Kodak 2100

Intraoral X-Ray System

User's Guide



Notice

Congratulations on your purchase of the KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray System. Thank you for your confidence in our products and we will do all in our power to ensure your complete satisfaction.

The User Guide for the KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray System includes information on the usage of the equipment. We recommend that you thoroughly familiarize yourself with this Guide in order to make the most effective use of your system.

 \triangle

WARNING: We recommend that you consult the "Safety, Regulatory and Technical Specification User Guide" before using the KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-Ray System.

No part of this Guide may be reproduced without the express permission of Carestream Health, Inc.

U.S. Federal law restricts this equipment to sale by or on the order of a dentist or physician.

This document is originally written in English.

Manual Name: KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-Ray System User Guide

Part Number: SM700 Revision Number: 04 Print Date: 06/2010

In this Guide, all trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective holders.

The Brand names and logos reproduced in this Guide are copyright.

KODAK is a trademark of KODAK used under Licence.

KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-Ray System complies with Directive 93/42/CEE relating to medical equipment.



Manufacturer



Carestream Health, Inc. 150 Verona Street Rochester NY 14 608

Authorized Representative in the European Community



TROPHY

4, Rue F. Pelloutier, Croissy-Beaubourg 77435 Marne la Vallée Cedex 2, France

Contents

1—About This Guide	
Conventions in this Guide	1–1
2—KODAK 2100 SYSTEM OVERVIEW	
General Overview	2–1
KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-Ray Unit Configurations	
Control Timer Unit	
3—KODAK 2100 RADIOLOGY PROCESS	2.1
Positioning.	
Positioning the Patient	
Positioning the X-Ray Generator	
Paralleling technique	
Positioning the Imaging Receptor	
Exposure	
Exposure Parameters	
Exposure Times	
Exposure Times for Film	
Exposure Times for Phosphor Plates	
Exposure Times for Digital Sensors	
Emitted Doses.	
Film Processing	3–6
4—ACQUIRING AN IMAGE	
Preparing for Image Acquisition	4–1
Launching the X-Ray	4–2
5—USER MODE	
Parameters	5 1
Entering the User Mode	
Modifying Parameters	
Exiting the User Mode	5–2
Performing a Tube Seasoning	5–2
6—TROUBLESHOOTING	
Quick Troubleshooting	6–1
Information Messages	
Error Messages	
7—MAINTENANCE	
	7 1
Quarterly	
Generator	
ivicenanical support	/-1

Contents

Control timer unit and electrical installation.	7–1
Operation	7–1
Control timer unit self-test	
Annually	7–2
Cleaning and Disinfecting the KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray System	7–2

Chapter 1 About This Guide

Conventions in this Guide

The following special messages emphasize information or indicate potential risk to personnel or equipment:



WARNING

Warns you to avoid injury to yourself or others by following the safety instructions precisely.



CAUTION

Alerts you to a condition that might cause serious damage.



IMPORTANT

Alerts you to a condition that might cause problems.



NOTE

Emphasizes important information.



TIP

Provides extra information and hints.





WARNING

Exposure to ionizing radiation

Chapter 2

KODAK 2100 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray system is compliant with the requirements of the EEC and international medical standards.

The KODAK 2100 unit has been designed to produce high-quality intraoral radiographies that:

- Reveal maximum details with the minimum dose to the patient.
- Show teeth and anatomic structures accurately with a minimum of distortion or magnification.
- Have optimal density and contrast to maximize their use for the detection of dental diseases.

The KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray system uses a high-frequency technology that allows:

- Reduced X-ray doses for patients because the KODAK 2100 unit emits fewer soft rays absorbed by patients which are not used during image creation.
- Shorter exposure times which reduce the risk of motion blurr during exposure

The KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray system is equipped with a thermal safety system that prevents the generator from overheating in case of intensive use. This prohibits any exposure as long as the generator has not cooled down. The l01 error message appears on the display and an audible beep is heard during the unit cooling period. The beep stops when the cooling period is over.

To obtain high-quality intraoral radiography with maximum details, you must be very careful when performing the three steps of the radiography process:

- Positioning the patient, the X-ray generator, and the imaging system
- Setting the exposure parameters according to the imaging receptor used (film or sensor)
- Processing the film (if a conventional film is used.)

General Overview

The KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray unit is composed of the following functional components

- A high-frequency X-ray generator which includes:
 - A transformer and associated electronics, and an oil-bathed X-ray tube
 - A beam-limiting device with the following characteristics:
 - A radiation diameter of 6 cm (2.36 in.)
 - A distance from the X-ray tube focal spot to skin of 20 cm (8 in.).
 - An angle scale and a handle to facilitate positioning.

- A wall framework which contains the:
 - Main powerboard
 - ON/OFF switch which contains a built-in LED.
- A control timer unit which:
 - Performs exposure time selection and displays parameters (exposure time and emitted dose).
 - Performs a microprocessor self-test at every unit activation.
 - Displays alarms in case of incorrect operation.
 - Includes two exposure time modes. The digital mode corresponds to the range of shortest exposure times that fit those needed for digital sensors.
- An extension arm and a scissor arm which is equipped with springs that ensure arm stability.

The following figure illustrates the extension arm and the scissor arm.

Figure 2-1 KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray System - Side View

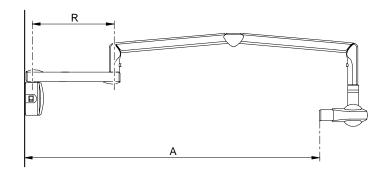


Table 2-1 Extension arm types

Extension	R	Span A
Short	47.0 cm (18.5 in.)	170.0 cm (67 in.)
Standard	64.8 cm (25.5 in.)	188.0 cm (74 in.)
Long	82.5 cm (32.5 in.)	205.0 cm (80.69 in.)

 A rectangular collimator. Its various sizes adapt to films and RVG sensors. It is recommended to use such a collimator if possible, in order to limit the radiation absorbed by patients. The KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray unit is also composed of a remote exposure switch which is an optional accessory.

The following KODAK 2100 unit configurations are provided:

- Standard wall-mounted unit
- Ceiling-mounted unit.

The following mounting options are provided:

- Floor column base
- Mobile base

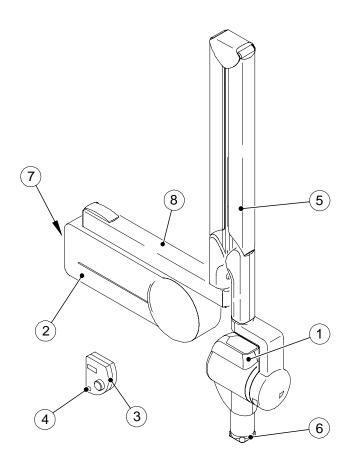


NOTE

These options must be used with a standard wall-mounted unit.

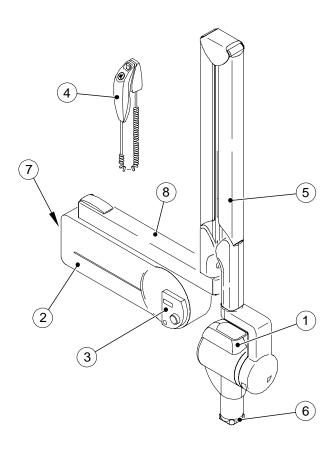
KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-Ray Unit Configurations

Figure 2-2 Standard Wall-Mounted Unit



1	High frequency X-ray generator
2	Wall framework
3	Separate control timer unit
4	X-ray exposure button
5	Scissor arm
6	Rectangular collimator
7	ON/OFF switch with built-in LED
8	Extension arm

Figure 2-3 KODAK 2100 Unit with Separate Exposure Switch



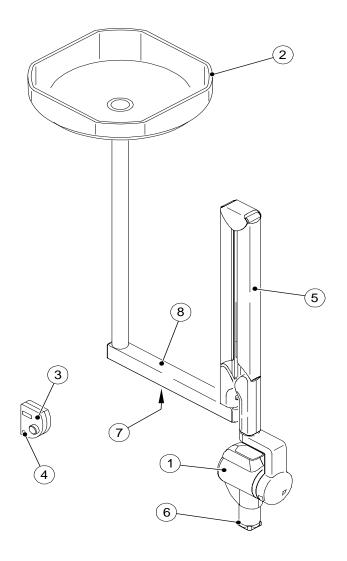


NOTE

This configuration is an optional configuration

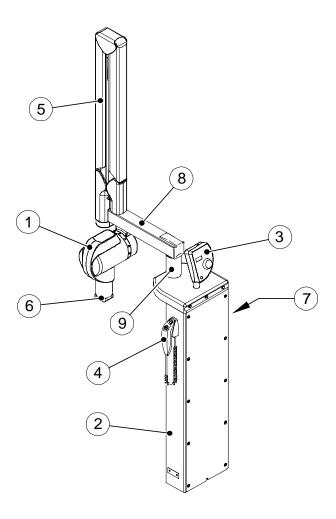
1	High frequency X-ray generator
2	Wall framework
3	Control timer unit
4	X-ray exposure switch with X-ray exposure button
5	Scissor arm
6	Rectangular collimator
7	ON/OFF switch with built-in LED
8	Extension arm

Figure 2-4 Ceiling-Mounted Unit



1	High frequency X-ray generator
2	Ceiling mounted unit containing the main powerboard
3	Control timer unit
4	X-ray exposure switch
5	Scissor arm
6	Rectangular collimator
7	ON/OFF switch with built-in LED
8	Extension arm

Figure 2-5 Unit Mounted on Floor Column



1	High frequency X-ray generator
2	Floor column containing the main powerboard
3	Control timer unit
4	X-ray exposure switch with X-ray exposure button
5	Scissor arm
6	Rectangular collimator
7	ON/OFF switch with built-in LED
8	Extension arm
9	Raiser

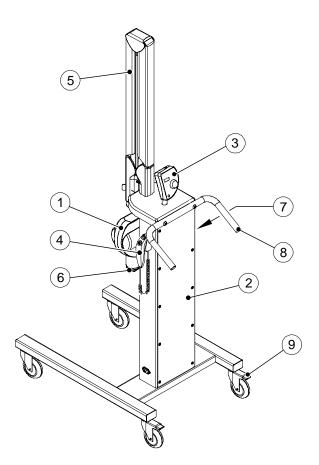
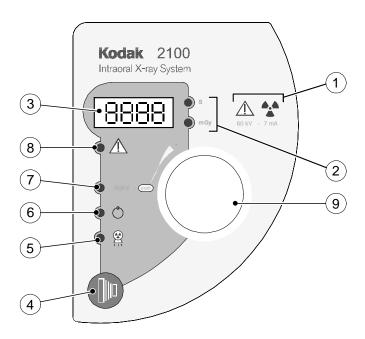


Figure 2-6 Unit Mounted on Mobile Base

1	High frequency X-ray generator
2	Mobile stand containing the main powerboard
3	Control timer unit
4	X-ray exposure switch with X-ray exposure button
5	Scissor arm
6	Rectangular collimator
7	ON/OFF switch with LED
8	Handle
9	Foot brake

Control Timer Unit



Warning: Ionizing radiation
Exposure time - emitted dose indicator
Display
X-ray exposure button
X-ray emission control light
Ready state
Exposure time selector: - Lit: shortest exposure times for digital sensors - OFF: longest exposure times for films and phosphor plates
Warning
Selection knob: - Press and hold the knob to activate the exposure time selector Rotate the knob to select the exposure time.

CODAK 2100 Intraoral X-Ray Unit Configurations	

Chapter 3

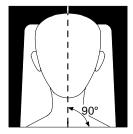
KODAK 2100 RADIOLOGY PROCESS

Positioning

Positioning the Patient

To position the patient, you must have:

- The patient sit with the vertical sagittal plane.
- The patient's head positioned as follows:
 - For upper maxillary radiography, the Frankfort plane (nose-ear plane) must be horizontal.
 - For lower maxillary radiography, the occlusal plane must be horizontal.





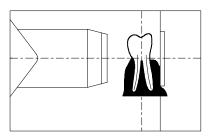


Positioning the X-Ray Generator

The scissor arm allows you to accurately position the generator for any type of exposure. The beam-limiting device maintains a distance of at least 20 cm (8 in.) between the focal spot and the skin, which allows you to use either the paralleling or the bisecting technique.

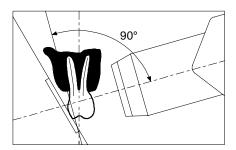
Paralleling technique

The positioning tool used in the paralleling technique allows you to align the beam and the imaging receptor. An appropriate collimator reduces the dosage by limiting the surface exposure.



Bisecting technique

When using the bisecting technique, do not use a rectangular collimator. This limits the risk of X-ray beam and image receptor misalignment.



Positioning the Imaging Receptor

Using the KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray System, you may create an X-ray image on one of the following imaging receptors:

- Conventional silver halide films, such as KODAK INSIGHT or KODAK ULTRA-SPEED dental films.
- Digital sensors such as KODAK RVG sensors.
- Phosphor plate such as KODAK Imaging plates.

Placing the receptor correctly is critical. Check your own dental radiography manual for information on how to place the imaging receptor correctly.

If you do not position the film or the sensor correctly, this results in errors on the radiography, such as distorted teeth and roots, elongation, magnification, and/or overlapping contacts. The paralleling technique generally reduces the risk of such errors. However, if you do not position the system correctly, angulation errors can occur (angulation of the receptor to the tooth itself).

If the beam exit pattern is not aligned with the imaging receptor, then part of the radiography will not be exposed to radiation and the final radiography will have some clear (unexposed) areas. This defect is called "cone cuts".

The imaging receptor is marked to indicate the tube side. If the orientation is not correct, the resulting radiography is lighter and may show artifacts, such as foil pattern or sensor cable.

Exposure

Exposure Parameters

Since each receptor (film, phosphor plate or digital sensor) has its own sensitivity to X-ray radiation. the sensor choice impacts the exposure parameters. For instance, the sensitivity class for conventional dental films is characterized with the letter D, E, or F where F is more sensitive than E, and E more sensitive than D. Consequently, the required dose for the correct exposure goes down as sensitivity increases.

Due to the different sensitivity of the digital sensors, you also need to adjust the exposure parameters to the used sensor type (film or digital equipment).

The KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray system allows you to select the exposure times. The exposure times indicated in Tables 3-1 to 3-4 meet the manufacturer's recommendations. Depending on the used sensor type, you can change the mode by pressing and holding the selection knob for at least three seconds. To set the exposure times, see the *Preparing for Image Acquisition* section.

Exposure Times

Exposure Times for Film

The indicated exposure times are given as a guideline.

Table 3–1 Exposure Times for Film

	60 kV - 7 mA - Cone 20 cm (8 in.)									
		Maxillary			Mandibular			Bitewing		Occlusal
		Anterior	Premolar	Molar	Anterior	Premolar	Molar	Anterior	Posterior	
KODAK ULTRA-	Child	0.250	0.320	0.400	0.200	0.250	0.250	0.200	0.250	0.500
SPEED (D)	Adult	0.400	0.500	0.630	0.320	0.400	0.400	0.320	0.400	0.630
KODAK INSIGHT	Child	0.100	0.125	0.160	0.080	0.100	0.100	0.080	0.100	0.200
(F)	Adult	0.160	0.200	0.250	0.125	0.160	0.160	0.125	0.160	0.250
KODAK	Child	0.250	0.320	0.400	0.200	0.250	0.250	0.200	0.250	0.500
D-SPEED	Adult	0.400	0.500	0.630	0.320	0.400	0.400	0.320	0.400	0.630
KODAK	Child	0.125	0.160	0.200	0.100	0.100	0.125	0.100	0.125	0.200
E-SPEED	Adult	0.200	0.250	0.250	0.160	0.160	0.200	0.160	0.200	0.320

Exposure Times for Phosphor Plates

The indicated exposure times are given as a guideline.

Table 3–2 Exposure Times for Phosphor Plates

60 kV - 7 mA - Cone 20 cm (8 in.)										
			Maxillary		Mandibular			Bitewing		Occlusal
		Anterior	Premolar	Molar	Anterior	Premolar	Molar	Anterior	Posterior	
CR7400	Child	0.250	0.320	0.400	0.200	0.250	0.250	0.200	0.250	0.500
CR7400	Adult	0.400	0.500	0.630	0.320	0.400	0.400	0.320	0.400	0.630

Exposure Times for Digital Sensors

The indicated exposure times are given as a guideline.

Table 3–3 Exposure Times for Digital Sensors

	60 kV - 7 mA - Cone 20 cm (8 in.)									
		Maxillary Mandibular			Bitewing		Occlusal			
		Anterior	Premolar	Molar	Anterior	Premolar	Molar	Anterior	Posterior	
KODAK	Child	0.100	0.125	0.160	0.080	0.080	0.100	0.080	0.100	0.160
RVG 5100	Adult	0.160	0.160	0.200	0.125	0.125	0.160	0.125	0.160	0.250
KODAK	Child	0.100	0.125	0.160	0.080	0.080	0.100	0.080	0.100	0.160
RVG 5000	Adult	0.160	0.160	0.200	0.125	0.125	0.160	0.125	0.160	0.250
TROPHY RVG	Child	0.100	0.125	0.160	0.080	0.080	0.100	0.080	0.100	0.160
Access	Adult	0.160	0.200	0.200	0.125	0.125	0.160	0.125	0.160	0.250
KODAK	Child	0.080	0.100	0.125	0.063	0.080	0.080	0.063	0.080	0.125
RVG 6500	Adult	0.125	0.160	0.200	0.125	0.160	0.160	0.100	0.125	0.200
KODAK RVG 6100	Child	0.080	0.100	0.125	0.063	0.080	0.080	0.063	0.080	0.125
(size 1& 2)	Adult	0.125	0.160	0.200	0.125	0.160	0.160	0.100	0.125	0.200
KODAK	Child	0.080	0.100	0.125	0.063	0.080	0.080	0.063	0.080	0.125
RVG 6000	Adult	0.125	0.160	0.200	0.125	0.160	0.160	0.100	0.125	0.200
TROPHY RVG	Child	0.080	0.100	0.125	0.063	0.080	0.080	0.063	0.080	0.125
Ultimate	Adult	0.125	0.160	0.200	0.100	0.100	0.125	0.100	0.125	0.200
TROPHY RVG	Child	0.080	0.100	0.125	0.063	0.063	0.080	0.063	0.080	0.125
Reference High Resolution mode	Adult	0.125	0.160	0.160	0.100	0.100	0.125	0.100	0.125	0.200
TROPHY RVGui High	Child	0.080	0.100	0.125	0.063	0.063	0.080	0.063	0.080	0.125
Resolution mode	Adult	0.125	0.160	0.160	0.100	0.100	0.125	0.100	0.125	0.200
TROPHY RVG	Child	0.020	0.025	0.032	0.016	0.020	0.020	0.016	0.020	0.040
Reference High Sensitive mode	Adult	0.032	0.040	0.050	0.025	0.032	0.032	0.025	0.032	0.050
TROPHY RVGui High	Child	0.020	0.025	0.032	0.016	0.020	0.020	0.016	0.020	0.040
Sensitivite mode	Adult	0.032	0.040	0.050	0.025	0.032	0.032	0.025	0.032	0.050
TROPHY	Child	0.040	0.050	0.063	0.032	0.040	0.040	0.032	0.040	0.080
RVG THD	Adult	0.063	0.080	0.100	0.050	0.063	0.063	0.050	0.063	0.100
KODAK RVG 6100	Child	0.040	0.050	0.063	0.032	0.040	0.040	0.032	0.040	0.080
size 0	Adult	0.063	0.080	0.100	0.050	0.063	0.063	0.050	0.063	0.100

The following table is a template that you may fill in according to your specific conditions.

Table 3–4 Customized Table for Exposure Times

	60 kV - 7 mA - Cone 20 cm (8 in.)									
		Maxillary		Mandibular		Bitewing		Occlusal		
		Anterior	Premolar	Molar	Anterior	Premolar	Molar	Anterior	Posterior	
	Child									
	Adult									
	Child									
	Adult									

Emitted Doses

To obtain the dose in mGy.cm², multiply the values listed in Table 3-5 by the exposure surface. The exposure surface depends on the used collimator type as indicated in Table 3-6.

Table 3-5 Measured Dose at the End of the 20 cm (8 in.) Cone

60 kV - 7 mA					
t (s)	D (mGy)	t (s)	D (mGy)		
0.010	0.06	0.200	1.22		
0.013	0.08	0.250	1.52		
0.016	0.10	0.320	1.95		
0.020	0.12	0.400	2.44		
0.025	0.15	0.500	3.05		
0.032	0.19	0.630	3.84		
0.040	0.24	0.800	4.87		
0.050	0.30	1.000	6.09		
0.063	0.38	1.250	7.61		
0.080	0.49	1.600	9.74		
0.100	0.61	2.000	12.18		
0.125	0.76	2.500	15.23		
0.160	0.97				



NOTE

Dose accuracy: +/- 30% (mGy)

Table 3-6 Exposure Surface versus Collimator Type

Collimator type	Format (cm)	Used with digital sensor	Used with film (cm)	Exposure surface (cm ²)
Α	1.9 x 2.4	Size 0	-	4.6
В	2.3 x 3.5	Size 1	Size 0: 2.2 x 3.5	8.3
С	3.1 x 3.9	Size 2	Size 1: 2.4 x 4.0 Size 2: 3.1 x 4.1	12.1
Standard cone	6.0 cm diameter	-	Size 3: 2.7 x 5.4 Size 4: 5.7 x 7.6	28.3

Film Processing

When using conventional films, you must process the film according to the manufacturer's instructions. Process the film under safelight conditions manually or using an automatic processor.

If you use an automatic processor, see the processor's manual. Check that the processor maintenance is performed regularly.

If you process the film manually, follow precisely the manufacturer's recommendations for solution preparation, processing time, and solution temperature for both the developer and the fixer baths. Any deviation from the manufacturer's recommendations (such as a solution that would be too concentrated or diluted, too hot or cold, or if the film processing duration is incorrect) will impact the final radiography quality.

Before archiving, do not forget to wash the film correctly and to dry it in a clean place.

Chapter 4

ACQUIRING AN IMAGE

This chapter describes the various tasks that you must perform for image acquisition. To acquire an image, you can use conventional films or digital receptors.

If necessary, for example after a long inactivity period of the KODAK 2100 system, we recommend to start with the tube seasoning procedure. For more information, see the *Tube Seasoning Procedure*.

Preparing for Image Acquisition

To prepare for image acquisition, follow these steps:

1. Switch ON the unit.

The green ON/OFF button indicator lights up.

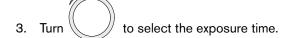
When you switch ON the unit, a self-test starts automatically. It checks the display. When the test is completed, a short beep sounds. If an error occurs, an error code appears. For error messages, see the *Troubleshooting* section.

2. Select the exposure mode (film or digital) by pressing and holding for at least three seconds until the correct mode is displayed. The indicator lights up if you use a digital sensor whereas it is OFF if you use a film.



NOTE

Depending on your local regulations, you may disable this function. See the *User Mode* section.



For more information on exposure times, see Tables 3-1, 3-2, 3-3, and 3-4.



NOTE

- If you use a film or a storage phosphor plate, the exposure time ranges from 0.05 to 1.25 sec.
- If you use a digital sensor, the exposure time ranges from 0.010 to 0.063 sec.

The unit is now ready for acquisition.



IMPORTANT

The operator must instruct the patient to refrain from moving during the entire exposure.

Launching the X-Ray

To launch the X-ray, follow these steps:





WARNING

Be careful not to be exposed to ionizing radiation

1. Press from the control timer unit or from the X-ray exposure switch.

The X-ray emission indicator lights up and a beep is heard.

2. Keep pressing until the X-ray emission indicator is OFF and the beep stops.

During the X-ray emission, the exposure time counts off on the display.



CAUTION

If you release the button before the end of the X-ray, a manipulator alarm (E01) is enabled.

This indicates that the X-ray emission was aborted prematurely. There is an underexposure risk. Depending on the remaining time, you can decide to process the image or start a new image acquisition.

To stop the alarm, press on



from the control timer unit.

When the acquisition is completed, the emitted dose is displayed in mGy. The "mGy" indicator lights up. For information on the emitted doses based on the exposure times, see Table 3-5. The latest parameter settings are kept until a new image acquisition is performed.

3 Press on



shortly to change from mGy to exposure time display.

Chapter 5 USER MODE

This chapter describes the various settings that you can select for the different pre-set modes. The user mode also allows you to validate specific local requirements for some countries.

Parameters

Table 5–1 Parameters Available through the User Mode

Number	Parameters	Choice
P 01	Digital receptor	ON/OFF (needed for correct emitted dose display)
P 05	Tube seasoning procedure	Switches from OFF to ON
P 06	I Show mode	ON: Disables the X-ray emission OFF (default value): Enables the X-ray emission

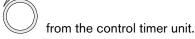
Entering the User Mode

To enter the user mode, follow these steps:

1. Switch ON the unit.

The self-test is enabled. While the self-test is in progress, the software information (for example, F718 2.1) is displayed.

2. Once F718 2.1 is displayed, press shortly on



You access the menu, when "USER" is displayed. The display intermittently shows the first parameter (P 01) and its setting (for example, "ON").

3. To switch from one parameter to the other, turn

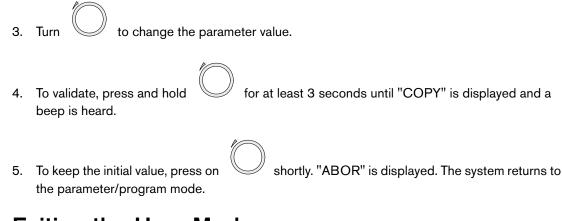


Modifying Parameters

To modify parameters, follow these steps:

- Turn to select the parameter to modify.
- 2. Press on until "EDIT" is displayed and a beep is heard.

The parameter value starts blinking.



Exiting the User Mode

To exit the user mode, press on shortly. "QUIT" is displayed until the system returns to the operational mode. The self-test continues until it is completed.

Performing a Tube Seasoning

This procedure allows for a progressive warm-up of the X-ray tube. It must be performed at unit installation and when replacing the tube head. It can also be performed when needed, for instance after a long period of equipment inactivity. It lasts around three minutes.

To perform a tube seasoning, follow these steps:

1 Go to the User Mode menu and change parameter P 05 from OFF to ON.

The self-test continues. After the self-test is completed, I 02 is displayed. This message means that the seasoning process must be started.

2 Press on

The display blinks,. The sequence step number and the required exposure settings (kV, time) are displayed alternatively.

- 3 Stand behind the generator.
- Launch an X-ray.





WARNING

Be careful not to be exposed to ionizing radiation

When the exposure is completed, the display blinks. The cooling error code (I 01) and the remaining time required before the next step are displayed alternatively.

When the cooling cycle is completed, the display blinks. The next step number and its exposure settings are displayed alternatively.

5	Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the end of the sequence.
	Your system is ready.

Chapter 6 TROUBLESHOOTING

Occasionally, malfunctions can occur during use in the event of an incorrect action or failure. The quick troubleshooting, the Information "lxx" and Error message "Exx" guide you through the actions you need to take to correct the malfunction.



IMPORTANT

If the malfunction persists or more serious conditions occur, contact your representative and stop the equipment.

When you call your representative, you must have the following information ready:

Model Number: KODAK 2100
 Serial Number (on the labels)
 Error Code Number: Exx.

Quick Troubleshooting

Quick troubleshooting guides you through the actions you need to take to correct the malfunctions.

The following table lists the malfunctions and the actions to take.

Malfunction	Possible Cause	Action
Nothing lights up	The unit is disconnected.	Connect the unit.
	Fuse F1 burnt out or is defective.	Change the fuse.
	The circuit breaker is OFF.	Turn ON the circuit breaker
Control unit doesn't light up.	The control unit is disconnected.	Connect the control unit.
	Fuse F1 burnt out or is defective.	Change the fuse.
	The control unit is defective	Call your representative.
No X-ray emission	The generator is cooling	Wait until the I01message is no longer displayed.
	The radiology control key is defective.	Call your representative.
The X-ray emission works, but the exposure is too light or completely white.	The generator is not positioned correctly.	Adjust the generator position
	The exposure time is too short.	Increase the exposure time.
	The development time is too short.	Increase the development time (See the manufacturer's instructions).

Malfunction	Possible Cause	Action	
	The developer is too cold.	Heat the developer	
	The developer is too old or diluted.	Replace with a new developer	
	The exposure time mode is not correctly selected	Check your exposure settings (See the exposure procedure).	
	The receptor is not correctly positioned.	Reposition the receptor.	
	The unit is not correctly installed.	Call your representative.	
The X-ray emission works but exposure is too dark.	The exposure time is too long.	Reduce the exposure time.	
	The development time is too long.	Reduce the development time (See the manufacturer's instructions).	
	The developer is too hot.	Cool the developer	
	The developer is too concentrated.	Adjust the concentration or change developer.	
	The exposure time mode is not correctly selected.	Check your exposure settings (See the exposure procedure).	

Information Messages

An information "I" error code with a message appears on the display.

The following table lists the information messages and the actions to take.

Table 1 Information Messages

Information Code	Possible Cause	Action
104	Cooling cycle: this message can appear during intensive use period.	Do not switch OFF the equipment.
I 01		The information message disappears as soon as the system reaches a satisfactory temperature.



IMPORTANT

If you switch OFF the system, the microprocessor does not calculate the cooling time.

For safety reasons, it considers that the system has not gone through the cooling cycle.

I 02 Request for X-ray tube seasoning.

See the *User Mode* section.

Error Messages

The following table lists the error messages and the actions to take.

Table 2 Error Messages

Error Message	Possible Cause	Action	
E01 + audible alarm	The radiography control button was released before the exposure end. The display indicates the remaining exposure time. Based on this time, you must decide whether to develop the film or make another exposure).	Quickly press on the selection knob to stop the alarm.	
E02	The radiography control was enabled while the unit was being powered ON.		
E03-E04	Exposure time control problems		
E10 to E18	kV voltage error		
E20 to E24	Filament voltage error	Switch OFF the unit, then restart it. If the problem persists, contact your	
E30	Problem with voltage to the main power supply or to the chemical capacitor	representative and stop using the equipment.	
E40 to E46	System error (problems with the power board microprocessor)		
E50 to E54	Problem with the IC bus, the connection between the control panel and the power board.		

Chapter 7 MAINTENANCE

This chapter describes the maintenance tasks you must perform for your KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray system

Quarterly

Generator

Check that:

- The certification label is legible.
- No oil leaks.

Mechanical support

Check that:

- The wall framework is securely attached to the wall.
- All labels are legible.
- The scissor arm is stable in all positions.

Control timer unit and electrical installation

Check that:

- The symbols are legible.
- The control timer unit and the power supply cables are in good condition.
- The ground is installed correctly.
- The X-ray exposure button returns to its initial position after use.

Operation





WARNING

Be careful not to be exposed to ionizing radiation

Check that:

- The audible signal is heard and the X-ray emission indicator is visible when you launch an X-ray (exposure time: 0.1 sec).
- The "E01" message is displayed when you launch an X-ray (exposure time:1.0 sec) and you release the control button before the exposure end.

Control timer unit self-test

To enable the self-test, you must switch ON the KODAK 2100 system.

The self-test starts with a simultaneous display and alarm light test.

- Then, the system test starts. After the test is completed (indicated by a short beep), the
 firmware version and the total number of exposures (divided by 10) performed by the unit
 since first installation are displayed.
- If the test fails, an error message is displayed.



IMPORTANT

If a check result is not satisfactory, stop using the equipment and contact your representative.

Annually

We recommend that a general inspection of the unit be carried out by an authorized service technician provided by your representative.

Cleaning and Disinfecting the KODAK 2100 Intraoral X-ray System



IMPORTANT

You must first clean the system before disinfection.

To clean the system, follow these steps:

- 1 Clean the outside of the equipment with a damp paper towel or a soft cloth using an alcohol-based, non-corrosive cleaner.
- 2 Wipe off surfaces with disinfectant.



CAUTION

- •Liquids must not drip into the equipment.
- •Do not spray cleaner or disinfectant directly on the equipment.
- Protect the equipment from contamination using barriers available from dental distributors.
- •Follow the manufacturer's safety recommendations when using a cleaner or a disinfectant.

Trophy

A Subsidiary of Carestream Health, Inc. 4 rue F. Pelloutier – Croissy-Beaubourg 77435 Marne la Vallée Cedex 2 (France) + 33 1 64 80 85 00

FOR MORE INFORMATION, VISIT: www.kodakdental.com

