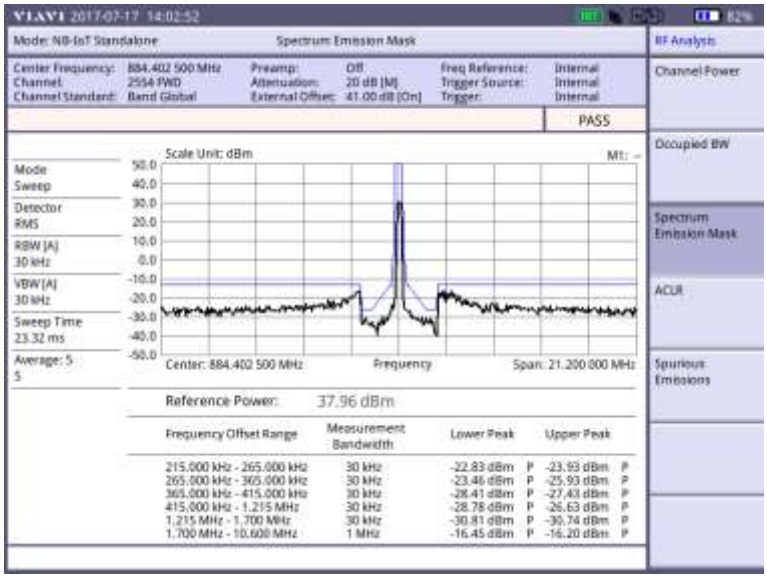
NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 514 for more information.

Spectrum emission mask (SEM)

The Spectrum Emission Mask (SEM) measurement compares the total power level within the defined carrier bandwidth and the given offset channels according to the standards.

Measurement example

Figure 306 SEM measurement with NB-IoT Standalone signal analyzer



NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 514 for more information.

ACLR

The Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) measures the amount of interference or power in an adjacent frequency channel according to the standards.

Measurement example

Figure 307 ACLR measurement with NB-IoT Standalond signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 514 for more information.

Spurious emissions

Out-of-band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. The Spurious Emissions measurement is to identify and determine the power level of out-of-band spurious emission within the necessary channel bandwidth and modulated signal measured at the RF port of the Base Station.

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 500, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set up the range table and parameters, press the **Range Table** soft key and then complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Range** soft key, and then select the range number between **1** and **20** to add as a new or change the existing settings.
   b. Do the following as desired:
      Select **Start Frequency**, and then specify the start frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Stop Frequency**, and then specify the stop frequency for the selected range.
      Select **Start Limit**, and then specify the lower limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **Stop Limit**, and then specify the upper limit for Pass/Fail indication.
      Select **More (1/2) > Attenuation**, and then specify an value in the multiple of five.
      Select **More (1/2) > RBW**, and then specify a RBW value.
      Select **More (1/2) > VBW**, and then specify a VBW value.

c Press the **PREV** hard key.

d Toggle the **Range** soft key and select **On** to display the selected range in the result table or **Off** to hide it from the table.

3 Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key between **Examine** and **Full** to select the measurement type.

NOTE
The **Examine** mode displays only the selected range while the **Full** mode lets the instrument automatically changes the selected range from one another.

4 To set the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Average** soft key.

b Enter a value between **1** and **100**, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

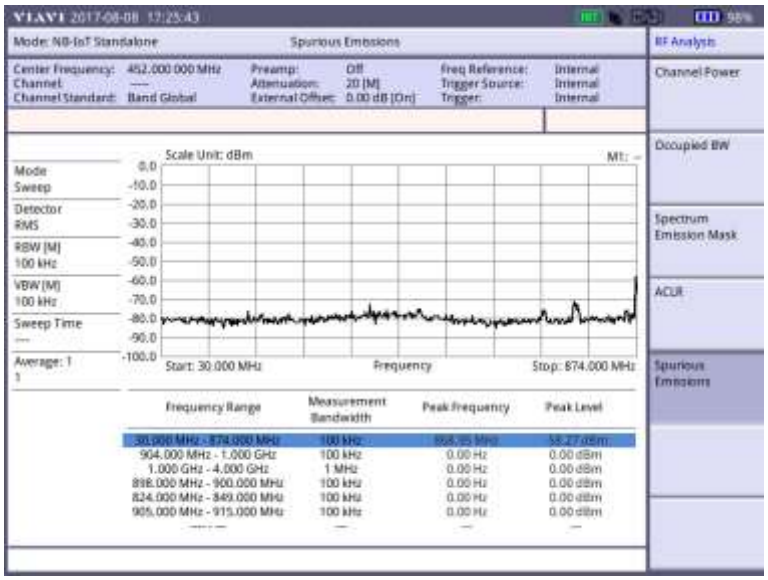
5 To move the highlighted bar in the result table to other range, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Range** soft key in the Measure Setup menu bar.

b Enter a value between **1** and **20**, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 308 Spurious emissions measurement with NB-IoT Standalone signal analyzer



NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RF tests” on page 514 for more information.

Setting limit for RF tests

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 Press the **RF Test Limits** soft key.

3 Select the test item(s) and set the limit(s) depending on your selected measurement mode:

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit

Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit
Spectrum emission mask	Spectrum Emission Mask	(On/Off only)
Spurious emissions	Spurious Emissions	(On/Off only)

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Conducting NB-IoT standalone modulation analysis

Setting measure setup

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 500, you can continue your measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Toggle the **Measure Type** soft key and select **Frame** or **Subframe**.

NOTE
You can use **Subframe No** soft key only if you toggle the **Measure Type** soft key and select **Subframe**.

3 To select **Subframe No** do the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value from 0 to 9 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To measure the I-Q diagram by each channel shown on the screen, complete the following steps:

a Press the **MARKER** hard key.

b Toggle the **Marker View** soft key and select **On**.

c Press the **Channel** and then turn the rotary knob.

Your measurement result is displayed on the screen as like the following examples.

Measurement example

Figure 309 NB-IoT Standalone Modualtion Analysis measurement screen (Frame)

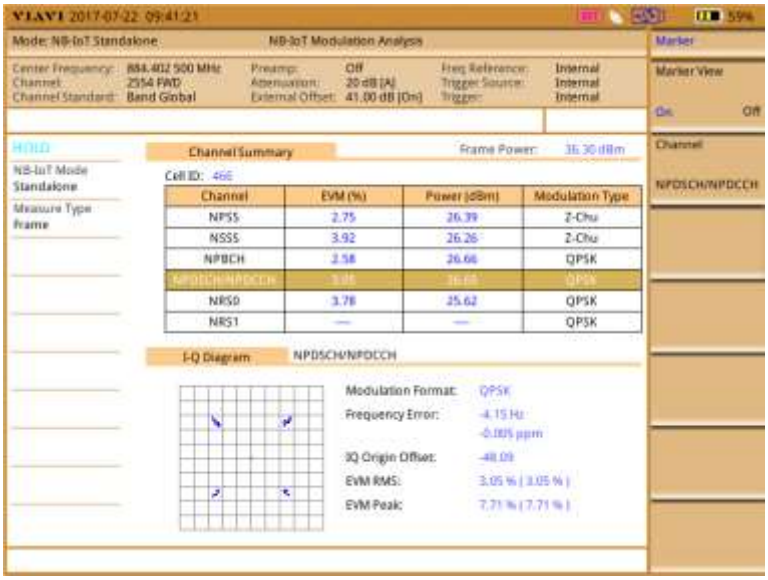
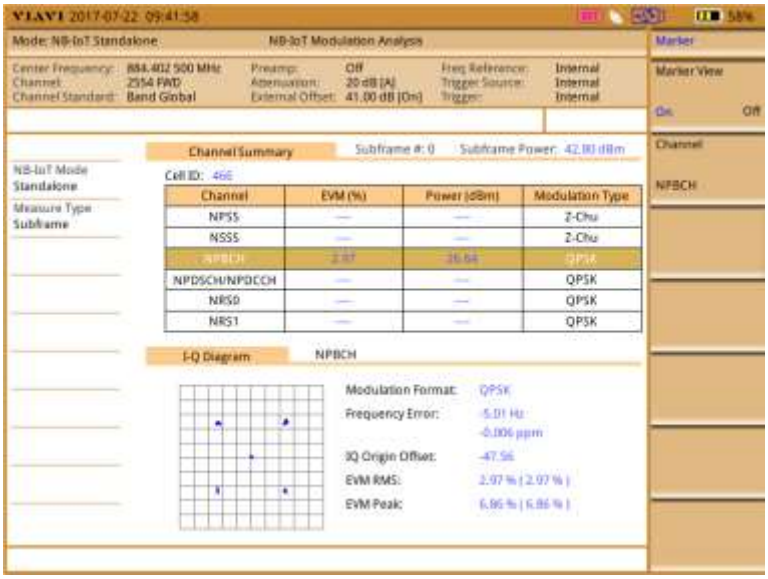


Figure 310 NB-IoT Standalone Modualtion Analysis measurement screen (Subframe 0- NPBCH)



15

Chapter 15 Using Cable and Antenna Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the Cable and Antenna Analyzer function, which is available for the JD785B/JD745B Base Station Analyzer and the JD786B/JD746B RF Analyzer. Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 518
- Display overview 518
- Selecting measurement mode 519
- Configuring test parameters 519
- Performing calibration 521
- Connecting a cable 526
- Performing reflection measurements 529
- Performing DTF measurements 530
- Performing reflection-DTF measurements 533
- Performing cable loss (1 port) measurements 534
- Performing 1-port phase measurements 536
- Performing Smith chart measurements 537
- Performing 2-port vector measurements 538
- Performing 2-port scalar measurements 540
- Analyzing measurements 541

Introduction

The Cable and Antenna Analyzer is a diagnostic tool needed to accurately detect operational problems by performing cable and antenna measurements to verify the base station's infrastructure, including feed lines, connectors, antennas, cables, jumpers, amplifiers, and filters. The JD785B/JD745B Base Station Analyzer and the JD786B/JD746B RF Analyzer have all of the measurement functions necessary to verify cable and antenna systems from Voltage Standing Wave Ratio (VSWR) to power measurements. In addition, the JD785B/JD745B and the JD786B/JD746B make distance-to-fault measurements to pinpoint a faulty location accurately.

To get maximum power into a load it is required that the load impedance match the generator impedance. Any difference in impedance or mismatching would not produce maximum power transfer. An impedance mismatch at the antenna system produces a reflective 'traveling wave', which goes in the opposite direction from the incident wave. As the two traveling waves cross each other in opposite direction, it is produce an interference pattern called a "standing wave". VSWR is the ratio between the power sent forward to the cable and/or antenna and the amount of power that is reflected back to the transmitter.

Some of the consequences of having a high VSWR condition in cellular services include dropped calls, poor reception, and an overall unacceptable performance in the cell (or section of cell) covered by the base station antenna. Therefore, the VSWR of the antenna system including the feed line is one of the most critical factors in the service and maintenance of the RF transmitter systems.

This Cable and Antenna Analyzer function performs following measurements:

- Reflection: VSWR and Return Loss
- Distance to Fault (DTF): VSWR and Return Loss
- Reflection-DTF (dual measurement)
- 2 Port Measurements: Vector and Scalar (Optional)
- Cable Loss (1 Port)
- 1 Port Phase
- Smith Chart

Display overview

Figure 311 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 311 Reflection measurement screen

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Cable & Antenna Analyzer** soft key. The **Reflection (VSWR)** mode is selected by default.
3. To change the mode, press the ***MEASURE*** hot key and then select the measurement mode:
   - **Reflection (Return Loss)**
   - **DTF (VSWR)**
   - **DTF (Return Loss)**
   - **Reflection-DTF**
   - **Cable Loss (1 Port)**
   - **1 Port Phase, Smith Chart**
   - **2 Port Measurement (Vector/Scalar)**

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set frequencies manually using the Start Frequency/Stop Frequency or Center Frequency/Span. You can also select from the band list stored in the instrument. It is recommended to set the frequency to a value that covers the normal range of the measurement with enough margins.

Procedure

To set the start and stop frequencies:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
4. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
6. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
7. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the center frequency and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
4. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. Press the **Span** soft key.
6. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
7. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To select the band from the band list:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Band List** soft key, and then select **Standard Band** or **Custom Band**.
   The band list window appears.
3. Select a frequency band from the list, and then press the **Select** soft key.
   The start and stop frequency information on the screen changes according to your choice.

Setting distance

In the DTF measurement mode, you need to set the start and stop distances. The maximum measurable distance is displayed on the left side of the screen depending on the frequency setting. You can set any distance within the maximum measurable distance. Optimum resolution is achieved when the user setting distance is the same as the maximum measurable distance.

Procedure

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Start Distance** soft key.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
4. Select the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
6. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
7. Select the **Enter** soft key.

Adjusting scale

You can adjust the Y-axis scale to optimize the display of measurement trace(s). Adjusting scale does not affect the calibration state.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Do one of the following choices:

   Press the **Auto Scale** to optimize the display of the measured trace by letting the instrument set the minimum and maximum values for the Y-axis automatically.
   Each time this key is pressed, the top and bottom scales are set to the minimum and maximum values with margin on the Y-axis of the chart.

   Press the **Full Scale** to restore the insturment's default amplitude range for the Y-scale automatically.

   To set the minimum and maximum values for the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Maximum (Top)** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **Minimum (Top)** soft key.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   f. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This setting option is not available in the Smith Chart measurement mode.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Performing calibration

To get reliable and accurate measurement results, you must perform a calibration on your instrument after setting frequencies and prior to making a measurement. To perform the calibration, you need to have the following ready:

- Calibration accessories (optional)
- Mechanical Y-Cal kit or electronic EZ-Cal kit
- Phase-stabilized test cable

1-port calibration

Measurement modes that need the 1-port calibration are Reflection, DTF, Cable Loss, 1 Port Phase, and Smith Chart.

It is recommended that you perform an O-S-L calibration right at the Reflection/RF Out port of the instrument without using an extension cable in order to minimize a measurement error. If using an extension cable is inevitable, you need to use a phase stable cable and perform the O-S-L calibration at the open end of the extension cable.

NOTE
If the O-S-L calibration is done at the end of the port extension cable for DTF measurement, the length of the port extension cable is compensated automatically and is not included in the distance to the point of discontinuity.

Bending or moving the extension cable while making a measurement may cause errors in the measurement.

O-S-L calibration using mechanical Y-Cal kit

Figure 312 illustrates the connection when a port extension cable is used for calibration.

Figure 312 1-port calibration connection with mechanical Y-Cal kit

Procedure

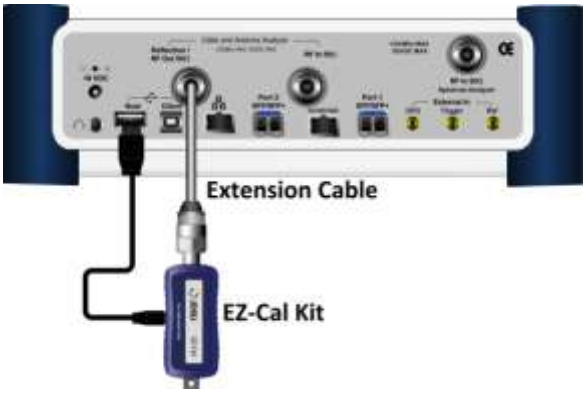
1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Calibrate** soft key.
   The on-screen instruction for the calibration appears.
3. Connect the **OPEN** connector of the CAL Kit directly to the **Reflection/RF Out** port or at the end of the connected extension cable.
4. Press the **Continue** soft key to start calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.
5. Connect the **SHORT** connector of the CAL Kit directly to the **Reflection/RF Out** port or at the end of the connected extension cable.
6. Press the **Continue** soft key to continue calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.
7. Connect the **LOAD** connector of the CAL Kit directly to the **Reflection/RF Out** port or at the end of the connected extension cable.
8. Press the **Continue** soft key to continue calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.
   After completion, the calibration status on the screen changes to **ON**.

O-S-L calibration using electronic EZ-Cal kit

The e-Calibration is an Open-Short-Load calibration using the electronic EZ-Cal kit, which lets you perform the O-S-L calibration easy and fast with only one connection of the kit to the instrument.

The O-S-L calibration must be performed after setting the frequencies and connecting an extension cable as like any mechanical calibration. Figure 313 illustrates the connection when a port extension cable is used for calibration.

Figure 313 1-port calibration connection with electronic EZ-Cal kit



Procedure

1. Connect an extension cable, if necessary, to the **Reflection/RF Out** port of the instrument.
2. Connect your **EZ-Cal** to the other open end of the extension cable or to your instrument's **Reflection/RF Out** port directly.
3. Connect the USB cable to the side of the **EZ-Cal** and then to the **USB Host** port to power the e-calibration kit.
   The instrument detects the EZ-Cal automatically and displays the EZ-Cal icon.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
5. Press the **Calibrate** soft key.
   The on-screen instruction appears. to guide you through the e-calibration.
6. Press the **Continue** soft key to continue calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.
   After completion, the calibration status on the screen changes to **ON (E)**.
7. Make sure to disconnect the EZ-Cal kit including its USB connection.

Quick calibration in DTF

The Quick calibration that is available only in the DTF measurement mode is useful when you want to measure the cable length only, without having to perform a full O-S-L calibration with a mechanical Y-Cal kit.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Calibrate** soft key.
3. Connect the **OPEN** connector of your mechanical Y-Cal kit directly to the **Reflection/RF Out** port or at the end of the connected extension cable.
4. Press the **Quick Cal.** soft key to start the quick calibration.
   The calibration status on the screen appears.
   After completion, the calibration status on the screen changes to **ON (Q)**.

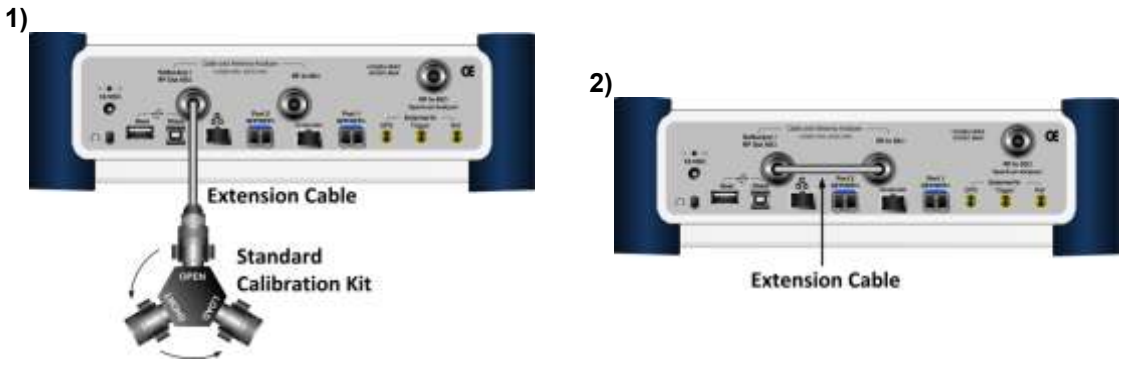
2-port calibration

Measurement modes that need the 2-port calibration are 2 Port Vector and Scalar measurements and 2 Port Phase. You must perform 2-port calibration before making a measurement.

O-S-L-Thru calibration using mechanical Y-Cal kit for vector measurements

Figure 314 illustrates the connection using the Y-Cal kit for calibration in Vector measurements.

Figure 314 2-port calibration connection with Y-Cal in vector measurements



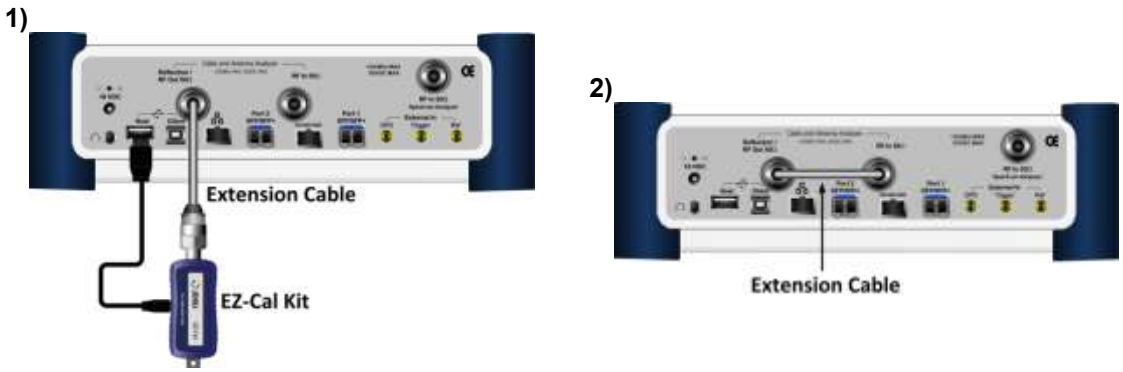
Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Calibrate** soft key.
   The on-screen instruction for the calibration appears.
3. Connect the **OPEN** connector of the CAL Kit directly to the **Reflection/RF Out** port or at the end of the connected test cable as illustrated in **Figure 314-1**.
4. Press the **Continue** soft key to start calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.
5. Connect the **SHORT** connector of the CAL Kit directly to the **Reflection/RF Out** port or at the end of the connected test cable.
6. Press the **Continue** soft key to continue calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.
7. Connect the **LOAD** connector of the CAL Kit directly to the **Reflection/RF Out** port or at the end of the connected test cable.
8. Press the **Continue** soft key to continue calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.
9. Connect the **Reflection/RF Out** port and the **RF In** port for the Cable and Antenna Analyzer with the test cable and the proper adapter as illustrated in **Figure 314-2**.
10. Press the **Continue** soft key to continue calibration.
    The calibration progress bar appears.
    After completion, the calibration status on the screen changes to **ON**.

O-S-L-Thru calibration using electronic EZ-Cal kit for vector measurements

Figure 315 illustrates the connection using the EZ-Cal kit for calibration in Vector measurements.

Figure 315 2-port calibration connection with EZ-Cal in vector measurements



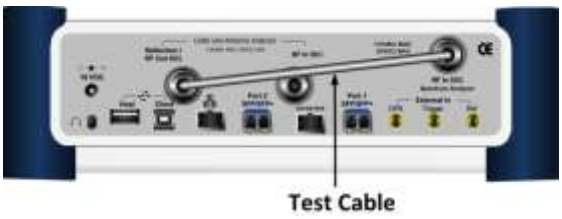
Procedure

1. Connect an extension cable, if necessary, to the **Reflection/RF Out** port of the instrument.
2. Connect your **EZ-Cal** to the other open end of the extension cable or to your instrument's **Reflection/RF Out** port directly.
3. Connect the USB cable to the side of the **EZ-Cal** and then to the **USB Host** port to power the e-calibration kit as illustrated in Figure 315**-1**.
   The instrument detects the EZ-Cal automatically and displays the EZ-Cal icon.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
5. Press the **Calibrate** soft key.
   The on-screen instruction appears to guide you through the e-calibration.
6. When the O-S-L calibration is done, make sure to disconnect the EZ-Cal kit including its USB connection.
7. Connect the **Reflection/RF Out** port and the **RF In** port for the Cable and Antenna Analyzer with the test cable and the proper adapter as illustrated in Figure 315**-2**.
8. Press the **Continue** soft key to continue calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.
   After completion, the calibration status on the screen changes to **ON**.

Scalar measurement

Figure 316 illustrates the connection for calibration in Scalar measurements.

Figure 316 2-port calibration connection in Scalar measurements



Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Calibrate** soft key.
   The on-screen instruction for the calibration appears.
3. Connect the **Cable and Antenna Analyzer Reflection/RF Out** port and the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port with a test cable as illustrated in **Figure 316**.
4. Press the **Continue** soft key to continue calibration.
   The calibration progress bar appears.

After completion, the calibration status on the screen changes to **ON**.

Calibration status indicators

The instrument displays calibration status that is an important indicator to get reliable and accurate measurement results from CAA testing. The calibration status includes **ON**, **ON (E)**, **ON (I)**, **ON (Q)**, **OFF (T)**, and **OFF**.

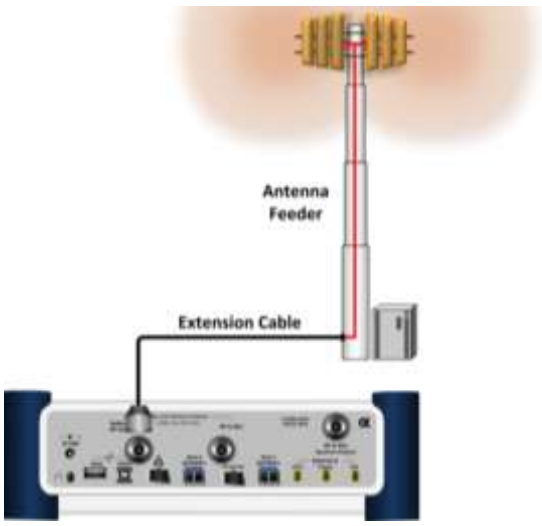
Table 21 Calibration status indicators

Indicator(s)	Description
ON	Indicates that a mechanical O-S-L calibration is performed using a Y-Cal kit and the instrument is ready to make a measurement.
ON (E)	Indicates that an electronic O-S-L calibration or e-calibration is performed using VIAVI EZ-Cal kit and the instrument is ready to make a measurement.
ON (I)	Indicates that the frequency setting is changed within the frequency range registered for the O-S-L calibration and so the calibration is still valid. When the calibration status changes from ON to ON (I), re-calibration is not necessarily required.
ON (Q)	Indicates that quick calibration (Quick Cal) is performed. It is useful only if cable length measurement is needed.
OFF (T)	Indicates that the temperature registered during the calibration is changed by ±10°C or greater. It is recommended that you perform a new O-S-L calibration to obtain accurate measurement results. When the temperature comes back within the registered range, the status may be changed to ON.
OFF	Indicates that the frequency setting is changed off the frequency range registered for the calibration. The calibration is no longer valid.

Connecting a cable

Connecting a cable for reflection, DTF, 1-port phase, and Smith Chart measurements

Figure 317 Connection for reflection measurement



Procedure

1. Connect the one end of the port extension cable to the **Cable and Antenna Analyzer Reflection/RF Out** port of the instrument.
2. Connect the other end of the port extension cable to an antenna or feed line as illustrated in Figure 317. Measurement result is displayed on the screen.

NOTE
After calibration, do not change the connection of the port extension cable or the frequency setting. It may cause a measurement error.

Changing any frequency settings will automatically turn the calibration status to OFF on the display screen, which requires re-calibration to proceed next measurement.

CAUTION
The maximum input power for the **Cable and Antenna Analyzer Reflection/RF Out** port is +25 dBm. Do not connect this port directly to the output port of the system to prevent degraded performance or malfunctioning.

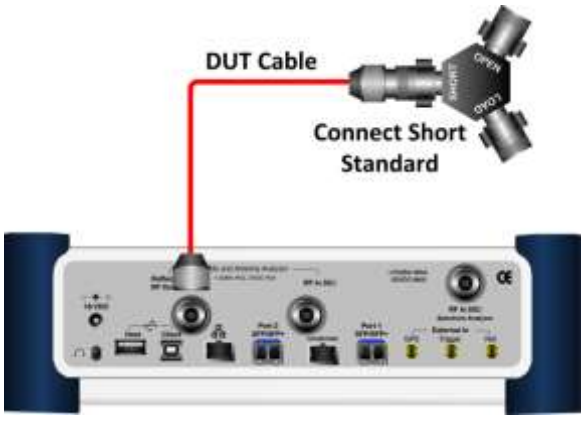
WARNING
Do not attempt to connect the instrument to the antenna when there is a risk of lightning. Electric shock may cause malfunction of or damage to the instrument.

Connecting a cable for cable loss (1 port) measurements

Procedure

1. Connect the one end of the cable under test to the **Cable and Antenna Analyzer Reflection/RF Out** port of the instrument.
2. Connect the **SHORT** standard of the Cal Kit to the other end of the cable under test as illustrated in **Figure 318**. Measurement result is displayed on the screen.

Figure 318 Connection for cable loss (1 port) measurement

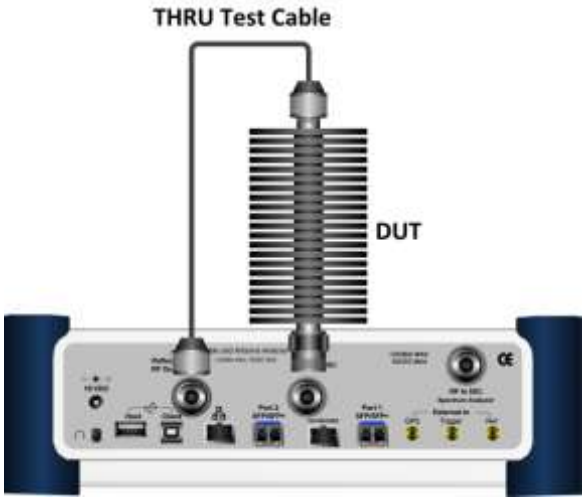


Connecting a cable for 2-port vector measurements

Procedure

1. Connect the one end of the Thru test cable to the Cable and Antenna Analyzer Reflection/RF Out port of the instrument and the other end of the cable to DUT.
2. Connect the DUT to the **Cable and Antenna Analyzer RF In** port of the instrument as illustrated in **Figure 319**. Measurement result is displayed on the screen.

Figure 319 Connection for 2-port vector measurement



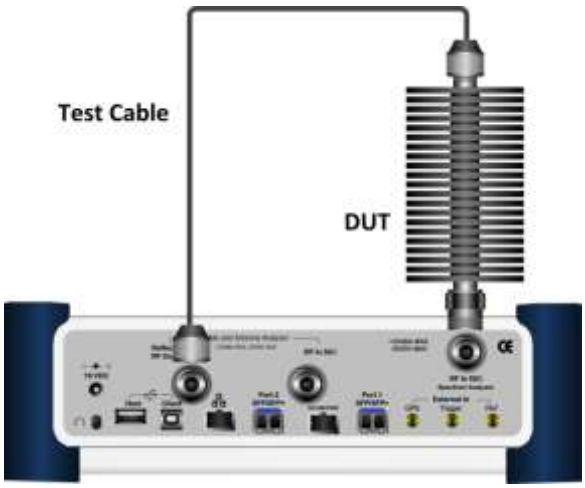
CAUTION
The maximum input power for the **Cable and Antenna Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm. However, a proper level of input to the **Cable and Antenna Analyzer RF In** port is 0 dBm. When the input power is expected to be greater than 0 dBm, you must adjust the output power for the RF Out.

Connecting a cable for 2-port scalar measurements

Procedure

1. Connect the one end of the Thru test cable to the Cable and Antenna Analyzer Reflection/RF Out port of the instrument and the other end of the cable to DUT.
2. Connect the DUT to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the instrument as illustrated in **Figure 320**. Measurement result is displayed on the screen.

Figure 320 Connection for 2-port scalar measurement



CAUTION
The maximum input power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm for JD780B series and +20 dBm for JD740B series.

Performing reflection measurements

The Reflection measurement can be used to characterize cable and antenna system to ensure transmission line impedance performance and signal reflection characteristics of cell-site across a specific frequency range in voltage standing-wave ration (VSWR) or return loss.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Make a proper cable connection as described in “Connecting a cable for reflection, DTF, 1-port phase, and Smith Chart measurements” on page 526.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **Data Points** soft key to change the resolution of your measurement, and then select the data point option: **126**, **251**, **501**, **1001**, and **2001**. Changing the data point does not affect current calibration.

NOTE
The larger number you choose, the higher resolution you get and the longer the instrument takes to sweep and display results. Selecting the data point larger than what you need for a measurement will result in unnecessarily long sweep time. It is recommended that you select high resolution data points only for an instance of measuring wide frequency bands or requiring precise measurement data.

4. *Optional*. To turn the bias tee on, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Bias Tee** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Enter a value between 12 and 32 with 0.1 V step, and then press the **V** soft key.

NOTE
The instrument’s built-in bias tee function (option 002) supplies 12-32 VDC bias to active devices through the **RF In** port, eliminating the need of an external power supply.

5. *Optional*. To select the output power, toggle the **Output Power** soft key between **0 dBm** and **-30 dBm**.

NOTE
When an amplifier’s reflection is measured, it is recommended that you change this output power level to -30 dBm and then re-calibrate. Changing to -30 dBm may result in reduced measurement dynamic range.

6. *Optional*. To turn the interference rejection on, toggle the **Interference Rej** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the feature.

NOTE
It is recommended that you use this feature only when you suspect interfering signals in the area as turning this on slows down the measurement.

Measurement example

Figure 321 Reflection measurement in return loss scale

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for cable and antenna analyzer” on page 542 for more information.

NOTE
You can go to ***MEASURE SETUP*** **> Zoom** to view your measurements in detail with the user-definable zoom zones. See “Setting zoom zones” on page 541 for more information.

Performing DTF measurements

The Distance-To-Fault (DTF) measurement can be used to accurately identify fault locations in the cell-site transmission (cable and feed line) system, indicating signal discontinuities in VSWR or return loss over distance in meter or foot. This measurement precisely pinpoints the location of such things as damaged or degraded antennas, connectors, amplifiers, filters, and duplexers.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Make a proper cable connection as described in “Connecting a cable for reflection, DTF, 1-port phase, and Smith Chart measurements” on page 526.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **Data Points** soft key to change the resolution of your measurement, and then select the data point option: **126**, **251**, **501**, **1001**, and **2001**. Changing the data point does not affect current calibration.

NOTE
The larger number you choose, the higher resolution you get and the longer the instrument takes to sweep and display results. Selecting the data point larger than what you need for a measurement will result in unnecessarily long sweep time. It is recommended that you select high resolution data points only for an instance of measuring wide frequency bands or requiring precise measurement data.

4 Press the **DTF Settings** soft key, and then do the following:

To select a cable from the list, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Cable List** soft key, and then select **Standard Cable** or **Custom Cable**. The cable list window appears.

b Select a cable by using the rotary knob or the **Page Up**/**Page Down** soft keys.

c Press the **Select** soft key.

d *Optional*. In the standard cable list window, press the **Add to Custom** soft key to add the selected cable to the custom list.

To define a new cable, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Prop Velocity** soft key to define the cable's relative propagation delay.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

d Press the **Cable Loss** soft key to define the cable's cable loss.

e Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

f Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
The propagation velocity affects the calculation of the distance and the cable loss does the peak level of the discontinuity in a DTF measurement.

Toggle the **Metrics** soft key and select the unit option for the X-axis: **Meter** or **Foot**.

Press the Windowing soft key, and then select the video filtering option: **Rectangular**, **Blackman**, **Nominal Side Lobe**, **Low Side Lobe**, or **Minimum Side Lobe**.

5 *Optional*. To turn the bias tee on, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Bias Tee** soft key and select **On**.

b Enter a value between 12 and 32 with 0.1 V step, and then press the **V** soft key.

NOTE
The instrument's built-in bias tee function (option 002) supplies 12-32 VDC bias to active devices through the **RF In** port, eliminating the need of an external power supply.

6 *Optional*. To select the output power, toggle the **Output Power** soft key between **0 dBm** and **-30 dBm**.

NOTE
When an amplifier's reflection is measured, it is recommended that you change this output power level to -30 dBm and then re-calibrate. Changing to -30 dBm may result in reduced measurement dynamic range.

7 *Optional*. To turn the interference rejection on, toggle the **Interference Rej** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the feature.

NOTE
It is recommended that you use this feature only when you suspect interfering signals in the area as turning this on slows down the measurement.

Measurement example

Figure 322 DTF measurement

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for cable and antenna analyzer” on page 542 for more information.

Figure 323 DTF measurement with the alternate sweep on

NOTE
You can go to ***MEASURE SETUP*** **> Alternate Sweep Settings** to scale down a specific sub-band. See “Setting alternate sweep” on page 542 for more information.

Performing reflection-DTF measurements

You can view two measurement results simultaneously on the screen as you configure each measurement setting.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Make a proper cable connection as described in “Connecting a cable for reflection, DTF, 1-port phase, and Smith Chart measurements” on page 526.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key between **Top** and **Bottom** and select the window to be active for setting.
4. Press the **Dual Config** soft key, and then select the dual configuration option:

   To select the measurement mode for the top window, press the **Top** soft key, and then select **Reflection (VSWR)** or **Reflection (Return Loss)**.

   To select the measurement mode for the bottom window, press the **Bottom** soft key, and then select **DTF (VSWR)** or **DTF (Return Loss)**.

   To configure DTF settings for the bottom window, select **Bottom > DTF Settings**. See “Performing DTF measurements” on page 530 for more information.

   To set the alternate sweep settings for the bottom window, select **Bottom > Alternate Sweep Settings**. See “Setting alternate sweep” on page 542 for more information.

NOTE
See “Performing reflection measurements” and “Performing DTF measurements” for more information on how to set other measurement setup parameters for the Reflection-DTF measurement.

Measurement example

Figure 324 Reflection-DTF dual measurement

1) Alternate sweep off:

2) Alternate sweep on:

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for cable and antenna analyzer” on page 542 for more information.

Performing cable loss (1 port) measurements

The Cable Loss (1 Port) measurement quantifies signal loss through a cable or other device over a defined frequency range by range by connecting one end of the cable to the instrument measurement port and terminating the other end of the cable with a short, or leaving it open altogether. This measurement can be particularly useful in measuring the loss of feed line connected to the antenna.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Make a proper cable connection as described in “Connecting a cable for cable loss (1 port) measurements” on page 527.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **Data Points** soft key to change the resolution of your measurement, and then select the data point option: **126**, **251**, **501**, **1001**, and **2001**. Changing the data point does not affect current calibration.

NOTE
The larger number you choose, the higher resolution you get and the longer the instrument takes to sweep and display results. Selecting the data point larger than what you need for a measurement will result in unnecessarily long sweep time. It is recommended that you select high resolution data points only for an instance of measuring wide frequency bands or requiring precise measurement data.

4. *Optional*. To turn the bias tee on, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Bias Tee** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Enter a value between 12 and 32 with 0.1 V step, and then press the **V** soft key.

NOTE
The instrument’s built-in bias tee function (option 002) supplies 12-32 VDC bias to active devices through the **RF In** port, eliminating the need of an external power supply.

NOTE
See “Performing reflection measurements” for more information on how to set other measurement setup parameters for the Cable Loss (1 Port) measurement.

Measurement example

Figure 325 Cable loss (1 port) measurement

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for cable and antenna analyzer” on page 542 for more information.

Figure 326 Cable loss (1 port) measurement with the zone enabled

NOTE
You can go to ***MEASURE SETUP*** **> Zoom** to view your measurements in detail with the user-definable zoom zones. See “Setting zoom zones” on page 541 for more information.

Performing 1-port phase measurements

The 1-port Phase measurement is used to measure S_{11} phase to tune antennas and to phase-match cables.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Make a proper cable connection as described in “Connecting a cable for reflection, DTF, 1-port phase, and Smith Chart measurements” on page 526.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **Data Points** soft key to change the resolution of your measurement, and then select the data point option: **126**, **251**, **501**, **1001**, and **2001**. Changing the data point does not affect current calibration.

NOTE
The larger number you choose, the higher resolution you get and the longer the instrument takes to sweep and display results. Selecting the data point larger than what you need for a measurement will result in unnecessarily long sweep time. It is recommended that you select high resolution data points only for an instance of measuring wide frequency bands or requiring precise measurement data.

4. *Optional*. To turn the bias tee on, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Bias Tee** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Enter a value between 12 and 32 with 0.1 V step, and then press the **V** soft key.

NOTE
The instrument’s built-in bias tee function (option 002) supplies 12-32 VDC bias to active devices through the **RF In** port, eliminating the need of an external power supply.

NOTE
See “Performing reflection measurements” on page 529 for more information on how to set other measurement setup parameters for the Cable Loss (1 Port) measurement.

Measurement example

Figure 327 Cable loss (1 port) measurement

Figure 328 Cable loss (1 port) measurement with zoom

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for cable and antenna analyzer” on page 542 for more information.

NOTE
You can go to ***MEASURE SETUP*** **> Zoom** to view your measurements in detail with the user-definable zoom zones. See “Setting zoom zones” on page 541 for more information.

Performing Smith chart measurements

The Smith Chart measurement is used to measure DUTs’ impedance and phase to properly tune RF devices. Smith chart also displays impedance-matching characteristics in cable and antenna systems or filter and duplexer devices.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Make a proper cable connection as described in “Connecting a cable for reflection, DTF, 1-port phase, and Smith Chart measurements” on page 526.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **Data Points** soft key to change the resolution of your measurement, and then select the data point option: **126**, **251**, **501**, **1001**, and **2001**. Changing the data point does not affect current calibration.

   NOTE
   The larger number you choose, the higher resolution you get and the longer the instrument takes to sweep and display results. Selecting the data point larger than what you need for a measurement will result in unnecessarily long sweep time. It is recommended that you select high resolution data points only for an instance of measuring wide frequency bands or requiring precise measurement data.

4. *Optional*. To turn the bias tee on, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Bias Tee** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Enter a value between 12 and 32 with 0.1 V step, and then press the **V** soft key.

NOTE
The instrument's built-in bias tee function (option 002) supplies 12-32 VDC bias to active devices through the **RF In** port, eliminating the need of an external power supply.

NOTE
See "Performing reflection measurements" on page 529 for more information on how to set other measurement setup parameters for the Smith Chart measurement.

Measurement example

Figure 329 Smith chart measurement

Performing 2-port vector measurements

The Vector measurement is used to perform faster and more accurate measurement with around 80 dB dynamic range. It also provides antenna isolation measurement. You can determine DUT's S_{21} phase characteristic by selecting the measurement display type as Phase.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Make a proper cable connection as described in "Connecting a cable for 2-port vector measurements" on page 527.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **Data Points** soft key to change the resolution of your measurement, and then select the data point option: **126**, **251**, **501**, **1001**, and **2001**. Changing the data point does not affect current calibration.

NOTE
The larger number you choose, the higher resolution you get and the longer the instrument takes to sweep and display results. Selecting the data point larger than what you need for a measurement will result in unnecessarily long sweep time. It is recommended that you select high resolution data points only for an instance of measuring wide frequency bands or requiring precise measurement data.

4. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select **Magnitude** to view measurements in dB or **Phase** in degree.

5 *Optional*. To turn the bias tee on, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Bias Tee** soft key and select **On**.

b Enter a value between 12 and 32 with 0.1 V step, and then press the **V** soft key.

NOTE
The instrument's built-in bias tee function (option 002) supplies 12-32 VDC bias to active devices through the **RF In** port, eliminating the need of an external power supply.

6 *Optional*. To set the level of the output power to be inserted, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Output Power** soft key.

b Enter the following value by rotating the knob or using the numeric keys:

0 dBm: To test a passive RF device's loss such as a cable or a filter.

-30 dBm: To test an active RF device's gain such as an amplifier with JD740B series.

-50 – -30 dBm: To test an active RF device's gain such as an amplifier with JD780B series. You need to enter a value with an increment of 5 dBm.

NOTE
Changing the output power to a value between -50 dBm and -30 dBm may result in reduced measurement dynamic range and re-calibration is required.

7 *Optional*. To set the number of measurements to be averaged, press the **Average** soft key and then adjust the number between one and five by using the rotary knob.

8 *Optional*. To turn the interference rejection on, toggle the **Interference Rej** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the feature.

NOTE
It is recommended that you use this feature only when you suspect interfering signals in the area as turning this on slows down the measurement.

Measurement example

Figure 330 2-port vector measurement

Performing 2-port scalar measurements

The Scalar measurement enables full characterization of DUT with dynamics over 100 dB.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Make a proper cable connection as described in “Connecting a cable for 2-port scalar measurements” on page 528.
2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **Data Points** soft key to change the resolution of your measurement, and then select the data point option: **126**, **251**, **501**, **1001**, and **2001**. Changing the data point does not affect current calibration.

> **NOTE**
> The larger number you choose, the higher resolution you get and the longer the instrument takes to sweep and display results. Selecting the data point larger than what you need for a measurement will result in unnecessarily long sweep time. It is recommended that you select high resolution data points only for an instance of measuring wide frequency bands or requiring precise measurement data.

4. *Optional*. To set the level of the output power to be inserted, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Output Power** soft key.
   b. Enter the following value by rotating the knob or using the numeric keys:
      0 dBm: To test a passive RF device’s loss such as a cable or a filter.
      -30 dBm: To test an active RF device’s gain such as an amplifier with JD740B series.
      -50 – -30 dBm: To test an active RF device’s gain such as an amplifier with JD780B series. You need to enter a value with an increment of 5 dBm.

> **NOTE**
> Changing the output power to a value between -50 dBm and -30 dBm may result in reduced measurement dynamic range and re-calibration is required.

Measurement example

Figure 331 2-port scalar measurement

Analyzing measurements

Setting trace and display

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**.
   The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	Load	L
Hide the selected trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	Trace Clear All	

4. *Optional.* If you have at least two traces (T1 and T2), you can perform trace math:
   a. Press the **Trace Math** soft key.
   b. Press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.

NOTE
The trace to be loaded must be in the same measurement mode and has the same frequency setting as the current measurement.

Setting zoom zones

You can define up to three zoom-in zones so that you can view uplink and downlink frequencies in detail on a single measurement window for compliance verification.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Zoom** soft key.
3. To view a zoom zone in a separate chart, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Zoom** soft key, and then select the zone number to zoom in: **Zone 1**, **Zone 2**, or **Zone 3**.
   b. Toggle the **Zoom** soft key and select **On**.
   The zoom-in chart for the selected zone appears under the measurement result.
4. To define a zone range, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Zone [1|2|3]** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Zone [1|2|3]** soft key between **On** and **Off** to view or dismiss the zone.
   c. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   e. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   f. Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
   g. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

h Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

5 To clear all the zones, press the **Clear All** soft key.

Setting alternate sweep

You can use the Alternate Sweep in DTF measurements to scale down a specific sub-band without a need of an additional calibration.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2 Press the Alternate Sweep Settings soft key.
3 Toggle the **Alternate Sweep** soft key and select **On** or **Off** to enable or disable the alternate sweep feature.
4 To set the start and stop distances for the alternate sweep, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Start Distance** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
   c Select the **Enter** soft key.
   d Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
   e Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
   f Select the **Enter** soft key.
5 To set the start and stop frequencies for the alternate sweep, complete the following steps:
   a Press the Alternate Start Frequency soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
   c Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   d Press the Alternate Stop Frequency soft key.
   e Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
   f Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6 To set the center and span frequencies for the alternate sweep, complete the following steps:
   a Press the Alternate Center Frequency soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
   c Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   d Press the Alternate Span Frequency soft key.
   e Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
   f Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

Setting limit for cable and antenna analyzer

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key for Pass/Fail indication.
3 Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.
4 Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.
   a Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

5 Press the **Autoset** soft key to let the instrument set the limit for each segment and display the line.

6 *Optional*. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:

a Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.

b Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.

7 *Optional*. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.

b Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.

c Select the menu option, from the following choices:

To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key and select **Off**.

To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

To change the position, press the **Frequency** or **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

16

Chapter 16 Performing RFoCPRI Testing

This chapter provides instructions for using the RFoCPRI function that requires. Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 545
- Display overview 546
- Selecting measurement mode 546
- Performing layer 2 monitoring 547
- Performing layer 2 term testing 549
- Performing layer 2 BERT 552
- Performing interference analysis 556
- Performing PIM detection (single and multiple carriers) 583
- Performing LTE-FDD downlink signal analysis 587
- Performing LTE-TDD downlink signal analysis 614
- Using signal generator 638

Introduction

Cell sites today have a distributed architecture of the radio that consists of the radio equipment control (REC) or base band unit (BBU) installed at the bottom of the tower and the radio equipment (RE) or remote radio head (RRH) installed at the top of the tower. These two elements communicate with each other via the Common Public Radio Interference (CPRI) protocol over fiber links.

This distributed architecture provides the benefit of replacing coax-based feeders with fiber- based feeders, significantly reducing the problems of signal loss and reflections. However, since all the RF interfaces reside on the RRH, any RF maintenance or troubleshooting requires climbing to the top of the tower to access the RRH, increasing operational cost and unnecessary safety issues.

JD700B series analyzers provide the option of RFoCPRI that allows you to perform RF maintenance and troubleshooting activities on the ground via the fiber interfaces at the BBU, significantly reducing maintenance time and operational expenses. Thanks to the RFoCPRI technology, you can verify the CPRI control signals and extracts the IQ data transmitted between the BBU and RRH to monitor and analyze the uplink interferences and the downlink signals.

The RFoCPRI testing provides following measurements and analysis:

- Layer 2 monitoring of link maintenance alarms and optical power
  - Loss of Signal (LOS) – Code violation or low optical power
  - Loss of Frame (LOF) – Frame synchronization or alignment
  - Remote Alarm Indication (RAI) – Any error including LOS and LOF
  - SAP Defect Indication (SDI) – Link not to be used for service access points
  - Optical Rx and Tx power levels
- Layer 2 terminate testing or Layer 2 BERT
- Interference analysis
  - Spectrum
  - Spectrogram
  - Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI)
  - Spectrum replayer
  - Dual Spectrum
  - Dual Spectrogram
  - Quad Spectrum
- PIM detection of single or multiple carrier(s)
- LTE-FDD downlink signal analysis over CPRI
  - Spectrum
  - RF analysis – Channel Power and Occupied Bandwidth
  - Power vs. Time (Frame)
  - Modulation analysis – Constellation, Data Channel, Control Channel, Subframe, Frame, Time Alignment Error, and Data Allocation Map
  - Power Statistics CCDF
- LTE-TDD downlink signal analysis over CPRI
  - Spectrum
  - RF analysis – Channel Power and Occupied Bandwidth
  - Power vs. Time (Frame)

- Modulation analysis – Constellation, Data Channel, Control Channel, Subframe, Time Alignment Error, and Data Allocation Map
- Power Statistics CCDF

Full function of RFoCPRI testing requires the following options installed on your CellAdvisor. For more information on available options for your instrument, see “Appendix I – Ordering information” on page 787.

- Optical Hardware (option 008)
- RFoCPRI Interference Analyzer (options 060 – 065)
- RFoCPRI GSM Interference Analyzer (option 068)
- RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Generator (option 081)
- RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Generator (option 082)
- RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator (option 083)
- RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator (option 084)
- RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer (option 091)
- RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer (option 092)

Display overview

Figure 332 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 332 RFoCPRI analysis screen

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.

2 Select **RFoFiber > RFoCPRI**. The Layer 2 Monitoring mode is set by default.

3 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode as desired:

Layer 2 Monitoring

Layer 2 Term or **Layer 2 BERT** (only with RFoCPRI Channelized BERT license)

Interference Analyzer > Spectrum, **Spectrogram**, **RSSI**, **Spectrum Replayer**, **Dual Spectrum**, **Dual Spectrogram**, or **Quad spectrum**

PIM Detection > PIM Detection Single Carrier, **PIM Detection Multiple Carriers**, or **Calculated PIM**

Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Spectrum, **RF Analysis**, **P vs T (Frame)**, **Modulation Analysis**, or **Power Statistics CCDF**

Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Spectrum, **RF Analysis**, **P vs T (Frame)**, **Modulation Analysis**, or **Power Statistics CCDF**

Performing layer 2 monitoring

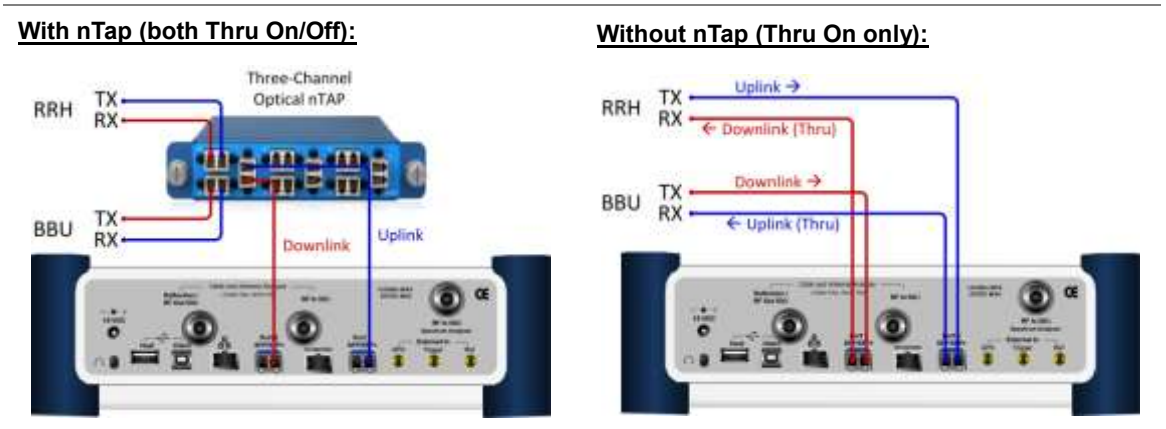
The in-service Layer 2 Monitoring is used to monitor link maintenance alarms of the physical layer (Layer 1) that is delivered on the L1 in-band protocol, which resides on the layer 2 of CPRI. It also verifies proper optical power level of the received signal.

Connecting cables

The monitoring mode lets you perform in-service testing by using coupler(s) or nTap(s). You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 333. If you have connected cables directly from RRH and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the CPRI parameter settings.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 333 Connection diagram for Layer-2 monitoring mode



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.

2 Select **Layer 2 Monitoring**.

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate up to four different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement modes of RFoCPRI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key
2. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul under test, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
   b. Select the CPRI link rate option from: **614.4 Mbps**, **1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0 Mbps**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps**, or **9830.4 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

Setting Rx optic limit

A RRH has a finite dynamic range for input optic power and it can cause an abnormal behavior of the RRH if the optical power is weaker than certain level. To differentiate intermittent low optic power issues from any RSSI, interference and signal quality issues, it is important for you to monitor the input optic power level during the monitoring of the spectrum and the signal quality. Using this Rx optic limit feature, you can set lower and upper limits and monitor the Rx optic level with Pass/Fail indication in green and red colors.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Rx Optic Level** soft key.
3. Set a threshold for **High Limit** and **Low Limit**.
4. To enable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **On.**
   If the optic power level falls out of the specified thresholds, the color of the power reading or indicator turns red.
5. To disable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **Off.**

Conducting layer 2 monitoring

After you have configured test parameters, you can monitor the alarms of the Layer 1 as you desire.

Procedure

1. Monitor the following alarm indicators and the optical signal level. Green dots indicate no occurrence of an alarm while red ones mean occurrence(s).
   LOS: Loss of Signal (code violation or low optical power)
   LOF: Loss of Frame (frame synchronization or alignment)

RAI: Remote Alarm Indication (any errors including LOS and LOF)

SDI: SAP Defect Indication (link not to be used for serivce access points)

Optic Rx Level: If the optical signal level is lower than the threshold, the CPRI link may not work properly and the RRH may not be in service mode.

2 *Optional*. You can use the **Save Logging Data** soft key to record the event logging in `.csv` file format. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

3 To clear the previous event history and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 334 CPRI layer 2 monitoring

Performing layer 2 term testing

The out-of-service Layer 2 Term is to test CPRI fronthaul in the terminated state and it is used to monitor link maintenance alarms of the physical layer (Layer 1) that is delivered on the L1 in-band protocol, which resides on the layer 2 of CPRI. It also monitors the received optical power level.

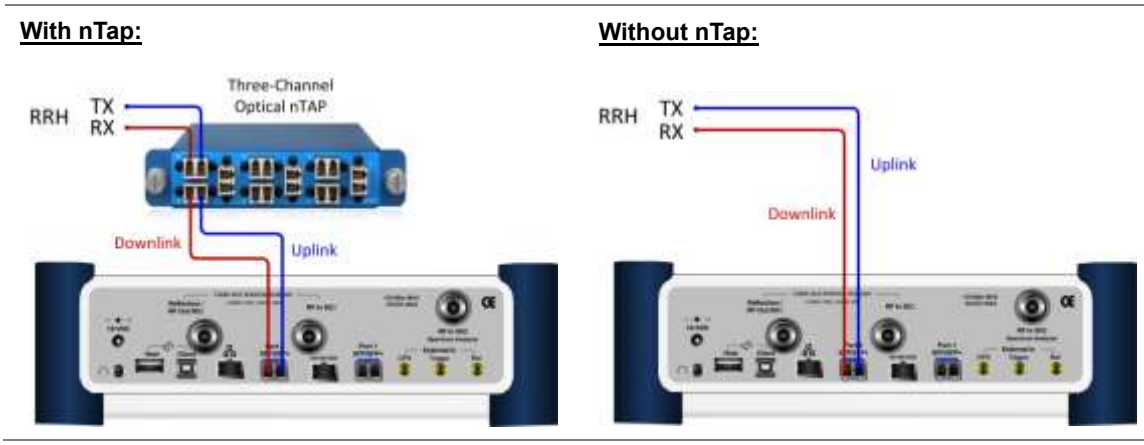
In addition, CellAdvisor JD700B series can emulate the Base Band Unit (BBU) without C&M messages. Once the RRH enters the operation state, JD700B series can generate an alarm or error and send it to the RRH so that you can verify the optical cabling and proper RRH operation at the ground.

Connecting cables

In the terminate mode, you can perform the out-of-service testing. Before starting the test, you need to connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 335.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 335 Connection diagram for Layer-2 term testing mode



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Select **Layer 2 Term**.

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate up to four different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement modes of RFoCPRI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Setting measure setup

You need to set the measure setup before staring the measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul under test, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
   b. Select the CPRI link rate option from: **614.4 Mbps**, **1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0 Mbps**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps**, or **9830.4 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

Setting Rx optic limit

A RRH has a finite dynamic range for input optic power and it can cause an abnormal behavior of the RRH if the optical power is weaker than certain level. To differentiate intermittent low optic power issues from any RSSI, interference and signal quality issues, it is important for you to monitor the input optic power level

during the monitoring of the spectrum and the signal quality. Using this Rx optic limit feature, you can set lower and upper limits and monitor the Rx optic level with Pass/Fail indication in green and red colors.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Rx Optic Level** soft key.
3. Set a threshold for **High Limit** and **Low Limit**.
4. To enable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **On.**
   If the optic power level falls out of the specified thresholds, the color of the power reading or indicator turns red.
5. To disable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **Off.**

Conducting layer 2 term test

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Activate the transmission by toggling the **Laser** soft key to **On.**
3. To configure BBU emulation parameters, select **More (1/2) > BBU Emulation** and then complete one of the following:

   To negotiate with RRH to support the start-up process, toggle the **Start-up Sequence** soft key to **Normal**.

   To force the RRH to configure the predefined parameters, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Start-up Sequence** soft key to **Bypass**.
      Setting it to Bypass will activate the additional soft keys.
   b. Press the **Protocol Version** soft key.
   c. Enter a value between 1 and 10 by using the rotary knob. You can also use the numeric keys and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **HDLC Rate** soft key.
   e. Select the High level Data Link Control (HDLC) rate option from: **No HDLC**, **240**, **480**, **960**, **1920**, or **2400**.
   f. Toggle the **Eth Channel** soft key between **Enable** and **Disable**.
      Enabling the Ethernet Channel activates the Eth Subchannel Number menu.
   g. Press the **Eth Subchannel Number** soft key.
   h. Enter a value between 20 and 63 by using the rotary knob. You can also use the numeric keys and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
This BBU emulation capability in the Layer-2 Term Testing does not include capturing C&M (Control and Management) messages.

4. Return to the Measure Setup menu by pressing the **PREV** hard key.
5. To insert an alarm signal, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Alarm/Error** soft key.
   b. Press the **Alarm Type** soft key.
   c. Select the alarm type option from: **R-LOS**, **R-LOF**, **RAI**, or **SDI**.
   d. Start the insertion by toggling the **Alarm Insertion** soft key to **On**.
   e. To stop inserting the alarm, toggle the **Alarm Insertion** soft key to **Off**.
6. To insert a code error signal, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Error Type** soft key to **Code**.
   b. Toggle the **Insert Type** soft key between **Single** and **Rate**, and then select the insert type option you want.

      Single: It inserts an error once and then turns off the error insertion.

      Rate: It inserts an error according to the set error rate in the Error Rate menu.

   c. If you have selected **Rate** in step **b**, press the **Error Rate** and then select the error rate

option from: **1E-3**, **1E-4**, **1E-5**, **1E-6**, **1E-7**, **1E-8**, or **1E-9**.

d Start the insertion by toggling the **Error Insertion** soft key to **On**.

e To start inserting the error, toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key to **On**.

f To stop inserting the error, toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key to **Off**.

7 To insert a K30.7 error signal, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Error Type** soft key to **K30.7**.

b Start the insertion by toggling the **Error Insertion** soft key to **On**.
The K30.7 error signal is one time insertion. This setting changes back to **Off** after the insertion.

8 To insert a bit error signal, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Error Type** soft key to **Bit**.

b Start the insertion by toggling the **Error Insertion** soft key to **On**.

c To stop the insertion, toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key to **Off**.

9 Check the real time results on the screen.

10 *Optional*. You can use the **Save Logging Data** soft key to record the event logging in the `.csv` file format. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

11 To clear the previous event history and start a new testing, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 336 CPRI layer 2 term test

Performing layer 2 BERT

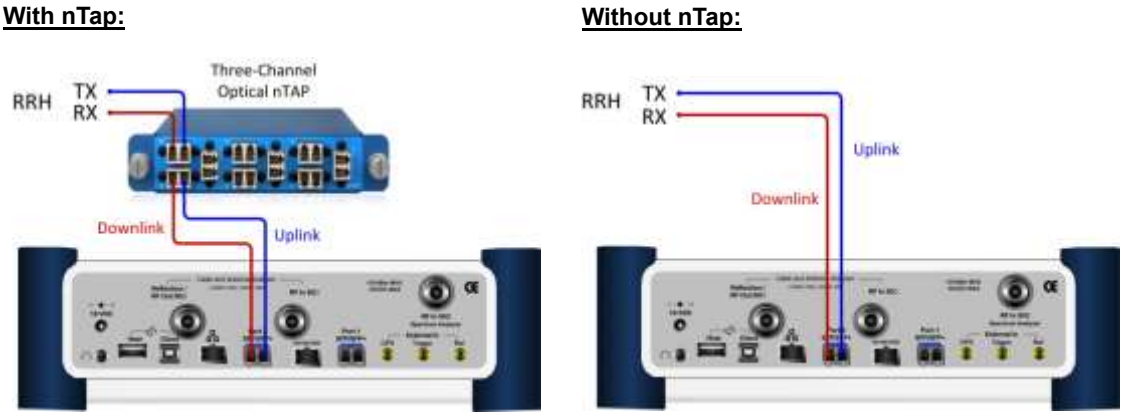
CellAdvisor JD700B series provides Layer-2 BERT meaurements features composed with BERT, Service Disruption, and Round Trip Delay but it cannot be used with BBU emulation. This functionality only works with the license 110 RFoCPRI Layer-2 BERT.

Connecting cables

In the layer 2 BERT mode, you can perform the out-of-service testing. Before starting the test, you need to connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 337.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 337 Connection diagram for Layer-2 BERT testing mode



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Select **Layer 2 BERT**.

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate up to four different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement modes of RFoCPRI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Setting measure setup

You need to set the measure setup before staring the measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul under test, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
   b. Select the CPRI link rate option from: **614.4 Mbps**, **1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0 Mbps**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps**, or **9830.4 Mbps** or select **Auto** if you want to detect the link rate automatically.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

3. Toggle the **Tx Clock** soft key to **Recovered** (default).
4. Toggle the **Port Type** soft key and select **Slave** (default).
5. To turn on the through mode, go to **More (1/2) > Thru**, and then toggle the **Thru** soft key to **On**. To turn off, toggle to **Off**.
6. To configure Rx parameters, see “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 584.

NOTE
Rx parameter becomes active only if you select **Mapping Mode** as **Channelized**.

7 *Optional*. To use the RF signal generator function, see “Using RF source in RFoCPRI testing” on page 638.

8 *Optional*. To use the CPRI signal generator function, see “Using CPRI source” on page 639.

Setting Rx optic limit

A RRH has a finite dynamic range for input optic power and it can cause an abnormal behavior of the RRH if the optical power is weaker than certain level. To differentiate intermittent low optic power issues from any RSSI, interference and signal quality issues, it is important for you to monitor the input optic power level during the monitoring of the spectrum and the signal quality. Using this Rx optic limit feature, you can set lower and upper limits and monitor the Rx optic level with Pass/Fail indication in green and red colors.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **Rx Optic Level** soft key.
3 Set a threshold for **High Limit** and **Low Limit**.
4 To enable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **On.**
If the optic power level falls out of the specified thresholds, the color of the power reading or indicator turns red.
5 To disable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **Off.**

Setting BER limit

You can set the BER (Bit Error Rate) limit and monitor it in the BERT displayed on the screen.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **BER** soft key.
3 To enable the BER limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **On** (default).
4 Enter a value between 1 to 1e-15 by using the rotary knob. You can also use the numeric keys and then press the **Enter** soft key.
5 To disable the BER limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **Off.**

Setting RTD limit

You can set the RTD (Round Trip Delay) limit and monitor it in the Counts displayed on the screen.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2 Press the **RTD** soft key.
3 To enable the RTD limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **On.**
4 Enter a value between 0 to 1,000,000,000 by using the rotary knob. You can also use the numeric keys and then press the **Enter** soft key
5 To disable the RTD limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **Off.**

Setting display

You can select the display option to view data in a different mode.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Select the display option from: **BERT**, **Counts**, or **L1 Inband** to see the result chart on the screen.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 582 for more information.

Conducting layer 2 BERT test

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Activate the transmission by toggling the **Laser** soft key to **On.**
3. To measure BERT, select the **Mapping Mode** option from **Bulk** or **Channelized.**
4. Return to the Measure Setup menu by pressing the **PREV** hard key.
5. Enter a **Delay Offset** value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
6. To insert an alarm signal, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Alarm/Error** soft key.
   b. Press the **Alarm Type** soft key.
   c. Select the alarm type option from: **R-LOS**, **R-LOF**, **RAI**, or **SDI**.
   d. Start the insertion by toggling the **Alarm Insertion** soft key to **On**.
   e. To stop inserting the alarm, toggle the **Alarm Insertion** soft key to **Off**.
7. To insert a code error signal, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Error Type** soft key to **Code**.
   b. Toggle the **Insert Type** soft key between **Single** and **Rate**, and then select the insert type option you want.
      Single: It inserts an error once and then turns off the error insertion.
      Rate: It inserts an error according to the set error rate in the Error Rate menu.
   c. If you have selected **Rate** in step **b**, press the **Error Rate** and then select the error rate option from: **1E-3**, **1E-4**, **1E-5**, **1E-6**, **1E-7**, **1E-8**, or **1E-9**.
   d. Start the insertion by toggling the **Error Insertion** soft key to **On**.
   e. To start inserting the error, toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key to **On**.
   f. To stop inserting the error, toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key to **Off**.
8. To insert a K30.7 error signal, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Error Type** soft key to **K30.7**.
   b. Start the insertion by toggling the **Error Insertion** soft key to **On**.
   The K30.7 error signal is one time insertion. This setting changes back to **Off** after the insertion.
9. To insert a bit error signal, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Error Type** soft key to **Bit**.
   b. Start the insertion by toggling the **Error Insertion** soft key to **On**.
   c. To stop the insertion, toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key to **Off**.
10. Check the real time results on the screen.
11. To clear the previous event history and start a new testing, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 338 CPRI layer 2 BERT test

Performing interference analysis

The RF over CPRI (RFoCPRI) technology enables you to perform interference analysis without disrupting service by monitoring the CPRI signals. It covers multiple network technologies such as LTE, WCDMA, and GSM/EDGE.

After checking that the link connection is good with no errors and alarms, you can proceed to the interference analysis activities including spectrum, spectrogram, RSSI, spectrum replayer, dual spectrum, dual spectrogram, and quad spectrum. You can also monitor current and history CPRI alarm status for LOS and LOF displayed on the interference measurement screen.

Connecting cables

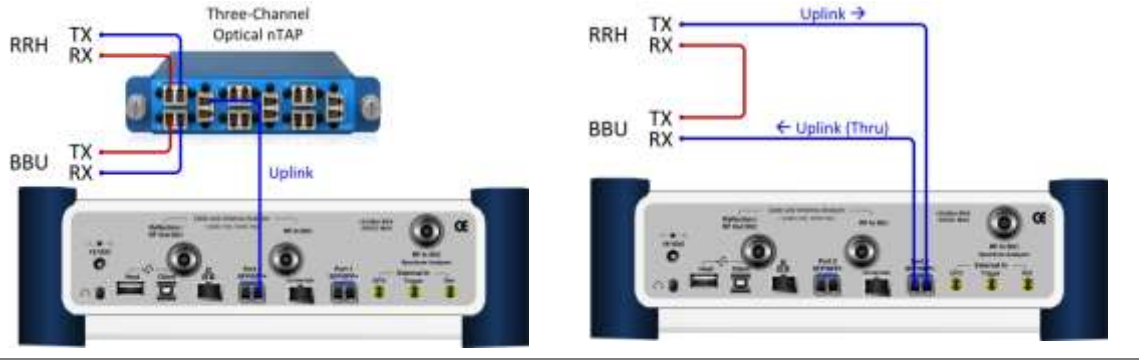
You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 339. If you have connected cables directly from RRH and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the CPRI parameter settings.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 339 Connection diagram for interference analysis

With nTap (both Thru On/Off):

Without nTap (Thru On only):



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Press the **Interference Analyzer** soft key.
3. Select the interference measurement mode from the following choices:
   - **Spectrum**
   - **Spectrogram**
   - **RSSI**
   - **Spectrum Replayer**
   - **Dual Spectrum**
   - **Dual Spectrogram**
   - **Quad Spectrum**

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate up to four different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement modes of RFoCPRI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Configuring test parameters

Configuration of test parameters described in this section is used in the Interference Analyzer mode including spectrum measurements, spectrogram, RSSI, dual spectrum, dual spectrogram, and quad spectrum.

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the frequency with center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
5. Select a unit from: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of increment for rotary operation, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press a unit from: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the frequency with channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key.
   The standard channel window appears. See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
4. Select the scanning direction by toggling the **Link** soft key between **Fwd** (forward) and **Rev** (reverse).
5. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
6. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
7. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
8. *Optional*. To define the amount of increment for rotary operation, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting reference level

You can set the reference level automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, the Y-axis scale changes to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.

2 Select the unit of the display scale from: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

Setting scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature to change the scale per division, representing the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3 Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Setting external offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset, and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB, the measurement result compensates 40 dB.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key to **On**.
3 Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key to **Off**.

Enabling auto leveling

It is normal that you see higher level of RSSI in CPRI spectrum than you have seen in RF spectrum because the digital signal has a different gain level from RF's. If you use the Auto Leveling feature and enter the Noise Figure (NF) for the system to be tested, the instrument calculates an offset that compensates the digital gain of RRH and applies it to the spectrum automatically to displace the level of spectrum to a known RSSI power even though its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Offset calculation for Auto Leveling is based on the following:

Auto Level offset = (Noise Floor of RFoCPRI) – (Ideal Noise Floor of RRH), where (Idea Noise Floor) = N.F (RRH) + Thermal Noise + 10log (RBW)

Procedure

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Press the **Auto Leveling** soft key.
A calculated level of offset without NF is applied as the external offset and the user input field is activated for entry of the noise figure value.

3 Enter a noise figure value by using the numeric keys.

NOTE
Having the noise figure factored in the offset calculation for Auto Leveling will enable you to view the CPRI spectrum closer to what you can view in the RF spectrum, but if you do not know the noise figure, you can skip this noise figure setting.

4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.
New external offset value appears in the **External Offset** menu box.

Figure 340 Before enabling Auto Leveling

Figure 341 After enabling Auto Leveling

Setting RBW

You can set the RBW and VBW in the Spectrum, Spectrogram, and RSSI modes. The RBW range is limited as per the bandwidth of the signal under test.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **RBW** soft key to set the resolution bandwidth.
3. Enter a value in 1-3 sequence by using the numeric keys, and then select **kHz** soft key. You can also use the rotary knob.

   For signal bandwidths 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz: RBW from 1 kHz to 30 kHz

   For signal bandwidths 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, and 20 MHz: RBW from 1 kHz to 100 kHz
4. Press the **VBW** soft key to set the video bandwidth.
5. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
6. Select the unit option from: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation in the Spectrum, Spectrogram, and RSSI modes. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

In the RFoCPRI Spectrum, Spectrogram, and RRSI measure modes, various sweep settings are available for better measurement, including the sweep run mode (**Single**, **Continuous**) and the sweep speed mode (**Normal**, **Fast**).

Procedure

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Select the desired sweep run mode by toggling the **Sweep Mode** soft key between **Single** and **Continuous**. You can also use the HOLD hot key.

   Single: In this mode, the instrument performs a single sweep and waits for further entries. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.

   Continuous (default): In this mode, the instrument is continuously measuring and updating result.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.
3. Select the desired sweep speed mode by toggling the **Sweep Mode** soft key between **Normal** and **Fast**:

   Normal: The signal processing and update rate is set to normal levels.

   Fast (default): It speeds up the signal processing and the display update rate to increase the overall sweep time.
4. *Optional.* In the Single mode, press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**.
   The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Complete one of the followings:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen.
You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4. To select the detection option, select **More (1/2) > Detectors**, and then complete one of the followings:

To display	Select
Random noise better than the peak without missing signals	Normal
The highest value in each data point	Peak
The root mean squared average power across the spectrum	RMS
The lowest value in each data point	Negative Peak
The center value in each data point	Sample

5. *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.
6. *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
   The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

NOTE
To be able to load a trace, the trace to be overlaid must be saved in the same measurement mode and frequency setting as the current measurement.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul under test, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
   b. Select the CPRI link rate option from: **614.4 Mbps**, **1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0 Mbps**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps**, or **9830.4 Mbps**.

> **NOTE**
> It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

3. To turn on the through mode, go to **More (2/3) > Thru**, and then toggle the **Thru** soft key to **On**.
4. To set the **Tx Clock**, go to **More (3/3) > Tx Clock**, and then toggle the **Tx Clock** soft key to **Recovered** (default).
5. Toggle the **Port Type** soft key to **Slave** (default).
6. *Optional.* To set the Rx Parameters, see “Configuring Rx parameters” on page 567.
7. *Optional.* To use the Source menu, see “Using signal generator” on page 585.
8. *Optional.* To use the CPRI signal generator function, see “Using CPRI source” on page 590.

Using map profile list (custom)

Along with features provided for the map profile list (system), you can create new map profiles, edit the map profiles, save the map profiles as a file format and load the saved files whenever you need.

Procedure

1. In the **Spectrum**, **Spectrogram**, **RSSI**, **Dual Spectrum**, **Dual Spectrogram**, or **Quad Spectrum** mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Map Profile List (Custom)**.
   The Map Profile window appears on the screen as shown in Figure 323.
3. To search the map profile databased on the list, scroll up and down the list using the rotary knob.
4. To search the map profile database by keyword, complete the following steps:
   a. Scroll up and down the list using the rotary knob.
   a. Tap on the input box in the **By Keyword** row.
   The edit keywords window appears.
   b. Enter the keywords by tapping the on-screen keyboard, and then press the **Apply** soft key.

> **NOTE**
> To learn how to use the on-screen keyboard, see ″Appendix K – On-screen keyboard” on page 743.

   c. Tap the **Search** key.
   The map profiles with the keywords are listed on the screen.
   d. Select a desired map profile by scrolling up and down the list using the rotary knob.
5. To search the map profile database with the filters, complete the following steps:
   a. Tap on the first (or leftmost) drop-down box in the **By Field Value** row.
   The drop-down list appears.
   b. Select a desired keyword by tapping on the drop-down list.
   c. Tap on the second drop-down box in the **By Field Value** row.
   The drop-down list appears.
   d. Select a desired keyword by tapping on the drop-down list.
   e. Tap the **Filter** key.
   The map profiles with the keywords are listed on the screen.
   f. Select a desired map profile by scrolling up and down the list using the rotary knob.

6 To search the map profile database using the keyword and filters, complete the following steps:
   a Enter the keyword on the input box in the **By Keyword** row.
   a Select the filtering keyword on the **By Field Value** row.
   b Tap the **Search with Filter** key.
   The map profiles with the keywords are listed on the screen.
   c Select a desired map profile by scrolling up and down the list using the rotary knob.

7 To apply the selected map profile to the current measurement, tap the **Apply** key or press the **Apply** soft key.
The spectrum measurement screen with the selected test parameters appears.

8 *Optional.* To create a new map profile to the database, complete the following steps:
   a Tap the **Create** key.
   The editing screen appears.
   b Edit the test parameters as needed, and then press the **Apply** soft key.
   c The map profile is created on the map profile list.

9 *Optional.* To edit the map profiles, complete the following steps:
   a Search and select a desired map profile.
   b Tap the **Edit** key.
   The editing screen appears.
   c Edit the test parameters as needed.
   d To apply the charges, press the **Apply** soft key.

10 *Optional.* To delete the map profiles, complete the following steps:
   a Search and select a desired map profile.
   b Tap the **Delete** key.
   A pop-up window appears.
   c Tap **OK** to delete the profile, tap **Cancel** to cancel the delete process.

9 *Optional.* To save the map profiles, complete the following steps:
   a Tap the **Save** key.
   b Enter a file name using the on-screen keyboards.
   c To apply the charges, press the **Apply** soft key.

10 *Optional.* To load the map profiles, complete the following steps:
   a Tap the **Load** key.
   The loading screen appears with the **MapProfile** folder highlighted.
   b Select the file to load.
   c Press the **Apply** soft key.

NOTE
You can press ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> File Manager > Save** folder **> MapProfile** folder and easily copy and paste the map profile files you want.

Figure 342 Example of Map Profile DB screen (custom)

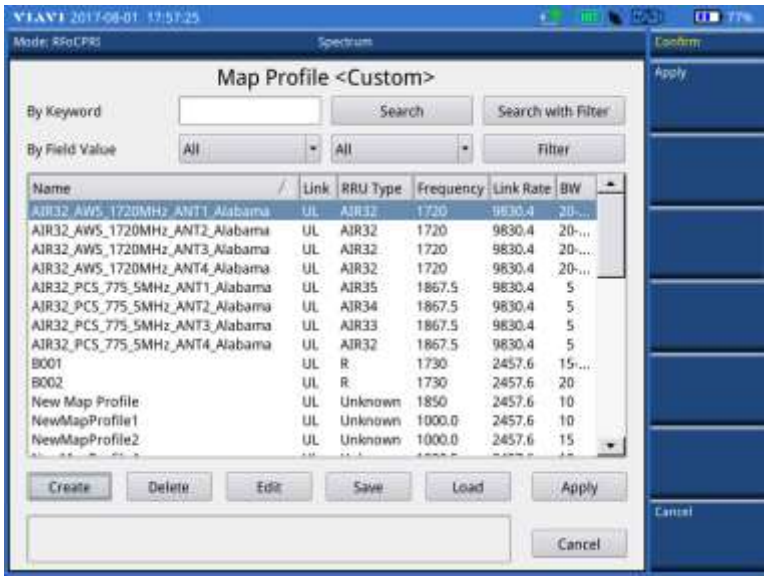
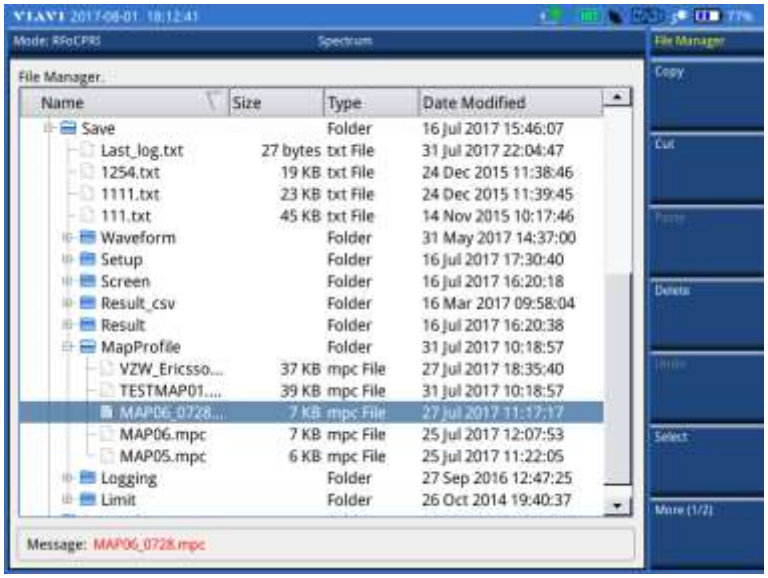


Figure 343 Example of Map Profile DB copy and paste using File Manager



Using map profile list (system)

The JD700B series provide the map profile database with more than 160 default test parameters. In the Spectrum mode, you can search the map profile database and apply a desired test parameters to your current measurement.

Procedure

1. In the **Spectrum**, **Spectrogram**, **RSSI**, **Dual Spectrum**, **Dual Spectrogram**, or **Quad Spectrum** mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press **More (3/3)**.
3. Press the **Map Profile List (System)**.
   The Map Profile window appears on the screen as shown in Figure 325.
4. To search the map profile databased on the list, scroll up and down the list using the rotary knob.
5. To search the map profile database by keyword, complete the following steps:

a Scroll up and down the list using the rotary knob.

b Tap on the input box in the **By Keyword** row.
The edit keywords window appears.

c Enter the keywords by tapping the on-screen keyboard, and then press the **Apply** soft key.

NOTE
To learn how to use the on-screen keyboard, see "Appendix K – On-screen keyboard" on page 743.

d Tap the **Search** key.
The map profiles with the keywords are listed on the screen.

e Select a desired map profile by scrolling up and down the list using the rotary knob.

6 To search the map profile database with the filters, complete the following steps:

a Tap on the first (or leftmost) drop-down box in the **By Field Value** row.
The drop-down list appears.

b Select a desired keyword by tapping on the drop-down list.

c Tap on the second drop-down box in the **By Field Value** row.
The drop-down list appears.

d Select a desired keyword by tapping on the drop-down list.

e Tap the **Filter** key.
The map profiles with the keywords are listed on the screen.

f Select a desired map profile by scrolling up and down the list using the rotary knob.

7 To search the map profile database using the keyword and filters, complete the following steps:

a Enter the keyword on the input box in the **By Keyword** row.

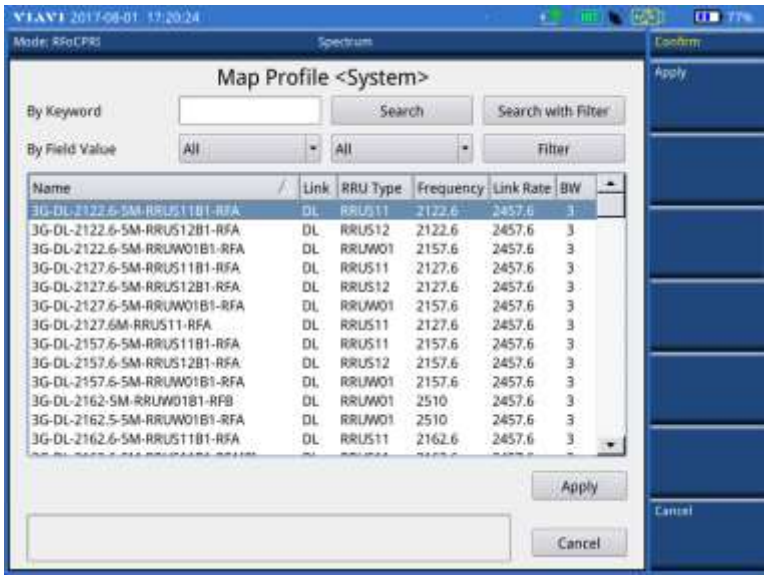
b Select the filtering keyword on the **By Field Value** row.

c Tap the **Search with Filter** key.
The map profiles with the keywords are listed on the screen.

d Select a desired map profile by scrolling up and down the list using the rotary knob.

8 To apply the selected map profile to the current measurement, tap the **Apply** key or press the **Apply** soft key.
The spectrum measurement screen with the selected test parameters appears.

Figure 344 Example of Map Profile DB screen (system)



Selecting network technology

Before you start performing the interference analysis, you need to choose a network technology to analyze.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
1. Press **Rx Parameters > Technology**.
2. Select a desired network technology form the menu bar:

   LTE (default)

   WCDMA

   GSM/EDGE

   Depending on the network technology you selected, the settings appear on the Rx Parameter menu bar changes accordingly.

Configuring Rx parameters

Because each network technology requires different Rx parameter settings, you need to configure the Rx parameters for the network technology you selected.

Procedure

To configure Rx parameters for LTE, WCDMA, and GSM/EDGE:

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
3. To set the antenna per carrier group, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **AxC Group** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Maximum number of the AxC Group is determined by the factors of link rate, sample width, oversampling, and signal bandwidth.

4. To set the I and Q sample widths, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **IQ Sample Width** soft key
   b. Enter a value between 4 and 20 by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
According to the CPRI specification, the IQ sample width shall be between 4 and 20 bits for I and Q in the uplink and between 8 and 20 bits in the downlink.

5. To set the stuffing bit, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Stuffing Bit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 0 and 20 by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
6. To set the first bit position of each AxC Container in the IQ data block of a basic frame, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Map Position** soft key.
   b. Select the AxC Container number you want to set from: **AxC 0**, **AxC 1**, **AxC 2**, **AxC 3**, **AxC 4**, **AxC 5**, **AxC 6**, or **AxC 7**. Not all of these are activated depending on the bandwidth setting of the network technology you selected.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **Enter** soft key.

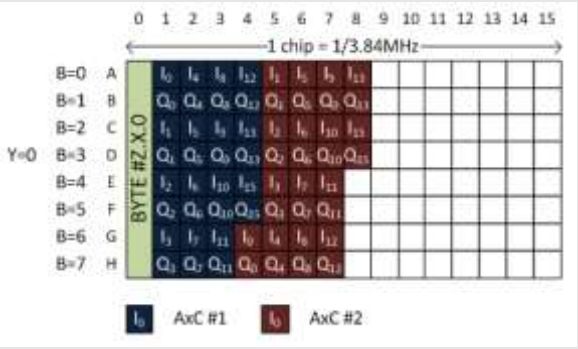
NOTE
The Antenna-Carrier (AxC) is the amount of digital baseband (IQ) U-plane data necessary for either reception or transmission of one carrier at one independent antenna element. The number of required AxC Container for a basic frame are two AxCs for 5 MHz, four AxCs for 10 MHz, and eight AxCs for 20 MHz.

Following is an example of test configuration for a DUT.

DUT	
CPRI Line Rate (Mbps)	614.4
UMTS Channel (MHz)	3.84
Carriers	2
AxC Positioning	Packed
IQ Sampling	15
Over Sampling	1

Test Configuration		
Link Rate (Mbps)		614.4
Bandwidth (MHz)		3
NEM		None
AxC Group		1 – 2
IQ Sample Width		15
Map Position	AxC 0	0
	AxC 1	15

For this test configuration, IQ allocation will be like this in the CPRI basic frame.



To configure Rx parameters for LTE:

7 To set the bandwidth of the downlink signal, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, **15 MHz (4 AxC)**, **20 MHz**, or **20 MHz (6 AxC)**.
The RBW range changes depending on the bandwidth you selected.
Required number of AxC containers may vary depending on the bandwidth you selected.

8 To use the pre-configured settings for a NEM, complete the following steps:

a Press the **NEM** soft key.

b Select an NEM from the following choices:

None (no pre-configuration)

Ericsson > Ericsson (UL) and **Ericsson (DL)**

Alcatel-Lucent (UL/DL)

Samsung (UL/DL)

Huawei > Huawei (UL) and **Huawei (DL)**

ZTE (UL/DL)

NOTE
If you have selected a NEM, the instrument sets the Map Postion and other releated settings automatically based on the selected NEM and you cannot edit the map position setting. The pre-configured information may be subject to changes at any times by NEMs.

To configure Rx parameters for LTE:

9 To set the GSM sample rate, complete the following steps:

a Press the **GSM Sample Rate** soft key.

b Select a desired GSM sample rates

NOTE
CellAdvisor FW3.065 supports only 960 kHz (NA1) for GSM sample rate.

Conducting spectrum measurement

After setting test parameters as described in “Configuring test parameters” on page 557, you can perform spectrum measurements with an audible indicator. You can also turn on the interference ID.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the sound indicator, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Sound Indicator** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Alarm Reference** soft key between **Marker** and **Line**:
      Marker: Sets the active marker position as the alarm reference if you have enabled a marker on the spectrum.
      Line: Makes the limit line as the alarm reference.
   c. If you have set the alarm reference to Line, press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for an alarm.
   d. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key.
   e. Toggle the **Sound** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on/off the alarm sound.
   f. *Optional*. To adjust the volume for alarm sound, press the **Volume** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob clockwise or counter clockwise.
   g. *Optional*. To select the sound mode for alam, toggle the **Sound Mode** soft key and select the option from the following choices:
      Select the **Mode 1** to create an alarm with a consistent tone (frequency) regardless of the interference signal.
      Select the **Mode 2** to apply the tone step from 1 to 20.
      Select the **Mode 3** to apply the tone step from 20 to 1.

NOTE
The Sound Indicator is used to identify interfering signals with alarm sound. It is especially useful for locating interferer sources with a directional antenna.

3. To set the interference ID, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Interference ID**.
   b. Press the **Threshold** soft key.
   c. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key.
   d. Toggle the **Interference ID** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on/off the interference ID.

NOTE
The Interference ID automatically classifies interfering signals over a designated spectrum and displays a list of possible signal types corresponding to the selected signal.

4. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.
   If you have saved logging data, you can play them in the Spectrum Replayer mode.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 582 for more information.

Figure 345 RFoCPRI spectrum measurement

Figure 346 RFoCPRI spectrum analysis on LTE Uplink 10 MHz, antenna 1

Figure 347 RFoCPRI spectrum analysis on LTE Uplink 10 MHz, antenna 2

Conducting dual spectrum measurement

With the Dual Spectrum feature, you can monitor two spectrums for different map positions on the same link simultaneously. If you enable the new Dual Active Trace function in the Dual Spectrum mode, the instrument displays the two sweeping traces overlaid on a single chart.

After setting test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 557, you can perform dual spectrum measurements.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key between **Top** and **Bottom**. You can also tap the chart on the screen.
3. To change the AxC group and map position settings for the window you have selected, complete the following steps:
   a. Press **Rx Parameters**.
   b. Press the **AxC Group** soft key.
   c. Enter a value between 1 and 24, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **Map Position** soft key, and then select the AxC Container number you want to set from: **AxC 0**, **AxC 1**, **AxC 2**, **AxC 3**, **AxC 4**, **AxC 5**, **AxC 6**, or **AxC 7**.
   e. Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

> **NOTE**
> The AxC Group and Map Position settings for the top and bottom windows work independently each other while all other parameter settings change concurrently. If you have selected one of the NEMs, you cannot change the Map Position setting.

4. To view both traces writing currently in each window together on a single chart with overlapping, complete the following steps:
   a. To enable the overlaid view, toggle the **Dual Active Trace** to **On**.
   Traces from the top and bottom charts appear overlapped on a single chart.

> **NOTE**
> As shown in Figure 350, there appears [Top] or [Bottom] at the top left of the chart to indicate which window is active now. Currently selected active window’s trace is brought to front in its bold color while the inactive window’s trace sent to back with lighter color.

   b. To change the selection of the active window and trace(s), toggle the **Active Window** soft key between **Top** and **Bottom**. You can also tap on the upper or lower portion of the chart

on the screen.

c To disable the overlap view and return to the dual spectrum view, toggle the **Dual Active Trace** soft key to **Off**.

5 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

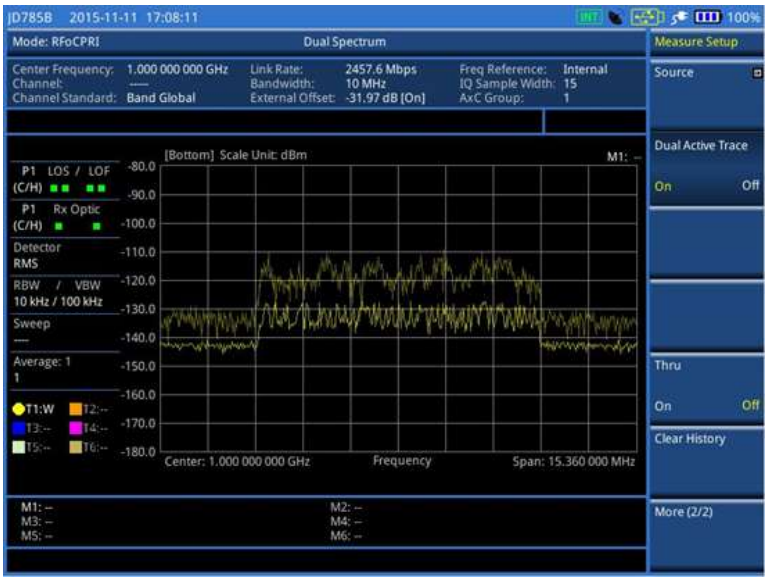
6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select a desired save option for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.
If you have saved logging data, you can play them in the Spectrum Replayer mode.

Figure 348 RFoCPRI dual spectrum analysis

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 582 for more information.

Figure 349 RFoCPRI dual spectrum with dual active trace off

Figure 350 RFoCPRI dual spectrum with dual active trace on



Conducting quad spectrum

In the Quad Spectrum mode, you can monitor four spectrums for different map positions on the same link simultaneously. If you enable the new Quad Active Trace function, the instrument displays the four sweeping traces overlaid on a single chart. You can also monitor the two spectrograms of the selected sweeping traces using the Dual Spectrogram function in this mode.

After setting test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 510, you can perform the quad spectrum measurements.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key among **Trace 1**, **Trace 2**, **Trace 3**, and **Trace 4** to select a desired chart. You can also tap the chart on the screen.
3. To change the AxC group and map position settings for the selected chart, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
   b. Press the **AxC Group** soft key.
   c. Enter a value between 1 and 24, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **Map Position** soft key, and then select the AxC Container number you want to set from: **AxC 0**, **AxC 1**, **AxC 2**, **AxC 3**, **AxC 4**, **AxC 5**, **AxC 6**, or **AxC 7**.
   e. Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
The AxC Group and Map Position settings for the top and bottom windows work independently each other while all other parameter settings change concurrently. If you have selected one of the NEMs, you cannot change the Map Position setting.

4. To view all traces overlaid on a single chart, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Quad Active Trace** to **On**.
   The screen displays the traces overlaid on a single chart.

NOTE
The currently active trace is brought to front of all traces and highlighted in bold. You can check the currently active trace at the top left of the chart as shown in Figure 352.

   b. To change the active trace, press the **PREV** hard key, and then toggle the **Active Window** soft key to desired trace number.

c To exit the overlaid view and return to the quad spectrum view, toggle the **Quad Active Trace** soft key to **Off**.

5 To view the dual spectrograms of selected traces, complete the following steps:

a In the Quad Spectrum view, press the **More (2/3)** soft key.

b press the **Dual Spectrogram** soft key.
The Dual Trace Selection window appears.

c Select two traces by tapping on the screen, and then tap **OK**.

d Press the **More (1/3)** soft key.

e Select the active trace by toggling the **Active Window** soft key between **Left** and **Right**. You can also tap the trace on the screen.

f Set the amount of time between each trace measurement by pressing the **Time Interval** soft key and then enter a value.

g Enter a value, and the press the **Sec** soft key.

6 To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key to **On**.

b Press the **Position** soft key.

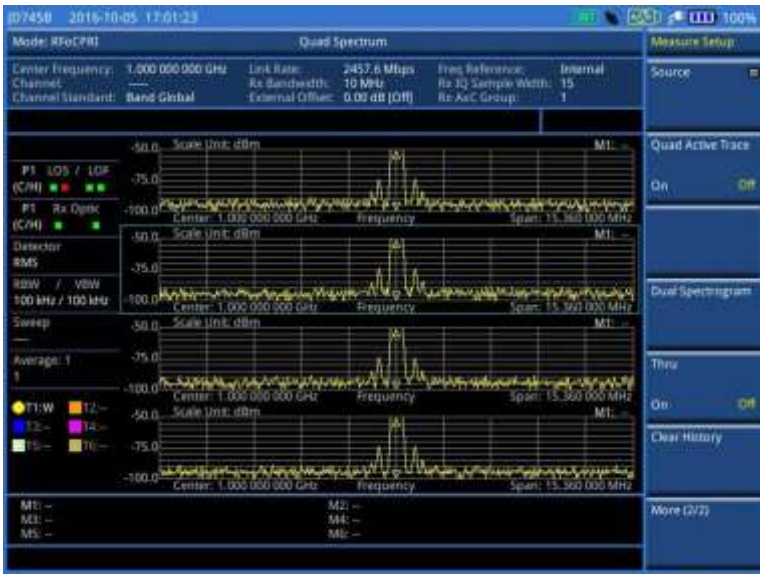
c Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select a desired save option for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.
You can play the saved logging data in the Spectrum Replayer mode.

Figure 351 RFoCPRI quad spectrum with quad active trace off

Figure 352 RFoCPRI quad spectrum with quad active trace on



Conducting spectrogram

The Spectrogram is particularly useful when attempting to identify periodic or intermittent signals as it captures spectrum activity over time and uses various colors to differentiate spectrum power levels. When the directional antenna is used to receive the signal, you will see a change in the amplitude of the tracked signal as you change the direction of the antenna and see a change in the Spectrogram colors. The source of the signal is located in the direction that results in the highest signal strength.

After setting test parameters as described in “Configuring test parameters” on page 557, you can perform spectrogram measurements.

Procedure

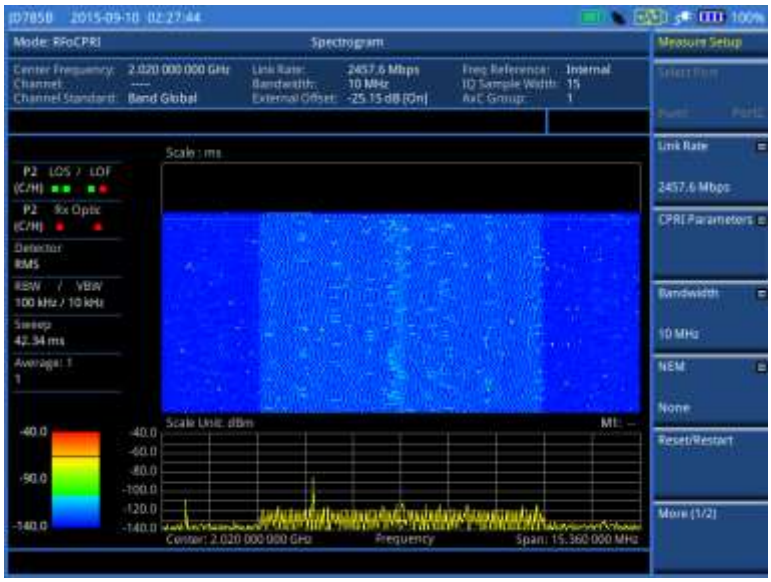
1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the amount of time between each trace measurement:
   a. Press **More (2/3)**.
   b. Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   c. Enter a value, and then press the **Sec** soft key.
3. To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key to **On**.
   b. Press the **Position** soft key.
   c. Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. To turn the time cursor off, toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key to **Off**.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

4. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.
5. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

The spectrogram shows a vertical line on the chart when the marker is enabled on the screen.

Figure 353 RFoCPRI interference measurement in spectrogram



NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 582 for more information.

Conducting dual spectrogram

The Dual Spectrogram feature lets you observe two spectrograms for different map positions on the same link simultaneously.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 557, you can perform dual spectrogram measurements.

Procedure

1. In the Dual Spectrogram mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
3. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key and select **[Left|Right]**. You can also tap on the left or right chart on the screen.
4. To change the AxC group and map position settings for the window you have selected, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
   b. Press the **AxC Group** soft key.
   c. Enter a value between 1 and 24, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. Press the **Map Position** soft key, and then select the AxC Container number you want to set from: **AxC 0**, **AxC 1**, **AxC 2**, **AxC 3**, **AxC 4**, **AxC 5**, **AxC 6**, or **AxC 7**.
   e. Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
The AxC Group and Map Position settings for the top and bottom windows work independently each other while all other parameter settings change concurrently.

5. To set the amount of time between each trace measurement, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   b. Enter a value, and the press the **Sec** soft key.
6. To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key to **On**.

b Press the **Position** soft key.

c Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

7 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

8 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

9 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Figure 354 RFoCPRI dual spectrogram analysis

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 582 for more information.

Conducting RSSI

The Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) is a multi-signal tracking metric that is particularly useful for measuring power-level variations over time. The RSSI measurement lets you assign power limit line for audible alarms and increase alarm counters every time a signal exceeds a defined limit line. For long-term analysis, the spectrogram and RSSI measurements can be automatically saved into an external USB memory. Post-analysis can be performed with JDViewer application software.

After configuring test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 557, you can continue to proceed to the spectrogram measurement.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 To set up the alarm parameters, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Alarm** soft key.

b Press the **Alarm at** soft key, and then select the marker number you want to set.

c Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the alarm.

d Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

e Press the **dBm** soft key.

f Toggle the **Alarm** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn the alarm feature on or off.

NOTE
You must set the marker(s) first by using the **MARKER** hard key as these features use the marker position to sound an alarm. See “Using marker” on page 61 for more information.

g *Optional*. Press the **Volume** soft key to adjust the volume.

3 Press the **PREV** hard key to return to the Measure Setup menu bar.

4 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

5 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Figure 355 RFoCPRI interference measurement in RSSI

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 582 for more information.

Zooming into spectrum using zoom in

CPRI delivers spectrum bandwidth information based on the sampling frequency of a carrier as specified in the 3GPP specification.

Signal Bandwidth	3 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz
Transmission Bandwidth	2.7 MHz	4.5 MHz	9 MHz	13.5 MHz	18 MHz
Sampling Frequency	3.84 MHz	7.68 MHz	15.36 MHz	23.04 MHz	30.72 MHz

Even though it limits that you can view spectrum only within the sampling frequency, the Zoom In feature in JD700B series makes it easy to view the spectrum in detail. This feature is available in RFoCPRI Spectrum,

Spectrogram, RSSI, Dual Spectrum, Dual Spectrogram, and Quad Spectrum modes.

NOTE
Make sure that the sweep mode is set to **Normal** to use the Zoom In feature.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key and place the marker at the frequency that you want to zoom in.
2. Press the **MARKER** or **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
3. Press the **Zoom In** soft key.
4. The display refreshes with the marker frequency centered in the current spectrum view. You will notice “Zoom-in Frequency” at the bottom of the chart.

NOTE
Turning on **Zoom In** does not affect the center frequency that you have set with the **FREQ/DIST** hard key. You can still view your original center frequency information in the input settings pane at the top.

5. To change the zoom-in center frequency, complete the following steps.
   a. Press the **Zoom-in Center Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value, and then press one of the unit soft keys that you want to select.
   You can also turn the rotary knob.
6. To change the zoom-in span, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Zoom-in Span** soft key.
   b. Enter a value, and then press one of the unit soft keys that you want to select.
   You can also turn the rotary knob.

NOTE
You can have the span as low as 10 kHz. An error message appears if you change the zoom-in center frequency or span out of the range, which is automatically determined by the instrument based on the sampling frequency.

7. To view a different position on the original spectrum, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Zoom In** soft key to **Off**.
   The screen goes back to the original spectrum.
   b. Move the marker to a new position on the spectrum.
   c. Turn the rotary knob to change the marker position.
   d. Toggle the **Zoom In** soft key to **On** again.
   The display refreshes with the new marker frequency centered in the current spectrum view. You will notice “Zoom-in Frequency” at the bottom of the chart.
8. To disable **Zoom In**, toggle the **Zoom In** soft key to **Off**.

Figure 356 Zoomed-in spectrum view in RFoCPRI interference analyzer

Performing spectrum replayer

The Spectrum Replayer lets you retrieve and replay recorded spectrum analyzer traces in interference analysis mode. These traces can be played back in the spectrogram or RSSI. You can configure the limit line to create failure points when signals exceed it. The failure points are clearly displayed on the trace timeline for quick access during playback.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Press the **Spectrum Replayer** soft key.
   The file manager window appears.
3. Select a file to be loaded, and then press the **Load** soft key.
   The Measure Setup menu appears.
4. Toggle the **Replay Direction** soft key between **FWD** and **REV** to change play direction to forward or reverse.
5. Press the **Replay Speed** soft key, and then select the speed option: **X1**, **X2**, **X3**, or **X4**.
6. Press the **Play** soft key to start playing.
7. Press the **Pause** soft key to pause or stop playing data.
8. To move to a particular failure position directly and play from there, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Jump to Fail Index** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
9. *Optional*. Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the time cursor on the screen. This key becomes activated when you play logged data in the Spectrogram mode.

NOTE
If you connected a USB drive, do not remove it while playing to prevent freezing the USB port, which will require you to restart the instrument to get a USB drive recognized again.

Figure 357 RFoCPRI spectrum replay

Setting display

You can select the display option to view data in a different mode.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Select the display option from: **Spectrum**, **Spectrogram**, or **RSSI**.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 582 for more information.

Setting limit for interference analysis

You can set threshold(s) and display either a single segment line or multi-segment line to analyze the result better.

Setting a single limit line

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Display Line** soft key for a reference line.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Display Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display and hide the reference line. The straight line appears across the screen to be used as a visual reference only.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Save Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting a multi-segment limit line

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key for Pass/Fail indication.
3. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.
4. Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.
   a. Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Autoset** soft key to let the instrument set the limit for each segment and display the line.
6. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.
   b. Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.
7. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.
   b. Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.
   c. Select the menu option from the following choices:
      To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key to **Off**.
      To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

To change the position, press the **Frequency** soft key or the **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Performing PIM detection (single and multiple carriers)

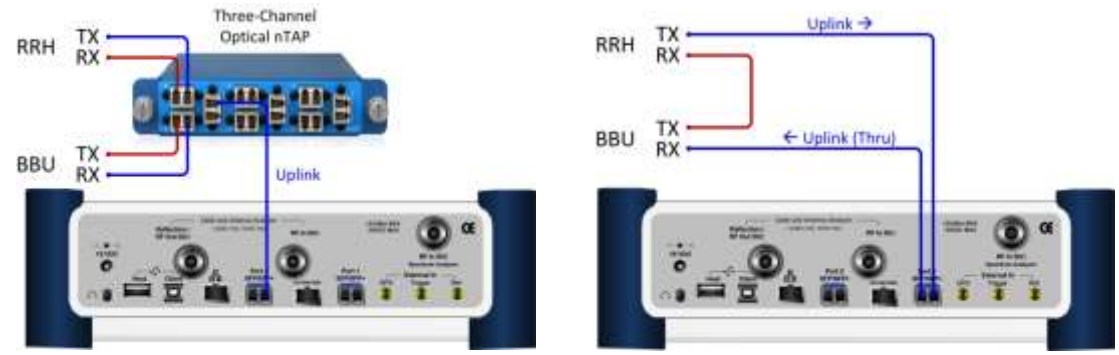
The Passive Intermodulation (PIM) Detection allows you to detect Uplink PIM across the full spectrum for any technology. When PIM is detected, the normal repair mode is to replace the offending cable and what you need to do is replacing the whole cable irrespective of the location of the fault.

Connecting cables

You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 358. If you have connected cables directly from RRH and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the CPRI parameter settings.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 358 Connection diagram for PIM detection



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2 Press the **PIM Detection** soft key.
3 Select the PIM detection mode from the following choices:
PIM Detection Single Carrier
PIM Detection Multiple Carriers
Calculated PIM

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate up to four different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement modes of RFoCPRI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul under test, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
   b. Select the CPRI link rate option from the choices: **614.4 Mbps**, **1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0 Mbps**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps**, or **9830.4 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

3. Toggle the **Tx Clock** soft key to **Recovered** (default).
4. Toggle the **Port Type** soft key and select **Slave** (default).
5. To turn on the through mode, go to **More (1/2) > Thru**, and then toggle the **Thru** soft key to **On**. To turn off, toggle to **Off**.
6. To configure Rx parameters, see “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 584.
7. *Optional*. To use the RF signal generator function, see “Using RF source in RFoCPRI testing” on page 638.
8. *Optional*. To use the CPRI signal generator function, see “Using CPRI source” on page 639.

Configuring Rx Parameters

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
3. To set the antenna per carrier group, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **AxC Group** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Maximum number of the AxC Group is determined by the factors of link rate, sample width, oversampling, and signal bandwidth.

4. To set the I and Q sample widths, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **IQ Sample Width** soft key
   b. Enter a value between 4 and 20 by using the rotary knob. You can also use the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
According to the CPRI specification, the IQ sample width shall be between 4 and 20 bits for I and Q in the uplink and between 8 and 20 bits in the downlink.

5 To set the first bit position of each AxC Container in the IQ data block of a basic frame, complete the following steps:

- **a** Press the **Map Position** soft key.
- **b** Select the AxC Container number you want to set from: **AxC 0**, **AxC 1**, **AxC 2**, **AxC 3**, **AxC 4**, **AxC 5**, **AxC 6**, or **AxC 7**. Not all of these are activated depending on your bandwidth setting.
- **c** Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
- **d** Press the **Enter** soft key.

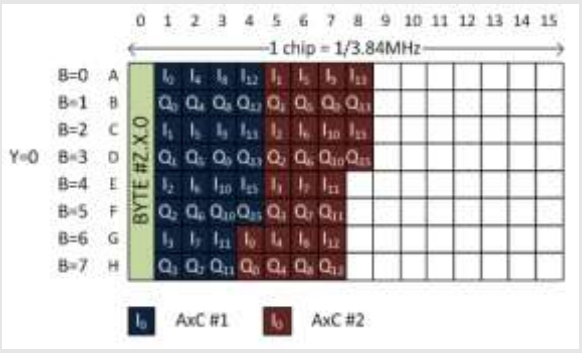
NOTE
The Antenna-Carrier (AxC) is the amount of digital baseband (IQ) U-plane data necessary for either reception or transmission of one carrier at one independent antenna element. The number of required AxC Container for a basic frame are two AxCs for 5 MHz, four AxCs for 10 MHz, and eight AxCs for 20 MHz.

Following is an example of test configuration for a DUT.

DUT	
CPRI Line Rate (Mbps)	614.4
UMTS Channel (MHz)	3.84
Carriers	2
AxC Positioning	Packed
IQ Sampling	15
Over Sampling	1

Test Configuration		
Link Rate (Mbps)		614.4
Bandwidth (MHz)		3
NEM		None
AxC Group		1 – 2
IQ Sample Width		15
Map Position	AxC 0	0
	AxC 1	15

For this test configuration, IQ allocation will be like this in the CPRI basic frame.



6 To set the bandwidth of the downlink signal, complete the following steps:

- **a** Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
- **b** Select the bandwidth option from: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, **15 MHz (4 AxC)**, **20 MHz**, or **20 MHz (6 AxC)**.
  The RBW range changes based on this bandwidth setting.
  Required number of AxC containers varies depending on the selected bandwidth.

7 To use the pre-configured settings for a NEM, complete the following steps:

- **a** Press the **NEM** soft key.
- **b** Select an NEM from the following choices:

  None (no pre-configuration)

  Ericsson > Ericsson (UL) and **Ericsson (DL)**

  Alcatel-Lucent (UL/DL)

  Samsung (UL/DL)

  Huawei > Huawei (UL) and **Huawei (DL)**

  ZTE (UL/DL)

NOTE
If you have selected a NEM, the instrument sets the Map Postion and other releated settings automatically based on the selected NEM and you cannot edit the map position setting. The pre-configured information may be subject to changes at any times by NEMs.

Calculating possible PIM

The Calculated PIM is used when you want to check any possible existence of PIM before the actual measurement. The instrument displays possible PIM in red color.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Calculated PIM** soft key.
3. Toggle the **Radio Config** soft key between **Single** and **Multi** to select the mode you want to use.
   Single: Sets the frequency of Radio 1.
   Multi: Sets the frequency of Radio 1 and Radio 2.
4. Do one of the following:
   To set the frequency and span, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Mode** soft key to **Freq**.
   b. Press the **Radio [1]2] Frequency** soft key.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   d. Select the unit option from: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   e. Press the **Radio [1|2] Span** soft key.
   f. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   g. Select the unit option from: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   To set the radio band, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Mode** soft key to **Band**.
   b. Press the **Radio [1]2] Band** soft key.
   c. Highlight the radio band to select by using the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **Select** soft key.

Detecting PIM (single and multiple carriers)

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Connect cables as instructed on the screen.

NOTE
Make sure that the Tx of RRH is connected to the Rx port of SFP/SFP+ installed in your CellAdvisor.

3. Complete one of the followings:
   To set the uplink center frequency and span to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Freq**.
   b. Press the **Uplink Center Frequency** soft key.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   d. Select the unit from: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
   To set the channel number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Channel**.
   b. Press the **Channel Std** soft key, and then highlight a desired band.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key.
   d. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
4. Press the **Continue** soft key, and then follow the instructions on the screen.
5. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new

monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 359 PIM detection of single radio

Performing LTE-FDD downlink signal analysis

If your JD700B series has the option 091 RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer installed with a license, you can performs power and spectrum measurements as well as modulation analysis to test the proper transmitter performance of FDD LTE systems over CPRI.

This instrument provides the following measurement tools for FDD LTE system over CPRI:

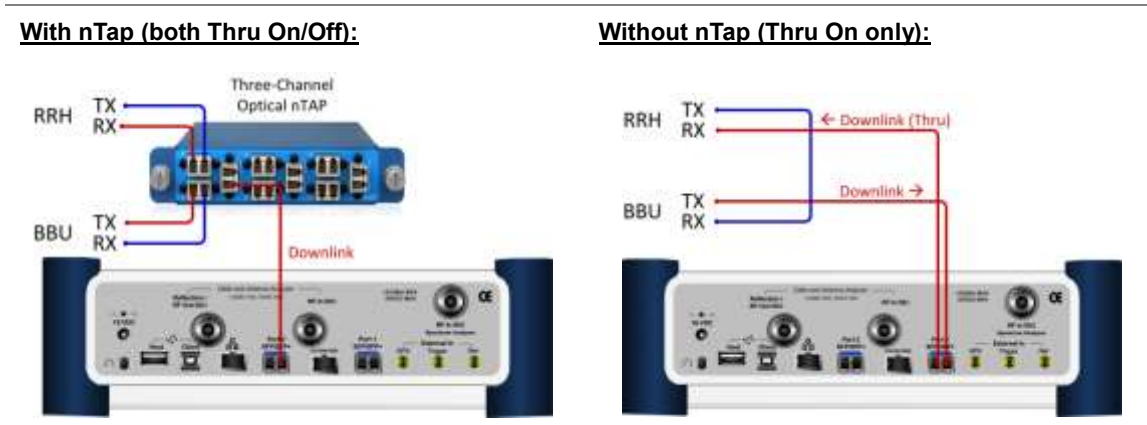
- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
- Power vs. Time (Frame)
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Data Channel
  - Control Channel
  - Subframe
  - Frame
  - Time Alignment Error
  - Data Allocation Map
- Power Statistics CCDF

Connecting cables

You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 360. If you have connected cables directly from RRH and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the CPRI parameter settings.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 360 Connection diagram for downlink signal analysis



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD**.
3. Select the downlink signal analysis mode from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power or **Occupied BW**

   Power vs Time (Frame)

   Modulation Analysis > Constellation, **Data Channel**, **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, **Frame**, **Time Alignement Error**, or **Data Allocation Map**

   Power Statistics CCDF

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate up to four different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement modes of RFoCPRI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft to **Channel**.

NOTE
Selecting **Channel** sets the standard channel to **Band Global** automatically so that you can set the **Channel Number** without choosing a standard channel band from the list.

3. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
5. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting amplitude

You can set the reference automatically or manually to optimize the display of the trace, as you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Complete one of the followings:

   To optimize the Y-axis scale automatically, press the **Auto Scale** soft key.

   To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the **Unit** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

NOTE
In the **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, and **Frame** measurement modes, you can select a reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** instead.

3 To set an external offset, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **External Offset** soft key to **On**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

NOTE
The instrument displays a measurement result with the set value reflected. For example, if you set it to 40 dB, the measurement result compensates 40 dB.

4 To change the setting of the scale per division, complete the following steps:
   a Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
   b Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

5 To change the scale unit, select **More (1/2) > Units**, and then select the display unit option from: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
The Scale/Div and Units menus are available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Setting average

In the spectrum and RF analysis, you can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1 Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2 Press the **Average** soft key.
3 Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2 Complete the following steps:

   To select the single sweep mode, complete the following steps:

   a Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Single** or press the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
   b To get a new measurement, press the **Sweep Once** soft key.

   To return to the continuous sweep mode, toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Continue** or press the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul under test, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
   b. Select the CPRI link rate option from: **614.4 Mbps**, **1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0 Mbps**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps**, or **9830.4 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

3. Press the **Tx Clock** soft key, and then select **Recovered** (default).
4. Toggle the **Port Type** soft key to **Slave** (default).
5. To turn on the through mode if you have not used a tap, go to **More (1/2) > Thru**, and then toggle the **Thru** soft key to **On**. To turn off, toggle to **Off**.
6. To configure Rx parameters, see “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591.
7. *Optional*. To use the RF signal generator function, see “Using RF source in RFoCPRI testing” on page 638.
8. *Optional*. To use the CPRI signal generator function, see “Using CPRI source” on page 639.

Configuring Rx Parameters

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
3. To set the antenna per carrier group, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **AxC Group** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Maximum number of the AxC Group is determined by the factors of link rate, sample width, oversampling, and signal bandwidth.

4. To set the I and Q sample widths, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **IQ Sample Width** soft key
   b. Enter a value between 4 and 20 by using the rotary knob or the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
According to the CPRI specification, the IQ sample width shall be between 4 and 20 bits for I and Q in the uplink and between 8 and 20 bits in the downlink.

5. To set the first bit position of each AxC Container in the IQ data block of a basic frame, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Map Position** soft key.
   b. Select the AxC Container number you want to set from the choices: **AxC 0**, **AxC 1**, **AxC 2**, **AxC 3**, **AxC 4**, **AxC 5**, **AxC 6**, or **AxC 7**. Not all of these are activated depending on your bandwidth setting.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **Enter** soft key.

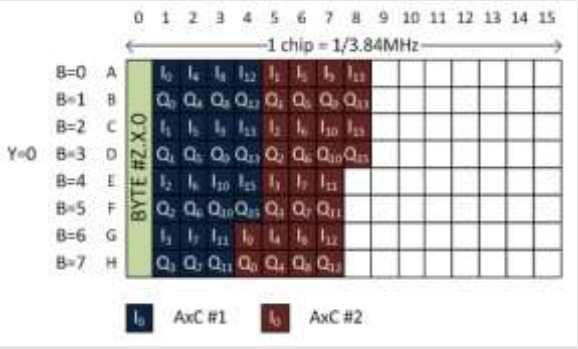
NOTE
The Antenna-Carrier (AxC) is the amount of digital baseband (IQ) U-plane data necessary for either reception or transmission of one carrier at one independent antenna element. The number of required AxC Container for a basic frame are two AxCs for 5 MHz, four AxCs for 10 MHz, and eight AxCs for 20 MHz.

Following is an example of test configuration for a DUT.

DUT	
CPRI Line Rate (Mbps)	614.4
UMTS Channel (MHz)	3.84
Carriers	2
AxC Positioning	Packed
IQ Sampling	15
Over Sampling	1

Test Configuration		
Link Rate (Mbps)		614.4
Bandwidth (MHz)		3
NEM		None
AxC Group		1 – 2
IQ Sample Width		15
Map Position	AxC 0	0
	AxC 1	15

For this test configuration, IQ allocation will be like this in the CPRI basic frame.



6 To set the bandwidth of the downlink signal, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from: **1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, **15 MHz (4 AxC)**, **20 MHz**, or **20 MHz (6 AxC)**.
The RBW range changes based on this bandwidth setting.
Required number of AxC containers varies depending on the selected bandwidth.

7 To use the pre-configured settings for a NEM, complete the following steps:

a Press the **NEM** soft key.

b Select an NEM from the following choices:

None (no pre-configuration)

Ericsson > Ericsson (UL) and **Ericsson (DL)**

Alcatel-Lucent (UL/DL)

Samsung (UL/DL)

Huawei > Huawei (UL) and **Huawei (DL)**

ZTE (UL/DL)

NOTE
If you have selected a NEM, the instrument sets the Map Postion and other releated settings automatically based on the selected NEM and you cannot edit the map position setting. The pre-configured information may be subject to changes at any times by NEMs.

Conducting spectrum measurement

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Spectrum**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591

5 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

6 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

7 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

2 Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.

3 Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal’s maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal’s minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace’s parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

5 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Measurement example

Figure 361 Spectrum measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Conducting channel power measurement

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power and power spectral density (PSD) of the signal in the LTE channel bandwidth.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > RF Analysis > Channel Power**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591
5. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
6. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 362 Channel power measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > RF Analysis > Occupied BW**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   - Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591
   - Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591
5. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
6. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 363 Occupied bandwidth measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurement

The Power vs. Time (Frame) measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the power of each time slot in an LTE signal.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > P vs T (Frame)**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Makes the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
8. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft

key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, and **1**.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

9 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 364 Power vs. time (frame) measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Conducting constellation measurement

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Constellation**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:

Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591

5 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0

and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

Auto: Makes the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7 Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

8 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

9 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select an option from: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, or **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

8 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**:

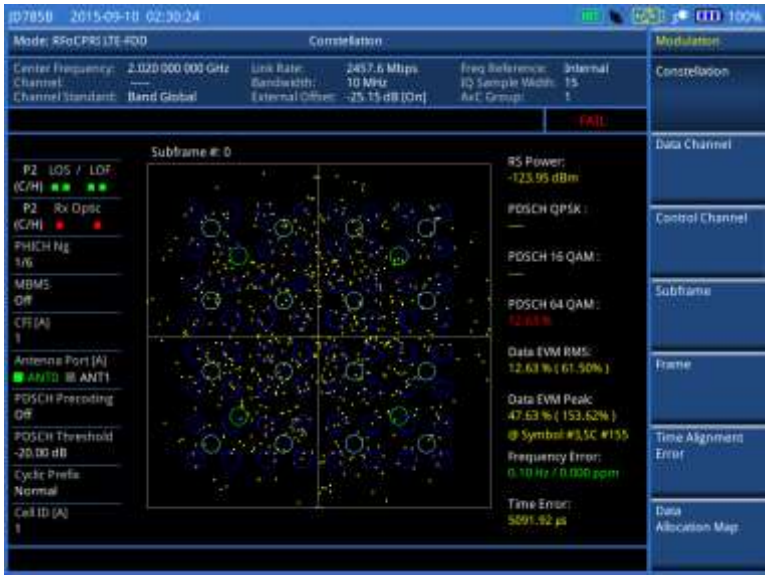
Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

9 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select an option: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Measurement example

Figure 365 Constellation measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer



NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting data channel measurement

The Data Channel measures the constellation for the specified resource block as well as the modulation accuracy of each PDSCH at the specified subframe.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Data Channel**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7 To enable or disable the event hold feature, toggle the **Event Hold** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
When enabled, the display line for the PDSCH threshold appears.
When an event occurs, the measurement is put on hold until you press the **HOLD** hot key.

8 Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

9 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

10 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

11 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

12 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, or **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

8 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**:

   Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

9 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a resource block and display the IQ diagram for the selected resource block.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **RB Number** soft key to select the resource block to be marked.
3. Enter the resource block number by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The marker appears on the selected resource block.
5. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the result of the selected resource block.

Measurement example

Figure 366 Data channel measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting control channel measurement

The Control Channel measures the constellation for the specified control channel as well as modulation accuracy of the control channel at the specified subframe.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Control Channel**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key to **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 combiner or an antenna.

8. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

9. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

10. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

11. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

12. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1. To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.

2. To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3. To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4. To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5. To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.

   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

6. Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key between **REG** and **Avg**.

   REG: Calculates EVM based on Resource Element Group

   Avg: Calculates EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

7. To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

   Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

8. To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a control channel and display the IQ diagram for the selected channel.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **Channel** soft key to select a channel to be displayed in the IQ diagram.
   The channel P-SS is selected by default.
3. Press the up/down arrow keys or turn the rotary knob to highlight a channel in the channel summary table, and then press the center of the rotary knob.
4. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the result of the selected channel.

Measurement example

Figure 367 Control channel measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Viewing decoded MIB and SIB1/2 information

In LTE system, the System Information (SI) that is carried over transport channel BCH or by DL-SCH consists of two parts: static part called MIB (Master Information Block) and dynamic part called SIBs (System Information Blocks). MIB contains important information such as system bandwidth, System Frame Number (SFN), PHICH configuration while SIBs contain other useful information including transit power, number of antenna, and SIB scheduling information for UE to read to access a cell.

JD700B series decodes MIB, the first of SIB (SIB1), and the second of SIB (SIB2) and provides you with decoded information of several parameters. If you are not familiar with matching the system information between IQ spectrum and RF spectrum, this feature enables you to identify the uplink carrier frequency and bandwidth so that you can map AxC container to the RF carrier by combining the decoded information with other system parameters obtained by RFoCPRI signal analysis. As not all LTE frames have transmitted SIB, it may take time for the instrument to capture frames with the system information and decode MIB and

SIB1/2.

Procedure

1. Make sure that you have set the frequency to "**Band Global**" for the technology.
2. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
3. Press the **MIB & SIB1/2 Information** soft key.
   The MIB and SIB1/2 Information window appears with the following parameters:

   SFN: System Frame Number.

   p-Max: Maximum allowed UL transmit power of the cell

   systemInfoValueTag: It indicates if a change has occurred in the SI messages. UEs may use this, e.g. upon return from out of coverage, to verify if the previously stored SI messages are still valid.

   Freqinfo-ul-CarrierFreq: Uplink channel number

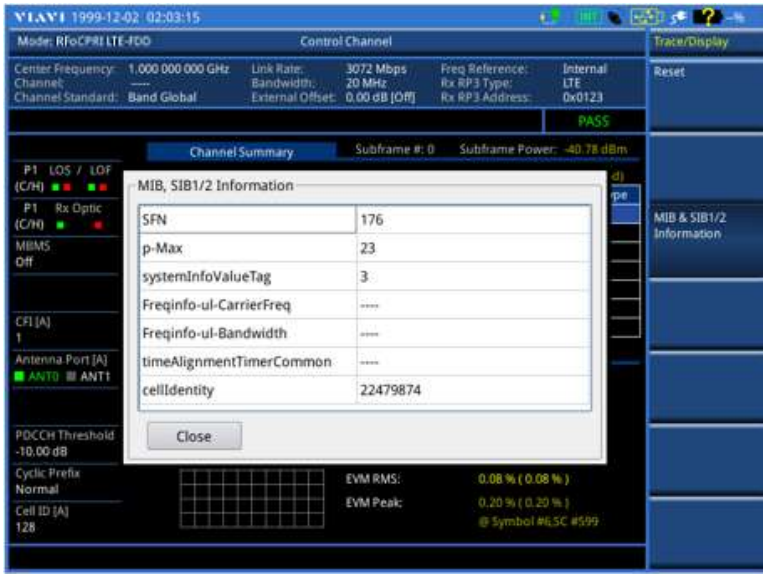
   Freqinfo-ul-Bandwidth: Uplink bandwidth

   timeAlignmentTimerCommon: It is used to control how long the UE should consider to be time aligned in uplink. The value is in subframes.

   CellIdentity: It is a unique number used to identify each base transceiver station (BTS) or a sector of BTS withiin a location area code (LAC) if not within a GSM network.

NOTE
Some or entire parameters may not be available depending on the system configuration or the NEM of the system. Also, this feature may not work for Ericsson RRHs.

Figure 368 Decoded MIB & SIB1/2 information in RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer



NOTE
The MIB & SIB1/2 information soft key is only activated in Control Channel/Subframe Modulation Analysis of RFoCPRI LTE-FDD and RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD mode.

Conducting subframe measurement

The Subframe measures the modulation accuracy of all the data and control channels at the specified subframe (1 ms).

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Subframe**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:

   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591

   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key between **Single** and **Combine**:

   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 combiner or an antenna.
8. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
9. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.
10. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
11. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
12. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1. To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.
2. To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key between **Normal** and **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.
3. To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.
4. To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.
5. To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, or **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
7 To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
8 Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key between **REG** and **Avg**.
   REG: Calculates EVM based on Resource Element Group
   Avg: Calculates EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.
9 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
10 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:
   Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.
   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.
11 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to view the RE and RS power at a specific symbol.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2 Toggle the **Chart** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the chart.
If this setting is on, the **MARKER** hard key is activated.

Using marker

If you turn the Chart view on, you can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific symbol.

Procedure

1 Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2 Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the marker on the chart.
3 Press the **Symbol** soft key to select the symbol number, to which the marker is placed.
4 Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
5 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 369 Subframe measurement (regular view) with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting frame measurement

The Frame measures the modulation accuracy of all the data and control channels at the frame (10 ms).

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Frame**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591
5. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:
   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
6. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key between **Single** and **Combine**:
   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.
   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 combiner or an antenna.
7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
8. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.
9. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, or **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

8 Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key between **REG** and **Avg**.

   REG: Calculates EVM based on Resource Element Group

   Avg: Calculates EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

9 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

10 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

   Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

11 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Measurement example

Figure 370 Frame measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting time alignment error measurement

In eNode-B supporting Tx Diversity transmission, signals are transmitted from two or more antennas. These signals shall be aligned. The time alignment error in Tx diversity is specified as the delay between the signals from two antennas at the antenna ports.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Time Alignment Error**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591
5. Toggle the **Antenna Config** soft key between **Ant0** and **Ant1**.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:
   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key between **On** and **Off**.
8. *Optional*. To select the cyclic prefix, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

9 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 371 Time alignment error measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting data allocation map measurement

The Data Allocation Map function represents data allocation as a frame.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Data Allocation Map**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:

Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591

5 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7. To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
8. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
9. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.
10. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
11. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
12. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1. To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.
2. To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.
3. To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.
4. To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to change the display mode to PDSCH, PMCH, or both.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Display Channel** soft key.
3. Select the display mode from: **PDSCH**, **PMCH**, or **Both**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific resource block and subframe.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.

2 Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the marker on the chart.

3 To select the resource block number, complete the following steps:

a Press the **RB Number** soft key.

b Enter the resource block number by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob to move the marker side by side.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To select the subframe block number, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter the subframe number by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob to move the marker up and down.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 372 Data allocation map measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Performing power statistics CCDF measurement

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Power Statistics CCDF**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 589.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:

Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 591

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 591

5 To set the length of the CCDF, complete the following steps:

a Press the **CCDF Length** soft key.

b Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

7 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 373 CCDF measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 To set a limit for RF analysis tests, press the **RF Test Limit**s soft key and then set limits as needed, depending on where you are in the measurement mode.

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit

3 To set a limit for modulation tests, press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key and then set limits as needed, depending on where you are in the measurement mode.

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
PDSCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is off	EVM > PDSCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM)
PMCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is on and a PMCH is	EVM > PMCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM)

detected		High Limit (64 QAM)
RMS for data error vector magnitude	EVM > Data EVM RMS	High Limit
Peak for data error vector magnitude	EVM> Data EVM Peak	High Limit
RS error vector magnitude	EVM > RS EVM	High Limit
P-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > P-SS EVM	High Limit
S-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > S-SS EVM	High Limit
Downlink RS power	Power > DL RS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
P-SS power	Power > P-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
S-SS power	Power > S-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
PBCH power	Power > PBCH Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Subframe power	Power > Subframe Power	High Limit, Low Limit
OFDM symbol power	Power > OFDM Symbol Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Frame average power	Power > Frame Avg Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Time alignment error for MIMO	Time Alignment Error > MIMO	High Limit
Time error	Time Error	High Limit, Low Limit
I-Q origin offset	IQ Origin Offset	High Limit

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Performing LTE-TDD downlink signal analysis

If your JD700B series has the option 092 RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer installed with a license, you can performs power and spectrum measurements as well as modulation analysis to test the proper transmitter performance of TDD LTE systems over CPRI.

This instrument provides the following measurement tools for TDD LTE system over CPRI:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
- Power vs. Time (Frame)
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Data Channel
  - Control Channel
  - Subframe
  - Time Alignment Error

- Data Allocation Map

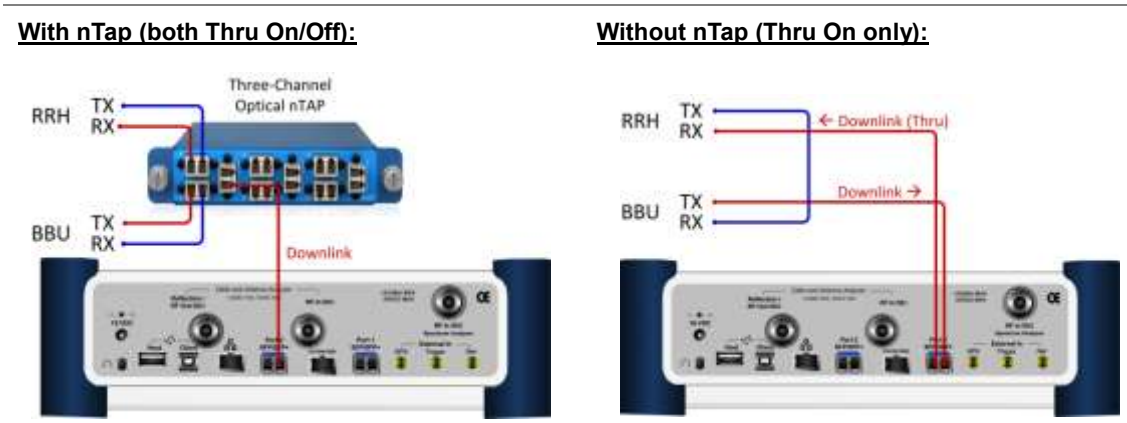
- Power Statistics CCDF

Connecting cables

You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 374. If you have connected cables directly from RRH and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the CPRI parameter settings.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 374 Connection diagram for downlink signal analysis



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD**.
3. Select the downlink signal analysis mode from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power or **Occupied BW**

   Power vs Time (Frame)

   Modulation Analysis > Constellation, **Data Channel**, **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, **Time Alignement Error**, or **Data Allocation Map**

   Power Statistics CCDF

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement mode of RFoCPRI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Channel**.

NOTE
Selecting **Channel** sets the standard channel to **Band Global** automatically so that you can set the **Channel Number** without choosing a standard channel band from the list.

3. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
5. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting amplitude

You can set the reference automatically or manually to optimize the display of the trace, as you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Complete one of the followings:

   To optimize the Y-axis scale automatically, press the **Auto Scale** soft key.

   To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

NOTE
In the **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, and **Frame** measurement modes, you can select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** instead.

3 To set an external offset, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **External Offset** soft key to **On**.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

NOTE
The instrument displays a measurement result with the set value reflected. For example, if you set it to 40 dB, the measurement result compensates 40 dB.

4 To change the setting of the scale per division, complete the following steps:
   a Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
   b Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

5 To change the scale unit, select **More (1/2) > Units**, and then select the display unit option from: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
The Scale/Div and Units menus are available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Setting average

In the spectrum and RF analysis, you can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1 Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2 Press the **Average** soft key.
3 Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2 Do the following:

   To select the single sweep mode, complete the following steps:

   a Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Single** or press the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
   b To get a new measurement, press the **Sweep Once** soft key.

   To return to the continuous sweep mode, toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key to **Continue** or press the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul under test, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
   b. Select the CPRI link rate option from: **614.4 Mbps**, **1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0 Mbps**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps**, or **9830.4 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

3. Press the **Tx Clock** soft key, and then select **Recovered** (default).
4. Toggle the **Port Type** soft key to **Slave** (default).
5. To turn on the through mode if you have not used a tap, go to **More (1/2) > Thru**, and then toggle the **Thru** soft key to **On**. To turn off, toggle to **Off**.
6. To configure Rx parameters, see “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618.
7. *Optional*. To use the RF signal generator function, see “Using RF source in RFoCPRI testing” on page 638.
8. *Optional*. To use the CPRI signal generator function, see “Using CPRI source” on page 639.

Configuring Rx Parameters

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
3. To set the antenna per carrier group, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **AxC Group** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
Maximum number of the AxC Group is determined by the factors of link rate, sample width, oversampling, and signal bandwidth.

4. To set the I and Q sample widths, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **IQ Sample Width** soft key
   b. Enter a value between 4 and 20 by using the rotary knob or the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
According to the CPRI specification, the IQ sample width shall be between 4 and 20 bits for I and Q in the uplink and between 8 and 20 bits in the downlink.

5. To set the first bit position of each AxC Container in the IQ data block of a basic frame, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Map Position** soft key.
   b. Select the AxC Container number you want to set from the choices: **AxC 0**, **AxC 1**, **AxC 2**, **AxC 3**, **AxC 4**, **AxC 5**, **AxC 6**, or **AxC 7**. Not all of these are activated depending on your bandwidth setting.
   c. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   d. Press the **Enter** soft key.

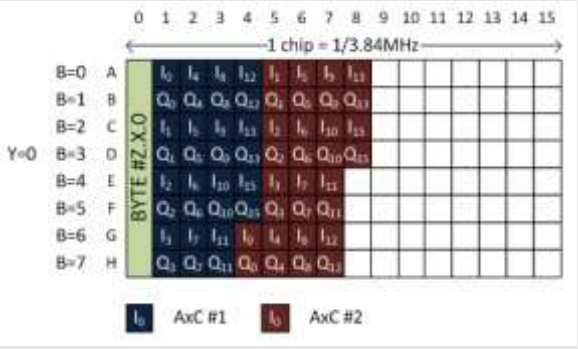
NOTE
The Antenna-Carrier (AxC) is the amount of digital baseband (IQ) U-plane data necessary for either reception or transmission of one carrier at one independent antenna element. The number of required AxC Container for a basic frame are two AxCs for 5 MHz, four AxCs for 10 MHz, and eight AxCs for 20 MHz.

Following is an example of test configuration for a DUT.

DUT	
CPRI Line Rate (Mbps)	614.4
UMTS Channel (MHz)	3.84
Carriers	2
AxC Positioning	Packed
IQ Sampling	15
Over Sampling	1

Test Configuration		
Link Rate (Mbps)		614.4
Bandwidth (MHz)		3
NEM		None
AxC Group		1 – 2
IQ Sample Width		15
Map Position	AxC 0	0
	AxC 1	15

For this test configuration, IQ allocation will be like this in the CPRI basic frame.



6 To set the bandwidth of the downlink signal, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from: **1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, **15 MHz (4 AxC)**, **20 MHz**, or **20 MHz (6 AxC)**.
The RBW range changes based on this bandwidth setting.
Required number of AxC containers varies depending on the selected bandwidth.

7 To use the pre-configured settings for a NEM, complete the following steps:

a Press the **NEM** soft key.

b Select an NEM from the following choices:

None (no pre-configuration)

Ericsson > Ericsson (UL) and **Ericsson (DL)**

Alcatel-Lucent (UL/DL)

Samsung (UL/DL)

Huawei > Huawei (UL) and **Huawei (DL)**

ZTE (UL/DL)

NOTE
If you have selected a NEM, the instrument sets the Map Postion and other releated settings automatically based on the selected NEM and you cannot edit the map position setting. The pre-configured information may be subject to changes at any times by NEMs.

Conducting spectrum measurement

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Spectrum**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618

5 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

6 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

7 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

2 Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.

3 Complete one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal’s maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal’s minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace’s parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

5 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Measurement example

Figure 375 Spectrum measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Conducting channel power measurement

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power and power spectral density (PSD) of the signal in the LTE channel bandwidth.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > RF Analysis > Channel Power**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618
5. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
6. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 376 Channel power measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > RF Analysis > Occupied BW**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618
5. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
6. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 377 Occupied bandwidth measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurement

The Power vs. Time (Frame) measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the power of each time slot in an LTE signal.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > P vs T (Frame)**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:
   Auto: Makes the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
8. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft

key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.

To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

9 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 378 Power vs. time (frame) measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Conducting constellation measurement

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Modulation Analysis > Constellation**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:

Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618

5 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0

and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
8. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.
9. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
10. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
11. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1. To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.
2. To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.
3. To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.
4. To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.
5. To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, or **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6. To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
7. To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
8. To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

   Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

9. To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Measurement example

Figure 379 Constellation measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting data channel measurement

The Data Channel measures the constellation for the specified resource block as well as the modulation accuracy of each PDSCH at the specified subframe.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Modulation Analysis > Data Channel**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:
   Auto: Makes the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7 To enable or disable the event hold feature, toggle the **Event Hold** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
When enabled, the display line for the PDSCH threshold appears.
When an event occurs, the measurement is put on hold until you press the **HOLD** hot key.

8 Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

9 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

10 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

11 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

12 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, or **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

8 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**:

   Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

9 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a resource block and display the IQ diagram for the selected resource block.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **RB Number** soft key to select the resource block to be marked.
3. Enter the resource block number by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The marker appears on the selected resource block.
5. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the result of the selected resource block.

Measurement example

Figure 380 Data channel measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting control channel measurement

The Control Channel measures the constellation for the specified control channel as well as modulation accuracy of the control channel at the specified subframe.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Modulation Analysis > Control Channel**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7 Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key between **Single** and **Combine**:

Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 combiner or an antenna.

8 Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key between **On and Off**.

9 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

10 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

11 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

12 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key between **REG** and **Avg**.

REG: Calculates EVM based on Resource Element Group

Avg: Calculates EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

7 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

8 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a control channel and display the IQ diagram for the selected channel.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **Channel** soft key to select a channel to be displayed in the IQ diagram.
   The channel P-SS is selected by default.
3. Press the up/down arrow keys or turn the rotary knob to highlight a channel in the channel summary table, and then press the center of the rotary knob.
4. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the result of the selected channel.

Measurement example

Figure 381 Control channel measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting subframe measurement

The Subframe measures the modulation accuracy of all the data and control channels at the specified subframe (1 ms).

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Modulation Analysis > Subframe**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:

Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618

5 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

Auto: Deteccts the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7 Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key between **Single** and **Combine**:

Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 combiner or an antenna.

8 Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

9 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

10 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

11 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

12 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option from: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key to **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key to **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, or **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
8 Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key between **REG** and **Avg**:
   REG: Calculates EVM based on Resource Element Group
   Avg: Calculates EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.
9 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key to **On** or **Off**.
10 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:
   Auto: Makes the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.
   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.
11 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to view the RE and RS power at a specific symbol.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2 Toggle the **Chart** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the chart.
If this setting is on, the **MARKER** hard key is activated.

Using marker

If you turn the Chart view on, you can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific symbol.

Procedure

1 Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2 Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the marker on the chart.
3 Press the **Symbol** soft key to select the symbol number, to which the marker is placed.
4 Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
5 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 382 Subframe measurement (regular view) with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting time alignment error measurement

In eNode-B supporting Tx Diversity transmission, signals are transmitted from two or more antennas. These signals shall be aligned. The time alignment error in Tx diversity is specified as the delay between the signals from two antennas at the antenna ports.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Modulation Analysis > Time Alignment Error**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:
   Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618
   Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618
5. Toggle the **Antenna Config** soft key between **Ant0** and **Ant1**.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:
   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key between **On** and **Off**.
8. *Optional*. To select the cyclic prefix, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key between **Normal** and **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

9 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 383 Time alignment error measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis” on page 613 for more information.

Conducting data allocation map measurement

The Data Allocation Map function represents data allocation as a frame.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Modulation Analysis > Data Allocation Map**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:

Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618

5 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key between **Auto** and **Manual**:

   Auto: Detects the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7. To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
8. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key between **On** and **Off**.
9. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.
10. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
11. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
12. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1. To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, or **1**.
2. To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key between **Normal** and **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.
3. To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key between **On** and **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.
4. To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key to **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to change the display mode to PDSCH, PMCH, or both.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Display Channel** soft key.
3. Select the display mode from: **PDSCH**, **PMCH**, or **Both**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific resource block and subframe.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.

2 Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the marker on the chart.

3 To select the resource block number, complete the following steps:

a Press the **RB Number** soft key.

b Enter the resource block number to select by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob to move the marker side by side.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To select the subframe block number, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter the subframe number to select by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob to move the marker up and down.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 384 Data allocation map measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Performing power statistics CCDF measurement

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-TDD > Power Statistics CCDF**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 616.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then set the following parameters:

Measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 618

Rx Parameters as described in the “Configuring Rx Parameters” on page 618

5 To set the length of the CCDF, complete the following steps:

a Press the **CCDF Length** soft key.

b Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary

knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

7 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 385 CCDF measurement with RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer

Setting limit for RFoCPRI signal analysis

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 To set a limit for RF analysis tests, press the **RF Test Limit**s soft key and then set limits as needed, depending on where you are in the measurement mode.

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit

3 To set a limit for modulation tests, press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key and then set limits as needed, depending on where you are in the measurement mode.

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
PDSCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is off	EVM > PDSCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM)
PMCH error vector magnitude	EVM > PMCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK)

if MBMS is on and a PMCH is detected		High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM)
RMS for data error vector magnitude	EVM > Data EVM RMS	High Limit
Peak for data error vector magnitude	EVM> Data EVM Peak	High Limit
RS error vector magnitude	EVM > RS EVM	High Limit
P-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > P-SS EVM	High Limit
S-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > S-SS EVM	High Limit
Downlink RS power	Power > DL RS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
P-SS power	Power > P-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
S-SS power	Power > S-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
PBCH power	Power > PBCH Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Subframe power	Power > Subframe Power	High Limit, Low Limit
OFDM symbol power	Power > OFDM Symbol Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Frame average power	Power > Frame Avg Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Time alignment error for MIMO	Time Alignment Error > MIMO	High Limit
Time error	Time Error	High Limit, Low Limit
I-Q origin offset	IQ Origin Offset	High Limit

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Using signal generator

If your JD700B series has the signal generator options installed with a license, you can use RF Source or CPRI Source, or both.

Using RF source in RFoCPRI testing

You can use the RF Source feature to calibrate the uplink noise floor at a given point, check the uplink gain and dynamic range, and verify that current AxC configuration including map positioning is correct.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Source** soft key. Depending on your selection of measurement mode, you may need to select **More (1/2) > Source**.

3 Press the **RF Source** soft key.

4 To set the frequency of the CW signal to be injected, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Frequency** soft key.

b Enter a value within the frequency range of your instrument.

JD740B series: **25 MHz** to **4 GHz**

JD780B series: **5 MHz** to **6 GHz**

NOTE
The frequency of the CW signal must be in the uplink band of the RRH under test.

c Select the unit option from: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

5 To set the output level of the CW signal to be injected, complete following steps:
   a Press the **Power Level** soft key.
   b Enter a value within the output range for the frequency you have set in step **4**.
      JD740B series: **-80 dBm** to **-30 dBm, 0 dBm**
      JD780B series: **-60 dBm** to **10 dBm**
   c Press the unit soft key.
6 To start to inject the set signal, toggle the **RF Source** soft key to **On**.
7 To stop injecting the signal, toggle the **RF Source** soft key to **Off**.

Using CPRI source

You can use the CPRI Source feature to generate CW and various types of E-UTRA Test Model waveforms in RFoCPRI testing for LTE-FDD and LTE-TDD: **CW**, **CW (Two Tone)**, **E-TM1.1**, **E-TM1.2**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM3.2**, and **E-TM3.3**. You can also select the Tx signals to inject and configure the TX parameters of the selected signals.

Procedure

1 Make the Tx of a SFP/SFP+ module looped back to the Rx of the same module.

NOTE
When two SFP/SFP+ modules are installed in both Port 1 and Port 2, the CPRI source always works via the Port 1, which is the primary port. If you want to use the Port 2 for this CPRI signal generation, make sure to eject the module from the Port 1.

2 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3 To set the Tx Clock and Port Type settings correctly, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
   b Press the **Tx Clock** soft key and then select **Internal**.
   c Toggle the **Port Type** soft key to **Master**.
   d Press the **PREV** hard key to return to the Measure Setup menu.
4 Press the **Source** soft key. Depending on your selection of measurement mode, you may need to select **More (1/2) > Source**.
5 Press the **CPRI Source** soft key.
6 Select a desired Tx Parameters you want to inject from the menu bar: **Tx1 Parameters**, **Tx2 Parameters**, **Tx3 Parameters**, or **Tx4 Parameters**.
7 To select a Tx carrier, complete following steps:
   a Press the **Select Tx Carrier** soft key.
   b Select a desired Tx carrier number from the menu bar.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
8 To select a Tx container, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Select Tx Container** soft key.
   b Select a desired Tx container from the menu bar.
   Total 4 containers are available.
9 To set the bandwidth of the downlink signal, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b Select the bandwidth option from: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**,**15 MHz**, or **20 MHz**.
10 To select a waveform to be generated, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Waveforms** soft key.
   The Waveform list dialog box appears.

b. Select a signal from the list that you want to generate for your selected NEM. Supported bandwidths are: **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.

c. Tap the **Apply** button on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key.

11 To adjust the gain of the waveform to be transmitted in order to prevent an overrun or underrun of the RRH, complete the following steps:

a. Press the **Gain** soft key.

b. Enter a value between **-50.00** and **0.00**.

c. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

12 To start to inject the selected signal, toggle the **CPRI Source** soft key to **On**.

13 To stop injecting the signal, toggle the **CPRI Source** soft key to **Off**.

17

Chapter 17 Performing RFoOBSAI Testing

This chapter provides instructions for using the RFoOBSAI function that requires Optical Hardware (option 008), RFoOBSAI Interference Analyzer (options 070 – 073), and RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer (option 096). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 642
- Display overview 642
- Selecting measurement mode 643
- Performing layer 2 monitoring 643
- Performing layer 2 term testing 646
- Performing interference analysis 649
- Performing PIM detection (single and multiple carriers) 661
- Performing LTE-FDD downlink signal analysis 665
- Using signal generator 691

Introduction

Cell sites today have a distributed architecture of the radio that consists of the baseband (BB) module or baseband unit (BBU) installed at the bottom of the tower and the remote RF unit (RRU) or remote radio head (RRH) installed at the top of the tower. These two elements interface with each other for data transfer over fiber links via the Reference Point 3 (RP3) protocol, which is specified by Open Base Station Architecture Initiative (OBSAI).

This distributed architecture provides the benefit of replacing coax-based feeders with fiber- based feeders, significantly reducing the problems of signal loss and reflections. However, since all the RF modules reside on the RRU, any RF maintenance or troubleshooting requires climbing to the top of the tower to access the RRU, increasing operational cost and unnecessary safety issues.

JD700B series analyzers provide the option of RFoOBSAI that allows you to perform RF maintenance and troubleshooting activities on the ground via the fiber interfaces at the BB module, significantly reducing maintenance time and operational expenses. Thanks to the RFoOBSAI technology, you can verify the OBSAI RP3 protocol and extracts the RP3 messages transmitted between the BBU and RRU to monitor and analyze the uplink interferences and the downlink signals.

The RFoOBSAI testing provides following measurements and analysis:

- Layer 2 monitoring of link maintenance errors and optical power
  - Loss of Signal (LOS)
  - Loss of Frame (LOF) – Frame synchronization or alignment
  - Optical Rx and Tx power levels
  - Line Code Violation
  - Rx K30.7 words
  - RP3 address/message counts
- Layer 2 terminate testing
- Interference analysis
  - Spectrum
  - Spectrogram
  - Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI)
  - Spectrum replayer
- PIM detection of single or multiple carrier(s)
- LTE-FDD downlink signal analysis over OBSAI
  - Spectrum
  - RF analysis – Channel Power and Occupied Bandwidth
  - Power vs. Time (Frame)
  - Modulation analysis – Constellation, Data Channel, Control Channel, Subframe, Frame, Time Alignment Error, and Data Allocation Map
  - Power Statistics CCDF

Display overview

Figure 386 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 386 RFoOBSAI analysis screen

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **RFoFiber** soft key.
3. Press the **RFoOBSAI** soft key. The Layer 2 Monitoring mode is set by default.
4. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode option from the following choices:

   Layer 2 Monitoring

   Layer 2 Term

   Interference Analyzer > Spectrum, **Spectrogram**, **RSSI**, or **Spectrum Replayer**

   PIM Detection > PIM Detection Single Carrier, **PIM Detection Multiple Carriers**, or **Calculated PIM**

   Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Spectrum, **RF Analysis**, **P vs T (Frame)**, **Modulation Analysis**, or **Power Statistics CCDF**

Performing layer 2 monitoring

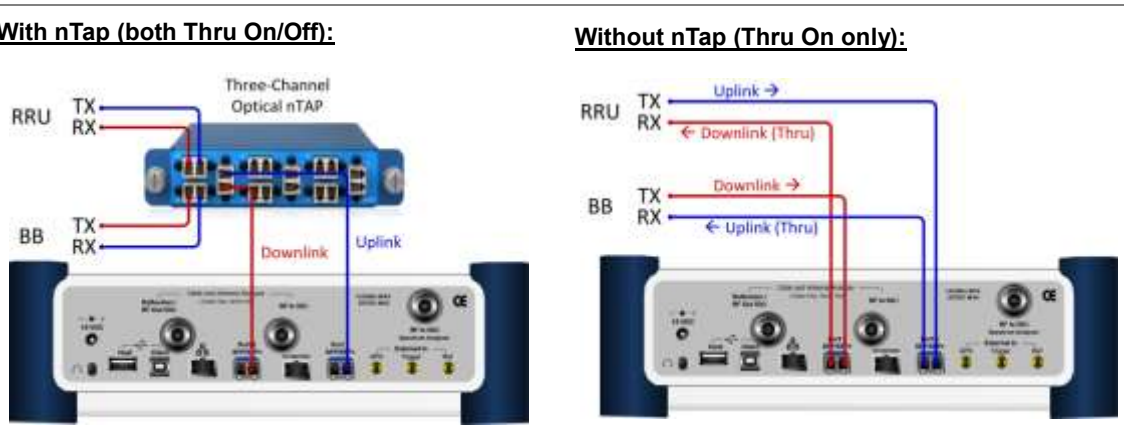
The in-service Layer 2 Monitoring is used to monitor link maintenance errors of the physical layer (Layer 1) of the RP3 bus protocol. It also verifies proper optical power levels of the received and transmitted signals.

Connecting cables

The monitoring mode lets you perform in-service testing by using coupler(s) or nTap(s). You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 387. If you have connected cables directly from RRU and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the Measure Setup menu.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 387 Connection diagram for Layer-2 monitoring mode



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Select **Layer 2 Monitoring**.

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement mode of RFoOBSAI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Link Rate** soft key to set the line rate of the OBSAI RP3 interface between the BB and the RRU.
3. Select the RP3 line rate option from the choices: **768 Mbps**, **1536 Mbps**, **3072 Mbps**, and **6144 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

If you select **6144 Mbps**, the **Scrambler Seed** soft key becomes active in the OBSAI Parameters menu so that you can specify a seed value to avoid false byte alignment.

4. To turn on the through mode if you have not used a tap, toggle the **Thru** soft key and select **On**.

To turn it off, select **Off**.

Setting Rx optic limit

A RRH has a finite dynamic range for input optic power and it can cause an abnormal behavior of the RRH if the optical power is weaker than certain level. To differentiate intermittent low optic power issues from any RSSI, interference and signal quality issues, it is important for you to monitor the input optic power level during the monitoring of the spectrum and the signal quality. Using this Rx optic limit feature, you can set lower and upper limits and monitor the Rx optic level with Pass/Fail indication in green and red colors.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Rx Optic Level** soft key.
3. Set a threshold for **High Limit** and **Low Limit**.
4. To enable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key and select **On.**
   If the optic power level falls out of the specified thresholds, the color of the power reading or indicator turns red.
5. To disable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key and select **Off.**

Conducting layer 2 monitoring

After you have set the test parameters, you can monitor errors in OBSAI L2 signals.

Procedure

1. Monitor the following error indicators and the optical signal level. Test results in green indicate no detection of errors and red ones represent occurrence(s) of errors.

   LOS: Loss of Signal (code violation or low optical power)

   LOF: Loss of Frame (frame synchronization or alignment)

   Optic Rx Level: If the optical signal level is lower than the threshold, the OBSAI RP3 link may not work properly and the RRU may not be in service mode.

   Code Violations: Number of occurrence of invalid line codes

   Rx K30.7 Words: Number of counts of K30.7 character, which indicates an error in the byte

   RP3 Address: Rx RP3 addresses in the received messages

   Message Counts: Number of counts of received messages addressed to the same RP3 address specified in the Measure Setup > OBSAI Parameters > Rx RP3 Address

   NOTE
   If you have selected the link rate **6144 Mbps**, displayed RP3 addresses may include invalid or erroneous addresses.

2. *Optional*. You can use the **Save Logging Data** soft key to record the event logging in `.csv` file format. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.
3. To clear the previous event history and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 388 OBSAI RP3 layer 2 monitoring

Performing layer 2 term testing

The out-of-service Layer 2 Term is to test the OBSAI RP3 fronthaul in the terminated state and it is used to monitor link maintenance errors of the physical layer (Layer 1) of the RP3 bus protocol. It also verifies proper optical power levels of received and transmitted signals.

Connecting cables

The terminate mode allows you to do out-of-service testing. You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 389.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 389 Connection diagram for Layer-2 term testing mode

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Select **Layer 2 Term**.

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement mode of RFoOBSAI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key
2. Press the **Link Rate** soft key to set the line rate of the OBSAI RP3 interface between the BB and the RRU.
3. Select the RP3 line rate option from the choices: **768 Mbps**, **1536 Mbps**, **3072 Mbps**, and **6144 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

If you select **6144 Mbps**, the **Scrambler Seed** soft key becomes active in the OBSAI Parameters menu so that you can specify a scrambler seed.

4. Make sure to turn off the through mode by toggling the **Thru** soft key and selecting **Off**.
5. Press the **OBSAI Parameters** soft key to select the port type and the clock reference.
6. Toggle the **Port Type** soft key and select **Master**.
7. Press the **Tx Clock** soft key, and then select **Internal** for transmission clock reference.

Setting Rx optic limit

A RRH has a finite dynamic range for input optic power and it can cause an abnormal behavior of the RRH if the optical power is weaker than certain level. To differentiate intermittent low optic power issues from any RSSI, interference and signal quality issues, it is important for you to monitor the input optic power level during the monitoring of the spectrum and the signal quality. Using this Rx optic limit feature, you can set lower and upper limits and monitor the Rx optic level with Pass/Fail indication in green and red colors.

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Rx Optic Level** soft key.
3. Set a threshold for **High Limit** and **Low Limit**.
4. To enable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key and select **On.**

If the optic power level falls out of the specified thresholds, the color of the power reading or indicator turns red.

5 To disable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key and select **Off.**

Conducting layer 2 term test

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **More (1/2)** soft key to go to the Alarm/Error and Laser menus.

3 Toggle the **Laser** soft key and select **On** to activate the transmission.

4 To insert a code error, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Error Type** soft key between **Code** and **K30.7** and select **Code**.

b Toggle the **Insert Type** soft key between **Single** and **Rate** and select the insert type option you want.

Single: It inserts an error once and then turns off the error insertion.

Rate: It inserts an error according to the set error rate in the Error Rate menu.

c If you have selected Rate in step **b**, press the **Error Rate** and then select the error rate option from the choices: **1E-3**, **1E-4**, **1E-5**, **1E-6**, **1E-7**, **1E-8**, and **1E-9**.

d Toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key and select **On** to start to insert the specified error.

e To stop inserting the error, toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key and select **Off**.

5 To insert a K30.7 error signal, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Error Type** soft key between **Code** and **K30.7** and select **K30.7**.

b Toggle the **Error Insertion** soft key and select **On** to insert the specified error.
The K30.7 error signal is one time insertion. This setting changes back to Off after insertion.

6 Check the real time results on the screen.

LOS: Loss of Signal (code violation or low optical power)

LOF: Loss of Frame (frame synchronization or alignment)

Optic Rx Level: If the optical signal level is lower than the threshold, the OBSAI RP3 link may not work properly and the RRU may not be in service mode.

Optic Tx Level: If the optical signal level is lower than the threshold, the OBSAI RP3 link may not work properly and the BB may not be in service mode.

Word Sync Loss Events: Number of occurrence of word sync losses

Code Violations: Number of occurrence of invalid line codes

Rx K30.7 Words: Number of counts of K30.7 character, which indicates an error in the byte

Frame Sync Loss Events: Number of detected frame sync losses

7 *Optional*. You can use the **Save Logging Data** soft key to record the event logging in `.csv` file format. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

8 To clear the previous event history and start a new testing, press the **PREV** hard key and then press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 390 OBSAI layer 2 term test

Performing interference analysis

After checking that the link connection is good with no errors, you can proceed to the interference analysis activities including spectrum, spectrogram, RSSI, and spectrum replayer. You can also monitor current and history OBSAI alarm status for LOS and LOF displayed on the interference measurement screen.

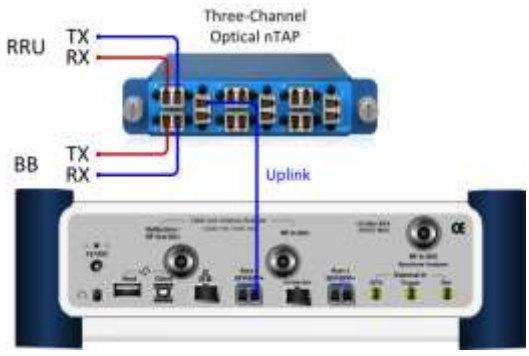
Connecting cables

You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 391. If you have connected cables directly from RRH and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the Measure Setup menu.

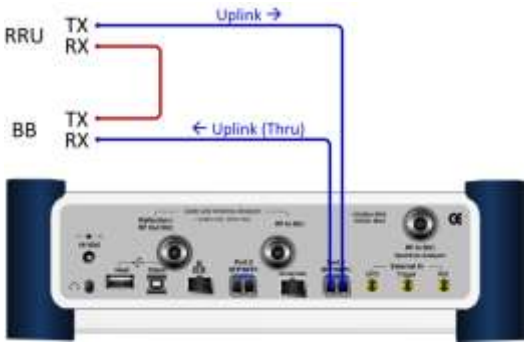
A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 391 Connection diagram for interference analysis

With nTap (both Thru On/Off):



Without nTap (Thru On only):



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Press the **Interference Analyzer** soft key.
3. Select the interference measurement mode from the following choices:
   - **Spectrum**
   - **Spectrogram**
   - **RSSI**
   - **Spectrum Replayer**

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement mode of RFoOBSAI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Configuring test parameters

Configuration of test parameters described in this section is used in the Interference Analyzer mode including spectrum measurements, spectrogram, and RSSI.

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the frequency with center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of increment for rotary operation, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the frequency with channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:

a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up**/**Page Down** soft keys.
c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.

4. Toggle the **Link** soft key to select the scanning direction and select **Fwd** (forward) or **Rev** (reverse).
5. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
6. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
7. Press the **Enter** soft key.
The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
8. *Optional*. To define the amount of increment for rotary operation, complete the following steps:
a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting reference level

You can set the reference level automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
Each time you press this key, the Y-axis scale changes to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

Setting scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature to change the scale per division, representing the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.

4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Setting external offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset, and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the external offset value is set at 40 dB, the measurement result compensates 40 dB.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3 Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Enabling auto leveling

It is normal that you see higher level of RSSI in OBSAI spectrum than you have seen in RF spectrum because the digital signal has a different gain level from RF's. If you use the Auto Leveling feature and enter the Noise Figure (NF) for the system to be tested, the instrument calculates an offset that compensates the digital gain of RRH and applies it to the spectrum automatically to displace the level of spectrum to a known RSSI power even though its accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Offset calculation for Auto Leveling is based on the following:

Auto Level offset = (Noise Floor of RFoOBSAI) – (Ideal Noise Floor of RRH), where (Idea Noise Floor) = N.F (RRH) + Thermal Noise + 10log (RBW)

Procedure

1 Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2 Press the **Auto Leveling** soft key.
A calculated level of offset without NF is applied as the external offset and the user input field is activated for entry of the noise figure value.
3 Enter a noise figure value by using the numeric keys.

NOTE
Having the noise figure factored in the offset calculation for Auto Leveling will enable you to view the OBSAI spectrum closer to what you can view in the RF spectrum, but if you do not know the noise figure, you can skip this noise figure setting.

4 Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.
New external offset value appears in the **External Offset** menu box.

Setting RBW

You can set the RBW and VBW in the Spectrum, Spectrogram, and RSSI modes. The RBW range is limited as per the bandwidth of the signal under test.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **RBW** soft key to set the resolution bandwidth.
3. Enter a value in 1-3 sequence by using the numeric keys, and then select **kHz** soft key.
   You can also use the rotary knob.

   For signal bandwidths 1.4 MHz and 3 MHz: RBW from 1 kHz to 30 kHz

   For signal bandwidths 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, and 20 MHz: RBW from 1 kHz to 100 kHz
4. Press the **VBW** soft key to set the video bandwidth.
5. Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then select the unit option from the choices: **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**. You can also use the rotary knob.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation in the Spectrum, Spectrogram, and RSSI modes. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between one and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode. This setting is used in the Spectrum, Spectrogram, and RSSI modes.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**.
   The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is

the active one now.

3 Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal's maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal's minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4 To select the detection option, select **More (1/2) > Detectors**, and then do one of the following:

To display	Select
Random noise better than the peak without missing signals	Normal
The highest value in each data point	Peak
The root mean squared average power across the spectrum	RMS
The lowest value in each data point	Negative Peak
The center value in each data point	Sample

5 *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace's parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.

6 *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

NOTE
To be able to load a trace, the trace to be overlaid must be saved in the same measurement mode and frequency setting as the current measurement.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key

2 Press the **Link Rate** soft key to set the line rate of the OBSAI RP3 interface between the BB and the RRU.

3 Select the RP3 line rate option from the choices: **768 Mbps**, **1536 Mbps**, **3072 Mbps**, and **6144 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF

alarms displayed on the screen.

If you select **6144 Mbps**, the **Scrambler Seed** soft key becomes active in the OBSAI Parameters menu so that you can specify a scrambler seed.

4 To turn on the through mode if you have not used a tap, toggle the **Thru** soft key and select **On**. To turn it off, select **Off**.

5 Press the **OBSAI Parameters** soft key, and then do the following:

To specify Rx RP3 Type and RP3 Address of the received message for link rates **768 Mbps**, **1536 Mbps**, and **3072 Mbps**, complete the following steps:

a Select **More (1/2) > Rx Address List**.
The Rx Address List box appears. JD700B series lists all Rx messages detected by the instrument with RP3 Address and RP3 Type values.

b From the list, select the message to monitor.

c Tap the **Apply** button.
The instrument automatically sets the RP3 Address and RP3 Type with the selected values.

NOTE
You can also manually specify the RP3 Address and RP3 Type for the received message using the **Rx RP3 Type** and **Rx RP3 Address** soft keys.

d If you have selected a WCDMA/FDD message, toggle the **WCDMA Link** soft key and select the link direction between **FWD** for forward (downlink) and **REV** for reverse (uplink).

To specify Rx RP3 Type and RP3 Address of the received message for link rate **6144 Mbps**, complete the following steps:

a Select **More (1/2) > Rx Address Valid List**.
The Rx Address List box appears. Unlike the Rx Address List, the **Rx Address Valid List** feature shows only the messages that contain scrambling code seed values.

b From the list, select the message to monitor.

c Tap the **Apply** button.
The instrument automatically sets the RP3 Address, RP3 Type, and Scrambler Seed with the selected values.

NOTE
You can also manually specify the RP3 Address, RP3 Type, and Scrambler Seed for the received message using the **Rx RP3 Type**, **Rx RP3 Address**, and **Scrambler Seed** soft keys.

d If you have selected a WCDMA/FDD message, toggle the **WCDMA Link** soft key and select the link direction between **FWD** for forward (downlink) and **REV** for reverse (uplink).

To set the port type and transmission clock reference, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Port Type** soft key and select **Slave** (default).

b Press the **Tx Clock** soft key, and then select **Recovered** (default).

6 Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then specify the bandwidth depending on the RP3 type of the received signal.

WCDMA/FDD REV (uplink): 5 MHz

WCDMA/FDD FWD (downlink): 3 MHz

LTE: 1.4 MHz, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**

The RBW range changes based on this bandwidth setting.

7 *Optional*. To use the RF signal generator function, see “Using RF source in RFoOBSAI testing” on page 691.

Conducting spectrum measurement

After setting test parameters as described in “Configuring test parameters” on page 650, you can perform spectrum measurements with an audible indicator. You can also turn on the interference ID.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the sound indicator, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Sound Indicator** soft key.
   b. Select the alarm reference option from the choices: **Marker** and **Line**.
      Marker: Sets the active marker position as the alarm reference.
      Line: Lets the limit line as the alarm reference.
   c. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for an alarm.
   d. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key.
   e. Toggle the **Sound** soft key and select **On** to enable to sound or **Off** to turn it off.
   f. *Optional*. To adjust the volume for alarm sound, press the **Volume** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob clockwise or counter clockwise.
   g. *Optional*. To select the sound mode for alam, toggle the **Sound Mode** soft key and select the option from the following choices:
      Select the **Mode 1** to create an alarm with a consistent tone (frequency) regardless of the interference signal.
      Select the **Mode 2** to apply the tone step from 1 to 20.
      Select the **Mode 3** to apply the tone step from 20 to 1.

NOTE
The Sound Indicator is used to identify interfering signals with alarm sound. It is especially useful for locating interferer sources with a directional antenna.

3. To set the interference ID, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Interference ID** soft key.
   b. Press the **Threshold** soft key.
   c. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key.
   d. Toggle the **Interference ID** soft key and select **On** to turn on Interference ID or **Off** to turn it off.

NOTE
The Interference ID automatically classifies interfering signals over a designated spectrum and displays a list of possible signal types corresponding to the selected signal.

4. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
5. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.
   If you have saved logging data, you can play them in the Spectrum Replayer mode.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 660 for more information.

Figure 392 RFoOBSAI spectrum measurement

Conducting spectrogram

The Spectrogram is particularly useful when attempting to identify periodic or intermittent signals as it captures spectrum activity over time and uses various colors to differentiate spectrum power levels. When the directional antenna is used to receive the signal, you will see a change in the amplitude of the tracked signal as you change the direction of the antenna and see a change in the Spectrogram colors. The source of the signal is located in the direction that results in the highest signal strength.

After setting test parameters as described in “Configuring test parameters” on page 650, you can perform spectrogram measurements.

Procedure

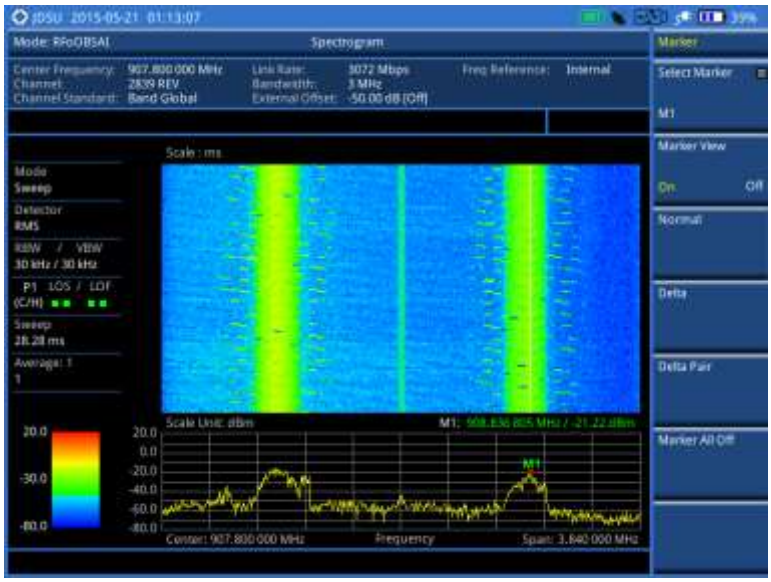
1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the amount of time between each trace measurement:
   a. Press the **Time Interval** soft key.
   b. Enter a value, and then press the **Sec** soft key.
3. To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Press the **Position** soft key.
   c. Turn the rotary knob to move the time cursor. You can also enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.
   d. To turn the time cursor off, toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key and select **Off**.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

4. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.
5. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
6. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

The spectrogram shows a vertical line on the chart when the marker is enabled on the screen.

Figure 393 RFoOBSAI interference measurement in spectrogram



NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 660 for more information.

Conducting RSSI

The Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) is a multi-signal tracking metric that is particularly useful for measuring power-level variations over time. The RSSI measurement lets you assign power limit line for audible alarms and increase alarm counters every time a signal exceeds a defined limit line. For long-term analysis, the spectrogram and RSSI measurements can be automatically saved into an external USB memory. Post-analysis can be performed with JDViewer application software.

After configuring test parameters as described in “Configuring test parameters” on page 650, you can continue to proceed to the spectrogram measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set up the alarm parameters, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Alarm** soft key.
   b. Press the **Alarm at** soft key, and then select the marker number you want to set.
   c. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the alarm.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   e. Press the **dBm** soft key.
   f. Toggle the **Alarm** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn the alarm feature on or off.

   NOTE
   You must set the marker(s) first by using the **MARKER** hard key as these features use the marker position to sound an alarm. See “Using marker” on page 61 for more information.

   g. *Optional*. Press the **Volume** soft key and adjust the volume.
3. Press the **PREV** hard key to return to the Measure Setup screen bar.
4. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.
5. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new

monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Figure 394 RFoOBSAI interference measurement in RSSI

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 660 for more information.

Performing spectrum replayer

The Spectrum Replayer lets you retrieve and replay recorded spectrum analyzer traces in interference analysis mode. These traces can be played back in the spectrogram or RSSI. You can configure the limit line to create failure points when signals exceed it. The failure points are clearly displayed on the trace timeline for quick access during playback.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.

2 Press the **Spectrum Replayer** soft key.
The file manager window appears.

3 Select a file to be loaded, and then press the **Load** soft key.
The Measure Setup screen menus appear.

4 Toggle the **Replay Direction** soft key between **FWD** and **REV** to change play direction to forward or reverse.

5 Press the **Replay Speed** soft key, and then select the speed option: **X1**, **X2**, **X3**, and **X4**.

6 Press the **Play** soft key to start playing.

7 Press the **Pause** soft key to pause or stop playing data.

8 To move to a particular failure position directly and play from there, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Jump to Fail Index** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

9 *Optional*. Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the time cursor on the screen. This key becomes activated when you play logged data in the Spectrogram mode.

NOTE
If you connected a USB drive, do not remove it while playing to prevent freezing the USB port, which will require you to restart the instrument to get a USB drive recognized again.

Figure 395 RFoOBSAI spectrum replay

Setting display

You can select the display option to view data in a different mode.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Select the display option from the choices: **Spectrum**, **Spectrogram**, and **RSSI**.

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line, multi-segment line, and channel limit. See “Setting limit for interference analysis” on page 660 for more information.

Setting limit for interference analysis

You can set threshold(s) and display either a single segment line or multi-segment line to analyze the result better.

Setting a single limit line

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Display Line** soft key for a reference line.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Display Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display and hide the reference line. The straight line appears across the screen to be used as a visual reference only.

Setting a multi-segment limit line

Procedure

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key for Pass/Fail indication.
3. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.
4. Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.
   a. Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Autoset** soft key to let the instrument set the limit for each segment and display the line.
6. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.
   b. Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.
7. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.
   b. Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.
   c. Select the menu option, from the following choices:

      To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key and select **Off**.

      To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

      To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

      To change the position, press the **Frequency** or **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.
8. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
   See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Performing PIM detection (single and multiple carriers)

The Passive Intermodulation (PIM) Detection allows you to detect Uplink PIM across the full spectrum for any technology. When PIM is detected, the normal repair mode is to replace the offending cable and what you need to do is replacing the whole cable irrespective of the location of the fault.

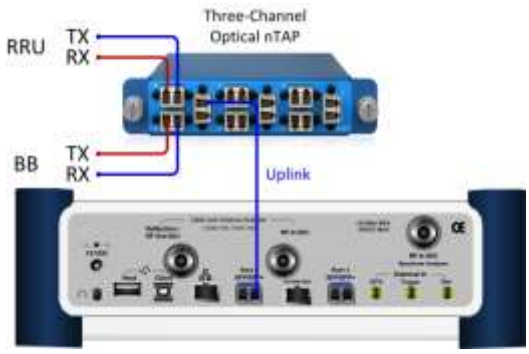
Connecting cables

You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 396. If you have connected cables directly from RRH and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the Measure Setup menu.

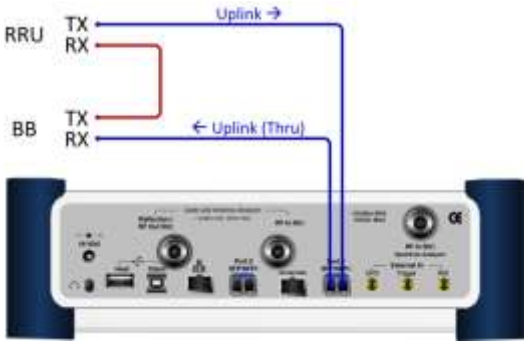
A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 396 Connection diagram for PIM detection

With nTap (both Thru On/Off):



Without nTap (Thru On only):



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Press the **PIM Detection** soft key.
3. Select the PIM detection mode from the following choices:
   PIM Detection Single Carrier
   PIM Detection Multiple Carriers
   Calculated PIM

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement mode of RFoOBSAI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Link Rate** soft key to set the line rate of the OBSAI RP3 interface between the BB and the RRU.
3. Select the RP3 line rate option from the choices: **768 Mbps**, **1536 Mbps**, **3072 Mbps**, and **6144 Mbps**.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

If you select **6144 Mbps**, the **Scrambler Seed** soft key becomes active in the OBSAI Parameters menu so that you can specify a scrambler seed.

4 To turn on the through mode if you have not used a tap, toggle the **Thru** soft key and select **On**. To turn it off, select **Off**.

5 Press the **OBSAI Parameters** soft key, and then do the following:

To specify Rx RP3 Type and RP3 Address of the received message for link rates **768 Mbps**, **1536 Mbps**, and **3072 Mbps**, complete the following steps:

a Select **More (1/2) > Rx Address List**.
The Rx Address List box appears. JD700B series lists all Rx messages detected by the instrument with RP3 Address and RP3 Type values.

b From the list, select the message to monitor.

c Tap the **Apply** button.
The instrument automatically sets the RP3 Address and RP3 Type with the selected values.

NOTE
You can also manually specify the RP3 Address and RP3 Type for the received message using the **Rx RP3 Type** and **Rx RP3 Address** soft keys.

d If you have selected a WCDMA/FDD message, toggle the **WCDMA Link** soft key and select the link direction between **FWD** for forward (downlink) and **REV** for reverse (uplink).

To specify Rx RP3 Type and RP3 Address of the received message for link rate **6144 Mbps**, complete the following steps:

a Select **More (1/2) > Rx Address Valid List**.
The Rx Address List box appears. Unlike the Rx Address List, the **Rx Address Valid List** feature shows only the messages that contain scrambling code seed values.

b From the list, select the message to monitor.

c Tap the **Apply** button.
The instrument automatically sets the RP3 Address, RP3 Type, and Scrambler Seed with the selected values.

NOTE
You can also manually specify the RP3 Address, RP3 Type, and Scrambler Seed for the received message using the **Rx RP3 Type**, **Rx RP3 Address**, and **Scrambler Seed** soft keys.

d If you have selected a WCDMA/FDD message, toggle the **WCDMA Link** soft key and select the link direction between **FWD** for forward (downlink) and **REV** for reverse (uplink).

To set the port type and transmission clock reference, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Port Type** soft key and select **Slave** (default).

b Press the **Tx Clock** soft key, and then select **Recovered** (default).

6 Press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then specify the bandwidth depending on the RP3 type of the received signal.

WCDMA/FDD REV (uplink): 5 MHz

WCDMA/FDD FWD (downlink): 3 MHz

LTE: 1.4 MHz, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**

The RBW range changes based on this bandwidth setting.

7 *Optional*. To use the RF signal generator function, see “Using RF source in RFoOBSAI testing” on page 691.

Calculating possible PIM

The Calculated PIM is used when you want to check any possible existence of PIM before the actual measurement. The instrument displays possible PIM in red color.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Calculated PIM** soft key.

3 Toggle the **Radio Config** soft key between **Single** and **Multi** to select the desired mode.

Single: Sets the frequency of Radio 1.

Multi: Sets the frequency of Radio 1 and Radio 2.

4 Do one of the following:

To set the frequency and span, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Mode** soft key to **Freq**.
b Press the **Radio [1]2] Frequency** soft key.
c Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
d Select the unit option from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
e Press the **Radio [1|2] Span** soft key.
f Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
g Select the unit option from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the radio band, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Mode** soft key to **Band**.
b Press the **Radio [1]2] Band** soft key.
c Highlight the radio band to select by using the rotary knob.
d Press the **Select** soft key.

Detecting PIM (single and multiple carriers)

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2 Connect cables as instructed on the screen.

NOTE
Make sure that the Tx of RRH is connected to the Rx port of SFP/SFP+ installed in your CellAdvisor.

3 Complete one of the following:

To set the uplink center frequency and span to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Freq**.
b Press the **Uplink Center Frequency** soft key.
c Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
d Select the unit from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Channel**.
b Press the **Channel Std** soft key, and then highlight a desired band.
c Press the **Select** soft key.
d Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
e Enter a value by using the numeric keys, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.

4 Press the **Continue** soft key, and then follow the on-screen instructions.
5 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 397 PIM detection of single radio

Performing LTE-FDD downlink signal analysis

If your JD700B series has the option 096 RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer installed with a license, you can performs power and spectrum measurements as well as modulation analysis to test the proper transmitter performance of FDD LTE systems over OBSAI.

This instrument provides the following measurement tools for FDD LTE system over OBSAI:

- Spectrum Analysis
- RF Analysis
  - Channel Power
  - Occupied Bandwidth
- Power vs. Time (Frame)
- Modulation Analysis
  - Constellation
  - Data Channel
  - Control Channel
  - Subframe
  - Frame
  - Time Alignment Error
  - Data Allocation Map
- Power Statistics CCDF

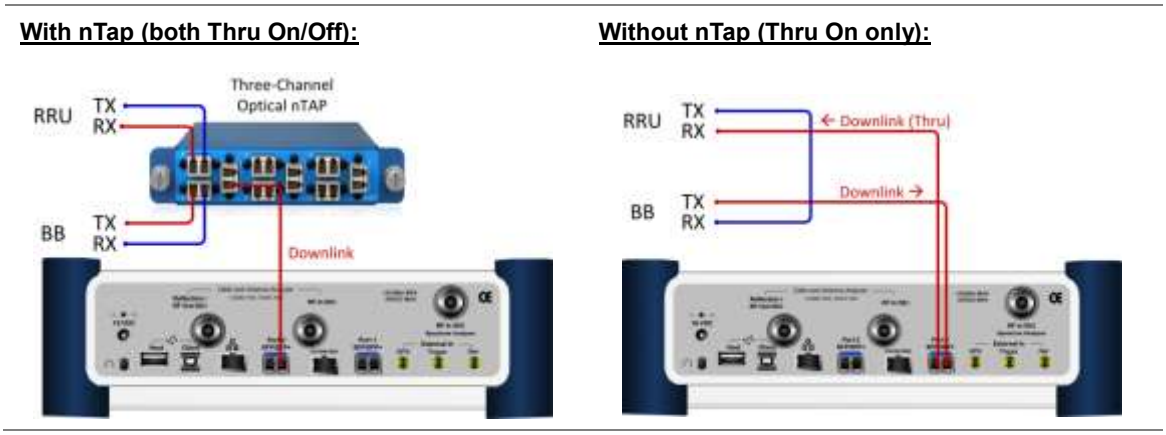
Connecting cables

You can connect cables with a tap or without a tap as illustrated in Figure 398. If you have connected cables directly from RRH and BBU without using the nTap, you must turn on the through mode (Thru) in the

Measure Setup menu.

A SFP/SFP+ transceiver that is connected to your JD700B series must be compatible with your DUT and you must have your module information such as line rate, wavelength, and mode (MM or SM) handy.

Figure 398 Connection diagram for downlink signal analysis



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD**.
3. Select the downlink signal analysis mode from the following choices:

   Spectrum

   RF Analysis > Channel Power or **Occupied BW**

   Power vs Time (Frame)

   Modulation Analysis > Constellation, **Data Channel**, **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, **Frame**, **Time Alignement Error**, or **Data Allocation Map**

   Power Statistics CCDF

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate different waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use for the measurement in any measurement mode of RFoOBSAI mode.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You can set the frequency with either frequency or channel number. If a frequency to be set matches to the frequency corresponding to the selected channel standard, the instrument calculates its channel number and updates the screen with it automatically.

Procedure

To set the center frequency:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key to **Channel**.

NOTE
Selecting **Channel** sets the standard channel to **Band Global** automatically so that you can set the **Channel Number** without choosing a standard channel band from the list.

3. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
5. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
6. *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting amplitude

You can set the reference automatically or manually to optimize the display of the trace, as you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Do the following:

   To optimize the Y-axis scale automatically, press the **Auto Scale** soft key.

   To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

NOTE
In the measurements such as **Control Channel**, **Subframe**, and **Frame**, you can select the reference option between **Relative** and **Absolute** instead.

3. To set an external offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

NOTE
The instrument displays a measurement result with the set value reflected. For example, if you set it to 40 dB, the measurement result compensates 40 dB.

4 To change the setting of the scale per division, complete the following steps:
   a Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
   b Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

5 To change the scale unit, select **More (1/2) > Units**, and then select the display unit option from the choices: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, and **W**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

NOTE
The Scale/Div and Units menus are available in the Spectrum and RF Analysis modes.

Setting average

In the spectrum and RF analysis, you can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1 Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2 Press the **Average** soft key.
3 Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2 Do the following:
   To select the single sweep mode, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
   b To get a new measurement, press the **Sweep Once** soft key.
   To return to the continuous sweep mode, toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Setting measure setup

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key
2 Press the **Link Rate** soft key to set the line rate of the OBSAI RP3 interface between the BB and the RRU.
3 Select the RP3 line rate option from the choices: **768 Mbps**, **1536 Mbps**, **3072 Mbps**, and

6144 Mbps.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

If you select **6144 Mbps**, the **Scrambler Seed** soft key becomes active in the OBSAI Parameters menu so that you can specify a scrambler seed.

4 To turn on the through mode if you have not used a tap, toggle the **Thru** soft key and select **On**. To turn it off, select **Off**.

5 Press the **OBSAI Parameters** soft key, and then do the following:

To specify Rx RP3 Type and RP3 Address of the received message for link rates **768 Mbps**, **1536 Mbps**, and **3072 Mbps**, complete the following steps:

a Select **More (1/2) > Rx Address List**.
The Rx Address List box appears. JD700B series lists all Rx messages detected by the instrument with RP3 Address and RP3 Type values.

b From the list, select the message to monitor.

c Tap the **Apply** button.
The instrument automatically sets the RP3 Address and RP3 Type with the selected values.

NOTE
You can also manually specify the RP3 Address and RP3 Type for the received message using the **Rx RP3 Type** and **Rx RP3 Address** soft keys.

d If you have selected a WCDMA/FDD message, toggle the **WCDMA Link** soft key and select the link direction between **FWD** for forward (downlink) and **REV** for reverse (uplink).

To specify Rx RP3 Type and RP3 Address of the received message for link rate **6144 Mbps**, complete the following steps:

a Select **More (1/2) > Rx Address Valid List**.
The Rx Address List box appears. Unlike the Rx Address List, the **Rx Address Valid List** feature shows only the messages that contain scrambling code seed values.

b From the list, select the message to monitor.

c Tap the **Apply** button.
The instrument automatically sets the RP3 Address, RP3 Type, and Scrambler Seed with the selected values.

NOTE
You can also manually specify the RP3 Address, RP3 Type, and Scrambler Seed for the received message using the **Rx RP3 Type**, **Rx RP3 Address**, and **Scrambler Seed** soft keys.

d If you have selected a WCDMA/FDD message, toggle the **WCDMA Link** soft key and select the link direction between **FWD** for forward (downlink) and **REV** for reverse (uplink).

To set the port type and transmission clock reference, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Port Type** soft key to **Slave** (default).

b Press the **Tx Clock** soft key, and then select **Recovered** (default).

6 To set the bandwidth of the downlink signal, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.

b Select the bandwidth option from the choices: **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, or **20 MHz**.
The RBW range changes based on this bandwidth setting.

7 *Optional*. To use the RF signal generator function, see “Using RF source in RFoOBSAI testing” on page 691.

Conducting spectrum measurement

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Spectrum**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
6. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number: **T1**, **T2**, **T3**, **T4**, **T5**, or **T6**. The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Do one of the following:

To	Select	Trace Legend
Clear current data and display with new measurements	Clear Write	W
Display the input signal’s maximum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Max Hold	M
Display the input signal’s minimum response only (unlimited or for a certain amount of time)	Min Hold	m
Capture the selected trace and compare traces	Capture	C
Load a saved trace	More (1/2) > Load	L
Hide the displayed trace	Trace View > Off	F
Remove all the traces and initialize the trace settings	More (1/2) > Trace Clear All	

NOTE
For the **Max Hold** and **Min Hold**, your instrument compares newly acquired data with the active trace and displays larger maximum values or smaller minimum values on the screen. You can set it to **Unlimited** to hold and view maximum or minimum data or specify a certain amount of time up to 60 seconds by using numeric keys or rotary knob.

4. *Optional*. Select **More (1/2) > Trace Info**, and then select the trace number to view the trace’s parameter setting information stored at the time of the measurement or **None** to hide the information display.
5. *Optional.* If you have the two traces T1 and T2, you can perform trace math. To view the power difference between the traces, press the **T1 – T2 -> T5** or **T2 – T1 -> T6** soft key.
The result is overlaid on the screen along with the second Y-axis.

Measurement example

Figure 399 Spectrum measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Conducting channel power measurement

The Channel Power measurement is a common test used in the wireless industry to measure the total transmitted power of a radio within a defined frequency channel. It acquires a number of points representing the input signal in the time domain, transforms this information into the frequency domain using Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), and then calculates the channel power. The effective resolution bandwidth of the frequency domain trace is proportional to the number of points acquired for the FFT.

The channel power measurement identifies the total RF power and power spectral density (PSD) of the signal in the LTE channel bandwidth.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > RF Analysis > Channel Power**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
6. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 400 Channel power measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis” on page 690 for more information.

Occupied bandwidth

The Occupied Bandwidth measures the spectrum shape of the carrier. It is defined as the bandwidth, which includes 99% of the transmitted power among total transmitted power.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > RF Analysis > Occupied BW**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
6. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 401 Occupied bandwidth measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis” on page 690 for more information.

Conducting power vs. time (frame) measurement

The Power vs. Time (Frame) measures the modulation envelope in the time domain, showing the power of each time slot in an LTE signal.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > P vs T (Frame)**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:
   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.
   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key and selecting **On** or **Off**.
8. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then do the following as needed:
   To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, and **1**.
   To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or

Extended. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

9 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 402 Power vs. time (frame) measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Conducting constellation measurement

The Constellation is used to observe some aspects of modulation accuracy and can reveal certain fault mechanisms such as I/Q amplitude imbalance or quadrature imbalance. It displays constellation diagram by modulation types.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Constellation**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.

5 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7 Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key and selecting **On** or **Off**.

8 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

9 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, and **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.

8 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**:

Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

9 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Measurement example

Figure 403 Constellation measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis” on page 690 for more information.

Conducting data channel measurement

The Data Channel measures the constellation for the specified resource block as well as the modulation accuracy of each PDSCH at the specified subframe.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Data Channel**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. To enable or disable the event hold feature, toggle the **Event Hold** soft key and then select **On** or **Off**.

When enabled, the display line for the PDSCH threshold appears.
When an event occurs, the measurement is put on hold until you press the **HOLD** hot key.

8 Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key and selecting **On** or **Off**.

9 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

10 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

11 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

12 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, and **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.

8 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**:

Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

9 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a resource block and display the IQ diagram for the selected resource block.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **RB Number** soft key to select the resource block to be marked.
3. Enter the resource block number by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The marker appears on the selected resource block.
5. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the result of the selected resource block.

Measurement example

Figure 404 Data channel measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis” on page 690 for more information.

Conducting control channel measurement

The Control Channel measures the constellation for the specified control channel as well as modulation accuracy of the control channel at the specified subframe.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Control Channel**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel's subframe number.

c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 combiner or an antenna.

8. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key and selecting **On** or **Off**.
9. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.
10. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
11. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
12. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See "Using save" on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1. To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, and **1**.
2. To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See "Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table" on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.
3. To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.
4. To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.
5. To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key and select **REG** or Avg.

   REG: Calculates EVM based on Resource Element Group

   Avg: Calculates EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

7. To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**:

   Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

8. To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place a marker on a control channel and display the IQ diagram for the selected channel.

Procedure

1. Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2. Press the **Channel** soft key to select a channel to be displayed in the IQ diagram.
   The channel P-SS is selected by default.
3. Press the up/down arrow keys or turn the rotary knob to highlight a channel in the channel summary table, and then press the center of the rotary knob.
4. Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the result of the selected channel.

Measurement example

Figure 405 Control channel measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis” on page 690 for more information.

Viewing decoded MIB and SIB1/2 information

In LTE system, the System Information (SI) that is carried over transport channel BCH or by DL-SCH consists of two parts: static part called MIB (Master Information Block) and dynamic part called SIBs (System Information Blocks). MIB contains important information such as system bandwidth, System Frame Number (SFN), PHICH configuration while SIBs contain other useful information including transit power, number of antenna, and SIB scheduling information for UE to read to access a cell.

JD700B series decodes MIB, the first of SIB (SIB1), and the second of SIB (SIB2) and provides you with decoded information of several parameters. If you are not familiar with matching the system information between IQ spectrum and RF spectrum, this feature enables you to identify the uplink carrier frequency and bandwidth so that you can map AxC container to the RF carrier by combining the decoded information with other system parameters obtained by RFoOBSAI signal analysis. As not all LTE frames have transmitted SIB, it may take time for the instrument to capture frames with the system information and decode MIB and

SIB1/2.

Procedure

1. Make sure that you have set the frequency to "**Band Global**" for the technology.
2. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
3. Press the **MIB & SIB1/2 Information** soft key.
   The MIB and SIB1/2 Information window appears with the following parameters:

   SFN: System Frame Number.

   p-Max: Maximum allowed UL transmit power of the cell

   systemInfoValueTag: It indicates if a change has occurred in the SI messages. UEs may use this, e.g. upon return from out of coverage, to verify if the previously stored SI messages are still valid.

   Freqinfo-ul-CarrierFreq: Uplink channel number

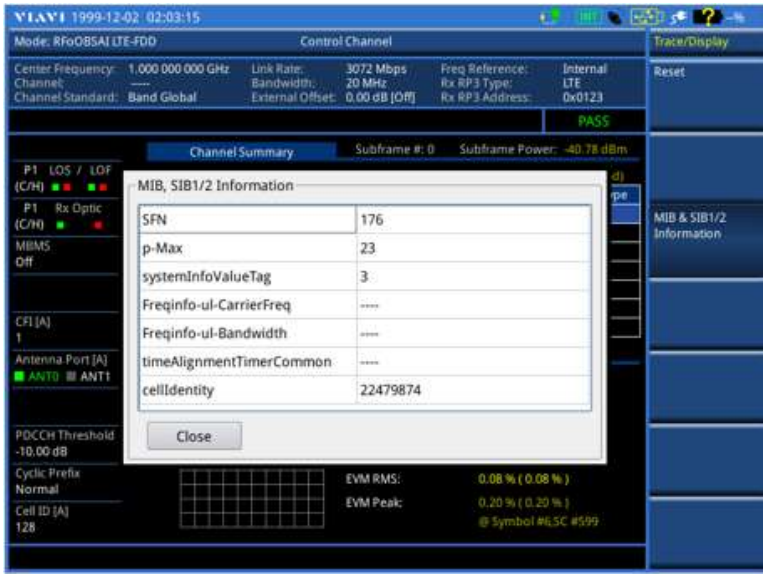
   Freqinfo-ul-Bandwidth: Uplink bandwidth

   timeAlignmentTimerCommon: It is used to control how long the UE should consider to be time aligned in uplink. The value is in subframes.

   CellIdentity: It is a unique number used to identify each base transceiver station (BTS) or a sector of BTS withiin a location area code (LAC) if not within a GSM network.

NOTE
Some or entire parameters may not be available depending on the system configuration or the NEM of the system. Also, this feature may not work for Ericsson RRHs.

Figure 406 Decoded MIB & SIB1/2 information in RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer



NOTE
The MIB & SIB1/2 information soft key is only activated in Control Channel/Subframe Modulation Analysis of RFoCPRI LTE-FDD and RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD mode.

Conducting subframe measurement

The Subframe measures the modulation accuracy of all the data and control channels at the specified subframe (1 ms).

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Subframe**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Subframe No** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 combiner or an antenna.
8. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key and selecting **On** or **Off**.
9. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.
10. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
11. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.
12. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1. To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, and **1**.
2. To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.
3. To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.
4. To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.
5. To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**.

   NOTE
   If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the

same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
7 To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.
8 Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key and select **REG** or Avg.
   REG: Calculates EVM based on Resource Element Group
   Avg: Calculates EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.
9 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.
10 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**:
   Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.
   Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.
11 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to view the RE and RS power at a specific symbol.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2 Toggle the **Chart** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the chart.
If this setting is on, the **MARKER** hard key is activated.

Using marker

If you turn the Chart view on, you can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific symbol.

Procedure

1 Press the **MARKER** hard key.
2 Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the marker on the chart.
3 Press the **Symbol** soft key to select the symbol number, to which the marker is placed.
4 Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
5 Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 407 Subframe measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis” on page 690 for more information.

Conducting frame measurement

The Frame measures the modulation accuracy of all the data and control channels at the frame (10 ms).

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Frame**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
6. Toggle the **EVM Detection Mode** soft key and select **Single** or **Combine** as desired:

   Single: Testing on one single antenna connected to your JD700B series with a cable.

   Combine: Testing on multiple antennas connected to your JD700B series with a 2x1 combiner or an antenna.
7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key and selecting **On** or **Off**.
8. *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.
9. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
10. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new

monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, and **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

5 To select the PDSCH modulation type, press the **PDSCH Modulation Type** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **Auto**, **QPSK**, **16 QAM**, **64 QAM**, **E-TM3.3**, **E-TM3.2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM1.2**, and **E-TM1.1**.

NOTE
If two or more modulation types are used in a frame, select **Auto**. If the PDSCH uses the same modulation type in a frame or in a subframe, select a specific modulation type to get more accurate EVM.

6 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

7 To set the threshold for PDCCH, complete the following steps:

a Press the **PDCCH Threshold** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

8 Toggle the **PDCCH Mode** soft key and select **REG** or Avg.

REG: Calculates EVM based on Resource Element Group

Avg: Calculates EVM after adding all the PDCCH signals from one subframe.

9 To enable or disable the PDSCH precoding, toggle the **PDSCH Precoding** soft key and select **On** or **Off**.

10 To set the Control Format Indicator, toggle the **CFI** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**:

Auto: Lets the instrument set the number of OFDM symbols used for transmitting PDCCHs in a subframe.

Manual: Sets the number of OFDM symbols manually.

11 To select the number of PHICH groups (Ng), press the **PHICH Ng** soft key and then select the option from the choices: **1/6**, **1/2**, **1, 2**, **E-1/6**, **E-1/2**, **E-1**, or **E-2**.

Measurement example

Figure 408 Frame measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis” on page 690 for more information.

Conducting time alignment error measurement

In eNode-B supporting Tx Diversity transmission, signals are transmitted from two or more antennas. These signals shall be aligned. The time alignment error in Tx diversity is specified as the delay between the signals from two antennas at the antenna ports.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.
2. Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Time Alignment Error**.
3. Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.
4. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.
5. Toggle the **Antenna Config** soft key and select **Ant0** or **Ant1** as needed.
6. Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

   Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

   Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.
7. Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key and selecting **On** or **Off**.
8. *Optional*. To select the cyclic prefix, complete the following steps:
   d. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key.
   e. Toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.
9. Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.
10. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new

monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

11 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 409 Time alignment error measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the user-definable limit and Pass/Fail indication. See “Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis” on page 690 for more information.

Conducting data allocation map measurement

The Data Allocation Map function represents data allocation as a frame.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Modulation Analysis > Data Allocation Map**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.

5 To select the subframe number to be measured, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

NOTE
For MBMS testing, this subframe number must be neither 0 nor 5 as these subframes 0 and 5 are not available for MBMS and it must be set to the MBMS transmitted channel’s subframe number.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Toggle the **Physical Cell ID** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual** as desired:

Auto: Lets the instrument detect the Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal automatically.

Manual: Sets a specific Physical Cell ID for the LTE signal manually in order to speed up the synchronization.

7 To set the threshold for PDSCH, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **PDSCH Threshold** soft key.
   b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **Enter** soft key.

8 Depending on your selected NEM, you may need to turn on or off the inversion of the I and Q order by toggling the **IQ Swap** soft key and selecting **On** or **Off**.

9 *Optional*. Press the **Miscellaneous** soft key, and then set other miscellaneous setups as described in the following section.

10 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

11 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

12 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Setting other miscellaneous setups

Procedure

1 To assign a antenna port number automatically or manually, press the **Antenna Port** soft key and select the option: **Auto**, **0**, and **1**.

2 To select the cyclic prefix, toggle the **Cyclic Prefix** soft key and select **Normal** or **Extended**. See “Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table” on page 780 for OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

3 To turn on or off the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) feature, toggle the **MBMS** soft key and select **On** or **Off**. For proper MBMS testing, you need to set the **Subframe No** with the same PMCH subframe number. If this setting is on, either PMCH or PDSCH appears on the screen depending on the detected channel.

4 To set the Multicast Broadcast Single Frequency Network (MBSFN) detection automatically or manually for MBMS testing, toggle the **MBSFN** soft key and select **Auto** or **Manual**. An automatically detected or manually entered MBSFN ID appears on the screen.

Setting display

You can use the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key to change the display mode to PDSCH, PMCH, or both.

Procedure

1 Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.

2 Press the Display Channel soft key.

3 Select the display mode from the choice: **PDSCH**, **PMCH**, and **Both**.

Using marker

You can use the **MARKER** hard key to place the marker at a specific resource block and subframe.

Procedure

1 Press the **MARKER** hard key.

2 Toggle the **Marker View** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or hide the marker on the chart.

3 To select the resource block number, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **RB Number** soft key.

b Enter the resource block number to select by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob to move the marker side by side.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

4 To select the subframe block number, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Subframe No** soft key.

b Enter the subframe number to select by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob to move the marker up and down.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 410 Data allocation map measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Performing power statistics CCDF measurement

The Power Statistics Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement characterizes the power statistics of the input signal. It provides PAR (Peak to Average power Ratio) versus different probabilities.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key to select the measurement mode.

2 Select **Signal Analyzer > LTE-FDD > Power Statistics CCDF**.

3 Configure test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 666.

4 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and set the measurement setups as described in the “Setting measure setup” on page 668.

5 To set the length of the CCDF, complete the following steps:

a Press the **CCDF Length** soft key.

b Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

6 Check your measurement result displayed on the screen.

7 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of OBSAI alarm on LOS and LOF and start a new monitoring, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and then the **Clear History** soft key.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 411 CCDF measurement with RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer

Setting limit for RFoOBSAI signal analysis

By default, test limits specified in the standard are set for you. You can change thresholds if you desire.

Procedure

1 Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2 To set a limit for RF analysis tests, press the **RF Test Limit**s soft key and then set limits as needed, depending on where you are in the measurement mode.

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Channel power	Channel Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Occupied bandwidth	Occupied BW	High Limit

3 To set a limit for modulation tests, press the **Modulation Test Limits** soft key and then set limits as needed, depending on where you are in the measurement mode.

To set the limit for	Select	Set
Frequency error	Frequency Error	High Limit, Low Limit
PDSCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is off	EVM > PDSCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM)
PMCH error vector magnitude if MBMS is on and a PMCH is detected	EVM > PMCH EVM	High Limit (QPSK) High Limit (16 QAM) High Limit (64 QAM)
RMS for data error vector magnitude	EVM > Data EVM RMS	High Limit
Peak for data error vector	EVM> Data EVM Peak	High Limit

magnitude		
RS error vector magnitude	EVM > RS EVM	High Limit
P-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > P-SS EVM	High Limit
S-SS error vector magnitude	EVM > S-SS EVM	High Limit
Downlink RS power	Power > DL RS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
P-SS power	Power > P-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
S-SS power	Power > S-SS Power	High Limit, Low Limit
PBCH power	Power > PBCH Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Subframe power	Power > Subframe Power	High Limit, Low Limit
OFDM symbol power	Power > OFDM Symbol Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Frame average power	Power > Frame Avg Power	High Limit, Low Limit
Time alignment error for MIMO	Time Alignment Error > MIMO	High Limit
Time error	Time Error	High Limit, Low Limit
I-Q origin offset	IQ Origin Offset	High Limit

4 *Optional*. You can enable alarm sound that goes off if the measurement falls outside of the limit. Toggle the **Beep** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the beep sound.

5 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD* > Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Using signal generator

If your JD700B series has the signal generator options installed with a license, you can use RF Source or OBSAI Source, or both.

Using RF source in RFoOBSAI testing

You can use the RF Source feature to calibrate the uplink noise floor at a given point, check the uplink gain and dynamic range, and verify the current RP3 link.

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

2 Press the **Source** soft key. Depending on your selection of measurement mode, you may need to select **More (1/2) > Source**.

3 Press the **RF Source** soft key.

4 To set the frequency of the CW signal to be injected, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Frequency** soft key.

b Enter a value within the frequency range of your instrument.

JD740B series: 25 MHz to **4 GHz**

JD780B series: 5 MHz to **6 GHz**

NOTE
The frequency of the CW signal must be in the uplink band of the RRH under test.

c Select the unit option from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.

5 To set the output level of the CW signal to be injected, complete following steps:

a. Press the **Power Level** soft key.
b. Enter a value within the output range for the frequency you have set in step **4**.
   JD740B series: **-80 dBm** to **-30 dBm**, **0 dBm**
   JD780B series: **-60 dBm** to **10 dBm**
c. Press the unit soft key.

6. To start to inject the set signal, toggle the **RF Source** soft key and select **On**.
7. To stop injecting the signal, toggle the **RF Source** soft key and select **Off**.

Using OBSAI source

You can use the OBSAI Source feature to generate CW and six types of E-UTRA Test Model waveforms in RFoOBSAI testing for LTE-FDD: **CW**, **E-TM1.1**, **E-TM1.2**, **E-TM2**, **E-TM3.1**, **E-TM3.2**, and **E-TM3.3**.

Procedure

1. Make the Tx of a SFP/SFP+ module looped back to the Rx of the same module.

NOTE
When two SFP/SFP+ modules are installed in both Port 1 and Port 2, the OBSAI source always works via the Port 1, which is the primary port. If you want to use the Port 2 for this OBSAI signal generation, make sure to eject the module from the Port 1.

2. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. To set the Tx Clock and Port Type settings correctly, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **OBSAI Parameters** soft key.
   b. Press the **Tx Clock** soft key and then select **Internal**.
   c. Toggle the **Port Type** soft key and then select **Master**.
   d. Press the **PREV** hard key to return to the Measure Setup main menu.
4. Press the **Source** soft key. Depending on your selection of measurement mode, you may need to select **More (1/2) > Source**.
5. Press the **OBSAI Source** soft key.
6. To adjust the gain of the waveform to be transmitted in order to prevent an overrun or underrun of the RRU, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Gain** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between **-50.00** and **0.00**.
   c. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
7. To select a waveform to be generated, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Waveforms** soft key.
      The Waveform list dialog box appears.
   b. Select a signal that you want to generate for your selected NEM. Supported bandwidths are **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, and **20 MHz**.
   c. Tap the **Apply** button on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key.
8. To start to inject the selected signal, toggle the **OBSAI Source** soft key and select **On**.
9. To stop injecting the signal, toggle the **OBSAI Source** soft key and select **Off**.

18

Chapter 18 Perfroming BBU Emulation

This chapter provides instructions for using the BBU Emulation function (options 101 – 102). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 694
- Selecting measurement mode 694
- Performing BBU Emulation for Alcatel-Lucent 695

Introduction

Today's deployment of Fiber to the Antenna (FTTA) network has some challenges. One of them is that not all network components are present at the initial stage of RRH installation and testing. For example, when a new RRH is installed, a BBU is not yet connected to the backhaul of the network. Thanks to the capability of BBU emulation in JD700B series, you can now capture C&M messages, configure the RRH successfully to start it up, and perform testing on the RRH without a live BBU.

The BBU Emulation testing provides following modes and measurements:

- Alcatel-Lucent
  - Profiling
  - Configuration Verificcation
  - Spectrum Clearance
  - Coverage Range
  - PIM Analysis
  - RET-Infromation
  - Link Status
- Reserved for VZW

The Following License should be enabled to use BBU Emulation:

- RFoCPRI Alcatel-Lucent BBU Emulation (option 101)
- RFoCPRI Reserved for VZW (option 102)

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **RFoFiber > BBU Emulation** soft key.
3. Select the **Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
   a. Select the measurement that you want to open:

      Profiling

      Configuration Verification > Carrier Information, **CPRI & Active SW**, **SFP Information**, or **RTD information** (Note that the RTD information is enabled only with 110 RFoCPRI Layer-2 BERT license option).

      Spectrum Clearance > Spectrum, **Spectrogram**, **RSSI**, **Dual Spectrum**, or **Dual Spectrogram**

      Coverage Range

      PIM Analysis > Single Port Sweep Mode, **Multi Port Sweep Mode**, or **Multi Port Wideband Mode**

      RET-Information

      Link Status

Performing BBU Emulation for Alcatel-Lucent

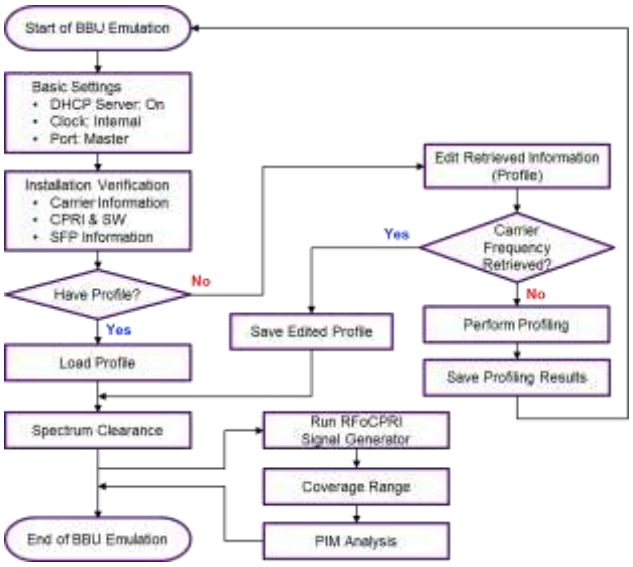
The BBU Emulation for Alcatel-Lucent includes the following functions:

- RRH Profiling – It retrieves a complete set of profile information that is essential to bring a RRH up

and running from a live link between BBU and RRH so that you can save the profile as a file and use it to configure a new RRH out in the field. It is not mandatory in BBU emulation, but it makes it easy to configure RRHs of the same kind.

- Configuration Verification – It enables you not only to verify that RRH configuration is correct, but also to apply saved or edited profile to the RRH to set up the RRH with correct carrier information. You can also view CPRI State, activated SW, and SFP Information.
- Spectrum Clearance – It helps you identify and clear signals interfering with the uplink signal. This provides the same functions as the RFoCPRI Interference Analyzer, which includes Spectrum, Spectrogram, RSSI, Dual Spectrum, and Dual Spectrogram.
- Coverage Range – With checking the transmission of a carrier at a certain frequency, it enables you to manipulate the tilt of the antenna in the way to minimize the interference with neighboring cells and optimize the coverage range.
- PIM Analysis – It helps you to measure the PIM characteristic of RRH and antenna feeder by injecting the CW sweep frequency and wide-band frequency over fiber link. With this feature, you can also check the flatness of the spectrum.
- RET-Information – It enables you to optimize, control, and maintain the antenna line devices remotely.
- Link Status – It enables you to test CPRI fronthaul in the terminated state and it is used to monitor link maintenance alarms of the physical layer (Layer 1) that is delivered on the L1 in-band protocol, which resides on the layer 2 of CPRI. It also monitors the received optical power level.

Figure 412 High-level workflow of BBU emulation



Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation** soft key.
2. Press the **Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.

Selecting port

JD700B series supports two antenna ports for signal transmission, and each port can generate up to four

different Tx waveforms selectively and simultaneously. User can select the port to use BBU emulation for Alcatel-Lucent.

Procedure

1. In any measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key between **Port 1** and **Port 2** to select the desired port.

Performing RRH profiling

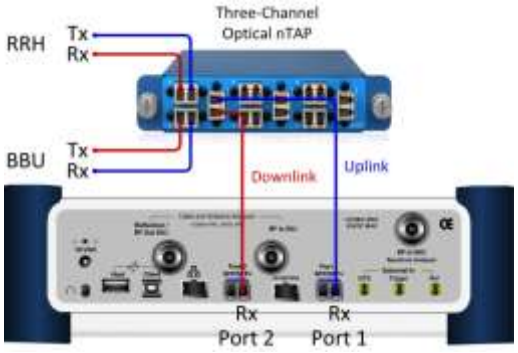
If the RRH is new and no file has been saved that can be used for the RRH configuration, you need to run the RRH Profiling and capture the C&M messages first, and then retrieve profile parameter values the RRH Profiling to capture C&M messages, and retrieve profile parameter values, such as RHH vendor, technology, VSWR level, RSSI level, carrier frequency, Link ID, and RE ID, from both BBU and RRH. If you already have a saved profile that works for the RRH, you can skip this RRH Profiling.

Connecting cables

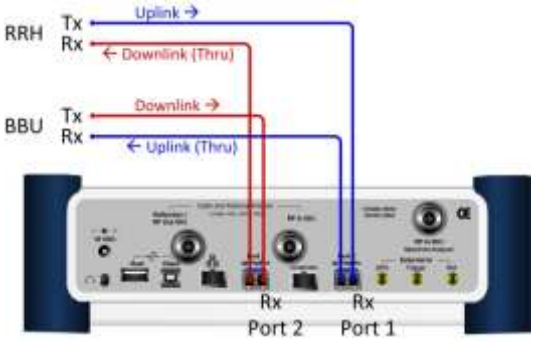
To perform the RRH profiling, make the Thru mode cable connection as illustrated in Figure 413.

Figure 413 Thru connection diagram

With nTap (both Thru On/Off):



Without nTap (Thru On only):



Enabling Thru mode in CellAdvisor

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **Profiling**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Toggle the **Laser** soft key to **On**.
5. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
6. Toggle the **Thru** soft key to **On**.

Setting measure setup

After you have connected cables and set up your CellAdvisor for the Thru mode, you need to configure measure parameters to capture C&M messages.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul link between BBU and RRH, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
   b. Select the CPRI link rate option from: **614.4 Mbps**, **1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0 Mbps**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps**, or **9830.4 Mbps**.
   c. Make sure the current LOS and LOF alarms are all green.

NOTE
It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.

3. To set the Rx optic limit to for the visual check of whether the received power is within specified range, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
   b. Press the **Rx Optic Level** soft key.
   c. Set the threshold for **High Limit** and **Low Limit**.
   d. To enable the Rx optic limit, toggle the **Test Limits** soft key to **On.**
   If the optic power level falls out of the specified threshold, the power reading or indicator turns red.

Starting and stopping profiling

After all measurement parameters have been configured, you can capture the C&M messages and retrieve the profile information.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
3. To start the profiling, toggle the **Profiling** soft key to **On**.
   The screen displays the elapsed profiling time and the size of captured data.
   The Profiling screen is updated with the retrieved RRH and carrier information.
4. Toggle the **Profiling** soft key to **Off** to stop the RRH profiling. An example is shown in Figure 414.

NOTE
All carriers in use must display “Enable” and have valid information for all parameters.

Figure 414 Example of RRH profiling results with carrier information

Reading profile information

As you can see in the example of RRH profiling results in Figure 414, RRH profiling provides the following information:

- **RRH Description** – It contains the RRH information, specified by its manufacturer. It may not be identical with the field-optimized information. Some of BBUs may not request this information to the RRH depending on its version.
- **Carrier Information** – It is field-optimized information that includes carrier frequency and CPRI mapping. You can edit the carrier information using the Profile Editor.
  - **Carrier**: It means a set of signals assigned to and transmitted at a certain frequency. A different carrier should be at a different frequency. For example, a triple band RRH activates three carriers: Carrier 1, Carrier 2, and Carrier 3.
  - **Number of Tx Container**: It means how many antenna branches the RRH has. A different Tx container is sent to a different antenna branch. For example, a 2x2 MIMO system activated two Tx Containers: Tx Container 1 and Tx Container 2.
  - **State**: It indicates the state of the carrier use. If the carrier is in use, the state changes from None to Disable, and then to Enable.
  - **Carrier Type**: It is the technology and the signal bandwidth information.
  - **Uplink and Downlink Frequencies**: They are center frequencies of the carrier actually being serviced.
  - **Uplink Noise**: It is the threshold for UL RSSI, expressed in dBFS (Full Scale).

Changing display of profiling results

After you have retrieved all necessary information and stopped the RRH profiling, you can change the display option to view other parameters than carrier information.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Parameter** soft key.
3. Select the display option that you want from the following choices:
   Carrier Information: It contains information of carrier frequencies and CPRI mapping.

CPRI & Active SW: It contains information of CPRI configuration including MAC address and activated software in the RRH.

SFP Information: It contains information of the SFP installed in the RRH.

Figure 415 Example of RRH profiling results with CPRI state and activated SW

Figure 416 Example of RRH profiling results with SFP information

Saving profiling results as a file

After you have checked that you have retrieved all required information, you need to save your RRH profiling results as a file so that you can use it to configure and bring up a new RRH of the same kind later.

Procedure

1. Press the **SAVE/LOAD** hard key.
2. Select **Save > Save Profile**.
3. Type a file name that you want to use.

4 Press the **Save** soft key.
It saves the profile as a file with `.jcm` extension.

Verifying and configuring a RRH

A baseband unit (BBU) connected to a network can send and receive C&M messages to and from a RRH to configure the RRH correctly and start it up and running successfully. Using the Alcatel-Lucent BBU Emulation feature of JD700B series, you can work with the RRH, without connecting to a BBU, to configure it correctly as if you do from the BBU.

Connecting cables

Before starting to verify RRH configuration using your CellAdvisor as a BBU, you need to make the Term mode cable connection as illustrated in Figure 417 and configure the instrument.

Figure 417 Term mode connection diagram

NOTE
When your CellAdvisor has two SFP transceivers installed in Port 1 and Port 2, you must connect the cables to the SFP in Port 1 because BBU emulation in FW3.060 supports and works with Port 1 only.

Setting CellAdvisor for Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

After you have made the Term mode cable connection, you need to get your CellAdvisor ready to work as a BBU.

Procedure

1 Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** softt key.
2 Select **Configuration Verification > Carrier Information**.
3 Once you change the measure mode in step **2**, the instrument automatically sets itself to be ready for the communication with the RRH and starts to update the screen with retrieved RRH profile, including RRH and carrier information. Following are the indications of successful connection that you can find on the screen:
   The status of RRH connection changes to "**RRH Connection: On**".
   The RRH symbol ( ) appears in the system status bar at the top.
4 If you do not have these indicators on the screen, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key and check the following parameters have been set up correctly:
   Laser: On

Tx Clock: Internal

Port Type: Master

Rx Parameters > More (1/2) > CPRI Network > Standard Indicator: LTE

Rx Parameters > More (1/2) > CPRI Network > DHCP Server: On

5 If the type of the connected RRH is not LTE, you can change it to others as needed.

NOTE
Make sure to keep the RRH connection status to On throughout the BBU emulation.

Verifying carrier configuration

Once you have enabled the DHCP session, your CellAdvisor starts to retrieve the profile of the connected RRH sequentially, updating the RRH description first and then the carrier information. It may take a few minutes to complete.

Procedure

1 In the **Carrier Information** screen, check the state of the carriers. You must have at least one carrier with its state of Disable or Enable.

None: It indicates that the carrier is not in use.

Disable: It indicates that the carrier is in use and the RRH is waiting for mapping information from the CellAdvisor (BBU Emulator).

Enable: It indicates that the carrier is in use and the RRH retrieved mapping information.

2 Check that the number of the Tx container for the carrier in use is equal to or greater than “1”.

3 Check if the uplink and downlink frequencies for the carrier are retrieved. Most of the cases you will see these fields are “None”, requiring you to use the Profile Editor to send frequency values to the RRH.

Figure 418 Example of verification of carrier configuration

Figure 418 is an example of missing carrier frequencies for Carrier 1 and Carrier 2. If any of the required fields for the carriers in use were not retrieved, it means that you have to send C&M messages with new parameter values using Profile Editor. You can also load a profile using Load Profile that you have saved in the same type of the RRH before to re-configure the RRH. For more information, see “Loading a saved RRH profile” on page 704 and “Editing RRH Information” on page 705.

Verifying CPRI state and active software

You can also verify that the RRH has set for CPRI and activated software correctly.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** softt key.
2. Select **Configuration Verification > CPRI & Active SW**.
   The CPRI & Active SW screen appears with “**RRH Connection: On**”.

Figure 419 Example of verification of CPRI state and active software

Verifying SFP information

You can also view the SFP information to verify if correct SFPs are installed in the RRH.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** softt key.
2. Select **Configuration Verification > SFP Information**.
   The SFP Information screen appears with “RRH Connection: On”.

Figure 420 Example of verification of SFP information

Verifying RTD information

You can also view the RTD (Round Trip Delay) information in the RRH.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** softt key.
2. Select **Configuration Verification > RTD Information**.
   The RTD Information screen appears with “**RRH Connection: On**”.

Figure 421 Example of verification of RTD

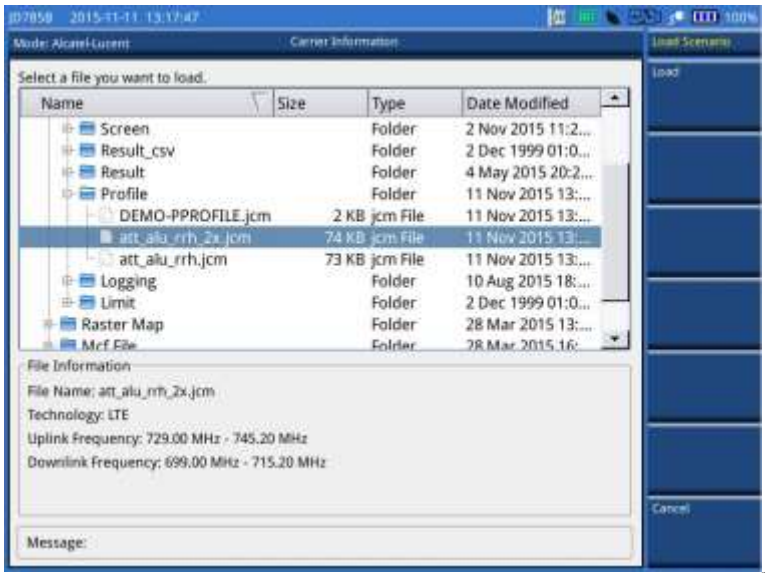
Loading a saved RRH profile

If you already have a saved profile that matches with the RRH, you can load it instead of editing parameters.

Procedure

1. Press the **SAVE/LOAD** hard key.
2. Select **Load > Load Profile**.
3. Navigate to the `.jcm` file that you want to load and send to the connected RRH.
   If the RRH description stored in the file does not match with the description of the connected RRH, you will encounter an error message “File Mismatch”.
4. Press the **Load** soft key.
   It sends the profile to the RRH to try to set it up with new values as stored in the file. If you are viewing all the fields filled with values, you are now done with bringing up the RRH with correct configuration.

Figure 422 Example of loading a saved RRH profile



Editing RRH Information

You can edit the RRH information.

Procedure

1. Make sure that you maintain the RRH connection on.
2. In the **Carrier Information** screen, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
4. Press the **RRH Information Editor** soft key.
   The RRH Information Editor screen appears.
5. To import the RRH information from the connected RRH device, tap the **OverWrite** button.
   The imported RRH information appears in the bottom window.
6. Tap on the top window, and then edit the RRH information as desired.
7. Tap the **Apply** button.
   The RRH information you have edited will be instantly applied to the connected RRH device, and the applied RRH information will appear in the bottom window.
8. Check whether the updated RRH information is correct. If yes, tap the **Exit** button to exit. If not, repeat step **6-7**.

Editing RRH profile

If you do not have a saved profile that can bring up the connected RRH, you need to edit profile parameters

with values that work for the RRH. You can edit carrier parameters.

Procedure

1. Make sure that you maintain the RRH connection on.
2. In the **Carrier Information** screen, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
3. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
4. Press the **Profile Editor** soft key.
   The Profile Editor menu bar appears with the soft keys activated for the carriers in use. For example, carriers with their state DISABLE or ENABLE, you will have Carrier 1 and Carrier 2 soft keys activated.
5. Select the carrier number soft key for which you want to edit values.
   The Profile Editor screen for the selected carrier number appears with the on-screen keyboard as shown in Figure 423.

NOTE
Not always is the order of the parameter names the same. In addition, parameters can vary depending on the RRH vendor or technology.

6. To edit a value in the Value column, complete the following steps:
   a. Scroll up or down to navigate to the value field that you want to edit.
   b. Tap on the value field, and then enter a new value. Here are some of examples when you may need to edit the profile.

      If you want to change the carrier state from DISABLE to ENABLE, tap on the value field next to the STATE and then type ENABLE.

      If you want to enter a downlink frequency of 709 MHz, tap on the value field next to the TXFREQ and then enter 709000 in kHz.

      If you need to change the retrieved carrier type, select one of the following buttons: **LTE5**, **LTE10**, **LTE15**, or **LTE20**. The standard profile paramters for the selected carrier type will be automaically set. You can change edit the value as you needed.

NOTE
In Profile Editor, you can rename a parameter name or add a new parameter with a value for some cases. As doing this requires much knowledge and experience with RRH configuration, it is not recommended for general users.

NOTE
In Profile Editor, 2xMIMO and 4xMIMO buttons are deactivated. If the RRH supports TX4, the two buttons are activated. When you select 2xMIMO button, TX3CONTAINTER, TX4CONTAINER, RX3CONTAINTER, and RX4CONTAINTER are set to 0, and when you select 4xMIMO button, TX3CONTAINTER, TX4CONTAINER, RX3CONTAINTER, and RX4CONTAINTER are set based on GRPSIZE.

7. To apply your changes and send your edited C&M message to the RRH, tap the **APPLY** button.
8. Verify that you have received all required information.

   If you have set up the RRH correctly and the RRH has been brought up and running successfully, you will have all fields in the Carrier Information filled properly.

   If not, the profile parameters will be initialized. You can repeat steps **4-7**, or tap the **Last** button to import the most recently applied profile parameters and modify only the necessary part.

Figure 423 Example of RRH profile editor

Following is an example of parameters and values that you can find in Profile Editor.

Table 22 Example of RRH profile parameters and values for 2x2 MIMO

Parameters	Description
STATE	This is the carrier status. There are three available states: - None: Unused - Disable: Used but inactivated - Enable: Used and activated This value must be “ENABLE” for every carrier being used by RRH.
TXCONTAINER	It means the position where the IQ data of first Tx Container (antenna branch for downlink) starts. The start position input value range is from 1 to 64. Do not enter Zero (0) as this will deactivate the antenna. This value must not be used by other containers.
TX2CONTAINER	It means the position where the IQ data of the second Tx Container (antenna branch for downlink) starts. The start position input value range is from 1 to 64. Do not enter Zero (0) as this will deactivate the antenna. This value must not be the same value of the IQ data of first Tx Container.
RX1CONTAINER	It means the position where the IQ data of first Rx Container (antenna branch for downlink) starts. The start position input value range is from 1 to 64.. Do not enter Zero (0) as this will deactivate the antenna. This value must be the same value of the IQ data of first Tx Container.
RX2CONTAINER	It means the position where the IQ data of the second Rx Container (antenna branch for downlink) starts. The start position input value range is from 1 to 64. Do not enter Zero (0) as this will deactivate the antenna. This value must be the same value of the IQ data of first Tx Container.
GRPSIZEDOWN	It means how many AxC Containers are needed per signal bandwidth. It should be the interval between each TXCONTAINER numbers. Signal Bandwidth: 3 MHz | 5 MHz | 10 MHz | 15 MHz | 20 MHz GRPSIZEDOWN: 1 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8
GRPSIZEUP	It indicates how many AxC Containers are needed per signal bandwidth. It should be the interval between each RXCONTAINER numbers. Signal Bandwidth: 3 MHz | 5 MHz | 10 MHz | 15 MHz | 20 MHz GRPSIZEUP: 1 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8

TXFREQ	This value is the carrier's downlink center frequency in kHz.
RXFREQ	This value is the carrier's uplink center frequency in kHz.
POWER	This value must be between the minimum and the maximum Tx power levels that are displayed in the RRH Description pane and be expressed in 0.1 dB.
SIGTYPE	This is a default setting for RRH. Do not change.
CARRTYPE	This is a default setting for RRH. It is not recommended, but you can change the signal bandwidth as needed when you have to.
ULNOISE	It means the uplink noise floor threshold expressed in 0.01 dBFS. This is a default setting for RRH. Do not change.
APCFPOWER	This is for RFM overload protection. This is a default setting for RRH. Do not change.

Saving your edited profile as a file

After you have successfully brought up and running the RRH, you can save your complete profile as a file so that you can use it to configure and bring up other RRHs of the same kind later.

Procedure

1. Press the **SAVE/LOAD** hard key.
2. Select **Save > Save Profile**.
3. Type a file name that you want to use.
4. Press the **Save** soft key.
   It saves the profile as a file with `.jcm` extension.

Performing spectrum clearance

After you have started up the RRH successfully, meaning that you have at least one enabled carrier with uplink and downlink frequency information, you can move to Spectrum Clearance to identify any interfering signals in the uplink carrier by performing the following measurements while keeping your CellAdvisor to work as a BBU.

This instrument provides the following measurements in the BBU Emulation mode:

- Spectrum
- Spectrogram
- RSSI
- Dual spectrum
- Dual spectrogram

NOTE
It is very important that you maintain the Term mode cable connection as illustrated in Figure 417 and keep the RRH connection on as you have done in the RRH configuration verification.

Conducting spectrum measurement

In this Spectrum mode, you only need to change the following settings as needed.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **Spectrum Clearance > Spectrum**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. To select the Rx carrier and Rx container to measure, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
   b. Press the **Rx Carrier** soft key.
   The Rx carrier soft key is active only if the Rx carrier is enabled.
   c. Select a desired Rx carrier number from the menu bar.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
   d. Press the **Rx Container** soft key, and then select a desired Rx container from the menu bar.
   Total 4 Rx containers are available.

NOTE
In the BBU Emulation mode, retrieved Rx carrier and Rx container information is used for de-mapping and signal transmission instead of Map Position.

5. To enable alarm sound, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
   b. Press the **Sound Indicator** soft key.
   c. Toggle the **Alarm Reference** soft key between **Marker** and **Line**:
      Marker: Sets the active marker position as the alarm reference if you have enabled a marker on the spectrum.
      Line: Makes the limit line as the alarm reference.
   d. If you have set the alarm reference to Line, press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for an alarm.
   e. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key.
   f. To turn on the alarm sound, toggle the **Sound** soft key to **On**. To turn off, toggle to **Off**.
   g. *Optional*. To adjust the volume for alarm sound, press the **Volume** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob clockwise or counter clockwise.
   h. *Optional*. To select the sound mode for alam, toggle the **Sound Mode** soft key and select the option from the following choices:
      Select the **Mode 1** to create an alarm with a consistent tone (frequency) regardless of the interference signal.
      Select the **Mode 2** to apply the tone step from 1 to 20.
      Select the **Mode 3** to apply the tone step from 20 to 1.
6. To set the interference ID, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
   b. Press the **Interference ID** soft key.
   c. Press the **Threshold** soft key.
   d. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key.
   e. To turn on the Interference ID, toggle the **Interference ID** soft key to **On**. To turn off, toggle to **Off**.

NOTE
The Interference ID automatically classifies interfering signals over a designated spectrum and displays a list of possible signal types corresponding to the selected signal.

7. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, the **More (2/3)** soft key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 424 Example of spectrum measurement in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the limit line or multi-segment line. See “Setting limit for spectrum clearance” on page 715 for more information.

Conducting dual spectrum measurement

If you have two or more carriers enabled, you can view two spectrums for different Rx carriers and Rx containers simultaneously. If you enable the Dual Active Trace function in the Dual Spectrum mode, you can view two sweeping traces, one from the top window and the other from the bottom window, overlapped on a single chart.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **Spectrum Clearance > Dual Spectrum**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
5. Toggle the **Active Window** soft key between **Top** and **Bottom**. You can also tap the chart on the screen.
6. To select the Rx carrier and Rx container to measure, complete the following steps:
   a. Press **More (2/2) > Rx Parameters**.
   b. Press the **Rx Carrier** soft key.
   The Rx carrier soft key is active only if the Rx carrier is enabled.
   c. Select a desired Rx carrier number from the menu bar.
   Up to 12 selections for Rx carriers are available based upon configuration.
   d. Press the **Rx Container** soft key, and then select a desired Rx container from the menu bar.
   Total 4 selections for Rx containers are available

NOTE
In the BBU Emulation mode, retrieved Rx carrier and Rx container information is used for de-mapping and signal transmission instead of Map Position.

7. To view all traces overlaid on a single chart, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Dual Active Trace** to **On**.
   The screen displays the traces overlaid on a single chart.

NOTE
The currently active trace is brought to front of all traces and highlighted in bold. You can check which trace is currently active at the top left of the chart.

c To change the active trace, press the **PREV** hard key and then toggle the **Active Window** soft key between **Top** and **Bottom**. You can also tap on the chart on the screen.

d To exit the overlaid view and return to the dual spectrum view, toggle the **Dual Active Trace** to **Off**.

8 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, the **More (1/2)** soft key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 425 Example of dual spectrum analysis in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the limit line or multi-segment line. See “Setting limit for spectrum clearance” on page 715 for more information.

Conducting spectrogram

In this Spectrogram mode, you only need to change the following settings as needed.

Procedure

1 Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.

2 Select **Spectrum Clearance > Spectrogram**.

3 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

4 To select the Rx carrier and Rx container to measure, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.

b Press the **Rx Carrier** soft key.
The Rx carrier soft key is active only if the Rx carrier is enabled.

c Select a desired Rx carrier number from the menu bar.
Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.

a Press the **Rx Container** soft key, and then select a desired Rx container from the menu bar.
Total 4 selections for Rx containers are available.

NOTE
In the BBU Emulation mode, retrieved Rx carrier and Rx container information is used for de-mapping and signal transmission instead of Map Position.

5 To set the amount of time between each trace measurement:

a Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

b Press the **More (1/2)** soft key and then the **Time Interval** soft key.

c Enter a value, and then press the **Sec** soft key.

6 To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key to **On**.
The Position soft key is activated.

b Press the **Position** soft key.

c To move the time cursor, turn the rotary or enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

d To turn off the time cursor, toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key to **Off**.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

7 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

8 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, the **More (1/2)** soft key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 426 Example of spectrogram in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the limit line or multi-segment line. See “Setting limit for spectrum clearance” on page 715 for more information.

Conducting dual spectrogram

The Dual Spectrogram feature lets you observe two spectrograms for different carriers and Tx containers simultaneously.

Procedure

1 Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.

2 Select **Spectrum Clearance > Dual Spectrogram**.

3 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

4 Press the **More (1/2)** soft key.

5 Toggle the **Active Window** soft key between **Left** and **Right**. You can also tap the chart on the screen.

6 To select the Rx carrier and Rx container to measure, complete the following steps:

a Press the **More (2/2)** soft key.

b Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.

c Press the **Rx Carrier** soft key.
The Rx carrier soft key is active only if the Rx carrier is enabled.

d Select a desired Rx carrier number from the menu bar.
Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.

e Press the **Rx Container** soft key, and then select a desired Rx container from the menu bar.
Total 4 selections for Rx containers are available.

NOTE
In the BBU Emulation mode, retrieved Rx carrier and Rx container information is used for de-mapping and signal transmission instead of Map Position.

7 To set the amount of time between each trace measurement:

a Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

b Press **More (1/2) > Time Interval**.

c Enter a value, and then press the **Sec** soft key.

8 To set the time cursor on a specific trace position, complete the following steps:

a Toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key to **On**.

b Press the **Position** soft key.

c To move the time cursor, turn the rotary knob or enter a value and then press the **Enter** soft key.

d To turn off the time cursor, toggle the **Time Cursor** soft key to **Off**.

NOTE
Enabling the time cursor puts the measurement on hold and you can make post-processing analysis for each measurement over time using the time cursor.

9 To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, the **More (1/2)** soft key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 427 Example of dual spectrogram analysis in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the limit line or multi-segment line. See “Setting limit for spectrum clearance” on page 715 for more information.

Conducting RSSI

The Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) is a multi-signal tracking metric that is particularly useful for measuring power-level variations over time. The RSSI measurement lets you assign power limit line for audible alarms and increase alarm counters every time a signal exceeds a defined limit line.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **Spectrum Clearance > RSSI**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. To select the Rx carrier and Rx container to measure, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
   b. Press the **Rx Carrier** soft key.
   The Rx carrier soft key is active only if the Rx carrier is enabled.
   c. Select a desired Rx carrier number from the menu bar.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
   d. Press the **Rx Container** soft key, and then select a desired Rx container from the menu bar.
   Total 4 selections for Rx containers are available.

NOTE
In the BBU Emulation mode, retrieved Rx carrier and Rx container information is used for de-mapping and signal transmission instead of Map Position.

5. To set up the alarm parameters, complete the following steps:
   a. Press **More (1/2)** > **Alarm**.
   b. Press the **Alarm at** soft key, and then select a marker number to set.
   c. Press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for the alarm.
   d. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob, and then press the **dBm** soft key.
   e. Toggle the **Alarm** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn on/off the alarm.

NOTE
You must set the marker(s) first by using the **MARKER** hard key as these features use the marker position to sound an alarm. See “Using marker” on page 61 for more information.

   f. *Optional*. Press the **Volume** soft key and adjust the volume.
6. Press the **PREV** hard key to return to the Measure Setup menu bar.
7. To start a new measurement, press the **Reset/Restart** soft key.
8. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, the **More (1/2)** soft key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 428 Example of RSSI in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the limit line or multi-segment line. See “Setting limit for spectrum clearance” on page 715 for more information.

Setting sweep mode

You can select various sweep settings for better measurement, including the sweep run mode (**Single**, **Continuous**) and the sweep speed mode (**Normal**, **Fast**).

Procedure

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Select the desired sweep run mode by toggling the **Sweep Mode** soft key between **Single** and **Continuous**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.

   Single: In this mode, the instrument performs a single sweep and waits for further entries. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.

   Continuous (default): In this mode, the instrument is continuously measuring and updating result.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.
3. Select the desired sweep speed mode by toggling the **Sweep Mode** soft key between **Normal** and **Fast**:

   Normal: The signal processing and update rate is set to normal levels.

   Fast (default): It speeds up the signal processing and the display update rate to increase the overall sweep time.
4. *Optional*. In the Single mode, press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

Setting limit for spectrum clearance

You can set a display line or multi-segment limit line to analyze results better.

Procedure

To set a single limit line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

2. Press the **Display Line** soft key for a reference line.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Display Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display and hide the reference line.
   The straight line appears across the screen to be used as a visual reference only.

To set a multi-segment limit line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key for Pass/Fail indication.
3. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.
4. Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.
   a. Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Autoset** soft key to let the instrument set the limit for each segment and display the line.
6. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.
   b. Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.
7. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.
   b. Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.
   c. Select the menu option, from the following choices:

      To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key to **Off**.

      To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

      To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

      To change the position, press the **Frequency** or **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.
8. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
   See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Checking coverage range

If your CellAdvisor has the CPRI source installed, you can use it to check the coverage range of the antenna and adjust its tilt to maximize the coverage range as much as possible.

NOTE
It is very important that you maintain the Term mode cable connection as illustrated in Figure 417 and keep the RRH connection on as you have done in the RRH configuration verification.

Checking coverage range

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **Coverage Range**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Select **More (1/2) > Source > CPRI Source**.
5. Select one of the Tx parameters to configure from: **Tx1 Parameters**, **Tx2 Parameters, Tx3 Parameters**, or **Tx4 Parameters**.
   Tx Parameters menu bar appears.
6. Press the **Tx Carrier** soft key.
   Only carriers that are currently active have the active soft keys.
7. Select a desired Tx carrier from the menu bar.

Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.

8 Press the **Tx Container** soft key, and then select one of the Tx Container from the menu bar. Total 4 selections for Tx containers are available.

NOTE
In the BBU Emulation mode, retrieved carrier and Tx container information is used for de-mapping and signal transmission instead of Map Position.

9 To select the CW waveform, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Waveforms** soft key.
The Waveform list dialog box appears.

b From the list, select **CW** or one of the LTE signals that you want to transmit to the RRH.

NOTE
If you have a second unit of JD700B series or a scanner, you can use it to measure RS Power and RS SINR with transmitting a LTE signal from your CellAdvisor to the RRH so that you can optimize the coverage more accurately.

c Tap the **Apply** button on the screen or press the **ENTER** hard key.

10 To set the power level, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Power Level** soft key.

b Enter a value, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

11 To start to inject the CW signal, toggle the **CPRI Source** soft key to **On**.

12 *Optional*. To enable alarm sound, complete the following steps:

a Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

b Press the **More (1/2)** soft key and then **Sound Indicator** soft key.

c Toggle the **Alarm Reference** soft key between **Marker** and **Line**:

Marker: Sets the active marker position as the alarm reference if you have enabled a marker on the spectrum.

Line: Makes the limit line as the alarm reference.

d If you have set the alarm reference to Line, press the **Limit Line** soft key to set a threshold for an alarm.

e Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** soft key.

f To turn on/off the alarm sound, toggle the **Sound** soft key to **On** or **Off**.

g To adjust the volume for alarm sound, press the **Volume** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob clockwise or counter clockwise.

h *Optional*. To select the sound mode for alam, toggle the **Sound Mode** soft key and select the option from the following choices:

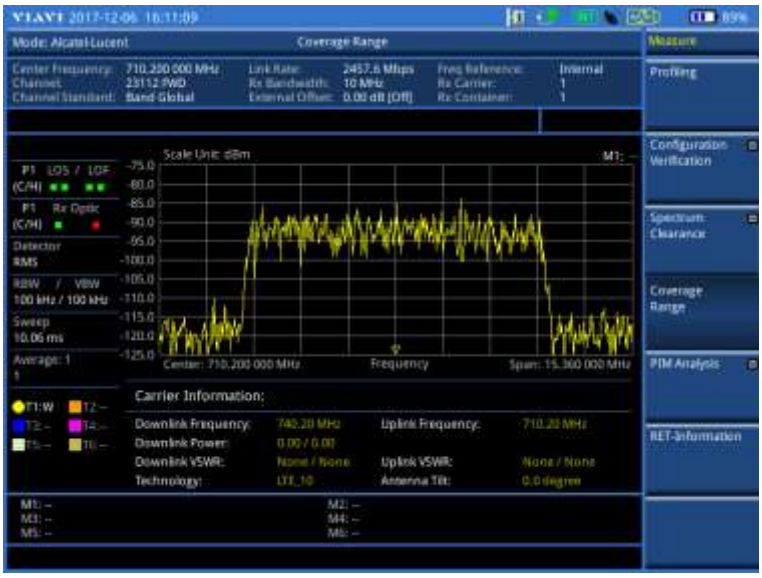
Select the **Mode 1** to create an alarm with a consistent tone (frequency) regardless of the interference signal.

Select the **Mode 2** to apply the tone step from 1 to 20.

Select the **Mode 3** to apply the tone step from 20 to 1.

13 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, the **More (1/2)** soft key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 429 Example of coverage range in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation



Adjusting antenna tilt

Procedure

1. In the **Coverage Range** mode, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Antenna Control**.
3. To select the antenna that you want to manipulate, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Select ALD Device** soft key.
   b. Select Scanned ALD Device List, and then press the **Apply** button.
   c. If there are more than one antenna chained for the selected antenna port, press the **ALD SUB** soft key to select the antenna line device subscription number.
   d. Enter the value that you know, and then press the **Enter** soft key.
4. To manipulate the tilt of the selected antenna, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Degree** soft key.
   b. Enter a value within the range that you know for the selected antenna.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The antenna tilts forward accordingly.

NOTE
It is recommended that you wait for a few minutes because it may take two minutes or so to get the antenna actually tilted.

5. Check the coverage range again to see if you have the antenna tilt at its best.

Setting sweep mode

You can select various sweep settings for better measurement, including the sweep run mode (**Single**, **Continuous**) and the sweep speed mode (**Normal**, **Fast**).

Procedure

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Select the desired sweep run mode by toggling the **Sweep Mode** soft key between **Single** and **Continuous**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.

   Single: In this mode, the instrument performs a single sweep and waits for further entries. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.

Continuous (default): In this mode, the instrument is continuously measuring and updating result.
The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

3 Select the desired sweep speed mode by toggling the **Sweep Mode** soft key between **Normal** and **Fast**:

Normal: The signal processing and update rate is set to normal levels.

Fast (default): It speeds up the signal processing and the display update rate to increase the overall sweep time.

4 *Optional*. In the Single mode, press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

Performing PIM analysis

The PIM analyzer enables you to measure PIM characteristics of RRH and antenna feeder by injecting test signal to RRH over fiber link while de-mapping IQ spectrum for uplink simultaneously.

With the PIM analyzer feature, CellAdvisor can calculate the possible location of PIM position and provide the information of the possible PIM location.

NOTE
It is very important that you maintain the Term mode cable connection as illustrated in Figure 417 and keep the RRH connection on as you have done in the RRH configuration verification.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1 Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2 Select **PIM Analysis**.
3 Select the PIM analysis mode from the following choices:

Single Port Sweep Mode: Measures PIM using two-CW tone from a single port sweeping across the transmission bandwidth.
The Sweep Mode soft key is activated only after you have installed the license on your CellAdvisor.

Multi Port Sweep Mode: Measures PIM using two CW tone sweeping across the transmission bandwidth.

Multi Port Wideband Mode: Detects PIM using wideband multiple carriers.

NOTE
The Sweep Mode is activated if the below license(s) are installed on your JD700B series:
- RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator (option 083)
- RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator (option 084)

See “Appendix I – Ordering information” on page 787 for more information.

Checking single port sweep

To perform Single Port Sweep Mode PIM analysis, your JD700B series has the RFoCPRI multi carrier signal generator option which allows PIM analysis using two-tone CW: base tone and supplementary tone sweeping within the span equal to the sampling frequency of the DUT carrier. Minimum frequency step of CW tone is 0.96 MHz. While the base and supplementary tones sweep across the transmission bandwidth, your CellAdvisor displays the two-tone PIM Analyzer including UL Spectrum, calculated RF frequencies of the two tones, and potential PIM location along with PIM order information.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **PIM Analysis > Single Port Sweep Mode**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Press the **Sweep Mode** soft key and then select the sweep measure mode option from:

   Full (default): Detects the potential PIM with two single tones sweeping the DL span from left to right by moving 0.96 MHz per step. PIM detection is done when one base tone moves to the right end and the other tone completes sweeping from the left and the right end.

   Auto: Detects the potential PIM of two tones after calculating a PIM occurrence based on the location of a specific tone on DL. Not sweep within a specified frequency range but performs PIM analysis for specific two tones.

   Manual: Detects any PIM issues within a user-defined two-tone frequency range. The frequency input range is limited to C.F +/- 0.98*n, so if you input frequency randomly, the input value is changed to a settable value automatically.
5. To select the Rx parameters, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Rx Settings** soft key.
   b. Press the **Rx Carrier** soft key, and then select the carrier of your choice.
   Only carriers that are currently available have the active soft keys.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
   c. Press the **Rx Container** soft key, and then select the Rx container of your choice.
   Up to 4 selections for containers are available based upon configuration.
   d. To set the bandwidth, press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the bandwidth option from: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, **15 MHz (4 AxC)**, **20 MHz**, or **20 MHz (6 AxC)**.
6. To enable the auto leveling, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
   b. Press the **Auto Leveling** soft key.
   c. Enter a noise figure value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

   NOTE
   You need to set the exact noise figure to improve accuaracy of the Auto Leveling.

   d. Press the **dB** soft key or the ***ENTER*** hot key to complete the entry.
   New external offset value appears in the **External Offset** menu box.
7. To select the Tx parameters, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Select Tx1** or **Select Tx2** soft keys.
   b. Press the **Tx Carrier** soft key, and then select the carrier of your choice.
   Only carriers that are currently available have the active soft keys.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
   c. Press the **Tx Container** soft key, and then select the Tx container of your choice.
   Up to 4 selections for containers are available based upon configuration.
   d. *Optional.* To adjust the gain of the waveform to be transmitted in order to prevent an overrun or underrun of the RRH, press the **Gain** soft key, enter a value between **-50** and 0.00 by using the rotary knob or the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   e. *Optional.* To set the power level, press the **Power Level** soft key, enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob, and then press the **Enter** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   f. To start injecting the signal, toggle the **CPRI Source** soft key to **On**.
   At this time, the waveform is automatically set to **CW**.
8. Press the **PREV** hard key to return to the measure setup menu bar.
9. To start the measurement, toggle the **Run Test** soft key to **Start**.
   The potential PIM frequencies are displayed on the chart with the colored bar graphs.
10. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 430 Example of single port sweep mode PIM Analysis in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

Checking multi port sweep

To perform Multi Port Sweep Mode PIM analysis, your JD700B series has the RFoCPRI multi carrier signal generator option which allows PIM analysis using two CW tones sweeping within the span equal to the sampling frequency of the DUT carrier. Minimum frequency step of CW tone is 0.96 MHz. User can use Auto sweep that covers full span, or can configure the frequency of two CW tones manually.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **PIM Analysis > Muti Port Sweep Mode**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Press the **Sweep Mode** soft key and then select the sweep measure mode option from:

   Full (default): Detects the potential PIM with two single tones sweeping the DL span from left to right by moving 0.96 MHz per step. PIM detection is done when one base tone moves to the right end and the other tone completes sweeping from the left and the right end.

   Auto: Detects the potential PIM of two tones after calculating a PIM occurrence based on the location of a specific tone on DL. Not sweep within a specified frequency range but performs PIM analysis for specific two tones.

   Manual: Detects any PIM issues within a user-defined two-tone frequency range. The frequency input range is limited to C.F +/- 0.98*n, so if you input frequency randomly, the input value is changed to a settable value automatically.
5. To select the Rx parameters, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Rx Settings** soft key.
   b. Toggle the **Select RRH** soft key between **Port1** and **Port2** to select a RRH to check the spectrum.
   c. Press the **Rx Carrier** soft key, and then select the carrier of your choice.
   Only carriers that are currently available have the active soft keys.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
   d. Press the **Rx Container** soft key, and then select the Rx container of your choice.
   Up to 4 selections for containers are available based upon configuration.
   e. To set the bandwidth, press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the bandwidth option from: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, **15 MHz (4 AxC)**, **20 MHz**, or **20 MHz (6 AxC)**.

6 To enable the auto leveling, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
   b Press the **Auto Leveling** soft key.
   c Enter a noise figure value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.

> **NOTE**
> You need to set the exact noise figure to improve accuaracy of the Auto Leveling.

   d Press the **dB** soft key or the ***ENTER*** hot key to complete the entry.
   New external offset value appears in the **External Offset** menu box.

7 To select the Tx parameters, complete the following steps:
   a Press the **Select Tx1** or **Select Tx2** soft keys.
   b Press the **Tx Carrier** soft key, and then select the carrier of your choice.
   Only carriers that are currently available have the active soft keys.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
   c Press the **Tx Container** soft key, and then select the Tx container of your choice.
   Up to 4 selections for containers are available based upon configuration.
   d *Optional.* To adjust the gain of the waveform to be transmitted in order to prevent an overrun or underrun of the RRH, press the **Gain** soft key, enter a value between **-50** and 0.00 by using the rotary knob or the numeric keys, and then press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   e *Optional.* To set the power level, press the **Power Level** soft key, enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob, and then press the **Enter** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   f To start injecting the signal, toggle the **CPRI Source** soft key to **On**.
   At this time, the waveform is automatically set to **CW**.

8 Press the **PREV** hard key to return to the measure setup menu bar.

9 To start the measurement, toggle the **Run Test** soft key to **Start**.
The potential PIM frequencies are displayed on the chart with the colored bar graphs.

10 To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 431 Example of multi port sweep mode PIM Analysis in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

Checking wideband spectrum

Procedure

1 Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2 Select **PIM Analysis > Muti Port Wideband Mode**.

3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Toggle the **Select RRH** soft key between **Port1** and **Port2** to select a RRH to check the spectrum.
5. To set the Rx parameters, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Rx Parameters** soft key.
   b. Press the **Rx Carrier** soft key, and then select the carrier of your choice.
   Only carriers that are currently available have the active soft keys.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
   c. Press the **Rx Container** soft key, and then select the Rx container of your choice.
   Up to 4 selections for containers are available based upon configuration.
   d. *Optional.* To set the bandwidth, press the **Bandwidth** soft key, and then select the bandwidth option from: **1.4 MHz**, **3 MHz**, **5 MHz**, **10 MHz**, **15 MHz**, **15 MHz (4AxC)**, **20 MHz**, or **20 MHz (6 AxC)**.
6. To set the CPRI source, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **CPRI Source** soft key.
   b. Select the Tx number from: Tx1 Parameters, Tx2 Parameters, Tx3 Parameters, or Tx4 Parameters.
   c. Press the **Tx Carrier** soft key, and then select the carrier of your choice.
   Only carriers that are currently available have the active soft keys.
   Up to 12 selections for carriers are available based upon configuration.
   d. Press the **Tx Container** soft key, and then select the Tx container of your choice.
   Up to 4 selections for containers are available based upon configuration.
   e. *Optional.* To set the gain, press the **Gain** soft key, and then enter a value by using the rotary knob or the numeric keys.
   f. *Optional.* To set the waveform to be generated, press the **Waveforms** soft key, select a signal from the Waveform dialog box, and then tap the **Apply** button or press the **ENTER** hard key.
   g. *Optional.* To set the power level, press the **Power Level** soft key, enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob, and then press the **Enter** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   h. To start injecting the signal, toggle the **CPRI Source** to **On**.
7. To clear current (C) and history (H) status of CPRI alarm on LOS and LOF, press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key, the **More (1/2)** soft key, and then the **Clear History** soft key.

Checking flatness

The flatness in Wideband Mode PIM analysis is an elevation angel that two points create, resulting from the difference in power level at the two ends.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select PIM Analysis > Multi Port Wideband Mode.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Select the **Flatness** soft key.
5. To set the bandwidth for the flatness calculation, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value that is smaller than the transmission bandwidth to prevent the spectrum data points from being at the edges of the chart.
6. Toggle the **Flatness** soft key to **On**.
7. To turn it off, toggle the **Flatness** soft key to **Off**.

Setting sweep mode

You can select various sweep settings for better measurement, including the sweep run mode (**Single**, **Continuous**) and the sweep speed mode (**Normal**, **Fast**).

Procedure

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Select the desired sweep run mode by toggling the **Sweep Mode** soft key between **Single** and **Continuous**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.

   Single: In this mode, the instrument performs a single sweep and waits for further entries. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.

   Continuous (default): In this mode, the instrument is continuously measuring and updating result.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.
3. Select the desired sweep speed mode by toggling the **Sweep Mode** soft key between **Normal** and **Fast**:

   Normal: The signal processing and update rate is set to normal levels.

   Fast (default): It speeds up the signal processing and the display update rate to increase the overall sweep time.
4. *Optional*. In the Single mode, press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

Setting limit line

You can set threshold(s) and display either a single segment line or multi-segment line to analyze the result better.

Procedure

To set a single limit line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Display Line** soft key for a reference line.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Display Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display and hide the reference line. The straight line appears across the screen to be used as a visual reference only.

To set a multi-segment limit line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key for Pass/Fail indication.
3. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.
4. Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.
   a. Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Autoset** soft key to let the instrument set the limit for each segment and display the line.
6. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:
   a. Select Limit Up/Down or Limit Left/Right.
   b. Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.
7. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.
   b. Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.
   c. Select the menu option, from the following choices:

      To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key to **Off**.

      To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

      To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

      To change the position, press the **Frequency** or **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the

rotary knob to change the value as desired.

8 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Save Limit** to save the limit settings. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information

Figure 432 Example of Wideband Mode PIM analysis in Alcatel-Lucent BBU emulation

Optimizing RET information

The JD700B series provide the remote electrical downtilt (RET) feature that enables you to optimize, control and maintain the antenna’s tilt position in real-time and anywhere.

Scanning antenna line devices

You can check the connected antenna line devices information. Devices are sorted by Index number, and the device list is updated after each scan.

Procedure

1 Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.

2 Select **RET-Information**.

3 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

4 Select **Scan ALD Information** to start the scan process.
The scanning time appears. The scanning time may vary depending on the number of connected devices. Once the scan is completed, the Scanned ALD Device list will be updated.

NOTE
You can select and apply the ALD appeared in the Scanned ALD Device list pop-up window of the **Select ALD Device** menu.

5 *Optional.* Tap the **Exit** button to stop the scanning.

Figure 433 Example of ALD scanning in Alcatel-Lucent RET information

Getting antenna device data

After scanning of the antenna line devices, you can get antenna device data of the selected ALD.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **RET-Information**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Select **Get Antenna Device Data** to get the data..

Figure 434 Example of antenna device data in Alcatel-Lucent RET information

Getting alarm status

You can get the latest alarm status.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **RET-Information**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Select **Get Alarm Status** to get the current alarm status.

Figure 435 Example of getting alarm status in Alcatel-Lucent RET information

Clearing active alarm

You can clear current active alarms. You will get the lastest alarm status once you complete clearing, and then operate getting alarm status.

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **RET-Information**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Select **Clear Active Alarm** to clear the active alarms.

Adjusting antenna tilt

Procedure

1. Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.
2. Select **RET-Information**.
3. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4. Press **More (1/2) > Antenna Control** soft key.
5. To select the antenna that you want to manipulate, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Select ALD Device** soft key.
   b. Select Scanned ALD Device List, and then press the **Apply** button.
   c. If there are more than one antenna chained for the selected antenna port, press the **ALD SUB** soft key to select the antenna line device subscription number.
   d. Enter the value that you know, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

6 To manipulate the tilt of the selected antenna, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Degree** soft key.

b Enter a value within the range that you know for the selected antenna.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.
The antenna tilts forward accordingly.

NOTE
You need to adjust antenna tilting within the range between Antenna Min Tilting and Antenna Max Tilting.

Figure 436 Example of antenna tilting in Alcatel-Lucent RET information

Performing RET calibration

After scanning of the antenna line devices, you can progress the calibration.

Procedure

1 Press the **BBU Emulation > Alcatel-Lucent** soft key.

2 Select **RET-Information**.

3 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.

4 Press **More (1/2) > Antenna Control** soft key.

5 Select **RET Calibration** to start the calibration.
The calibration time appears. The calibration time may vary depending on the number of connected devices. Once the calibration is completed, the changes are applied to the antennas.

Figure 437 Example of RET calibration in Alcatel-Lucent RET information

Verifying link status

It is used to monitor link maintenance alarms of the physical layer (Layer 1) that is delivered on the L1 in-band protocol, which resides on the layer 2 of CPRI. It also monitors the received optical power level.

Setting measure setup

You need to set the measure setup before staring the measurement.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key
2. Toggle the **Select Port** soft key to **Port 1** or **Port 2**.
3. Activate the transmission by toggling the **Laser** soft key to **On**.
4. To set the CPRI line bit rate of the fronthaul under test, complete the following steps:
5. Press the **Link Rate** soft key.
6. Select the CPRI link rate option from: **Auto**, **614.4 Mbps**,**1228.8 Mbps**, **2457.6 Mbps**, **3072.0**, **4915.2 Mbps**, **6144.0 Mbps** or **9830.4 Mbps**.

   NOTE
   It is important that you set the link rate correctly to avoid any misleading LOS and LOF alarms displayed on the screen.
7. Toggle the **Port Type** soft key and select **Master**.
8. Press the **Tx Clock** soft key, and then select **Internal** for transmission clock reference.
9. *Optional*. To use the RF signal generator function, see “Using RF source in RFoCPRI testing” on page 638.
10. *Optional*. To use the CPRI signal generator function, see “Using CPRI source” on page 639.
11. To clear the previous event history and start a new testing, go to **More (1/2) > Clear History** and then press the **Clear History** soft key.

Figure 438 Example of verification of link status

19

Chapter 19 Using Channel Scanner

This chapter provides instructions for using the Channel Scanner function (option 012). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 731
- Display overview 731
- Connecting a cable 731
- Selecting measurement mode 733
- Configuring test parameters 733
- Making channel scanner measurements 736
- Making frequency scanner measurements 737
- Making custom scanner measurements 738
- Analyzing measurements 740

Introduction

A Channel Scanner is a radio receiver that can automatically tune or scan two or more discrete frequencies and multi-channels, indicating when it finds a signal on one of them and then continuing scanning when that frequency goes silent.

You can measure up to 20 channels with this channel scanner. Using existing format-based or custom parameters, you will be able to easily verify improper multi-channel power levels.

- Channel Scanner
- Frequency Scanner
- Custom Scanner (Channel or Frequency)

Display overview

Figure 439 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 439 Channel scanner screen

Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure	
1	Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS.

Figure 440 Direct connection

JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B JD788B/JD748B

Indirect connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS.

Figure 441 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

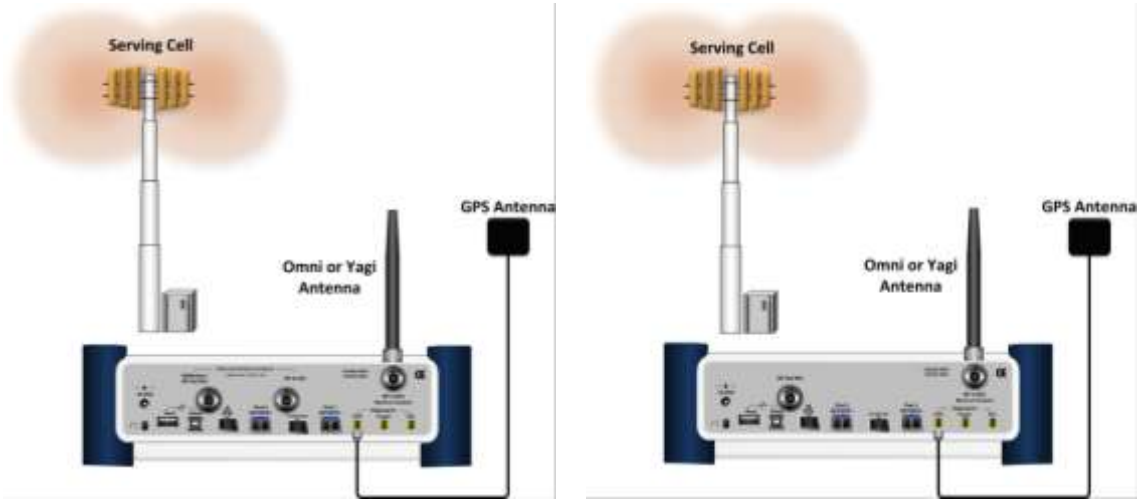
Over the air (OTA)

Procedure

1 Connect an Omni/directional RF antenna to the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series.

2 Connect a GPS antenna to the **GPS** port of the JD700B series.

Figure 442 OTA connection



JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B **JD788B/JD748B**

CAUTION
If the input signal level to be measured is less than 0 dBm, set 0 dB attenuation or turn on the preamp to have better dynamic range for the OTA testing.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **Channel Scanner** soft key. The Channel Scanner mode is selected by default.
3. To change the measurement mode, press the ***MEASURE*** hot key and then select the measurement mode:
   - **Channel Scanner**
   - **Frequency Scanner**
   - **Custom Scanner**

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You need to set the channel or frequency to be scanned depending on the scanner mode: channel scanner, frequency scanner, and custom scanner. Refer to each scanner mode for how to set the channel or frequency.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference value on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
   This unit key name changes according to the setting in the **Units** menu.
3. To set the attenuation option, select one from the following choices:

   To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

   To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

   a. Select **Attenuation > Manual**.
   b. Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.
   c. Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
   d. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

   To couple the input attenuator's level with your reference level setting, select **Attenuation > Couple**.
   As you increase the reference setting, the attenuation level also increases acoordingly.

Optional. **To change the scale unit:**

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBm**, **dBV**, **dBmV**, **dBµV**, **V**, or **W**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn the internal pre-amplifier on to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamp so that amplitude readings show the value at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn the Preamp on when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn the **External Offset** on and manually set the external offset value. An offset consists of a cable loss and a user offset and the measurement result shows the value reflecting both offset values. When the

external offset value is set at 40 dB in the Spectrum mode, the measurement result compensates 40 dB at both the Spectrum Analyzer and Signal Analyzer modes.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Setting average

You can set the number of measurements to be averaged for the trace presentation. A maximum of 100 times of averaging can be set. When the averaging reaches to your setting, a new measurement value replaces the measurement value in sequence from the earliest.

Procedure

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **Average** soft key.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 100 as needed by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting is **Continue** to sweep continuously for most on-going measurements. If you want to hold the measurement or get a single sweep, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

To select the single sweep mode:

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. *Optional*. Press the **Sweep Once** soft key to get a new measurement.

To return to the continuous sweep mode:

1. Toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key. The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

NOTE
Selecting **Sweep Mode > Fast** may reduce the measurement accuracy, but you can use this fast sweep mode to identify the existence of interfering signals.

Making channel scanner measurements

Setting channel

You need to set the channel to be scanned.

Procedure

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up**/**Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
3. Toggle the **Link** soft key to select the scanning direction and select **Fwd** (forward) or **Rev** (reverse).
4. To set the starting channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Start Channel** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. To set the amount of channel increment in scanning channels, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by suing the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. To set the integration bandwidth, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
7. To set the number of channels to be displayed in the measurement table, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **# of Channels** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Test results can be saved as a `.csv` file format so that you can work on it in any spreadsheet software.

Figure 443 Channel scanner measurement

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line and channel limit. See “Setting limit for channel scanner” on page 740 for more information.

Making frequency scanner measurements

Setting frequency

You need to set the frequency to be scanned.

Procedure

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. To set the starting center frequency, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
3. To set the amount of frequency increment in scanning channels, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by suing the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
4. To set the integration bandwidth, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
5. To set the number of frequencies to be displayed in the measurement table, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **# of Frequency** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Measurement example

Figure 444 Frequency scanner measurement

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line and channel limit. See “Setting limit for channel scanner” on page 740 for more information.

Making custom scanner measurements

Setting channel/frequency

You can customize channels or frequencies to be scanned as you desire.

Procedure

To set the channels to be scanned:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
4. Toggle the **Link** soft key to select the scanning direction and select **Fwd** (forward) or **Rev** (reverse).
5. Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
6. To set the channel number for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
   The instrument displays a corresponding center frequency for the channel number.
7. To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

8 To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **5-7**.

9 Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

To set the frequencies to be scanned:

1 Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.

2 Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.

3 Press the **Index** soft key, and then enter an index number by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.

4 To set the center frequency for the selected index, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

5 To set the integration bandwidth for the selected index, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Integration Bandwidth** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.

c Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

6 To add more channels to be scanned, repeat steps **3-5**.

7 Press the **ESC** hard key to dismiss the channel list window and view the scanning result.

Measurement example

Figure 445 Custom scanner measurement

NOTE
You can use the ***LIMIT*** hot key to analyze your measurements with the display line and channel limit. See “Setting limit for channel scanner” on page 740 for more information.

Analyzing measurements

Setting limit for channel scanner

Procedure

To use the display line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Display Line** soft key to set a threshold for the limit line and Pass/Fail indication.
3. Enter a value, and then press the **dBm** unit soft key.
4. Toggle the **Display Line** soft key between **On** and **Off** to display or dismiss the limit line.

To use the channel limit:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Channel Limit** soft key to set the limits for each channel index.
3. Press the **Index** soft key, and then select the channel/frequency index number by turning the rotary knob or using the numeric keys.
4. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.
5. Set the upper threshold:
   a. Press the **High Limit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value for the upper limit.
   c. Press the **dBm** unit soft key.
6. Set the lower threshold:
   a. Press the **Low Limit** soft key.
   b. Enter a value for the lower limit.
   c. Press the **dBm** unit soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

19

Chapter 20 Using Power Meter

This chapter provides instructions for using the RF Power Meter function and the Optical Power Meter function. Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction.....742
- Display overview 742
- Performing internal RF power measurements 742
- Performing external RF power measurements 747
- Performing optical power measurements.....750

Introduction

The Power Meter of the JD700B series uses power measurement based on spectrum measurement results to provide an accurate power measurement result unlike a general spectrum analyzer, of which power accuracy may be degraded if the span is set too wide.

The power meter also provides Pass/Fail indication with user-defined lower and upper limits.

The Power Meter function provides following measurements:

- Internal RF Power Measurement
- External RF Power Measurement
- Optical Power Measurement

Display overview

Figure 446 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 446 Power measurement screen

Performing internal RF power measurements

The internal power measurement of the JD700B series collects powers from the raw data of spectrum analyzer in the optimal span and integrates the powers up to the specified user span, which results in an accurate power measurement, independent of the span setting.

Connecting a cable

Direct connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the Power amplifier output port of BTS as shown in Figure 447.

Figure 447 Direct connection

JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B JD788B/JD748B

Indirect connection

Procedure

1 Connect the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port of the JD700B series and the monitor (test) port of BTS as shown in Figure 448.

Figure 448 Indirect connection

JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B JD788B/JD748B

CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series. If the level of the input signal to be measured is greater than this, use a ***High Power Attenuator*** to prevent damage when you directly connect the signal to the instrument or connect the signal from the coupling port of a directional coupler.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1 Press the **MODE** hard key.
2 Select **More (1/2) > Power Meter > Internal RF Power Meter**.

Setting frequency

You need to set the frequency range to be measured with either the center frequency/span or the start/stop frequencies. You can also set the frequency with the channel number and span.

Procedure

To set the center frequency and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. Press the **Span** soft key, and then do one of the following:

   To set the span manually, select **Span**, enter a value, and then select the unit.

   To set the span automatically, select **Full Span**, **Zero Span**, or **Last Span** as needed.

NOTE
The **Zero Span** option is available only in the Spectrum mode. If you have selected **Zero Span**, select ***TRIGGER*** **> Free Run**, **External**, **GPS**, **Video**, or **Display Position**.

To set the start and stop frequencies:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.
4. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
5. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
6. Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.
7. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.
8. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.
3. To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
   See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.
   b. Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.
   c. Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.
4. Toggle the **Link** soft key to select the sweep direction and select **Fwd** (forward) or **Rev** (reverse).
5. To set the channel number, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Channel Number** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key or **ENTER** hard key to complete the entry.
   The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.
6. To set the span, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Span** soft key.
   b. Select the span option, from the following choices:

      To set the span manually, select **Span**, enter a value, and then select the unit.

      To set the span automatically, select **Full Span**, **Zero Span**, or **Last Span** as needed.

NOTE
The **Zero Span** option is available only in the Spectrum mode. If you have selected **Zero Span**, select ***TRIGGER*** **> Free Run**, **External**, **GPS**, **Video**, or **Display Position**.

Optional. **To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob:**

1. Press the **Frequency Step** soft key, if the **Freq** is selected.
2. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
3. Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

Optional. **To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob:**

1. Press the **Channel Step** soft key, if the **Channel** is selected.
2. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
3. Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting amplitude

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display method: **Relative** or **Absolute**.
3. If the **Relative** is selected, press the **Set Reference** soft key to set the current value as the reference.
4. To specify the display range, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Display Maximum** soft key to set the maximum value for the power meter.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **dBm** soft key.
   d. Press the **Display Minimum** soft key to set the minimum value for the power meter.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Press the **dBm** soft key.
5. *Optional*. To enable the external offset, complete the following steps:
   a. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
   b. Enter a value between 0 and 60 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **dB** soft key.

Setting sweep mode

The default setting of the sweep mode is **Continue**. If you want to hold the measurement, you can change the sweep mode.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SWEEP*** hot key.
2. To select the single sweep mode, toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Single**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red appears and the sweeping is paused.
3. To return to the continuous sweep mode, toggle the **Sweep Mode** soft key and select **Continue**. You can also use the ***HOLD*** hot key.
   The letter HOLD in red disappears and the sweeping resumes.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Resolution** soft key, and then select the resolution option from the following choices:
   - **0:** Displays the reading with no decimal place
   - **1:** Displays the reading with one decimal place
   - **2** : Displays the reading with two decimal places
3. To set the resolution bandwidth, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **RBW** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the unit: **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.
4. Press the **Accuracy Mode** soft key, and then select the accuracy mode option: **Low**, **Middle**, and **High**.
5. To specify the number of measurements to be averaged, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Average** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 100 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
6. To set a threshold and view the results with Pass/Fail indication, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
   b. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.
   c. Press the **High Limit** soft key, and then enter a threshold value.
   d. Press the **dBm** unit soft key.
   e. Press the **Low Limit** soft key, and then enter a threshold value.
   f. Press the **dBm** unit soft key.
7. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

Figure 449 Internal power measurement

Performing external RF power measurements

This instrument performs radio output power measurement with the use of optional external power sens ors including JD730 series power sensors. It serves as the highly accurate RF power meter and gives wider range of power measurement.

Connecting a cable

There are two types of power sensors. Directional power sensors are used in in-service power measurement. Terminating power sensors are used in out-of-service power measurement.

Table 23 External power sensor type

Part No.	Description	Frequency Range	Power Range
JD731B	Directional Power Sensor	300-3800 MHz	Average: +21.76 to +51.76 dBm (0.15 to 150 W) Peak: +36.02 to +56.02 dBm (4 to 400 W)
JD732B	Terminating Power Sensor	20-3800 MHz	Average: -30 to +20 dBm
JD733A	Directional Power Sensor	150-3500 MHz	Average/Peak: +20 to +47 dBm (0.1 to 50 W)
JD734B	Terminating Power Sensor	20-3800 MHz	Peak: -30 to +20 dBm
JD736B	Terminating Power Sensor	20-3800 MHz	Average/Peak: -30 to +20 dBm

Terminating power sensor connection

Procedure

1 Connect an external power sensor to the **USB Host** port of the JD700B series and to the RF output port of BTS.
The JD700B series automatically detects and initializes the power sensor connected to the instrument. Connecting an external power sensor is mandatory.

Figure 450 Terminating power sensor connection

JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B **JD788B/JD748B**

Directional power sensor connection

Procedure

1 Connect an external power sensor to the **USB Host** port of the JD700B series and to the RF output port of BTS as shown in Figure 451.
The JD700B series automatically detects and initializes the power sensor connected to the

instrument. Connecting an external power sensor is mandatory.

Figure 451 Directional power sensor connection

JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B JD788B/JD748B

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Power Meter > External RF Power Meter**.

Setting frequency

You need to set the frequency to be measured depending on your connected external power sensor.

Procedure

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Press the **Frequency** soft key.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
4. Select the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

Setting amplitude

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select the display method: **Relative** or **Absolute**.
3. If the **Relative** is selected, press the Set Reference soft key to set the current value as the reference.
4. To specify the display range, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Display Maximum** soft key to set the maximum value for the power meter.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   c. Press the **dBm** soft key.
   d. Press the **Display Minimum** soft key to set the minimum value for the power meter.
   e. Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob.
   f. Press the **dBm** soft key.

5 *Optional*. To enable the external offset, complete the following steps:
   a Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
   b Enter a value between 0 and 60 by using the numeric keys.
   c Press the **dB** soft key.

Making a measurement

Procedure

1 Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2 Depending your connected power sensor, do one of the following:

   For JD736B, select the power range option: **Average Power**, **Peak Power**, or **Pulse Power**.

   For JD734B, select **Peak Power**.

   For JD732B, select **Average Power**.

   For JD731B, select the power range option: **Forward Avg Power**, **Reverse Avg Power**, **Forward Peak Power**, **Pulse Power**, or **VSWR**.

   For JD733A, select the power range option: **Forward Avg Power**, **Reverse Avg Power**, **Forward Peak Power**, or **VSWR**.
3 Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
4 Press the **Resolution** soft key, and then select the resolution option from the following choices:

   0: Displays the reading with no zero decimal place

   1: Displays the reading with one decimal place

   2: Displays the reading with two decimal places
5 To set a threshold and view the results with Pass/Fail indication, complete the following steps:
   a Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
   b Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.
   c Press the **High Limit** soft key, and then enter a threshold value.
   d Press the **dBm** unit soft key.
   e Press the **Low Limit** soft key, and then enter a threshold value.
   f Press the **dBm** unit soft key.
6 *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Measurement example

You can measure and understand a trend of a system output in operation where output power constantly varies depending on the amount of calls being processed by the BTS or Repeater. In addition, the Log graph benefits you to easily examine the discontinuance of output power caused by the transmission problems or defective connection.

Figure 452 External power measurement of pulse power

Performing optical power measurements

The optical power measurement is available in conjunction with MP-series power sensor, which measures optical power via a USB connection.

Connecting a power meter

Connecting an external optical power meter is mandatory for power measurements in the Optical Power Meter mode. There are two optical power meters (sensors) those can be connected to the instrument via USB. See “JD700B Series Common Options” on page 799 for the optional power meters.

Procedure

1. Connect a MP-series optical power sensor to the **USB Host** port of the JD700B series as shown in Figure 453.
   The OPS indicator appears in the system status bar.
2. Connect the optical cable from the output port of BTS to the power meter.

Figure 453 Optical power sensor connection

JD785B/JD786B/JD745B/JD746B **JD788B/JD748B**

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Power Meter > Optical Power Meter**.
   The Optical Power Meter screen appears.

Setting measurement parameters

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To select your desired wavelength for testing, do one of the following:

   To let your instrument detect the wavelength automatically, toggle the **Wavelength** soft key and select **Auto**.

   To select a wavelength from the wavelength list, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Wavelength** soft key and select **Manual**.

   b. Press the **Stdwave** soft key.
   The wavelength list box appears.

   c. Select the wavelength you want from the list, and then tap the **Apply** button.
3. *Optional*. To edit the wavelength list, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **Stored Wavelength** soft key.
   The Stored Wavelength dialog box appears.

   b. Do the following:

   To add a new wavelength, enter a value between 780 and 1650 in the input box, and then tap the **Add** button.

   To edit an existing wavelength, highlight a wavelength in the list, enter a new value between 780 and 1650 in the input box, and then tap the **Edit** button.

   To delete an existing wavelength from the list, highlight a wavelength in the list, and then tap the **Delete** button.

   c. Tap the **Apply** button to save your changes.

Making a power measurement

Procedure

1. After setting the parameters, read the absolute measurement value in dBm on the screen. Figure 454 is an example of the measurement screen. To view a relative power, see “Reading a relative power” on page 752.
2. To view the result in mW, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.

   b. Press the **Units** soft key, and then select **mW**.
3. To set a threshold and view the result with Pass/Fail indication, complete the following steps:

   a. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.

   b. Toggle the **Threshold** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable the Pass/Fail indication.

   c. Press the **Threshold** soft key, and then enter a value.

   d. Press the **dBm** unit soft key.

   e. Toggle the **Alarm** soft key between **On** and **Off** to enable or disable alarming.
4. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select the save option from the choices available for your measurement mode. See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

Figure 454 optical power measurement

NOTE
If the Wavelength is set to Auto, it displays “Auto” for the modulation frequency. It it is set to Manual, the instrument displays a detected modulation frequency.

Reading a relative power

To view a relative power in dB, you can set a reference value automatically or manually.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Display** soft key and select **Relative**.
3. Do one of the following:

   To let the instrument set the last measurement as a reference, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Relative Reference** soft key and select **Last**.
   b. Press the **Reference Last** soft key.

   NOTE
   To set or release reference, you can also press and hold the physical round button on the connected MP-series power meter for a few seconds until you hear a beep.

   To set the reference manually, complete the following steps:

   a. Toggle the **Relative Reference** soft key and select **Manual**.
   b. Press the **Reference Manual** soft key.
   c. Enter a value manually as you desire, and then press the **Enter** soft key.

Holding a measurement

Procedure

1. To hold the measurement, press the **HOLD** hard key.
   Measurement is paused and the text “**Hold**” appears.
2. To resume the measurement, press the **HOLD** hard key again.
   Measurement is resumed and the text “**Hold**” disappears.

20

Chapter 21 Performing Fiber Inspection

This chapter provides instructions for using the fiber testing function with a P5000i fiberscope. Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 754
- Display overview 754
- Connecting a fiber microscope 754
- Selecting measurement mode 755
- Configuring test parameters 755
- Performing fiber inspection 756

Introduction

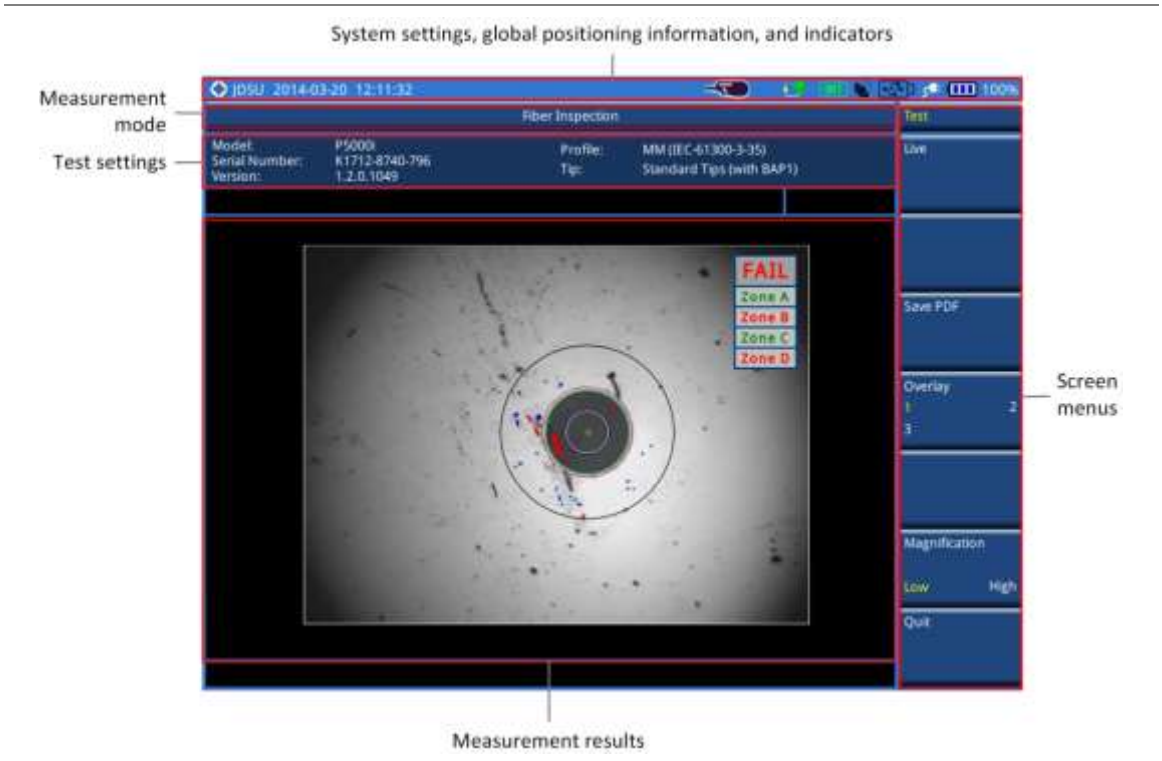
Inspection of fiber optic connections is essential for the optimal performance and longevity of fiber optic connectivity. Throughout their lives, fiber connectors must be inspected, analyzed, and cleaned to maintain an acceptable level of functionality. The JD700B series makes it fast and easy to troubleshoot and certify that every connection at a cell site is optimized for a lifetime of performance.

The JD700B series supports the handheld fiber microscope P5000i that can capture video images from the sensor and analyzes the images for fiber end face defects and contamination with reliable PASS/FAIL results to guarantee the performance of your optical connections.

Display overview

Figure 455 provides descriptions for each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 455 Fiber inspection screen



Connecting a fiber microscope

Connecting an optional fiber microscope P5000i is mandatory for fiber inspection and analysis. See “JD700B Series Common Options” on page 799 for available options.

Procedure

1 Connect your fiber microscope P5000i to the **USB Host** port of the JD700B series.
The instrument detects the connected microscope automatically and displays the icon.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Fiber Inspection**.

Configuring test parameters

Selecting profile and tip

You can select analysis profiles and inspection tips from the list.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. Press the **Profile & Tip** soft key.
   The profile and tip pane appears.
3. To select one of the pre-configured analysis profiles that match the PASS/FAIL criteria in the IEC visual inspection standard, complete the following steps:
   a. Tap the drop-down list button for the **Profile**.
   b. Select the profile that you want to use, from the following choices:
      MM (IEC-61300-3-35)
      Ribbon, MM (IEC-61300-3-35)
      Ribbon, SM APC (IEC-61300-3-35)
      SM APC (IEC-61300-3-35)
      SM PC (IEC-61300-3-35)
      SM UPC (IEC-61300-3-35)

   NOTE
   All of the profiles are factory set and cannot be edited or removed.
4. To select the inspection tip (optical settings) that you want to use, complete the following steps:
   a. Tap the drop-down list button for the **Tip**.
   b. Select one of the tips available to your selected profile, from the following choices:
      Standard Tips (with BAP1) and **Simplex Long Reach (-L) Tips**
      Ribbon Tips and **Ribbon Tips – Long Reach**

   NOTE
   This setting allows you to select the best optical settings for the type of inspection tip that is attached to your microscope probe.
5. Tap the **Apply** button or press the **Apply** soft key to save and return to the previous state.

Setting preferences

You can set your preferences of auto center and QuickCapture button function. The QuickCapture button is the small grey round button on the side of the microscope.

Procedure

1. To set the function of the QuickCapture button on the side of the P5000i, toggle the **Test Button**

soft key and select the option from the following choices:

Test: Sets the capture button to function as Test. Pressing the Quickcapture button analyzes fiber image as like the **Test** soft key on your JD700B series.

Freeze: Sets the capture button to function as Freeze. Pressing the Quickcapture button captures fiber image as like the **Freeze** soft key on your JD700B series.

2 To turn the auto center feature on or off, toggle the **Auto Center** soft key between **On** and **Off** and select the option you want to set. Default setting is **On**. It automatically displays the center of the fiber when viewing at high magnification.

Performing fiber inspection

Capturing fiber image

Procedure

1 Connect the fiber to be inspected to the tip of your microscope P5000i.
The live image of the fiber is displayed on the screen.
See the user manual of your fiber microscope for details on using the P5000i.

2 Focus the image by rotating the **Focus Control** on the P5000i until the image is in focus.

3 Toggle the **Magnification** soft key between **Low** and **High** and select the option you want to use.
You can also press the **Magnification Control** button on either side of the P5000i.

4 Press the **Freeze** soft key to capture the properly focused image.
The text “Capturing…” appears. See Figure 456 for an example of captured image.

5 *Optional*. To save the captured image as a file (`.png`), complete the following steps:

a Tap the **Save PNG** soft key. The Save window appears with the on-screen key.

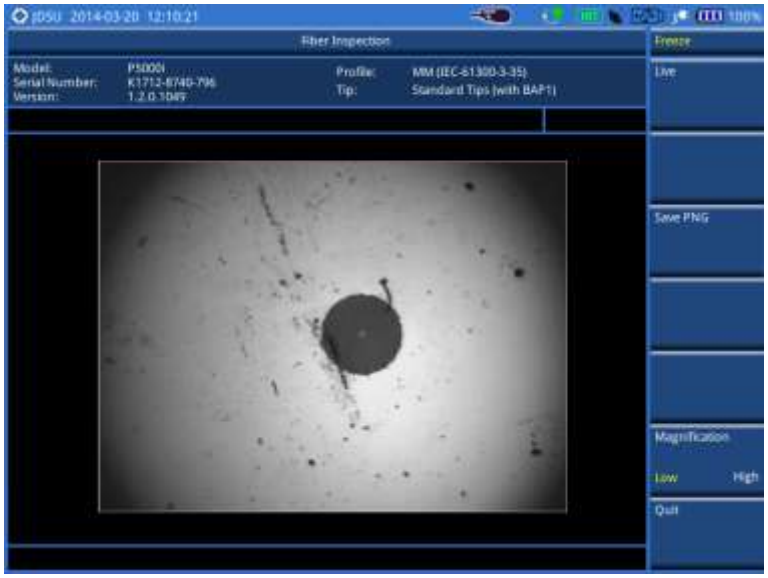
b Type a file name in the **File Name** field.

c Select a folder where you want to save the file, if desired.

d Press the **Save** soft key.

6 Press the **Live** soft key to return to the live image screen or press the **Quit** soft key to exit.

Figure 456 Captured fiber image



Testing a fiber

Procedure

1. Connect the fiber to be inspected to the tip of your microscope P5000i.
   The live image of the fiber is displayed on the screen.
   See the user manual of your fiber microscope for details on using the P5000i.
2. Focus the image by rotating the **Focus Control** on the P5000i until the image is in focus.
3. Toggle the **Magnification** soft key between **Low** and **High** and select the option you want to use.
   You can also press the **Magnification Control** button on either side of the P5000i.
4. Press the **Test** soft key to start fiber analysis.
   The text “Analyzing…” appears. See Figure 457 for an example of fiber analysis results.
5. Once the test is completed, check the result displayed on the screen with the following information:

   Image overlay of the zone locations, defects, and scratches

   PASS or FAIL result

   Specific test result for each zone
6. To show or hide image overlays, press the **Overlay** soft key.
   Each time this key is pressed, the selection changes.
7. *Optional*. To save the fiber inspection result with specific details as a report (`.pdf`), complete the following steps:
   a. Tap the **Save PDF** soft key.
      The Save window appears with the on-screen key.
   b. Type a file name in the **File Name** field.
   c. Select a folder where you want to save the file, if desired.
   d. Press the **Save** soft key.
      The information input window appears.
   e. Type in information as required.
   f. Tap the **Apply** button or press the **Apply** soft key to save and return to the previous state.
      See Figure 458 for an example of generated report.
8. Press the **Live** soft key to return to the live image screen or press the **Quit** soft key to exit the fiber inspection.

Figure 457 Analyzed fiber image and fiber inspection result

Figure 458 Fiber inspection report

21

Chapter 22 Using EMF Analyzer

This chapter provides instructions for using the EMF Analyzer function (option 050). Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Introduction 760
- Display overview 760
- Connecting an isotropic antenna 760
- Selecting measurement mode 761
- Configuring test parameters 761
- Conducting EMF spectrum measurements 765
- Recording and replaying EMF logging data 767

Introduction

Base stations emit electro-magnetic fields (EMF) of high frequency, which varies between wireless technologies and countries. As personal exposure to high frequency fields from base stations can provoke health effect, the International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) has provided general guidelines on limitations regarding high frequency exposure. Using the EMF Analyzer in JD700B series with an isotropic antenna connected, you can now measure the level of EMF onsite in the field in order to verify if the level of emission from of your base station is compliant with the guidelines.

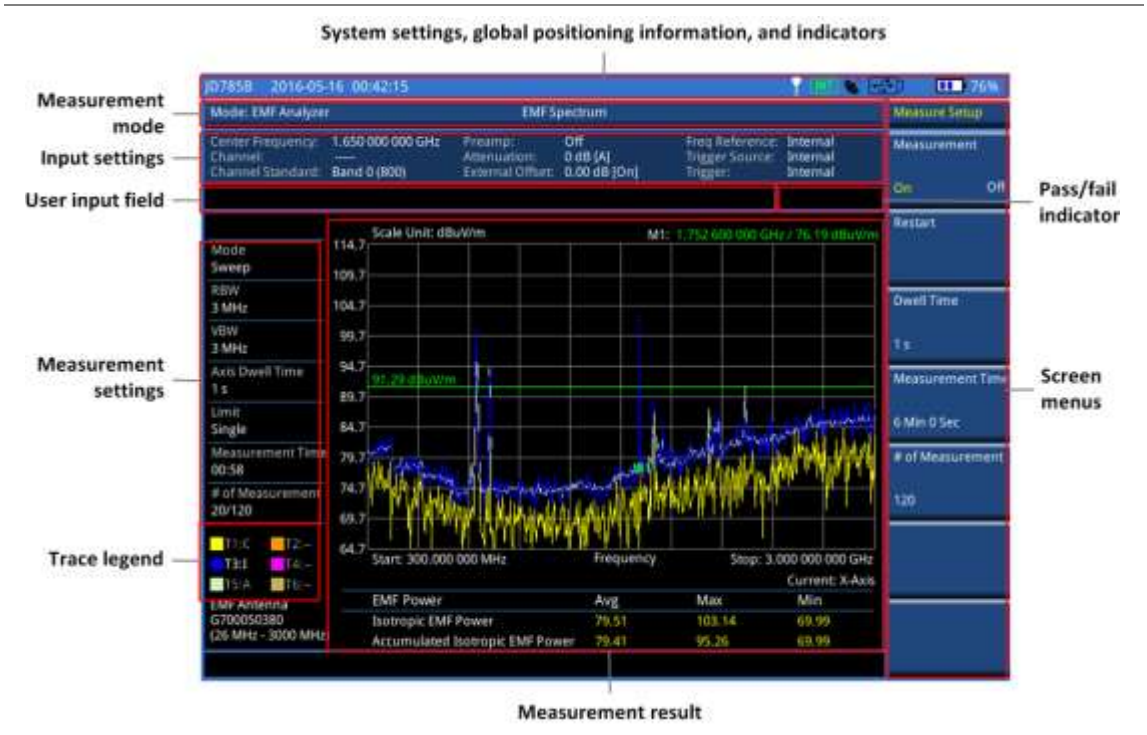
The JD700B series is the solution to perform following measurement and analysis:

- EMF Spectrum
- EMF Replayer

Display overview

Figure 459 provides overview of each segment of the measurement screen.

Figure 459 EMF Spectrum measurement screen



Connecting an isotropic antenna

In the EMF Analyzer mode, connecting an isotropic antenna is mandatory and the part number is G700050380. Using this isotropic antenna, you can make three-dimensional measurements.

Procedure

1. Connect the **RF Type-N connector** of the isotropic antenna to the **RF In port** of the instrument.
2. Connect the **USB plug** of the isotropic antenna to the **USB Host port** of the JD700B series. The device icon appears in the system status bar on the screen.

Figure 460 Connection using an isotropic antenna

CAUTION
The maximum power for the **Spectrum Analyzer RF In** port is +25 dBm (0.316 W) for JD780B series and +20 dBm (0.1 W) for JD740B series.

Selecting measurement mode

Procedure

1. Press the **MODE** hard key.
2. Press the **More (1/2)** soft key and then the **EMF Analyzer** soft key.
   This menu is activated only after you have not installed the license on your CellAdvisor.
3. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key, and then select the measurement mode from the following choices:
   EMF Spectrum
   EMF Replayer

Configuring test parameters

Setting frequency

You need to set the frequency range to be measured with either the center frequency/span or the start/stop frequencies. You can also set the frequency with the channel number and span.

Procedure

To set the center frequency and span:

1. Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.
3. To set the center frequency, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Center Frequency** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.

c Select the unit from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.

4 To set the span frequency, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Span** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.

c Select the unit from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.

To set the start and stop frequencies:

1 Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.

2 Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Freq**.

3 To set the start frequency, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Start Frequency** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.

c Select the unit from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.

4 To set the stop frequency, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Stop Frequency** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.

c Select the unit from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.

5 *Optional*. To define the amount of frequency increment for the rotary knob:

a Press the **Frequency Step** soft key, if the **Freq** is selected.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the unit: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, or **Hz**.

To set the channel number and span:

1 Press the **FREQ/DIST** hard key.

2 Toggle the **Unit** soft key and select **Channel**.

3 To select the standard channel, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Channel Std** soft key. The standard channel window appears.
See “Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard” on page 776 for more information.

b Highlight the band to be measured by using the rotary knob, the arrow keys, or the **Page Up/Page Down** soft keys.

c Press the **Select** soft key or the rotary knob to confirm the selection.

4 Toggle the **Link** soft key to select the sweep direction and select **Fwd** (forward) or **Rev** (reverse) as you desire.

5 To set the channel number, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Channel Number** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key or **ENTER** hard key to complete the entry.
The instrument automatically displays the corresponding center frequency value for the selected channel number.

6 To set the span frequency, complete the following steps:

a Press the **Span** soft key.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys. You can also use the rotary knob or the arrow keys.

c Select the unit from the choices: **GHz**, **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.

7 *Optional*. To define the amount of channel increment for the rotary knob:

a Press the **Channel Step** soft key, if the **Channel** is selected.

b Enter a value by using the numeric keys.

c Press the **Enter** soft key.

Setting amplitude

Reference level and attenuation

You can set the reference and attenuation levels automatically or manually to optimize the display of the traces measured, as you desire.

Procedure

To automatically set the reference and attenuation level:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Press the **Auto Scale** soft key.
   Each time you press this key, both of the Y-axis scale and input attenuation level change to be optimized with some margin.

To set the reference or attenuation level manually:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference level on the Y-axis manually, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob.
   c. Press your desired unit soft key from the available choices, which vary depending on your selection of the unit in the **Units** setting.
3. To set the input attenuation level, select one from the following choices:

   To set the input attenuator's level automatically, select **Attenuation > Auto**.

NOTE
It is recommended that you set the **Attenuation** to **Auto** in most situations so that the level of the input attenuator can be set automatically according to your input signal level.

   To set the input attenuation manually up to 55 dB for JD780B series or 50 dB for JD740B series to optimize S/N, complete the following steps:

   a. Select **Attenuation > Manual**.
   b. Press the **Attenuation Value** soft key to set the level.
   c. Enter a value in fives by using the numeric keys.
   d. Press the **dB** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

To change the scale unit:

1. Select **More (1/2) > Units**.
2. Select the unit of the display scale: **dBµV/m**, **dBmV/m**, **dBV/m**, **V/m**, **Watt/m^2**, **dBm/m^2**, **dBW/m^2**, **A/m**, **dBA/m**, and **Watt/cm^2**.
   The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

Pre-amplifier

You can turn on the internal pre-amplifier to correct and compensate for the gain of the preamplifier so that amplitude readings show the values at the input connector.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **Preamp** soft key and select **On** or **Off** as needed.

NOTE
You can turn on the Preamp when the input attenuation range is from 0 dB to 10 dB. If the attenuation value is manually set to greater than 10 dB, the instrument will automatically turn off the pre-amplifier to display low-level signal properly on the chart.

External offset

You can turn on the **External Offset** and manually set the external offset value.

Procedure

To set the external offset:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **On**.
3. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

To turn the external offset off:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Toggle the **External Offset** soft key and select **Off**.

Scale per division

You can use the **Scale/Div** feature available for the spectrum measurement screen. It represents the value of one division on the horizontal scale. The default setting is 10 dB per division and the maximum value can be set up to 20 dB.

Procedure

To set the scale per division:

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. Select **More (1/2) > Scale/Div**.
3. Enter a value between 1 and 20 by using the numeric keys.
4. Press the **dB** soft key to complete the entry.

Setting bandwidth

You can set the Resolution Bandwidth (RBW) and Video Bandwidth (VBW) manually or automatically. Selecting **Auto** changes the value to correspond to your frequency span setting for RBW and VBW.

Procedure

To automatically set the RBW and VBW:

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Toggle the **RBW** soft key and select **Auto**.
3. Toggle the **VBW** soft key and select **Auto**.
   The RBW or VBW value on the screen changes accordingly based on the span.

To manually set the RBW or VBW:

1. Press the **BW/AVG** hard key.
2. Press the **RBW** soft key.
3. Enter a value in 1-3 sequence by using the numeric keys.
4. Select the unit from the choices: **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.
   The RBW setting automatically changes to **Manual**.
5. Press the **VBW** soft key.
6. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
7. Select the unit from the choices: **MHz**, **kHz**, and **Hz**.
   The VBW setting automatically changes to **Manual**.

The RBW or VBW value on the screen changes accordingly.

Conducting EMF spectrum measurements

After you have configured test parameters as described in the “Configuring test parameters” on page 761, you can start your EMF measurements. If you log your measurement, you can play back using the EMF Replayer. For more information on saving logging data, see “Logging EMF spectrum data” on page 767.

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE SETUP*** hot key.
2. To specify the amount of measurement time that you want the instrument to stay for on each axis:
   a. Press the **Dwell Time** soft key.
   b. Enter a value in seconds between one and 60.
   c. Press the unit soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.
3. To specify the amount of measurement time that you want the instrument to stay for on all three axes in order to display current and accumulated EMF power:
   a. Press the **Measurement Time** soft key.
   b. Enter a value in minutes or in seconds. You can set this up to 30 minutes.
   c. Select the unit from the choices: **Minute** and **Second**.

NOTE
The Isotropic EMF Power is the current or the latest average power measured with three axes for the specified dwell time for the axis while the Accumulated Isotropic EMF Power is the average, maximum, and minimum power taken from the number (n) times of measurements.

4. To specify the number of EMF measurements that you want to make:
   a. Press the **# of Measurement** soft key.
   b. Enter a value. Depending on your settings for Dwell Time and Measurement Time, you can set this up to 600.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key or the **ENTER** hard key.

NOTE
The dwell time, measurement time, and number of measurement are correlated based on the equation of **“# of Measurement = Measurement Time / (Dwell Time x 3)**”. For example, if you set the Dwell Time to 60 seconds and the Measurement Time to 30 minutes, you can enter “10” for the # of Measurement”.

5. To start the measurement, toggle the **Measurement** soft key and select **On**.
   The instrument displays measurement results on the screen. Figure 461 is an example.
6. To hold the display, press the ***HOLD*** hot key.
7. To release the display, press the ***HOLD*** hot key again.
8. To stop the measurement, toggle the **Measurement** soft key and select **Off**.
9. To clear current display and start new measurement, press the **Restart** soft key.

Figure 461 EMF spectrum measurement with EMF analyzer

Setting trace

You can display up to six traces on the measurement chart simultaneously.

Procedure

1. Press the **TRACE/DISPLAY** hard key.
2. Press the **Select Trace** soft key, and then select the trace number from the following choices:
   - **T1**: Current EMF Trace
   - **T2**: EMF Trace of X-axis
   - **T3**: Isotropic EMF Trace
   - **T4**: EMF Trace of Y-axis
   - **T5**: Accumulated Isotropic EMF Trace
   - **T6**: EMF Trace of Z-axis

   The legend shape of the selected trace changes from square to round to indicate that the trace is the active one now.
3. Toggle the **Trace View** soft key to **On** to show the selected trace on the display or to **Off** to hide it from the display.

Setting limit

You can set three different limits to analyze the results, as you desire.

Procedure

To set the display line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Display Line** soft key to **On**.
   The straight horizontal line appears to be used as a visual reference only.
3. Press the **Display Line** soft key, and then enter a value that you want to set as a reference.
4. Select your desired unit soft key from the available choices, which vary depending on your selection of the unit in the **Units** setting in Amp/Scale.

To set the multiple segment line:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Press the **Multi Segment Line** soft key for Pass/Fail indication.
3. Toggle the **Limit** soft key between **Upper** and **Lower** to select the one to be displayed.
4. Set the number of segments for the selected upper or lower limit line, up to 50 segments.
   a. Press the **# of Line** soft key.
   b. Enter a value between 1 and 50 by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.
5. Press the **Autoset** soft key to let the instrument set the limit for each segment and display the line.
6. *Optional*. To move the limit line, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **Limit Up/Down** or **Limit Left/Right**.
   b. Turn the rotary knob to move the line as desired. You can also manually enter a value.
7. *Optional*. To edit the segment properties, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Edit Limit** soft key.
   b. Press the **Move** soft key and then turn the rotary knob to select the segment to edit.
   c. Select the menu option, from the following choices:

      To hide the line for the selected segment, toggle the **Line** soft key and select **Off**.

      To add a new point, press the **Add Point** soft key.

      To delete the selected point, press the **Delete Point** soft key.

      To change the position, press the **Frequency** or **Amplitude** soft key, and then turn the rotary knob to change the value as desired.
8. *Optional*. Go to ***SAVE/LOAD*** **> Save**, and then select **Limit** to save the limit settings.
   See “Using save” on page 35 for more information.

To set the ICNIRP limit:

1. Press the ***LIMIT*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **ICNIRP Limit** soft key to **On** to show a reference line for the set span frequency range based on the ICNIRP guidelines or to **Off** to hide the line from the display.

Recording and replaying EMF logging data

Logging EMF spectrum data

You can record EMF spectrum measurement as a logging file in `.grr` file type so that you can play it back in the spectrogram chart view for data analysis.

Procedure

1. Press the ***SAVE/LOAD*** hot key.
2. Select the **Save** soft key.
3. Select the **Save Logging Data** soft key.
   The on-screen keyboard appears.
4. Type the name of the file in the **File Name** field.

NOTE
In is recommended that you use an external USB memory drive to save logging data in order to have enough free space.

5. Press the **Save** soft key to start logging.
   The “Recording” appears on the screen.
6. Press the **ESC** hard key to stop logging data and complete saving.

Replaying EMF spectrum data

If you have recorded logging data in the EMF Spectrum mode, you can load the saved data in the EMF Replayer mode and view them in the spectrogram chart for your analysis.

Loading a saved logging file

Procedure

1. In the EMF Analyzer mode, press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Press the **EMF Replayer** soft key.
   The file explorer window appears.
3. Navigate to the `.grr` file that you have saved in the EMF Spectrum mode.

NOTE
In the File Information pane, you can find the properties of the file that you want to open. If the selected logging data have been saved in a measurement mode other than EMF Spectrum, the instrument will display an error message at the bottom of the window.

4. Press the **Load** soft key.
   The EMF Replayer window appears with the upper spectrogram chart and the lower spectrum chart. The spectrum chart displays two traces: isotropic trace and isotropic average trace.

Changing play options

Procedure

1. Press the ***MEASURE*** hot key.
2. Toggle the **Replay Direction** soft key between **FWD** and **REV** to change play direction to forward or reverse.
3. Press the **Replay Speed** soft key, and then select the speed option: **x1**, **x2**, **x3**, and **x4**.
4. Press the **Play** soft key to start playing the recorded logging data.
5. Press the **Pause** soft key to pause or stop playing the recorded logging data.
6. To move to a particular failure position directly and play from there, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Jump to Fail Index** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys.
   c. Press the **Enter** soft key.

NOTE
If you connected a USB drive, do not remove it while playing. Doing so may freeze the USB port, which will require you to restart the instrument to get a USB drive recognized again.

Changing amplitude settings

You can change the reference level, scale per division, and units to optimize the display of the recorded data while replaying, as you desire.

Procedure

1. Press the **AMP/SCALE** hard key.
2. To set the maximum reference level on the Y-axis, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **Reference Level** soft key.
   b. Enter a value by using the numeric keys or the rotary knob with 10 dB increments.
   c. Press your desired unit soft key from the choices, which vary depending on your selection of the unit in the **Units** setting.

3 To change the scale unit, select **Units** and then select the unit of the display scale from the choices: **dBµV/m**, **dBmV/m**, **dBV/m**, **V/m**, **Watt/m^2**, **dBm/m^2**, **dBW/m^2**, **A/m**, **dBA/m**, and **Watt/cm^2**.
The scale unit on the screen changes accordingly.

Appendix

Topics discussed in this chapter are as follows:

- Appendix A – Product general information 771
- Appendix B – Cable list 775
- Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard 776
- Appendix D – VSWR-Return loss conversion table 779
- Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table 780
- Appendix F – Motorola CDMA/EV-DO LMF 781
- Appendix G – Bluetooth connection 783
- Appendix H – Device driver installation 786
- Appendix I – Ordering information 787
- Appendix J – RoHS information 802
- Appendix K – On-screen keyboard 804
- Appendix L – Supported map display parameters 807

Appendix A – Product general information

JD780B series

	JD785B/JD786B	JD788B	Supplemental Information
Inputs and Outputs			
RF In			Spectrum Analyzer
Connector	Type-N female	Type-N female	
Impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω	Nominal
Damage Level	>+33 dBm, ±50 V DC	>+33 dBm, ±50 V DC	Nominal
Reflection/RF Out			Cable and Antenna Analyzer
Connector	Type-N female	Type-N female	
Impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω	Nominal
Damage Level	>+40 dBm, ±50 V DC	>+40 dBm, ±50 V DC	Nominal
RF In			Cable and Antenna Analyzer
Connector	Type-N female	N/A	
Impedance	50 Ω	N/A	Nominal
Damage Level	>+25 dBm, ±50 V DC	N/A	Nominal
External Trigger, GPS			
Connector	SMA female	SMA female	
Impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω	Nominal
External Ref			
Connector	SMA female	SMA female	
Impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω	Nominal
Input Frequency	10, 13, 15 MHz	10, 13, 15 MHz	
Input Range	-5 to +5 dBm	-5 to +5 dBm	
USB			
USB Host	Type A, 1 port	Type A, 1 port	
USB Client	Type B, 1 port	Type B, 1 port	
LAN	RJ45, 10/100 Base-T	RJ45, 10/100 Base-T	
SFP/SFP+	MSA compliant	MSA compliant	In optical hardware option
Audio Jack	3.5 mm headphone jack	3.5 mm headphone jack	
External Power	5.5 mm barrel connector	5.5 mm barrel connector	
Speaker	Built-in speaker	Built-in speaker	
Display			
Type	Resistive touch screen	Resistive touch screen	
Size	8”	8”	LCD backlight, transflective LCD with anti-glare coating
Resolution	800 x 600	800 x 600	

	JD785B/JD786B	JD788B	Supplemental Information
Power			
External DC Input	18 V DC	18 V DC	
Power Consumption	42 W	42 W	54 W maximum when charging battery
Battery			
	10.8 V, 7800 mA-h	10.8 V, 7800 mA-h	Lithium Ion
Operating Time	> 3 hours (Typical)	> 3 hours (Typical)	In balance mode
Charge Time	2.5 hours (80 %) 5 hours (100 %)	2.5 hours (80 %) 5 hours (100 %)	In case of a fully discharged battery
Storage Temperature	0 to 25°C (32 to 77°F)	0 to 25°C (32 to 77°F)	The battery pack should be stored in an environment with low humidity. Extended exposure to temperature above 45°C could degrade battery performance and life.
Data Storage			
Internal	Maximum 500 MB	Maximum 500 MB	
External	Limited to the size of USB flash drive	Limited to the size of USB flash drive	Supports USB 2.0 compatible memory devices
Environmental			
Operating Temperature			
AC Power	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)	With no derating
Battery	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)	At charging
	-10 to 55 °C (14 to 131 °F)	-10 to 55 °C (14 to 131 °F)	At discharging
Maximum Humidity	95% RH	95% RH	Non-condensing
Shock and Vibration	MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2	MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2	
Storage Temperature	-30 to 71°C (-22 to 160°F)	-30 to 71°C (-22 to 160°F)	With the battery pack removed
EMC			
	EN 61326-1:2013 CISPR11:2009 Class A	EN 61326-1:2013 CISPR11:2009 Class A	Complies with European EMC
Safety			
	EN 61010-1:2010 UL 61010-1:2012 & CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-12	EN 61010-1:2010 UL 61010-4:2012 & CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-12	Complies with European LVD Complies with TUV NRTL
Size and Weight (Standard Configuration)			
Weight	<4.6 kg (10.1 lb.)	<4.2 kg (9.3 lb.)	With battery
Size	295 x 195 x 82 (mm) 11.6 x 7.7 x 3.2 (Inch)	295 x 195 x 82 (mm) 11.6 x 7.7 x 3.2 (Inch)	Approximately (W x H x D)
Warranty			
	3 years	3 years	
Calibration Cycle			
	1 year	1 year	

JD740B series

	JD745B/JD746B	JD748B	Supplemental Information
Inputs and Outputs			
RF In			Spectrum Analyzer
Connector	Type-N female	Type-N female	
Impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω	Nominal
Damage Level	>+40 dBm, ±50 V DC	>+40 dBm, ±50 V DC	Nominal
Reflection/RF Out			Cable and Antenna Analyzer
Connector	Type-N female	Type-N female	
Impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω	Nominal
Damage Level	>+37 dBm, ±50 V DC	>+37 dBm, ±50 V DC	Nominal
RF In			Cable and Antenna Analyzer
Connector	Type-N female	N/A	
Impedance	50 Ω	N/A	Nominal
Damage Level	>+25 dBm, ±50 V DC	N/A	Nominal
External Trigger, GPS			
Connector	SMA female	SMA female	
Impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω	Nominal
External Ref			
Connector	SMA female	SMA female	
Impedance	50 Ω	50 Ω	Nominal
Input Frequency	10, 13, 15 MHz	10, 13, 15 MHz	
Input Range	-5 to +5 dBm	-5 to +5 dBm	
USB			
USB Host	Type A, 1 port	Type A, 1 port	
USB Client	Type B, 1 port	Type B, 1 port	
LAN	RJ45, 10/100 Base-T	RJ45, 10/100 Base-T	
SFP/SFP+	MSA compliant	MSA compliant	In optical hardware option
Audio Jack	3.5 mm headphone jack	3.5 mm headphone jack	
External Power	5.5 mm barrel connector	5.5 mm barrel connector	
Speaker	Built-in speaker	Built-in speaker	
Display			
Type	Resistive touch screen	Resistive touch screen	
Size	8”	8”	LCD backlight, transflective LCD with anti-glare coating
Resolution	800 x 600	800 x 600	

	JD745B/JD746B	JD748B	Supplemental Information
Power			
External DC Input	18 V DC	18 V DC	
Power Consumption	42 W	42 W	54 W maximum when charging battery
Battery			
	10.8 V, 7800 mA-h	10.8 V, 7800 mA-h	Lithium Ion
Operating Time	> 3 hours (Typical)	> 3 hours (Typical)	In balance mode
Charge Time	2.5 hours (80 %)	2.5 hours (80 %)	In case of a fully discharged battery
	5 hours (100 %)	5 hours (100 %)	
Storage Temperature	0 to 25°C (32 to 77°F)	0 to 25°C (32 to 77°F)	The battery pack should be stored in an environment with low humidity. Extended exposure to temperature above 45°C could degrade battery performance and life.
Data Storage			
Internal	Maximum 500 MB	Maximum 500 MB	
External	Limited to the size of USB flash drive	Limited to the size of USB flash drive	Supports USB 2.0 compatible memory devices
Environmental			
Operating Temperature			
AC Power	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)	With no derating
Battery	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)	0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)	At charging
	-10 to 55 °C (14 to 131 °F)	-10 to 55 °C (14 to 131 °F)	At discharging
Maximum Humidity	95% RH	95% RH	Non-condensing
Shock and Vibration	MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2	MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2	
Storage Temperature	-30 to 71°C (-22 to 160°F)	-30 to 71°C (-22 to 160°F)	With the battery pack removed
EMC			
	IEC/EN 61326-1:2013 CISPR11:2009 Class A	IEC/EN 61326-1:2013 CISPR11:2009 Class A	Complies with European EMC
Safety			
	EN 61010-1:2010 UL 61010-1:2012 & CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-12	EN 61010-1:2010 UL 61010-4:2012 & CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-12	Complies with European LVD Complies with TUV NRTL
Size and Weight (Standard Configuration)			
Weight	<4.17 kg (9.19 lb.)	<3.77 kg (8.31 lb.)	With battery
Size	295 x 195 x 82 (mm) 11.6 x 7.7 x 3.2 (Inch)	295 x 195 x 82 (mm) 11.6 x 7.7 x 3.2 (Inch)	Approximately (W x H x D)
Warranty			
	3 years	3 years	
Calibration Cycle			
	1 year	1 year	

Appendix B – Cable list

Cable Type	Relative Propagation Velocity (V¦)	Nominal Attenuation dB/m @ 1000 MHz
FSJ1-50A	0.84	0.197
FSJ250	0.83	0.134
FSJ4-50B	0.81	0.119
HCC 12-50J	0.915	0.092
HCC 158-50J	0.95	0.023
HCC 300-50J	0.96	0.014
HCC 312-50J	0.96	0.013
HCC 78-50J	0.915	0.042
HF 4-1/8” Cu2Y	0.97	0.01
HF 5” Cu2Y	0.96	0.007
HF 6-1/8”Cu2Y	0.97	0.006
HJ4.5-50	0.92	0.054
HJ4-50	0.914	0.087
HJ5-50	0.916	0.042
HJ7-50A	0.921	0.023
LDF12-50	0.88	0.022
LDF4-50A	0.88	0.077
LDF5-50A	0.89	0.043
LDF6-50	0.89	0.032
LDFF7-50A	0.88	0.027
LMR100	0.8	0.792
LMR1200	0.88	0.044
LMR1700	0.89	0.033
LMR200	0.83	0.344
LMR240	0.84	0.262
LMR400	0.85	0.135
LMR500	0.86	0.109
LMR600	0.87	0.087
LMR900	0.87	0.056
RG142	0.69	0.443
RG17, 17A	0.659	0.18
RG174	0.66	0.984
RG178B	0.69	1.509
RG187, 188	0.69	1.017
RG213/U	0.66	0.292
RG214	0.659	0.292
RG223	0.659	0.165
RG55, 55A, 55B	0.659	0.541
RG58, 58B	0.659	1.574
RG58A, 58C	0.659	0.787
RG8, 8A, 10, 10A	0.659	0.262
RG9, 9A	0.659	0.289
HFSC-12D(1/2")	0.81	0.112
HFC-12D(1/2")	0.88	0.072
HFC-22D(7/8")	0.88	0.041
HFC-33D(1_1/4")	0.88	0.0294
HFC-42D(1_5/8")	0.87	0.0243
RFCX-12D(1/2")	0.88	0.088
RFCX-22D(7/8")	0.88	0.049
RFCX-33D(1_1/4")	0.88	0.038
RFCX-42D(1_5/8")	0.87	0.028
RFCL-22D(7/8")	0.88	0.044
RFCL-33D(1_1/4")	0.88	0.034
RFCL-42D(1_5/8")	0.87	0.0315

Appendix C – Band, frequency & channel standard

Standard	Uplink			Downlink		
	Start Freq (MHz)	Stop Freq (MHz)	Valid Channels	Start Freq (MHz)	Stop Freq (MHz)	Valid Channels
GSM						
GSM 450	450.40	457.60	259≤n≤293	460.40	467.60	259≤n≤293
GSM 480	478.80	486.00	306≤n≤340	488.80	496.00	306≤n≤340
GSM 850	824.00	849.00	128≤n≤251	869.00	894.00	128≤n≤251
P-GSM 900	890.00	915.00	1≤n≤124	935.00	960.00	1≤n≤124
E-GSM 900	880.00	915.00	0≤n≤124	925.00	960.00	0≤n≤124
			975≤n≤1023			975≤n≤1023
R-GSM 900	876.00	915.00	0≤n≤124	921.00	960.00	0≤n≤124
			955≤n≤1023			955≤n≤1023
R-GSM 900 (China)	885.00	889.00	999≤n≤1019	930.00	934.00	999≤n≤1019
DCS 1800	1710.00	1785.00	512≤n≤885	1805.00	1880.00	512≤n≤885
PCS 1900	1850.00	1910.00	512≤n≤810	1930.00	1990.00	512≤n≤810
CDMA						
Band 0 (800)	824.00	849.00	1≤n≤799	869.00	894.00	1≤n≤799
			991≤n≤1023			991≤n≤1023
Band 1 (NA PCS)	1850.00	1910.00	0≤n≤1199	1930.00	1990.00	0≤n≤1199
Band 2 (TACS)	872.0125	914.9875	0≤n≤1000	917.0125	959.9875	0≤n≤1000
			1329≤n≤2047			1329≤n≤2047
Band 3 (JTACS)	887.0125	924.9875	1≤n≤799	832.0125	869.9875	1≤n≤799
			801≤n≤1039			801≤n≤1039
			1041≤n≤1199			1041≤n≤1199
			1201≤n≤1600			1201≤n≤1600
Band 4 (KR PCS)	1750.00	1780.00	0≤n≤599	1840.00	1870.00	0≤n≤599
Band 5 (450)	411.675	483.480	1≤n≤300	421.6750	493.4800	1≤n≤300
			539≤n≤871			539≤n≤871
			1039≤n≤1473			1039≤n≤1473
			1792≤n≤2016			1792≤n≤2016
Band 6 (2100)	1920.00	1980.00	0≤n≤1199	2100.00	2170.00	0≤n≤1199
Band 7 (700)	776.00	794.00	0≤n≤359	746.00	764.00	0≤n≤359
Band 8 (1800)	1710.00	1784.95	0≤n≤1499	1805.00	1879.95	0≤n≤1499
Band 9 (900)	880.00	914.95	0≤n≤699	925.00	959.95	0≤n≤699
Band 10 (2nd 800)	806.000	900.975	0≤n≤719	851.000	939.975	0≤n≤719
			720≤n≤919			720≤n≤919
WCDMA						
Band Global						
Band 1 (2100-General)	1920.0	1980.0	9612≤n≤9888	2110.0	2170.0	10562≤n≤10838
Band 2 (1900-General)	1850.0	1910.0	9262≤n≤9538	1930.0	1990.0	9662≤n≤9938
Band 2 (1900-Additional)			12≤n≤287			412≤n≤687
Band 3 (1800-General)	1710.0	1780.0	937≤n≤1288	1805.0	1880.0	1162≤n≤1513
Band 4 (1700-General)	1710.0	1775.0	1312≤n≤1513	2110.0	2155.0	1537≤n≤1738
Band 4 (1700-Additional)			1662≤n≤1862			1887≤n≤2087
Band 5 (850-General)	824.0	849.0	4132≤n≤4233	869.0	894.0	4357≤n≤4458
Band 5 (850-Additional)			782≤n≤862			1007≤n≤1087
Band 6 (800-General)	830.0	840.0	4162≤n≤4188	875.0	885.0	4387≤n≤4413
Band 6 (800-Additional)			812≤n≤837			1037≤n≤1062
Band 7 (2600-General)	2500.0	2570.0	2012≤n≤2338	2620.0	2690.0	2237≤n≤2563
Band 7 (2600-Additional)			2362≤n≤2687			2587≤n≤2912
Band 8 (900-General)	880.0	915.0	2712≤n≤2863	925.0	960.0	2937≤n≤3088
Band 9 (1700-General)	1749.9	1784.9	8762≤n≤8912	1844.9	1879.9	9237≤n≤9387
Band 10 (1700-General)	1710.0	1770.0	2887≤n≤3163	2110.0	2170.0	3112≤n≤3388
Band 10 (1700-Additional)			3187≤n≤3462			3412≤n≤3687
Band 11 (1500-General)	1427.9	1447.9	3487≤n≤3562	1475.9	1495.9	3712≤n≤3787
Band 12 (700-General)	699.0	716.0	3617≤n≤3678	729.0	746.0	3842≤n≤3903
Band 12 (700-Additional)			3707≤n≤3767			3932≤n≤3992
Band 13 (700-General)	777.0	787.0	3792≤n≤3818	746.0	756.0	4017≤n≤4043
Band 13 (700-Additional)			3842≤n≤3867			4067≤n≤4092
Band 14 (700-General)	788.0	798.0	3892≤n≤3918	758.0	768.0	4117≤n≤4143
Band 14 (700-Additional)			3942≤n≤3967			4167≤n≤4192
Band 19 (800-General)	830.0	845.0	312≤n≤363	875.0	890.0	712≤n≤763
Band 19 (800-Additional)			387≤n≤437			787≤n≤837
Band 20 (800-General)	832.0	862.0	4287≤n≤4413	791.0	821.0	4512≤n≤4638
Band 21 (1500-General)	1447.9	1462.9	462≤n≤512	1495.9	1510.9	862≤n≤912

Band 22 (3500-General)	3410.0	3490.0	4437≤n≤4813	3510.0	3590.0	4662≤n≤5038
Band 25 (1900-General)	1850.0	1915.0	4887≤n≤5188	1930.0	1995.0	5112≤n≤5413
Band 25 (1900-Additional)			5212≤n≤5512			5437≤n≤5737
Band 26 (800-General)	814.0	849.0	5537≤n≤5688	859.0	894.0	5762≤n≤5913
Band 26 (800-Additional)			5712≤n≤5862			5937≤n≤6087
LTE-FDD						
Band Global						
Band 1 (2100)	1920.0	1980.0	18000≤n≤18599	2110.0	2170.0	0≤n≤599
Band 2 (1900)	1850.0	1910.0	18600≤n≤19199	1930.0	1990.0	600≤n≤1199
Band 3 (1800)	1710.0	1785.0	19200≤n≤19949	1805.0	1880.0	1200≤n≤1949
Band 4 (1700)	1710.0	1755.0	19950≤n≤20399	2110.0	2155.0	1950≤n≤2399
Band 5 (850)	824.0	849.0	20400≤n≤20649	869.0	894.0	2400≤n≤2649
Band 7 (2600)	2500.0	2570.0	20750≤n≤21449	2620.0	2690.0	2750≤n≤3449
Band 8 (900)	880.0	915.0	21450≤n≤21799	925.0	960.0	3450≤n≤3799
Band 9 (1700)	1749.9	1784.9	21800≤n≤22149	1844.9	1879.9	3800≤n≤4149
Band 10 (1700)	1710.0	1770.0	22150≤n≤22749	2110.0	2170.0	4150≤n≤4749
Band 11 (1500)	1427.9	1447.9	22750≤n≤22949	1475.9	1495.9	4750≤n≤4949
Band 12 (700)	699.0	716.0	23010≤n≤23179	729.0	746.0	5010≤n≤5179
Band 13 (700)	777.0	787.0	23180≤n≤23279	746.0	756.0	5180≤n≤5279
Band 14 (700)	788.0	798.0	23280≤n≤23379	758.0	768.0	5280≤n≤5379
Band 17 (700)	704.0	716.0	23730≤n≤23849	734.0	746.0	5730≤n≤5849
Band 18 (800)	815.0	830.0	23850≤n≤23999	860.0	875.0	5850≤n≤5999
Band 19 (800)	830.0	845.0	24000≤n≤24149	875.0	890.0	6000≤n≤6149
Band 20 (800)	832.0	862.0	24150≤n≤24449	791.0	821.0	6150≤n≤6449
Band 21 (1500)	1447.9	1462.9	24450≤n≤24599	1495.9	1510.9	6450≤n≤6599
Band 22 (3500)	3410.0	3490.0	24600≤n≤25399	3510.0	3590.0	6600≤n≤7399
Band 23 (2100)	2000.0	2020.0	25500≤n≤25699	2180.0	2200.0	7500≤n≤7699
Band 24 (1500)	1626.5	1660.5	25700≤n≤26039	1525.0	1559.0	7700≤n≤8039
Band 25 (1900)	1850.0	1915.0	26040≤n≤26689	1930.0	1995.0	8040≤n≤8689
Band 26 (800)	814.0	849.0	26690≤n≤27039	859.0	894.0	8690≤n≤9039
LTE-TDD						
Band Global						
Band 33 (1900)	1900.0	1920.0	36000≤n≤36199			
Band 34 (2100)	2010.0	2025.0	36200≤n≤36349			
Band 35 (1850)	1850.0	1910.0	36350≤n≤36949			
Band 36 (1930)	1930.0	1990.0	36950≤n≤37549			
Band 37 (1910)	1910.0	1930.0	37550≤n≤37749			
Band 38 (2570)	2570.0	2620.0	37750≤n≤38249			
Band 39 (1880)	1880.0	1920.0	38250≤n≤38649			
Band 40 (2300)	2300.0	2400.0	38650≤n≤39649			
Band 41 (2496)	2496.0	2690.0	39650≤n≤41589			
Band 42 (3400)	3400.0	3600.0	41590≤n≤43589			
Band 43 (3600)	3600.0	3800.0	43590≤n≤45589			
TD-SCDMA						
FBN 0	1785.0	1805.0	0≤n≤92			
FBN 1	1900.0	1920.0	0≤n≤92			
FBN 2	1920.0	1980.0	0≤n≤255			
FBN 3	1920.0	1980.0	0≤n≤36			
FBN 4	1980.0	2010.0	0≤n≤142			
FBN 5	2010.0	2025.0	0≤n≤67			
FBN 6	2100.0	2170.0	0≤n≤255			
FBN 7	2100.0	2170.0	0≤n≤36			
FBN 8	2170.0	2220.0	0≤n≤242			
WiMAX						
ProfR1 (1.25 2150)	2150.625	2159.375	0≤n≤7			
ProfR2 (1.25 2305)	2305.625	2320.625	0≤n≤12			
ProfR3 (1.25 2361)	2361.875	2375.625	13≤n≤24			
ProfR4 (1.25 2500)	2500.625	2688.125	0≤n≤150			
ProfR5 (1.25 3400)	3400.625	3700.625	0≤n≤240			
ProfR6 (3.5 2598)	2524.750	2591.250	0≤n≤38	2598.750	2665.250	0≤n≤38
ProfR7 (3.5 3461)	3411.750	3443.250	0≤n≤18	3461.750	3493.250	0≤n≤18
ProfR8 (3.5 3551)	3501.750	3598.000	0≤n≤55	3551.750	3648.000	0≤n≤55
ProfR9 (3.5 3651)	3601.750	3698.000	0≤n≤55	3651.750	3748.000	0≤n≤55
ProfR10 (3.5 3751)	3701.750	3798.000	0≤n≤55	3751.750	3848.000	0≤n≤55
ProfR11 (7 2600)	2526.500	2589.500	0≤n≤36	2600.50	2663.50	0≤n≤36
ProfR12 (7 3463)	2413.500	3441.500	0≤n≤16	3463.50	3491.50	0≤n≤16
ProfR13 (7 3553)	3503.500	3596.250	0≤n≤53	3553.50	3646.25	0≤n≤53
ProfR14 (7 3653)	3603.500	3696.250	0≤n≤53	3653.50	3746.25	0≤n≤53
ProfR15 (7 3753)	3703.500	3796.250	0≤n≤53	3753.50	3846.25	0≤n≤53

ProfR26 (10 5275)	5275.000	5335.000	55≤n≤67	
ProfR27 (10 5740)	5740.000	5830.000	148≤n≤166	
ProfR28 (10 5735)	5735.000	5845.000	147≤n≤169	
ProfR29 (8.75 2304)	2304.375	2395.625	0≤n≤730	

Appendix D – VSWR-Return loss conversion table

This information is for the Cable and Antenna Analyzer mode of the JD785B/JD745B Base Station Analyzer and the JD786B/JD746B RF Analyzer.

- Return Loss=$20\log_{10}$(VSWR+1/VSWR-1) (dB)
- VSWR=($10^{R.L./20}$+1/$10^{R.L./20}$-1)

VSWR	Return Loss (dB)	Trans. Loss (dB)	Volt. Refl Coeff	Power Trans (%)	Power Refl (%)
1.00	--	0.000	0.00	100.0	0.0
1.01	46.1	0.000	0.00	100.0	0.0
1.02	40.1	0.000	0.01	100.0	0.0
1.03	36.6	0.001	0.01	100.0	0.0
1.04	34.2	0.002	0.02	100.0	0.0
1.05	32.3	0.003	0.02	99.9	0.1
1.06	30.7	0.004	0.03	99.9	0.1
1.07	29.4	0.005	0.03	99.9	0.1
1.08	28.3	0.006	0.04	99.9	0.1
1.09	27.3	0.008	0.04	99.8	0.2
1.10	26.4	0.010	0.05	99.8	0.2
1.11	25.7	0.012	0.05	99.7	0.3
1.12	24.9	0.014	0.06	99.7	0.3
1.13	24.3	0.016	0.06	99.6	0.4
1.14	23.7	0.019	0.07	99.6	0.4
1.15	23.1	0.021	0.07	99.5	0.5
1.16	22.6	0.024	0.07	99.5	0.5
1.17	22.1	0.027	0.08	99.4	0.6
1.18	21.7	0.030	0.08	99.3	0.7
1.19	21.2	0.033	0.09	99.2	0.8
1.20	20.8	0.036	0.09	99.2	0.8
1.21	20.4	0.039	0.10	99.1	0.9
1.22	20.1	0.043	0.10	99.0	1.0
1.23	19.7	0.046	0.10	98.9	1.1
1.24	19.4	0.050	0.11	98.9	1.1
1.25	19.1	0.054	0.11	98.8	1.2
1.26	18.8	0.058	0.12	98.7	1.3
1.27	18.5	0.062	0.12	98.6	1.4
1.28	18.2	0.066	0.12	98.5	1.5
1.29	17.9	0.070	0.13	98.4	1.6
1.30	17.7	0.075	0.13	98.3	1.7
1.32	17.2	0.083	0.14	98.1	1.9
1.34	16.8	0.093	0.15	97.9	2.1
1.36	16.3	0.102	0.15	97.7	2.3
1.38	15.9	0.112	0.16	97.5	2.5
1.40	15.8	0.122	0.17	97.2	2.8
1.42	15.2	0.133	0.17	97.0	3.0
1.44	14.9	0.144	0.18	96.7	3.3
1.46	14.6	0.155	0.19	96.5	3.5
1.48	14.3	0.166	0.19	96.3	3.7
1.50	14.0	0.177	0.20	96.0	4.0
1.52	13.7	0.189	0.21	95.7	4.3
1.54	13.4	0.201	0.21	95.5	4.5
1.56	13.2	0.213	0.22	95.2	4.8
1.58	13.0	0.225	0.22	94.9	5.1
1.60	12.7	0.238	0.23	94.7	5.3
1.62	12.5	0.250	0.24	94.4	5.6
1.64	12.3	0.263	0.24	94.1	5.9
1.66	12.1	0.276	0.25	93.8	6.2
1.68	11.9	0.289	0.25	93.6	6.4
1.70	11.7	0.302	0.26	93.3	6.7
1.72	11.5	0.315	0.26	93.0	7.0
1.74	11.4	0.329	0.27	92.7	7.3
1.76	11.2	0.342	0.28	92.4	7.6
1.78	11.0	0.356	0.28	92.1	7.9
1.80	10.9	0.370	0.29	91.8	8.2
1.82	10.7	0.384	0.29	91.5	8.5
1.84	10.6	0.398	0.30	91.3	8.7
1.86	10.4	0.412	0.30	91.0	9.0
1.88	10.3	0.426	0.31	90.7	9.3
1.90	10.2	0.440	0.31	90.4	9.6
1.92	10.0	0.454	0.32	90.1	9.9
1.94	9.9	0.468	0.32	89.8	10.2
1.96	9.8	0.483	0.32	89.5	10.5
1.98	9.7	0.497	0.33	89.2	10.8
2.00	9.5	0.512	0.33	88.9	11.1
2.50	7.4	0.881	0.43	81.6	18.4
3.00	6.0	1.249	0.50	75.0	25.0
3.50	5.1	1.603	0.56	69.1	30.9
4.00	4.4	1.938	0.60	64.0	36.0
4.50	3.9	2.255	0.64	59.5	40.5
5.00	3.5	2.553	0.67	55.6	44.4
5.50	3.2	2.834	0.69	52.1	47.9
6.00	2.9	3.100	0.71	49.0	51.0
6.50	2.7	3.351	0.73	46.2	53.8
7.00	2.5	3.590	0.75	43.7	56.3
7.50	2.3	3.817	0.76	41.5	58.5
8.00	2.2	4.033	0.78	39.5	60.5
8.50	2.1	4.240	0.79	37.7	62.3
9.00	1.9	4.437	0.80	36.0	64.0
9.50	1.8	4.626	0.81	34.5	65.5
10.00	1.7	4.807	0.82	33.1	66.9
11.00	1.6	5.149	0.83	30.6	69.4
12.00	1.5	5.466	0.85	28.4	71.6
13.00	1.3	5.762	0.86	26.5	73.5
14.00	1.2	6.040	0.87	24.9	75.1
15.00	1.2	6.301	0.88	23.4	76.6
16.00	1.1	6.547	0.88	22.1	77.9
17.00	1.0	6.780	0.89	21.0	79.0
18.00	1.0	7.002	0.89	19.9	80.1
19.00	0.9	7.212	0.90	19.0	81.0
20.00	0.9	7.413	0.90	18.1	81.9
25.00	0.7	8.299	0.92	14.8	85.2
30.00	0.6	9.035	0.94	12.5	87.5

Appendix E – Cyclic prefix table

This information is for the LTE – FDD Signal Analyzer mode and the LTE – TDD Signal Analyzer mode of the JD785B/JD745B Base Station Analyzer and the JD788B/JD748B Signal Analyzer. Following table shows OFDM parameter details by different bandwidth.

Bandwidth	Configuration (Downlink)		Cyclic Prefix Length	
			TS	μs
20 MHz	Normal CP	Δf=15 kHz	160 for l=0 144 for l=1,2,..,6	5.208 4.6875
	Extended CP	Δf=15 kHz	512 for l=0,1,…,5	16.667
		Δf=7.5 kHz	1024 for l=0,1,2	33.333
15 MHz	Normal CP	Δf=15 kHz	120 for l=0 108 for l=1,2,..,6	5.208 4.6875
	Extended CP	Δf=15 kHz	384 for l=0,1,…,5	16.667
		Δf=7.5 kHz	768 for l=0,1,2	33.333
10 MHz	Normal CP	Δf=15 kHz	80 for l=0 72 for l=1,2,..,6	5.208 4.6875
	Extended CP	Δf=15 kHz	256 for l=0,1,…,5	16.667
		Δf=7.5 kHz	512 for l=0,1,2	33.333
5 MHz	Normal CP	Δf=15 kHz	40 for l=0 36 for l=1,2,..,6	5.208 4.6875
	Extended CP	Δf=15 kHz	128 for l=0,1,…,5	16.667
		Δf=7.5 kHz	248 for l=0,1,2	33.333
3 MHz	Normal CP	Δf=15 kHz	20 for l=0 18 for l=1,2,..,6	5.208 4.6875
	Extended CP	Δf=15 kHz	64 for l=0,1,…,5	16.667
		Δf=7.5 kHz	128 for l=0,1,2	33.333
1.4 MHz	Normal CP	Δf=15 kHz	10 for l=0 9 for l=1,2,..,6	5.208 4.6875
	Extended CP	Δf=15 kHz	32 for l=0,1,…,5	16.667
		Δf=7.5 kHz	64 for l=0,1,2	33.333

Appendix F – Motorola CDMA/EV-DO LMF

Motorola's CDMA/EV-DO base stations (BTS) are optimized with the assistance of Local Maintenance Facility (LMF), a Motorola's software tool that interfaces with the cell site and the instrument. The optimization process identifies the accumulated loss (or gain) for all receiving and transmitting paths at the cell site and stores that value in the system's database.

Using JD700B series LMF interface

An emulation interface to LMF has been implemented in VIAVI base station analyzer (JD785B/ JD745B) in order to perform BTS optimization procedures. The scope of this emulation is to do maintenance tests of TX Calibration and TX Audit required in routine maintenance practices with or without the use of an external power sensor. Using the external power sensor, you can get highly accurate measurement results.

Setting up for a LMF test

Procedure

1 To connect your instrument both with BTS and PC, do one of the following:

Internal power sensor: Connect the Motorola CDMA/EV-DO BTS with the Spectrum Analyzer RF In 50 Ω port of JD785B/JD745B and connect the WinLMF running PC with JD785B/JD745B via a hub as illustrated in the **Figure 462**.

External power sensor: Connect an external power sensor to the USB Host port of JD785B/ JD745B and to the BTS and connect the WinLMF running PC with JD785B/JD745B via a hub as illustrated in the **Figure 463**.

Figure 462 Using internal power sensor

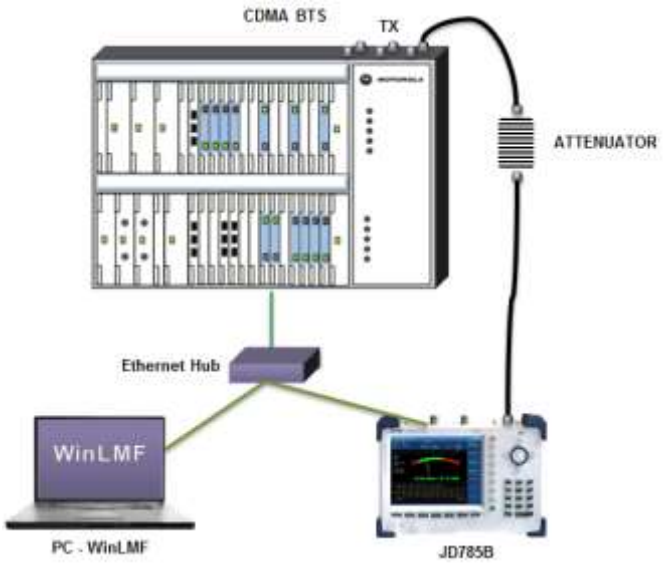
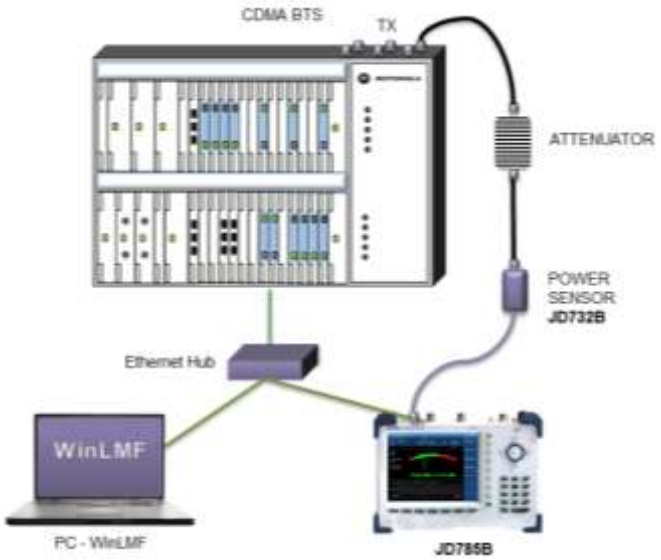


Figure 463 Using external power sensor



Performing a LMF test

Procedure

1. Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.
2. To set the IP address, complete the following steps:
   a. Select **System Configuration > Ethernet Config > IPv4**.
   b. Toggle the **Mode** soft key and select **Static**.
   c. Press the **Field > IP Address** soft key.
   d. Set the IP address as "**192.167.10.1**".
3. Select **Remote Interface > LAN > LMF**.
4. To set up the LMF settings, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **LMF Settings** soft key.
   b. Select the power measurement and BTS option from the following choices:
      External PM 800 MHz Band for external measurement on cellular basestation
      External PM 1900 MHz Band for external meausrement on PCS basestation
      Internal PM 800 MHz Band for internal measurement on celluar basestation
      Internal PM 1900 MHz Band for internal measurement on PCS basestation
5. To select the measurement mode, complete the following steps:
   a. Press the **MODE** hard key.
   b. Press the **Power Meter** soft key.
   c. Select **Internal RF Power Meter** or **External RF Power Meter** depending on your LMF settings. The measurement result is displayed on the screen.

Appendix G – Bluetooth connection

JD700B series' Bluetooth mode is used for communication between the instrument and your computer with JDRemote or a storage device in order to use the following services if needed.

- Bluetooth Personal Area Network (PAN) profile service for JDRemote.
- Bluetooth File Transfer Profile (FTP) or Object Push Profile (OPP) service for file transfer from the instrument to a Bluetooth storage device.

The Bluetooth Connectivity option includes a pair of Bluetooth USB Parani-UD100 Adapters and 5 dBi Dipole Antennas as well as the BlueSoleil application software.

Installing and setting up Bluetooth software

The BlueSoleil application must be installed in your computer prior to making a Bluetooth connection. After installing the software, you must disable DHCP Server option in order to use the PAN service properly.

Procedure

1. Insert the provided CD-ROM into your computer and install the software as instructed.
   The BlueSoleil Space shortcut icon appears on the desktop.

NOTE
For more information on installation, refer to the Quick Start Guide or the User Guide provided with the adapter.

2. Double-click the **BlueSoleil Space** shortcut icon on your computer desktop to launch the application.
   The BlueSoleil program window appears.
3. Right-click the **My Device** icon (the orange ball) in the center of the window, and then click **Properties > Services** tab.
   The My Device Properties window appears.
4. Select the **Bluetooth Personal Area Network** from the list, and then click the **Properties** button.
   The Bluetooth Personal Area Network Properties window appears.
5. Click the **Options** tab, and then uncheck the **Enable DHCP Server** option.

NOTE
You must uncheck it to disable this option as the Enable DHCP Server option is checked by default.

6. Click the **OK** button.
   The Bluetooth Personal Area Network Properties window dismisses.
7. Click the **OK** button.
   The My Device Properties window dismisses.

Making Bluetooth connection

The JD700B series detects a connected Parani-UD100 USB Bluetooth Adapter automatically.

Procedure

1. Connect the 5 dBi Dipole Antenna to the Parani-UD100 Bluetooth USB Adapter: one for the computer and the other for JD700B series.
2. Plug in the Bluetooth adapters to the USB port of the computer and the instrument.
   The instrument detects the connected adapter and turns the Bluetooth mode on automatically.

The Bluetooth icon appears in the status bar at the top of the instrument screen.

3 Double-click the **BlueSoleil Space** icon on the computer desktop to launch the application if not opened already.
The BlueSoleil program window appears.

4 Double-click the **My Device** icon (orange ball) in the center of the application window to search the JD700B series.
You can view an added icon around the orange ball labeled with the detected JD700B series' BD address or model and serial numbers.

5 Right-click the device icon for the JD700B series, and then click the **Pair**.
The Bluetooth Passkey window appears.

6 Enter **0000** in the Passkey box, and then click the **OK** button.
The word "Paired" appears on the window. The instrument also turns the Bluetooth Mode on automatically and displays the paired device and service information on the screen.

7 Double-click the device icon for the JD700B series to search services.

8 Right-click the icon for the JD700B series, and then select either the **Connect Bluetooth Personal Area Network** or the **Connect Bluetooth File Transfer**.

NOTE
Select one of these services as needed. If the Connect Bluetooth Personal Area Network is selected, a fixed IP address (192.168.10.10) is assigned for JD700B series and this address must be typed into the TCP/IP setting on JDViewer or JDRemote. See "Setting up communication in application" on page 784 for more information.

Setting up communication in application

If the Connect Bluetooth Personal Area Network service is selected on BlueSoleil, you need to configure communication setting on the application JDViewer or JDRemote by entering the fixed IP address for the instrument.

JDViewer setup

Procedure

1 Launch the JDViewer application.

2 Go to **Settings > Communication**.
The Settings dialog box appears.

3 Click the drop-down list in the Instrument pane, and then select the instrument series to be communicated.

4 In the Connection Method pane, select the **TCP/IP**, and then enter **192**.**168**.**10**.**10** without dots.

5 Click **OK** to finish the communication setup.

6 Go to **Load > Connect** to make a connection between the instrument and JDViewer.
JD700B series and JDViewer become ready for communication.

JDRemote setup

Procedure

1 Launch the JDRemote application.
The Select Model dialog box appears.

2 Select the **740A/B, 780A/B Series**, and then click the **OK** button.

3 Right-click on the JDRemote window, and then click the **Communication**.
The Communication dialog box appears.

4 Select the **TCP/IP**, and then enter **192**.**168**.**10**.**10** without dots.

5 Click **OK** to finish the communication setup.

6 Right-click on the JDRemote window, and then click the **Connect**.

This enables communication between the instrument and JDRemote.

7 Right-click on the JDRemote window, and then click the **Start**.
JD700B series and JDRemote become ready for communication.

8 *Optional.* To adjust the image quality, complete the following steps:

a Right-click on the JDRemote.

b Click the **Quality**.

c Select the image quality option among **High**, **Medium**, or **Low**.
You can improve refresh rate, if experiencing low-quality signal, by adjusting the image quality in JDRemote.

Turning Bluetooth mode on/off manually

JD700B series turns the Bluetooth Mode on automatically if connected. You can also turn it on and off manually.

Procedure

1 Press the ***SYSTEM*** hot key.

2 Press the **System Configuration > Remote Interface > Bluetooth** soft key.
The Bluetooth screen appears with the device information.

3 Toggle the **Bluetooth** soft key between **On** and **Off** to turn it on and off.
Connecting or disconnecting the adapter also turns the mode on or off automatically.

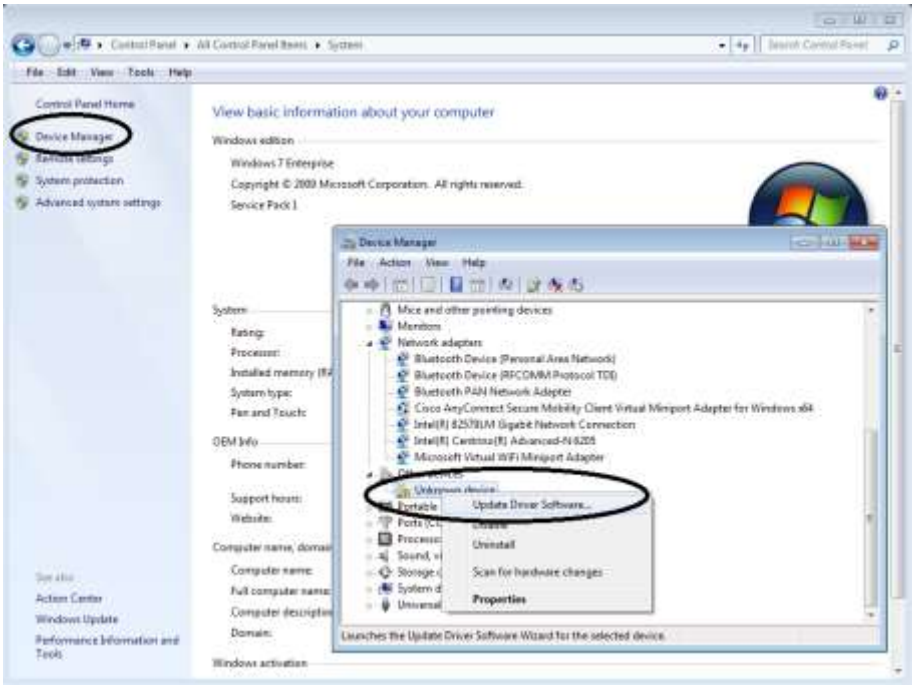
Appendix H – Device driver installation

JD700B series can be controlled from the application software JDViewer or JDRemote installed on your computer. You must install driver software for the instrument on to the computer if USB Client connection is used for communication.

Procedure

1. Go to **Control Panel > System > Device Manager**.
   The Device Manager window appears.
2. Right-click the **Unknown Device** under the **Other Devices**, and then click the **Update Driver Software**.
   The Update Driver Software – Unknown Device window appears as shown in Figure 464 below.
3. Select the **Browse my computer for driver software**, and then click the **Browse** button to search for the location where the driver software is.
   The Browse For Folder window appears.
4. Search for the **JDRemote** folder, and then select the driver folder for the installed OS.
   For example, OSDisk (C:) > Program Files (x86) > JDRemote > Driver > Win7 > 64bit.
5. Click the **OK** button.
   The Browse For Folder window dismisses.
6. Click the **Next** button to start installation.
   If the Windows Security window appears, select the **Install this driver software anyway**.
   Installing driver software starts.
7. Click the **Close** button at the end of the installation.

Figure 464 Device manager screen



Appendix I – Ordering information

The Warranty Period for VIAVI Solutions Accessories shall apply to the all standard and optional accessories listed below. The warranty period varies by product and is generally one (1) year unless otherwise specified.

JD785B Base Station Analyzer

JD785B		
9 kHz to 8 GHz	Spectrum Analyzer	
5 MHz to 6 GHz	Cable and Antenna Analyzer [1]	
10 MHz to 8 GHz	RF Power Meter	Internal mode

Options		
NOTE: Upgrade options for the JD785B use the designation JD785BU before the respective last three-digit option number.		
JD785B001	2-Port Transmission Measurements [2]	
JD785B002	Bias Tee	(Requires option 01)
JD785B003	High Power CW Signal Generator	
JD785B008	Optical Hardware [3]	
JD785B010	GPS Receiver and Antenna	
JD785B011	Interference Analyzer [4, 5]	
JD785B012	Channel Scanner	
JD785B013	Bluetooth Connectivity	
JD785B014	LTE-FDD RAN Performance Indicator	
JD785B015	LTE-TDD RAN Performance Indicator	
JD785B016	Wi-Fi Connectivity	
JD785B020	cdmaOne/cdma2000 Signal Analyzer	
JD785B021	EV-DO Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 20)
JD785B022	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Signal Analyzer	
JD785B023	WCDMA/HSPA+ Signal Analyzer	
JD785B025	TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer	
JD785B026	Mobile WiMAX Signal Analyzer	
JD785B028	LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer	
JD785B029	LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer	
JD785B030	LTE Advanced-FDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 28)
JD785B031	LTE Advanced-TDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 29)
JD785B032	LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator	(Requires options 28 and 30)
JD785B033	LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator	(Requires options 29 and 31)
JD785B040	cdmaOne/cdma2000 OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD785B041	EV-DO OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD785B042	GSM/GPRS/EDGE OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD785B043	WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD785B045	TD-SCDMA OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD785B046	Mobile WiMAX OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD785B048	LTE-FDD OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD785B049	LTE-TDD OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD785B050	EMF Analyzer [8]	
JD785B060	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B061	RFoCPRI 2.4G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B062	RFoCPRI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B063	RFoCPRI 4.9G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B064	RFoCPRI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B065	RFoCPRI 9.8G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B068	RFoCPRI GSM Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B070	RFoOBSAI 768M Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B071	RFoOBSAI 1.5G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B072	RFoOBSAI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B073	RFoOBSAI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD785B081	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)

JD785B082	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD785B083	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD785B084	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD785B086	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD785B091	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD785B092	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD785B096	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer [6]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD785B101	Alcatel-Lucent BBU Emulation [6]	(Requires options 08)
JD785B200	Calibration Service for Asia, North America	
JD785B201	Calibration Service for Latin America, EMEA	
JD785B250	Warranty extension of 1 year for Asia, North America	
JD785B251	Warranty extension of 1 year for Latin America, EMEA	
JD780B001-FL	2 Port Transmission Measurements	
JD780B010-FL	GPS receiver and antenna	
JD780B011-FL	Interference Analyzer	
JD780B012-FL	Channel Scanner	
JD780B013-FL	Bluetooth connectivity	
JD780B014-FL	LTE-FDD RAN performance	
JD780B015-FL	LTE-TDD RAN performance	
JD780B016-FL	Wi-Fi connectivity	
JD780B020-FL	cdmaOne/cdma2000 Analyzer	
JD780B021-FL	EV-DO Analyzer	
JD780B022-FL	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Analyzer	
JD780B023-FL	WCDMA/HSPA+ analyzer	
JD780B025-FL	TD-SCDMA Analyzer	
JD780B026-FL	Mobile WiMAX Analyzer	
JD780B028-FL	LTE - FDD Analyzer	
JD780B029-FL	LTE - TDD Analyzer	
JD780B030-FL	LTE Advanced - FDD Analyzer	
JD780B031-FL	LTE Advanced - TDD Analyzer	
JD780B032-FL	LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator	
JD780B033-FL	LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator	
JD780B040-FL	GSM/GPRS/EDGE OTA	
JD780B041-FL	WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA	
JD780B042-FL	TD-SCDMA OTA	
JD780B043-FL	Mobile WiMAX OTA	
JD780B045-FL	LTE - FDD OTA	
JD780B046-FL	LTE - TDD OTA	
JD780B048-FL	cdmaOne/cdma2000 OTA	
JD780B049-FL	EV-DO OTA	
JD780B050-FL	EMF Analyzer	
JD780B060-FL	RFoCPRI 2.4G interference analyzer	
JD780B061-FL	RFoCPRI 3.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B062-FL	RFoCPRI 4.9G interference analyzer	
JD780B063-FL	RFoCPRI 6.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B064-FL	RFoCPRI 9.8G interference analyzer	
JD780B065-FL	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G interference analyzer	
JD780B068-FL	RFoCPRI GSM interference analyzer	
JD780B070-FL	RFoOBSAI 768M interference analyzer	
JD780B071-FL	RFoOBSAI 1.5G interference analyzer	
JD780B072-FL	RFoOBSAI 3.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B073-FL	RFoOBSAI 6.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B081-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal generator	
JD780B082-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal generator	
JD780B083-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD multi carrier signal generator	
JD780B084-FL	RF0CPRI LTE-TDD multi carrier signal generator	
JD780B086-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal generator	
JD780B091-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer	

JD780B092-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer
JD780B096-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer
JD780B101-FL	ALU BBU emulation

Standard Accessories	
JD70050008	USB Wi-Fi Dongle [7]
JD70050326	AC/DC Power Adapter for JD700B Series [7]
G710550335	Cross LAN Cable (1.5 m) [7]
GC73050515	USB A to B Cable (1.8 m) [7]
GC72450518	> 1 G Byte USB Memory [7]
G710550325	Rechargeable Lithium Ion Battery [7]
G710550323	Automotive Cigarette Lighter 12 V DC Adapter [7]
G710550316	Stylus Pen [7]
JD700B361	JD700B Series User's Guide and Application Software – CD

[1] Requires calibration kit
[2] Requires dual port calibration kit
[3] Requires RFoCPRI or RFoOBSAI options
[4] Highly recommended adding JD785B010
[5] Highly recommended adding G70005035x and/or G70005036x
[6] Requires proper SFP/SFP+ transceiver and optical tap.
[7] Standard accessories can be purchased separately.
[8] Requires G700050380

JD786B RF Analyzer

JD786B		
9 kHz to 8 GHz	Spectrum Analyzer	
5 MHz to 6 GHz	Cable and Antenna Analyzer [1]	
10 MHz to 8 GHz	RF Power Meter	Internal mode

Options		
NOTE: Upgrade options for the JD786B use the designation JD786BU before the respective last three-digit option number.		
JD786B001	2-Port Transmission Measurements [2]	
JD786B002	Bias Tee	(Requires option 01)
JD786B003	High Power CW Signal Generator	
JD786B008	Optical Hardware [3]	
JD786B010	GPS Receiver and Antenna	
JD786B011	Interference Analyzer [4,5]	
JD786B012	Channel Scanner	
JD786B013	Bluetooth Connectivity	
JD786B016	Wi-Fi Connectivity	
JD786B050	EMF Analyzer [8]	
JD786B060	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B061	RFoCPRI 2.4G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B062	RFoCPRI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B063	RFoCPRI 4.9G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B064	RFoCPRI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B065	RFoCPRI 9.8G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B068	RFoCPRI GSM Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B070	RFoOBSAI 768M Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B071	RFoOBSAI 1.5G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B072	RFoOBSAI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B073	RFoOBSAI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD786B081	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD786B082	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD786B083	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD786B084	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD786B086	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)

JD786B101	Alcatel-Lucent BBU Emulation [6]	(Requires options 08)
JD786B200	Calibration Service for Asia, North America	
JD786B201	Calibration Service for Latin America, EMEA	
JD786B250	Warranty extension of 1 year for Asia, North America	
JD786B251	Warranty extension of 1 year for Latin America, EMEA	
JD780B001-FL	2 Port Transmission Measurements	
JD780B010-FL	GPS receiver and antenna	
JD780B011-FL	Interference Analyzer	
JD780B012-FL	Channel Scanner	
JD780B013-FL	Bluetooth connectivity	
JD780B016-FL	Wi-Fi connectivity	
JD780B050-FL	EMF Analyzer	
JD780B060-FL	RFoCPRI 2.4G interference analyzer	
JD780B061-FL	RFoCPRI 3.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B062-FL	RFoCPRI 4.9G interference analyzer	
JD780B063-FL	RFoCPRI 6.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B064-FL	RFoCPRI 9.8G interference analyzer	
JD780B065-FL	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G interference analyzer	
JD780B068-FL	RFoCPRI GSM interference analyzer	
JD780B070-FL	RFoOBSAI 768M interference analyzer	
JD780B071-FL	RFoOBSAI 1.5G interference analyzer	
JD780B072-FL	RFoOBSAI 3.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B073-FL	RFoOBSAI 6.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B081-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal generator	
JD780B082-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal generator	
JD780B083-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD multi carrier signal generator	
JD780B084-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD multi carrier signal generator	
JD780B086-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal generator	
JD780B101-FL	ALU BBU emulation	

Standard Accessories	
JD70050008	USB Wi-Fi Dongle [7]
JD70050326	AC/DC Power Adapter for JD700B Series [7]
G710550335	Cross LAN Cable (1.5 m) [7]
GC73050515	USB A to B Cable (1.8 m) [7]
GC72450518	> 1 G Byte USB Memory [7]
G710550325	Rechargeable Lithium Ion Battery [7]
G710550323	Automotive Cigarette Lighter 12 V DC Adapter [7]
G710550316	Stylus Pen [7]
JD700B361	JD700B Series User's Guide and Application Software – CD

[1] Requires calibration kit
[2] Requires dual port calibration kit
[3] Requires RFoCPRI or RFoOBSAI options
[4] Highly recommended adding JD786B010
[5] Highly recommended adding G70005035x and/or G70005036x
[6] Requires proper SFP/SFP+ transceiver and optical tap
[7] Standard accessories can be purchased separately.
[8] Requires G700050380

JD788B Signal Analyzer

JD788B		
9 kHz to 8 GHz	Spectrum Analyzer	
10 MHz to 8 GHz	RF Power Meter	Internal mode

Options

NOTE: Upgrade options for the JD788B use the designation JD788BU before the respective last three-digit option number.

JD788B001	2-Port Transmission Measurements [1]	(Requires option 07)
JD788B003	High Power CW Signal Generator	(Requires option 07)
JD788B007	Signal Generator Hardware	
JD788B008	Optical Hardware [2]	
JD788B009	20 MHz Demodulation Hardware	
JD788B010	GPS Receiver and Antenna	
JD788B011	Interference Analyzer [3,4]	
JD788B012	Channel Scanner	
JD788B013	Bluetooth Connectivity	
JD788B014	LTE-FDD RAN Performance Indicator	
JD788B015	LTE-TDD RAN Performance Indicator	
JD786B016	Wi-Fi Connectivity	
JD788B020	cdmaOne/cdma2000 Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD788B021	EV-DO Signal Analyzer	(Requires options 09 and 20)
JD788B022	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD788B023	WCDMA/HSPA+ Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD788B025	TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD788B026	Mobile WiMAX Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD788B028	LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD788B029	LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD788B030	LTE Advanced-FDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires options 09 and 28)
JD788B031	LTE Advanced-TDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires options 09 and 29)
JD788B032	LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator	(Requires options 09, 28 and 30)
JD788B033	LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator	(Requires options 09, 29 and 31)
JD788B040	cdmaOne/cdma2000 OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD788B041	EV-DO OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD788B042	GSM/GPRS/EDGE OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD788B043	WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD788B045	TD-SCDMA OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD788B046	Mobile WiMAX OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD788B048	LTE-FDD OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD788B049	LTE-TDD OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD788B050	EMF Analyzer [7]	
JD788B060	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B061	RFoCPRI 2.4G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B062	RFoCPRI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B063	RFoCPRI 4.9G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B064	RFoCPRI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B065	RFoCPRI 9.8G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B068	RFoCPRI GSM Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B070	RFoOBSAI 768M Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B071	RFoOBSAI 1.5G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B072	RFoOBSAI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B073	RFoOBSAI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD788B081	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD788B082	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Generator [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD788B083	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD788B084	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD788B086	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [5]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD788B091	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD788B092	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD788B096	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer [5]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD788B101	Alcatel-Lucent BBU Emulation [5]	(Requires options 08)
JD788B200	Calibration Service for Asia, North America	
JD788B201	Calibration Service for Latin America, EMEA	
JD788B250	Warranty extension of 1 year for Asia, North America	
JD788B251	Warranty extension of 1 year for Latin America, EMEA	
JD780B001-FL	2 Port Transmission Measurements	

JD780B010-FL	GPS receiver and antenna
JD780B011-FL	Interference Analyzer
JD780B012-FL	Channel Scanner
JD780B013-FL	Bluetooth connectivity
JD780B014-FL	LTE-FDD RAN performance
JD780B015-FL	LTE-TDD RAN performance
JD780B016-FL	Wi-Fi connectivity
JD780B020-FL	cdmaOne/cdma2000 Analyzer
JD780B021-FL	EV-DO Analyzer
JD780B022-FL	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Analyzer
JD780B023-FL	WCDMA/HSPA+ analyzer
JD780B025-FL	TD-SCDMA Analyzer
JD780B026-FL	Mobile WiMAX Analyzer
JD780B028-FL	LTE - FDD Analyzer
JD780B029-FL	LTE - TDD Analyzer
JD780B030-FL	LTE Advanced - FDD Analyzer
JD780B031-FL	LTE Advanced - TDD Analyzer
JD780B032-FL	LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator
JD780B033-FL	LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator
JD780B040-FL	GSM/GPRS/EDGE OTA
JD780B041-FL	WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA
JD780B042-FL	TD-SCDMA OTA
JD780B043-FL	Mobile WiMAX OTA
JD780B045-FL	LTE - FDD OTA
JD780B046-FL	LTE - TDD OTA
JD780B048-FL	cdmaOne/cdma2000 OTA
JD780B049-FL	EV-DO OTA
JD780B050-FL	EMF Analyzer
JD780B060-FL	RFoCPRI 2.4G interference analyzer
JD780B061-FL	RFoCPRI 3.1G interference analyzer
JD780B062-FL	RFoCPRI 4.9G interference analyzer
JD780B063-FL	RFoCPRI 6.1G interference analyzer
JD780B064-FL	RFoCPRI 9.8G interference analyzer
JD780B065-FL	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G interference analyzer
JD780B068-FL	RFoCPRI GSM interference analyzer
JD780B070-FL	RFoOBSAI 768M interference analyzer
JD780B071-FL	RFoOBSAI 1.5G interference analyzer
JD780B072-FL	RFoOBSAI 3.1G interference analyzer
JD780B073-FL	RFoOBSAI 6.1G interference analyzer
JD780B081-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal generator
JD780B082-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal generator
JD780B083-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD multi carrier signal generator
JD780B084-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD multi carrier signal generator
JD780B086-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal generator
JD780B091-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer
JD780B092-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer
JD780B096-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer
JD780B101-FL	ALU BBU emulation

Standard Accessories

JD70050008	USB Wi-Fi Dongle [6]
JD70050326	AC/DC Power Adapter for JD700B Series [6]
G710550335	Cross LAN Cable (1.5 m) [6]
GC73050515	USB A to B Cable (1.8 m) [6]
GC72450518	> 1 G Byte USB Memory [6]
G710550325	Rechargeable Lithium Ion Battery [6]
G710550323	Automotive Cigarette Lighter 12 V DC Adapter [6]
G710550316	Stylus Pen [6]

JD700B361	JD700B Series User's Guide and Application Software – CD

[1] Requires dual port calibration kit
[2] Requires RFoCPRI or RFoOBSAI options
[3] Highly recommended adding JD788B010
[4] Highly recommended adding G70005035x and/or G70005036x
[5] Requires proper SFP/SFP+ transceiver and optical pad
[6] Standard accessories can be purchased separately.
[7] Requires G700050380

JD745B Base Station Analyzer

JD745B		
100 kHz to 4 GHz	Spectrum Analyzer	
5 MHz to 4 GHz	Cable and Antenna Analyzer [1]	
10 MHz to 4 GHz	RF Power Meter	Internal mode

Options		
NOTE: Upgrade options for the JD745B use the designation JD745BU before the respective last three-digit option number.		
JD745B001	2-Port Transmission Measurements [2]	
JD745B002	Bias Tee	(Requires option 01)
JD745B003	CW Signal Generator	
JD745B008	Optical Hardware [3]	
JD745B010	GPS Receiver and Antenna	
JD745B011	Interference Analyzer [4, 5]	
JD745B012	Channel Scanner	
JD745B013	Bluetooth Connectivity	
JD745B014	LTE-FDD RAN Performance Indicator	
JD745B015	LTE-TDD RAN Performance Indicator	
JD745B016	Wi-Fi Connectivity	
JD745B020	cdmaOne/cdma2000 Signal Analyzer	
JD745B021	EV-DO Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 20)
JD745B022	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Signal Analyzer	
JD745B023	WCDMA/HSPA+ Signal Analyzer	
JD745B025	TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer	
JD745B026	Mobile WiMAX Signal Analyzer	
JD745B028	LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer	
JD745B029	LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer	
JD745B030	LTE Advanced-FDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 28)
JD745B031	LTE Advanced-TDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 29)
JD745B032	LTE-FDD 256Q AM Demodulator	(Requires options 28 and 30)
JD745B033	LTE-TDD 256Q AM Demodulator	(Requires options 29 and 31)
JD745B040	cdmaOne/cdma2000 OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD745B041	EV-DO OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD745B042	GSM/GPRS/EDGE OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD745B043	WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD745B045	TD-SCDMA OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD745B046	Mobile WiMAX OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD745B048	LTE-FDD OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD745B049	LTE-TDD OTA Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 10)
JD745B050	EMF Analyzer [8]	
JD745B060	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B061	RFoCPRI 2.4G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B062	RFoCPRI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B063	RFoCPRI 4.9G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B064	RFoCPRI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B065	RFoCPRI 9.8G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B068	RFoCPRI GSM Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B070	RFoOBSAI 768M Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)

JD745B071	RFoOBSAI 1.5G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B072	RFoOBSAI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B073	RFoOBSAI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD745B081	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD745B082	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD745B083	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD745B084	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD745B086	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD745B091	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD745B092	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD745B096	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer [6]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD745B101	Alcatel-Lucent BBU Emulation [6]	(Requires options 08)
JD788B200	Calibration Service for Asia, North America	
JD788B201	Calibration Service for Latin America, EMEA	
JD788B250	Warranty extension of 1 year for Asia, North America	
JD788B251	Warranty extension of 1 year for Latin America, EMEA	
JD780B001-FL	2 Port Transmission Measurements	
JD780B010-FL	GPS receiver and antenna	
JD780B011-FL	Interference Analyzer	
JD780B012-FL	Channel Scanner	
JD780B013-FL	Bluetooth connectivity	
JD780B014-FL	LTE-FDD RAN performance	
JD780B015-FL	LTE-TDD RAN performance	
JD780B016-FL	Wi-Fi connectivity	
JD780B020-FL	cdmaOne/cdma2000 Analyzer	
JD780B021-FL	EV-DO Analyzer	
JD780B022-FL	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Analyzer	
JD780B023-FL	WCDMA/HSPA+ analyzer	
JD780B025-FL	TD-SCDMA Analyzer	
JD780B026-FL	Mobile WiMAX Analyzer	
JD780B028-FL	LTE - FDD Analyzer	
JD780B029-FL	LTE - TDD Analyzer	
JD780B030-FL	LTE Advanced - FDD Analyzer	
JD780B031-FL	LTE Advanced - TDD Analyzer	
JD780B032-FL	LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator	
JD780B033-FL	LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator	
JD780B040-FL	GSM/GPRS/EDGE OTA	
JD780B041-FL	WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA	
JD780B042-FL	TD-SCDMA OTA	
JD780B043-FL	Mobile WiMAX OTA	
JD780B045-FL	LTE - FDD OTA	
JD780B046-FL	LTE - TDD OTA	
JD780B048-FL	cdmaOne/cdma2000 OTA	
JD780B049-FL	EV-DO OTA	
JD780B050-FL	EMF Analyzer	
JD780B060-FL	RFoCPRI 2.4G interference analyzer	
JD780B061-FL	RFoCPRI 3.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B062-FL	RFoCPRI 4.9G interference analyzer	
JD780B063-FL	RFoCPRI 6.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B064-FL	RFoCPRI 9.8G interference analyzer	
JD780B065-FL	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G interference analyzer	
JD780B068-FL	RFoCPRI GSM interference analyzer	
JD780B070-FL	RFoOBSAI 768M interference analyzer	
JD780B071-FL	RFoOBSAI 1.5G interference analyzer	
JD780B072-FL	RFoOBSAI 3.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B073-FL	RFoOBSAI 6.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B081-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal generator	
JD780B082-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal generator	

JD780B083-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD multi carrier signal generator
JD780B084-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD multi carrier signal generator
JD780B086-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal generator
JD780B091-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer
JD780B092-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer
JD780B096-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer
JD780B101-FL	ALU BBU emulation

Standard Accessories	
JD70050008	USB Wi-Fi Dongle [7]
JD70050326	AC/DC Power Adapter for JD700B Series [7]
G710550335	Cross LAN Cable (1.5 m) [7]
GC73050515	USB A to B Cable (1.8 m) [7]
GC72450518	> 1 G Byte USB Memory [7]
G710550325	Rechargeable Lithium Ion Battery [7]
G710550323	Automotive Cigarette Lighter 12 V DC Adapter [7]
G710550316	Stylus Pen [7]
JD700B361	JD700B Series User's Guide and Application Software – CD

[1] Requires calibration kit
[2] Requires dual port calibration kit
[3] Requires RFoCPRI or RFoOBSAI options
[4] Highly recommended adding JD745B010
[5] Highly recommended adding G70005035x and/or G70005036x
[6] Requires proper SFP/SFP+ transceiver and optical tap.
[7] Standard accessories can be purchased separately.
[8] Requires G700050380

JD746B RF Analyzer

JD746B		
100 kHz to 4 GHz	Spectrum Analyzer	
5 MHz to 4 GHz	Cable and Antenna Analyzer [1]	
10 MHz to 4 GHz	RF Power Meter	Internal mode

Options

NOTE: Upgrade options for the JD746B use the designation JD746BU before the respective last three-digit option number.

JD746B001	2-Port Transmission Measurements [2]	
JD746B002	Bias Tee	(Requires option 01)
JD746B003	CW Signal Generator	
JD746B008	Optical Hardware [3]	
JD746B010	GPS Receiver and Antenna	
JD746B011	Interference Analyzer [4,5]	
JD746B012	Channel Scanner	
JD746B013	Bluetooth Connectivity	
JD746B016	Wi-Fi Connectivity	
JD746B050	EMF Analyzer [8]	
JD746B060	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B061	RFoCPRI 2.4G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B062	RFoCPRI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B063	RFoCPRI 4.9G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B064	RFoCPRI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B065	RFoCPRI 9.8G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B068	RFoCPRI GSM Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B070	RFoOBSAI 768M Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B071	RFoOBSAI 1.5G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B072	RFoOBSAI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)
JD746B073	RFoOBSAI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [6]	(Requires option 08)

JD746B081	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD746B082	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD746B083	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD746B084	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD746B086	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD746B101	Alcatel-Lucent BBU Emulation [6]	(Requires options 08)
JD786B200	Calibration Service for Asia, North America	
JD786B201	Calibration Service for Latin America, EMEA	
JD786B250	Warranty extension of 1 year for Asia, North America	
JD786B251	Warranty extension of 1 year for Latin America, EMEA	
JD780B001-FL	2 Port Transmission Measurements	
JD780B010-FL	GPS receiver and antenna	
JD780B011-FL	Interference Analyzer	
JD780B012-FL	Channel Scanner	
JD780B013-FL	Bluetooth connectivity	
JD780B016-FL	Wi-Fi connectivity	
JD780B050-FL	EMF Analyzer	
JD780B060-FL	RFoCPRI 2.4G interference analyzer	
JD780B061-FL	RFoCPRI 3.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B062-FL	RFoCPRI 4.9G interference analyzer	
JD780B063-FL	RFoCPRI 6.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B064-FL	RFoCPRI 9.8G interference analyzer	
JD780B065-FL	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G interference analyzer	
JD780B068-FL	RFoCPRI GSM interference analyzer	
JD780B070-FL	RFoOBSAI 768M interference analyzer	
JD780B071-FL	RFoOBSAI 1.5G interference analyzer	
JD780B072-FL	RFoOBSAI 3.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B073-FL	RFoOBSAI 6.1G interference analyzer	
JD780B081-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal generator	
JD780B082-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal generator	
JD780B083-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD multi carrier signal generator	
JD780B084-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD multi carrier signal generator	
JD780B086-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal generator	
JD780B101-FL	ALU BBU emulation	

Standard Accessories	
JD70050008	USB Wi-Fi Dongle [7]
JD70050326	AC/DC Power Adapter for JD700B Series [7]
G710550335	Cross LAN Cable (1.5 m) [7]
GC73050515	USB A to B Cable (1.8 m) [7]
GC72450518	> 1 G Byte USB Memory [7]
G710550325	Rechargeable Lithium Ion Battery [7]
G710550323	Automotive Cigarette Lighter 12 V DC Adapter [7]
G710550316	Stylus Pen [7]
JD700B361	JD700B Series User's Guide and Application Software – CD

[1] Requires calibration kit
[2] Requires dual port calibration kit
[3] Requires RFoCPRI or RFoOBSAI options
[4] Highly recommended adding JD746B010
[5] Highly recommended adding G70005035x and/or G70005036x
[6] Requires proper SFP/SFP+ transceiver and optical tap
[7] Standard accessories can be purchased separately.
[8] Requires G700050380

JD748B Signal Analyzer

JD748B	
100 kHz to 4 GHz	Spectrum Analyzer

10 MHz to 4 GHz	RF Power Meter	Internal mode

Options

NOTE: Upgrade options for the JD748B use the designation JD748BU before the respective last three-digit option number.

JD748B001	2-Port Transmission Measurements [1]	(Requires option 07)
JD748B003	CW Signal Generator	(Requires option 07)
JD748B007	Signal Generator Hardware	
JD748B008	Optical Hardware [2]	
JD748B009	20 MHz Demodulation Hardware	
JD748B010	GPS Receiver and Antenna	
JD748B011	Interference Analyzer [3,4]	
JD748B012	Channel Scanner	
JD748B013	Bluetooth Connectivity	
JD748B014	LTE-FDD RAN Performance Indicator	
JD748B015	LTE-TDD RAN Performance Indicator	
JD748B016	Wi-Fi Connectivity	
JD748B020	cdmaOne/cdma2000 Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD748B021	EV-DO Signal Analyzer	(Requires options 09 and 20)
JD748B022	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD748B023	WCDMA/HSPA+ Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD748B025	TD-SCDMA Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD748B026	Mobile WiMAX Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD748B028	LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD748B029	LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires option 09)
JD748B030	LTE Advanced-FDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires options 09 and 28)
JD748B031	LTE Advanced-TDD Signal Analyzer	(Requires options 09 and 29)
JD748B032	LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator	(Requires options 09, 28 and 30)
JD748B033	LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator	(Requires options 09, 29 and 31)
JD748B040	cdmaOne/cdma2000 OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD748B041	EV-DO OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD748B042	GSM/GPRS/EDGE OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD748B043	WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD748B045	TD-SCDMA OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD748B046	Mobile WiMAX OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD748B048	LTE-FDD OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD748B049	LTE-TDD OTA Analyzer [4]	(Requires options 09 and 10)
JD748B050	EMF Analyzer [7]	
JD748B060	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B061	RFoCPRI 2.4G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B062	RFoCPRI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B063	RFoCPRI 4.9G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B064	RFoCPRI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B065	RFoCPRI 9.8G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B068	RFoCPRI GSM Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B070	RFoOBSAI 768M Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B071	RFoOBSAI 1.5G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B072	RFoOBSAI 3.1G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B073	RFoOBSAI 6.1G Interference Analyzer [5]	(Requires option 08)
JD748B081	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD748B082	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD748B083	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD748B084	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Multi Carrier Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD748B086	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Generator [6]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD748B091	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer [5]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD748B092	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD Signal Analyzer [6]	(Requires options 08, 60-65)
JD748B096	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD Signal Analyzer [6]	(Requires options 08, 70-73)
JD788B101	Alcatel-Lucent BBU Emulation [6]	(Requires options 08)

JD788B200	Calibration Service for Asia, North America
JD788B201	Calibration Service for Latin America, EMEA
JD788B250	Warranty extension of 1 year for Asia, North America
JD788B251	Warranty extension of 1 year for Latin America, EMEA
JD780B001-FL	2 Port Transmission Measurements
JD780B010-FL	GPS receiver and antenna
JD780B011-FL	Interference Analyzer
JD780B012-FL	Channel Scanner
JD780B013-FL	Bluetooth connectivity
JD780B014-FL	LTE-FDD RAN performance
JD780B015-FL	LTE-TDD RAN performance
JD780B016-FL	Wi-Fi connectivity
JD780B020-FL	cdmaOne/cdma2000 Analyzer
JD780B021-FL	EV-DO Analyzer
JD780B022-FL	GSM/GPRS/EDGE Analyzer
JD780B023-FL	WCDMA/HSPA+ analyzer
JD780B025-FL	TD-SCDMA Analyzer
JD780B026-FL	Mobile WiMAX Analyzer
JD780B028-FL	LTE - FDD Analyzer
JD780B029-FL	LTE - TDD Analyzer
JD780B030-FL	LTE Advanced - FDD Analyzer
JD780B031-FL	LTE Advanced - TDD Analyzer
JD780B032-FL	LTE-FDD 256 QAM Demodulator
JD780B033-FL	LTE-TDD 256 QAM Demodulator
JD780B040-FL	GSM/GPRS/EDGE OTA
JD780B041-FL	WCDMA/HSPA+ OTA
JD780B042-FL	TD-SCDMA OTA
JD780B043-FL	Mobile WiMAX OTA
JD780B045-FL	LTE - FDD OTA
JD780B046-FL	LTE - TDD OTA
JD780B048-FL	cdmaOne/cdma2000 OTA
JD780B049-FL	EV-DO OTA
JD780B050-FL	EMF Aalyzer
JD780B060-FL	RFoCPRI 2.4G interference analyzer
JD780B061-FL	RFoCPRI 3.1G interference analyzer
JD780B062-FL	RFoCPRI 4.9G interference analyzer
JD780B063-FL	RFoCPRI 6.1G interference analyzer
JD780B064-FL	RFoCPRI 9.8G interference analyzer
JD780B065-FL	RFoCPRI 614M & 1.2G interference analyzer
JD780B070-FL	RFoOBSAI 768M interference analyzer
JD780B071-FL	RFoOBSAI 1.5G interference analyzer
JD780B072-FL	RFoOBSAI 3.1G interference analyzer
JD780B073-FL	RFoOBSAI 6.1G interference analyzer
JD780B081-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal generator
JD780B082-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal generator
JD780B083-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD multi carrier signal generator
JD780B084-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD multi carrier signal generator
JD780B086-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal generator
JD780B091-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-FDD signal analyzer
JD780B092-FL	RFoCPRI LTE-TDD signal analyzer
JD780B096-FL	RFoOBSAI LTE-FDD signal analyzer
JD780B101-FL	ALU BBU emulation

Standard Accessories

JD70050008	USB Wi-Fi Dongle [6]
JD70050326	AC/DC Power Adapter for JD700B Series [6]
G710550335	Cross LAN Cable (1.5 m) [6]
GC73050515	USB A to B Cable (1.8 m) [6]

GC72450518	> 1 G Byte USB Memory [6]
G710550325	Rechargeable Lithium Ion Battery [6]
G710550323	Automotive Cigarette Lighter 12 V DC Adapter [6]
G710550316	Stylus Pen [6]
JD700B361	JD700B Series User's Guide and Application Software – CD

[1] Requires dual port calibration kit
[2] Requires RFoCPRI or RFoOBSAI options
[3] Highly recommended adding JD748B010
[4] Highly recommended adding G70005035x and/or G70005036x
[5] Requires proper SFP/SFP+ transceiver and optical pad
[6] Standard accessories can be purchased separately.
[7] Requires G700050380

JD700B Series Common Options

Optional RF Power Sensors	
JD731B	Directional Power Sensor, Peak and Average power 300 to 3800 MHz
JD732B	Terminating Power Sensor, Average Power 20 to 3800 MHz
JD733A	Directional Power Sensor, Peak and Average power 150 to 3500 MHz
JD734B	Terminating Power Sensor, Peak power 20 to 3800 MHz
JD736B	Terminating Power Sensor, Dual (Average/Peak) power 20 to 3800 MHz

Optional Optical Power Meters	
MP-60A	USB Optical Power Meter, with software, 2.5 mm and 1.25 mm interfaces, 30" USB extender, carrying pouch
MP-80A	USB Optical Power Meter-High Power, with software, 2.5 mm and 1.25 mm interfaces, 30" USB extender, carrying pouch

Optional Fiber Microscope Kits	
FBP-SD101	FBP-P5000i Digital Probe, FiberChekPRO SW, Case, and 4 Tips
FBP-MTS-101	FBP-P5000i Digital Probe, FiberChekPRO SW, Case, and 7 Tips
FIT-SD103	FBP-P5000i Digital Probe, MP-60A USB Power Meter, FiberChekPRO SW, Case, Tips and Adapters
FIT-SD103-C	FBP-P5000i Digital Probe, MP-60A USB Power Meter, FiberChekPRO SW, Case, Tips and Adapters
FIT-SD113	FBP-P5000i Digital Probe, MP-80A USB Power Meter, FiberChekPRO SW, Case, Tips and Adapters

Optional RF Cables	
G710050530	RF Cable DC to 8 GHz Type-N(m) to Type-N(m), 1.0 m
G710050531	RF Cable DC to 8 GHz Type-N(m) to Type-N(f), 1.5 m
G710050532	RF Cable DC to 8 GHz Type-N(m) to Type-N(f), 3.0 m
G710050533	RF Cable DC to 18 GHz Type-N(m) to SMA(m), 1.5 m
G710050534	RF Cable DC to 18 GHz Type-N(m) to QMA(m), 1.5 m
G710050535	RF Cable DC to 18 GHz Type-N(m) to SMB(m),1.5 m
G710050536	RF Cable DC to 6 GHz Type-N(m) to DIN(f), 1.5 m
G710050537	RF Cable DC to 4 GHz Type-N(m) to 1.0/2.3 (m), 1.5 m
G700050540	Phase-Stable RF Cable w Grip DC to 6 GHz Type-N(m) to Type-N(f), 1.5 m
G700050541	Phase-Stable RF Cable w Grip DC to 6 GHz Type-N(m) to DIN(f), 1.5 m

Optional Optic Cables	
G700050401	SM/LC T-Jumper and 1.5 m fiber cable
G700050402	MM/LC T-Jumper and 1.5 m fiber cable

Optional Antennas	
G700050353	RF Omni Antenna Type-N(m), 806 MHz to 896 MHz
G700050354	RF Omni Antenna Type-N(m), 870 MHz to 960 MHz
G700050355	RF Omni Antenna Type-N(m), 1.71 GHz to 2.17 GHz
G700050356	RF Omni Antenna Type-N(m), 720 MHz to 800 MHz
G700050357	RF Omni Antenna Type-N(m), 2.3 GHz to 2.7 GHz
G700050363	RF Yagi Antenna Type-N(f), 1.75 GHz to 2.39 GHz, 9.8 dBd
G700050364	RF Yagi Antenna Type-N(f), 806 MHz to 896 MHz, 10.2 dBd
G700050365	RF Yagi Antenna Type-N(f), 866 MHz to 960 MHz, 10.2 dBd
G700050366	RF Log-periodic Antenna SMA(f), 700 MHz to 4 GHz, 1.85 dBd
G700050367	RF Log-periodic Antenna SMA(f), 700 MHz to 6 GHz, 2.85 dBd
G700050380	Isotropic Antenna Type-N(m), 70 MHz to 3 GHz

Optional RF Adapters	
G700050571	Adapter Type-N(m) to DIN(f), DC to 7.5 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050572	Adapter DIN(m) to DIN(m), DC to 7.5 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050573	Adapter Type-N(m) to SMA(f) DC to 18 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050574	Adapter Type-N(m) to BNC(f), DC to 4 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050575	Adapter Type-N(f) to Type-N(f), DC to 18 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050576	Adapter Type-N(m) to DIN(m), DC to7.5 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050577	Adapter Type-N(f) to DIN(f), DC to 7.5 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050578	Adapter Type-N(f) to DIN(m), DC to 7.5 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050579	Adapter DIN(f) to DIN(f), DC to 7.5 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050580	Adapter Type-N(m) to Type-N(m), DC to 11 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050581	Adapter N(m) to QMA(f), DC to 6.0 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050582	Adapter N(m) to QMA(m), DC to 6.0 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050583	Adapter N(m) to 4.1/9.5 MINI DIN (f), DC to 6.0 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050584	Adapter N(m) to 4.1/9.5 MINI DIN (m), DC to 6.0 GHz, 50 Ω
G700050585	Adapter N(m) to 4.3-10 (f), DC to 6.0 GHz, 50 ohm
G700050586	Adapter N(m) to 4.3-10 (m), DC to 6.0 GHz, 50 ohm

StrataSync Subscription	
SS-CA-BSA-AM-01	StrataSync for CellAdvisor BSA - Asset Management-1 Yr.
SS-CA-BSA-TDM-01	StrataSync for CellAdvisor BSA - Test Data Management-1 Yr.
SS-CA-RFA-AM-01	StrataSync for CellAdvisor RFA - Asset Management-1 Yr.
SS-CA-RFA-TDM-01	StrataSync for CellAdvisor RFA - Test Data Management-1 Yr.
SS-CA-SA-AM-01	StrataSync for CellAdvisor SA - Asset Management-1 Yr.
SS-CA-SA-TDM-01	StrataSync for CellAdvisor SA - Test Data Management-1 Yr.

Optional Miscellaneous	
G710050581	Attenuator 40 dB, 100 W, DC to 4 GHz (Unidirectional)
G710050585	RF Directional Coupler, 700 to 4000 MHz, 30 dB, 50 W Input/Output; Type-N(m) to Type-N(f), Tap Off; Type-N(f) [1]
G710050586	RF combiner, 700 to 4000 MHz, Type-N(f) to Type-N(m) [1]
G710050587	4x1 RF combiner, 700 to 4000 MHz, Type-N(f) to Type-N(m) [2]
G700050601	Bandpass filter 696 MHz to 716 MHz, N(m) to N(f), 50 ohm
G700050602	Bandpass filter 776 MHz to 788 MHz, N(m) to N(f), 50 ohm
G700050603	Bandpass filter 806 MHz to 849 MHz, N(m) to N(f), 50 ohm
G700050604	Bandpass filter 1710 MHz to 1755 MHz, N(m) to N(f), 50 ohm
G700050605	Bandpass filter 1850 MHz to 1910 MHz, N(m) to N(f), 50 ohm
JD74050341	Soft carrying case
JD71050342	Hard Carrying Case
JD70050342	Hard Carrying Case with wheels
JD70050343	CellAdvisor Backpack Carrying Case
JD70050006	USB Bluetooth Dongle and 5 dBi Dipole Antenna

JD70050007	AntennaAdvisor Handle[3]
JD71050351	GPS Antenna for JD740 and JD780 Series
G710550324	External Battery Charger
JD700B362	JD700B Series User's Guide – Printed Version

[1] Highly recommended for LTE testing
[2] Highly recommended for LTE Advanced testing
[3] Requires G700050366 or G700050367 RF Log-Periodic Antenna

Appendix J – RoHS information

This appendix describes the RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) information, which is a mandatory requirement from China. The RoHS directive consists in the restriction on the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical or electronic equipment sold or used in the European Union, after July 1, 2006. These substances are: lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, and polybrominated diphenyl ethers.

JD780B series

Concerned products : JD785B, JD786B, JD788B

“中国 RoHS”

《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》（信息产业部，第 39 号）

附录 (Additional Information required for the Chinese Market only)

本附录按照“中国 RoHS”的要求说明了有关电子信息产品环保使用期限的情况，并列出了产品中含有的有毒、有害物质的种类和所在部件。本附录适用于产品主体和所有配件。

产品系列: **JD780B**
(Product Family)

环保使用期限：

本标识标注于产品主体之上，表明该产品或其配件含有有毒、有害物质（详情见下表）。

其中的数字代表在正常操作条件下至少在产品生产日期之后数年内该产品或其配件内含有的有毒、有害物质不会变异或泄漏。该期限不适用于诸如电池等易耗品。

有关正常操作条件，请参见产品用户手册。

产品生产日期请参见产品的原始校准证书。

有毒、有害物质的类型和所在部件

	有毒、有害物质和元素					
元器件 (Component)	铅(Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬(CR⁶⁺)	多溴联苯(PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
产品主体 (Main Product)						
印刷电路板组件 (PCB Assemblies)	X	O	O	O	O	O
内部配线 (Internal wiring)	O	O	O	O	O	O
显示器 (Display)	O	O	O	O	O	O
键盘 (Keypad)	O	O	O	O	O	O
电池 (Batteries)	O	O	O	O	O	O
电工零件 (Electro-mechanical parts)	O	O	O	O	O	O
金属外壳零件和紧扣件 (Metal case parts and fixings)	O	O	O	O	O	O
塑料外壳零件 (Plastic case parts)	O	O	O	O	O	O
标签和胶带 (Labels and tapes)	O	O	O	O	O	O
配件 (Accessories)						
外接电缆和适配器 (External cables and adapters)	X	O	O	O	X	X
USB 记忆 (USB Memory)	X	O	O	O	O	O
手册和其它印刷材料 (Handbooks and other printed material)	O	O	O	O	O	O
包装箱和背带 (Carrying case and strap)	O	O	O	O	O	O
其它配件 (Other accessories)	X	O	O	O	X	X
AC/ DC 电源适配器 (AC/DC Power Adapters)	O	O	O	O	O	O

O：代表该部分中所有均质材料含有的该有毒、有害物质含量低于 SJ/T11363-2006 标准的限值。

X：代表该部分中所有均质材料含有的该有毒、有害物质含量高于 SJ/T11363-2006 标准的限值。

JD740B series

Concerned products : JD745B, JD746B, JD748B

“中国 RoHS”

《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》（信息产业部，第 39 号）

附录 (Additional Information required for the Chinese Market only)

本附录按照“中国 RoHS”的要求说明了有关电子信息产品环保使用期限的情况，并列出了产品中含有的有毒、有害物质的种类和所在部件。本附录适用于产品主体和所有配件。

产品系列: **JD740B**
(Product Family)

环保使用期限：

本标识标注于产品主体之上，表明该产品或其配件含有有毒、有害物质（详情见下表）。

其中的数字代表在正常操作条件下至少在产品生产日期之后数年内该产品或其配件内含有的有毒、有害物质不会变异或泄漏。该期限不适用于诸如电池等易耗品。

有关正常操作条件，请参见产品用户手册。

产品生产日期请参见产品的原始校准证书。

有毒、有害物质的类型和所在部件

	有毒、有害物质和元素					
元器件 (Component)	铅(Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬(CR^{6+})	多溴联苯(PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
产品主体 (Main Product)						
印刷电路板组件 (PCB Assemblies)	X	O	O	O	O	O
内部配线 (Internal wiring)	O	O	O	O	O	O
显示器 (Display)	O	O	O	O	O	O
键盘 (Keypad)	O	O	O	O	O	O
电池 (Batteries)	O	O	O	O	O	O
电工零件 (Electro-mechanical parts)	O	O	O	O	O	O
金属外壳零件和紧扣件 (Metal case parts and fixings)	O	O	O	O	O	O
塑料外壳零件 (Plastic case parts)	O	O	O	O	O	O
标签和胶带 (Labels and tapes)	O	O	O	O	O	O
配件 (Accessories)						
外接电缆和适配器 (External cables and adapters)	X	O	O	O	X	X
USB 记忆 (USB Memory)	X	O	O	O	O	O
手册和其它印刷材料 (Handbooks and other printed material)	O	O	O	O	O	O
包装箱和背带 (Carrying case and strap)	O	O	O	O	O	O
其它配件 (Other accessories)	X	O	O	O	X	X
AC/ DC 电源适配器 (AC/DC Power Adapters)	O	O	O	O	O	O

O：代表该部分中所有均质材料含有的该有毒、有害物质含量低于 SJ/T11363-2006 标准的限值。

X：代表该部分中所有均质材料含有的该有毒、有害物质含量高于 SJ/T11363-2006 标准的限值。

Appendix K – On-screen keyboard

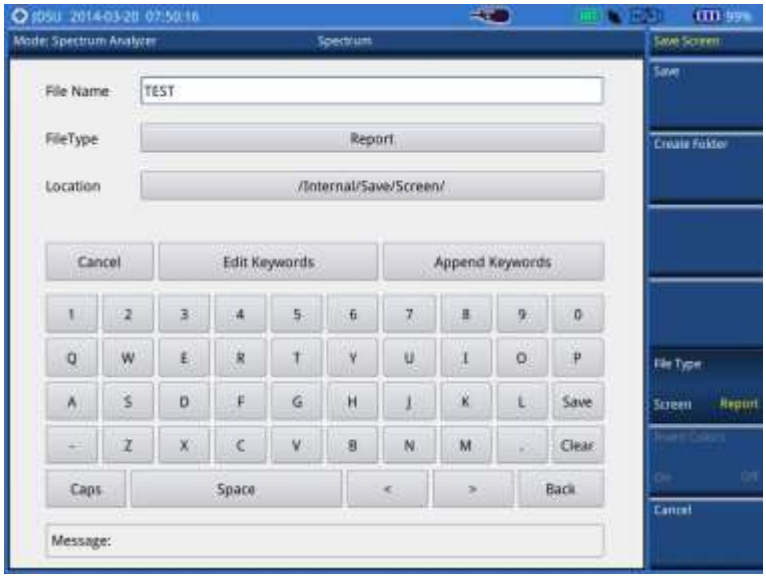
You can use the on-screen keyboard to type in texts, file names, and folder names.

Adding or deleting letters

Procedure

1. Tap keys on the on-screen keyboard. As you type, each letter is displayed in the name field. If you want to change the letter case between uppercase and lowercase, tap the **Caps** key.
2. To delete a letter, tap the **Back** key on the keyboard or press the backspace key on the keypad.
3. To move the cursor along the name field, tap the **<** or **>** key, turn the rotary knob, or touch in between letters in the name field.
4. To delete all the letters displayed in the name field, tap the **Clear** key on the on-screen keyboard.

Figure 465 On-screen keyboard



Editing or adding a custom keyword

You can edit and delete a keyword or add a new one, as you desire.

Procedure

1. Tap the **Edit Keywords** bar on the on-screen keyboard.
   The edit keywords keyboard appears.
2. To edit a keyword, select the keyword box and then change the letters.
3. To delete a keyword, select the keyword box and then tap the **Clear** key.
4. To add a keyword, select a blank keyword box and then type in a keyword.
5. Tap the **Save** key on the keyboard to save and continue saving.

Figure 466 Edit keywords keyboard

Appending a keyword

You can append a factory-stored or custom-defined keyword, as you want.

Procedure

1. Tap the **Append Keywords** bar on the on-screen keyboard.
   The append keywords window appears.
2. To append a keyword, complete the following steps:
   a. Select the keyword tag button to view available keywords for the tag.
   b. Select one keyword, from the following choices for each keyword tag:

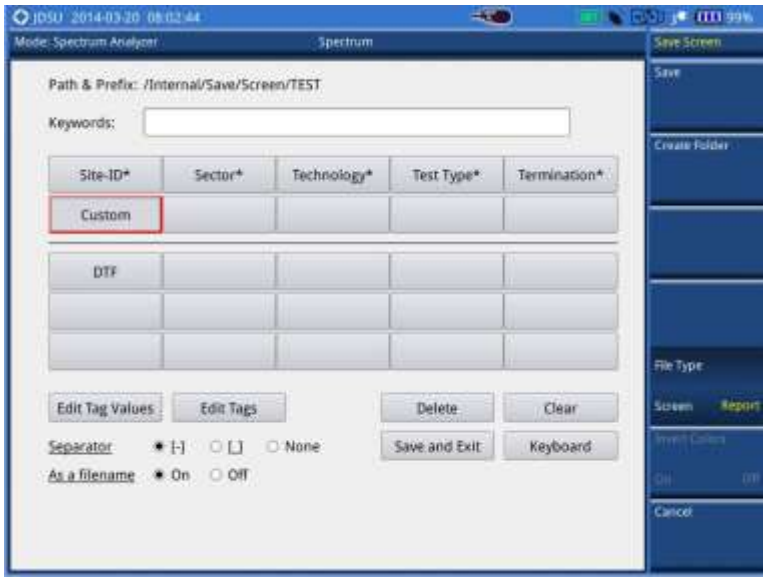
Keyword tag	Keyword (tag value)
Site-ID*	SiteA, SiteB, and SiteC
Sector*	Alpha, Beta, and Gamma
Technology*	GSM900, WCDMA850, and LTE180
Test Type*	RL, VSWR, DTF-RL, DTF-VSWR, and CL
Termination*	Open, Load, and Antenna
Custom	Any keywords you have added

   c. To delete the keyword you have added to the keyword field, tap the **Delete** button.
   d. To clear the keyword field, tap the **Clear** button.
3. *Optional*. You can edit any of the custom keyword tags or tag values by tapping the **Edit Tags Values** or **Edit Tags** button, but not the factory keyword tags marked with the asterisk (*).

   NOTE
   You must keep the keywords marked with the asterisk (*) intact as the StrataSync server uses them when transferring data.

4. Select the **Separator** option from the choices: hyphen **[-]**, underscore **[_]**, and **None**.
5. Select the **As a filename** option between **On** and **Off**. If you select **Off**, the keyword will not be placed in a file name, but in the trace/PNG file information.
6. Tap the **Save and Exit** button to save and exit or the **Keyboard** button to return to the keyboard.

Figure 467 Append keywords window



Appendix L – Supported map display parameters

Your CellAdvisor instrument provides the RAN Performance Indicator feature in the LTE signal analyzer mode. Setting map display parameters that your instrument supports is important to have test results as you desire as the instrument supports RANAdvisor's map display parameters with limitations. Following table will help you select parameters properly by showing what are supported.

Parameter Category	Parameter Name	Support
LTE Cell Info Parameters	Cell Name	
	Physical Cell IDentity	
	Physical Physical Cell ID	
	Tracking Area Code	
	MCC	
	MNC	
	DL E-ARFCN	
	UL E-ARFCN	
	DL Bandwidth	
	UL Bandwidth	
	Band Indicator	
	Allowed Access	
	RLC Tx Throughput	YES
	RLC Rx Throughput	YES
	MAC Tx Throughput	YES
	MAX Rx Throughput	YES
	LTE Mode	
	LTE TDD SF Assignment	
	LTE TDD Special SF Patterns	
	CQI CW0	YES
	CQI CW1	YES
LTE ML1 Serving Cell Measurement	RSSI RX (0) (dBm)	YES
	RSSI RX (1) (dBm)	YES
	RSSI (dBm)	YES
	RSRP Rx(0) (dBm)	YES
	RSRP Rx(0) (dBm)	YES
	RSRP (dBm)	YES
	RSRQ Rx(0) (dBm)	YES
	RSRQ RX(1) (dBm)	YES
	RSRQ (dB)	YES
	SINR Rx(0) (dB)	YES
	SINR Rx(1) (dB)	YES
	PUSCH Tx (dBm)	YES
	PUCCH Tx (dBm)	YES
	SRS Tx (dBm)	YES
LTE Serving and Neighbor Parameters	Serving E-ARFCN	YES
	Serving Physical Cell-ID	YES
	Serving RSRP (dBm)	YES
	Serving RSRQ (dB)	YES
	Detected Cells PCI	
	Neighbor Cell Count	
	N1 PCI	
	N1 RSRP Rx(0) (dBm)	

Parameter Category	Parameter Name	Support
LTE Serving and Neighbor Parameters (continued)	N1 RSRP Rx(1) (dBm)	
	N1 RSRP (dBm)	
	N1 RSRQ (dB)	
	N2 PCI	
	N2 RSRP Rx(0) (dBm)	
	N2 RSRP Rx(1) (dBm)	
	N2 RSRP (dBm)	
	N2 RSRQ (dB)	
	N3 PCI	
	N3 RSRP Rx(0) (dBm)	
	N3 RSRP Rx(1) (dBm)	
	N3 RSRP (dBm)	
	N3 RSRQ (dB)	
	N4 PCI	
	N4 RSRP Rx(0) (dBm)	
	N4 RSRP Rx(1) (dBm)	
	N4 RSRP (dBm)	
	N4 RSRQ (dB)	
	N5 PCI	
	N5 RSRP Rx(0) (dBm)	
	N5 RSRP Rx(1) (dBm)	
	N5 RSRP (dBm)	
	N5 RSRQ (dB)	
	N6 PCI	
	N6 RSRP Rx(0) (dBm)	
	N6 RSRP Rx(1) (dBm)	
	N6 RSRP (dBm)	
LTE Demod Config Parameters	PDSCH RNTI ID	
	PDSCH RNTI Type	
	eNodeB Tx Antennas	
	eNodeB Rx Antennas	
	Transmission Mode	
	Spatial Rank	
	RB Alloc for Slot 0 (%)	
	RB Alloc for Slot 1 (%)	
	Freq Selective PMI	
	PMI Index	
	Stream 0 TBS (bits)	
	Stream 0 Modulation	YES
	Traffic to Pilot Block Ratio	
	Stream 1 TBS (bits)	
	Stream 1 Modulation	
	PB	

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