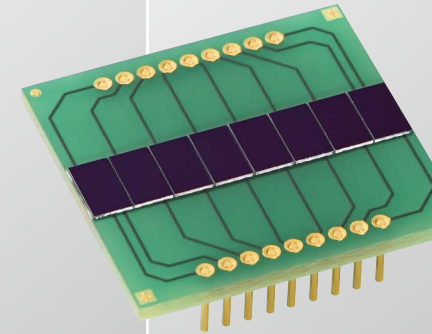
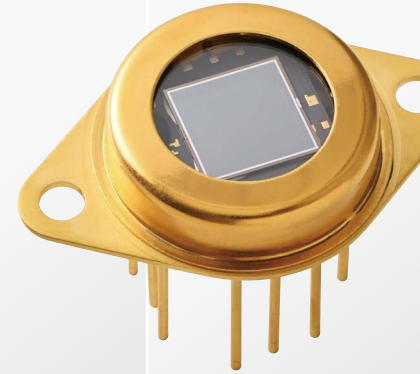
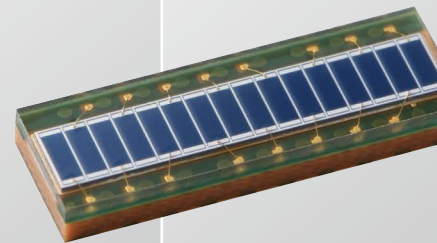
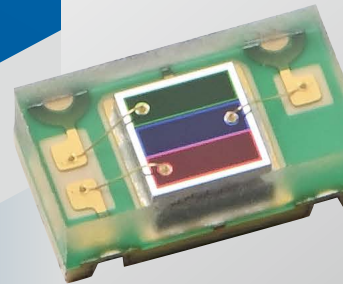


Lineup for near infrared to ultraviolet and even to high-energy

# Si photodiodes



# Si photodiodes

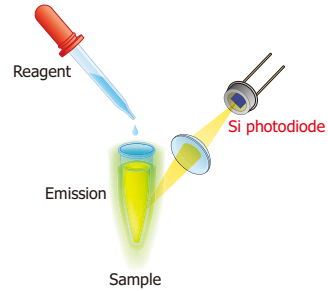
**Hamamatsu's unique semiconductor process technology achieves high speed, high sensitivity, and low noise over a wide range of wavelengths.**

Hamamatsu Si photodiodes are used in a wide range of applications including medical, analytical, scientific measurements, optical communications, LiDAR, and general electronic products. These photodiodes are available in various packages such as metal, ceramic, and plastic packages, as well as in surface mount types. We also offer custom-designed devices.



# Application examples

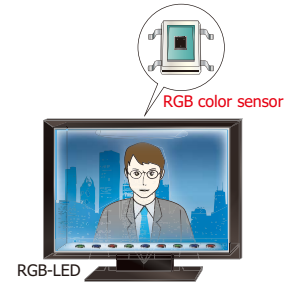
## Fluorescence measurement



KAPDC0103EA

Si photodiodes are used in PCR inspection using the fluorescence method.

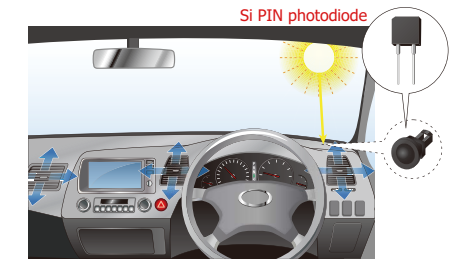
## LCD backlight color adjustment



KSPDC0077EA

The RGB color sensor detects the white balance of LCD backlight optical waveguides and controls the light level of each RGB-LED to stabilize the LCD backlight color.

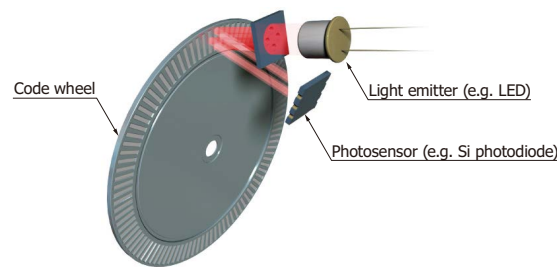
## Sunlight sensors



KSPDC0079EA

Si photodiodes are used to detect the amount of sunshine to control the volume of air flow for automotive air conditioners.

## Reflective encoders



KAPDC0104EA

Si photodiode arrays are used in optical encoders.

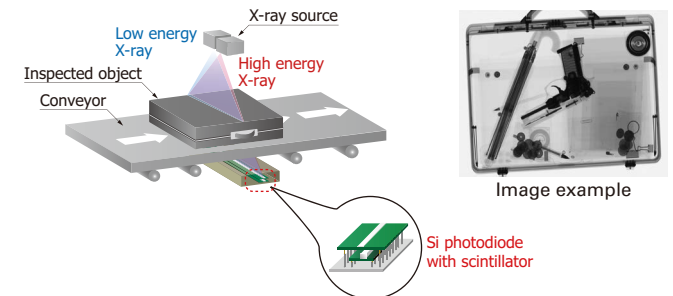
## Radiation detectors



KSPDC0081EA

Si PIN photodiodes with a scintillator are used in detectors that measure radiation levels of gamma-rays and other rays.

## Baggage inspection equipment



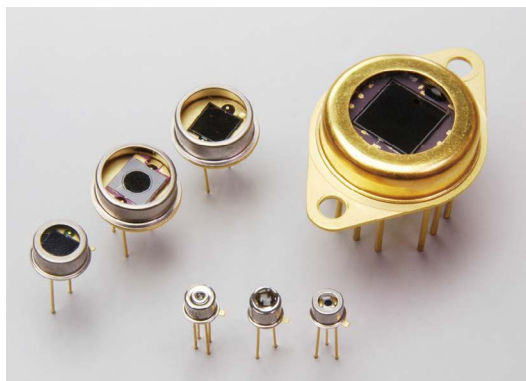
KSPDC0078EA

Si PIN photodiodes with a scintillator are used in dual energy imaging to obtain information about an object such as its type and thickness.

# Package examples

Hamamatsu offers a diverse lineup of packages to meet a wide ranging market needs.

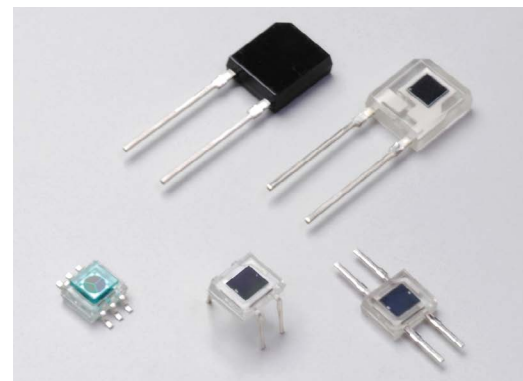
[ Metal ]



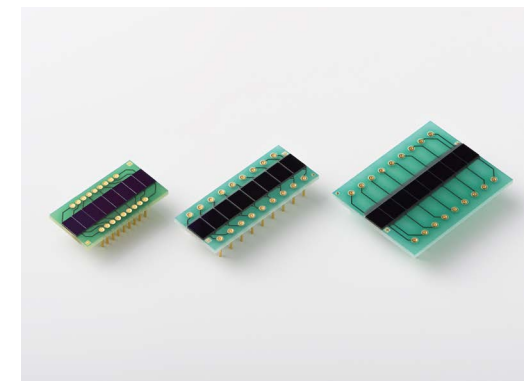
[ Ceramic ]



[ Plastic ]



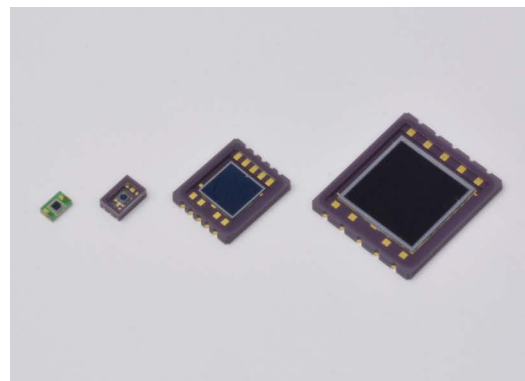
[ Glass epoxy ]



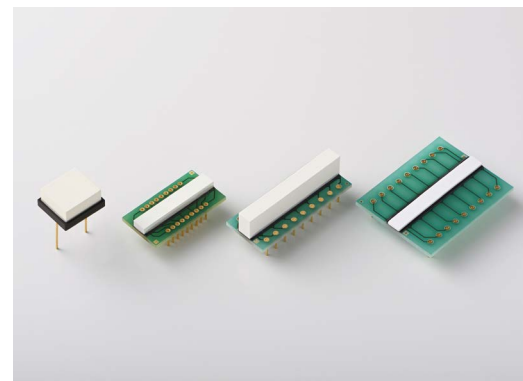
[ With BNC connector ]



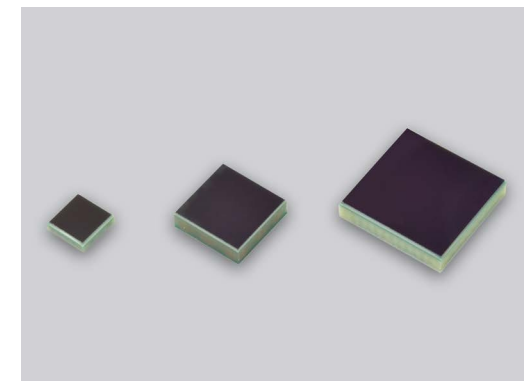
[ Surface mount type ]



[ With scintillator ]



[ CSP ]

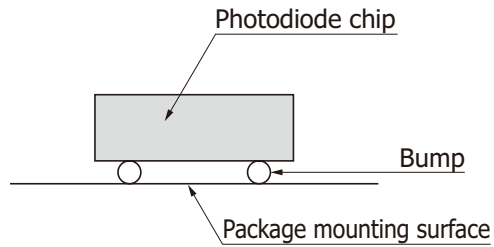


# Mounting technology

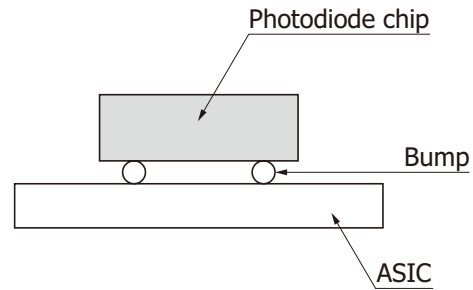
We have realized mounting technology for miniaturization of elements and for direct coupling of a photodiode to ASIC, amplifier chip, etc.

## Flip-chip bonding

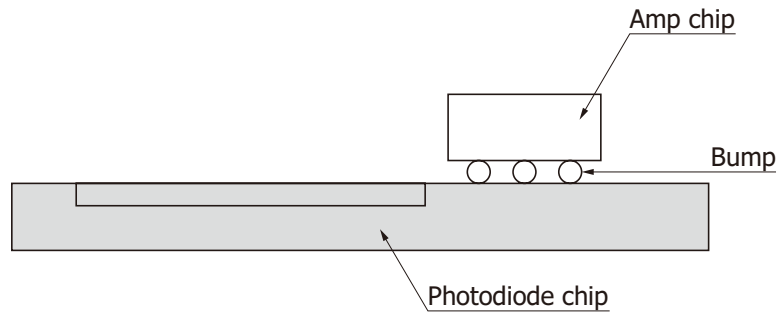
(a) Mounting to a board



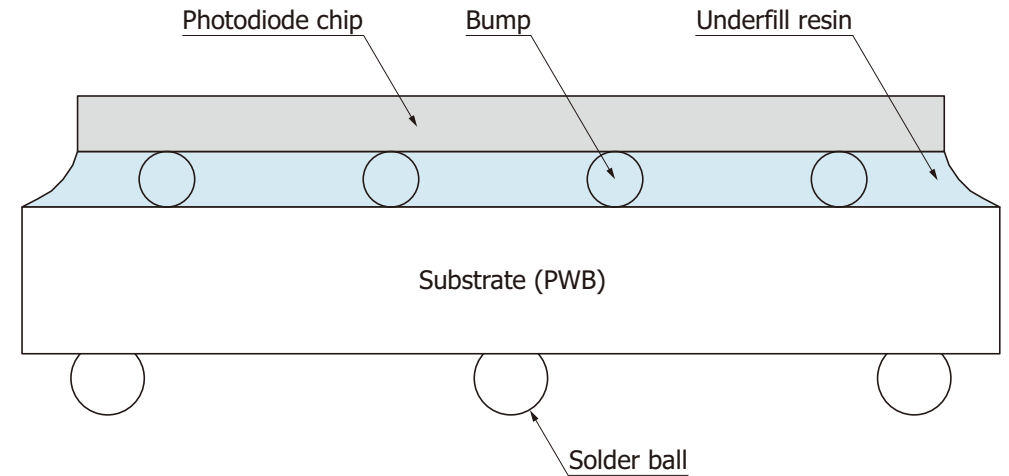
(b) Mounting to an amplifier



(c) Mounting an amplifier to a photodiode chip



## CSP (chip size package)



# Lineup







	Type	Features	
For precision photometry	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">For UV to near IR range</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">For UV monitor</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">For UV to near IR range (IR sensitivity suppressed type)</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">For visible to near IR range</a></li> </ul>	Low-light-level detection with high sensitivity and low noise
For general photometry/ visible range	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">For visible</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">For visible to near IR range</a></li> </ul>	Low-light-level detection with high sensitivity and low noise It is also available with a visual-sensitive compensation filter.
High-speed response Si PIN photodiode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">Cutoff frequency: 1 GHz or more</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">Cutoff frequency: 10 MHz to less than 100 MHz</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">Cutoff frequency: 100 MHz to less than 1 GHz</a></li> </ul>	Achieves excellent response characteristics by applying reverse voltage. Products suitable for optical fiber communications and optical pickups
Multi-element	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">Segmented type Si PIN photodiodes</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">One-dimensional photodiode arrays</a></li> </ul>	Products with multiple photosensitive areas suitable for light position detection, spectrophotometers, etc.
Surface mount type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">High-speed response Si PIN photodiodes</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">Small plastic package Si photodiodes</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">Segmented type Si photodiodes</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">Small plastic package Si PIN photodiodes</a></li> </ul>	Surface mountable chip carrier package or plastic package type
With preamp	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">Si photodiodes with preamp</a></li> </ul>		Built-in preamplifier is resistant to external noise and enables compact circuit design.
TE-cooled type	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">TE-cooled Si photodiodes</a></li> </ul>		Achieves excellent S/N due to built-in TE-cooler
For X-ray detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">Si PIN photodiodes with scintillator</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">Large-area Si PIN photodiodes for direct radiation detection</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">Large-area Si PIN photodiodes</a></li> </ul>	Products combining a Si photodiode with a scintillator, suitable for X-ray baggage inspection and non-destructive inspection
Special applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">RGB color sensors</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">For vacuum ultraviolet (VUV)</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">For YAG laser detection</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">PWB package type with leads</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">6-element array for encoder</a></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· <a href="#">Violet and blue sensitivity enhanced type</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">For monochromatic light detection</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">For electron beam detection</a></li> <li>· <a href="#">CSP type</a></li> </ul>	Photodiodes suitable for specific applications



# For UV to near IR range

They are suitable for low-light-level detection in analysis and the like.

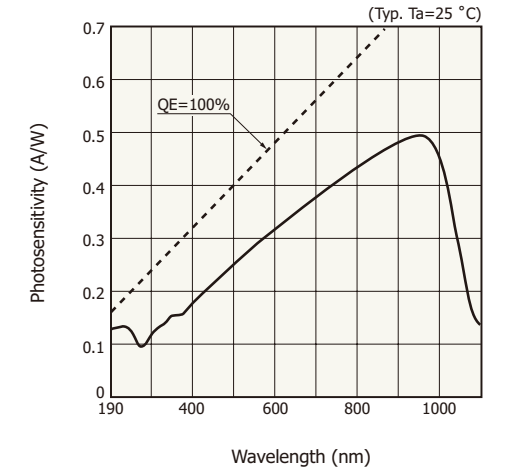
(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)		Dark current VR=10 mV max. (pA)	Terminal capacitance VR=0 V, f=10 kHz (pF)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo					
		$\lambda=200$ nm	$\lambda=960$ nm										
<a href="#">S1336-18BQ*</a>	190 to 1100	0.12	0.5	20	20	1.1 × 1.1	TO-18						
<a href="#">S1336-18BK</a>	320 to 1100	-		0.5	30	65	2.4 × 2.4	TO-5					
<a href="#">S1336-5BQ*</a>	190 to 1100	0.12											
<a href="#">S1336-5BK</a>	320 to 1100	-											
<a href="#">S1336-44BQ*</a>	190 to 1100	0.12											
<a href="#">S1336-44BK</a>	320 to 1100	-											
<a href="#">S1336-8BQ*</a>	190 to 1100	0.12							100	380	5.8 × 5.8	TO-8	
<a href="#">S1336-8BK</a>	320 to 1100	-											
<a href="#">S1337-16BQ*</a>	190 to 1100	0.12											0.5
<a href="#">S1337-16BR</a>	340 to 1100	-	0.62										
<a href="#">S1337-33BQ*</a>	190 to 1100	0.12	0.5	30	65	2.4 × 2.4							
<a href="#">S1337-33BR</a>	340 to 1100	-	0.62										
<a href="#">S1337-66BQ*</a>	190 to 1100	0.12	0.5	100	380	5.8 × 5.8							
<a href="#">S1337-66BR</a>	340 to 1100	-	0.62										
<a href="#">S1337-1010BQ*</a>	190 to 1100	0.12	0.5	200	1100	10 × 10							
<a href="#">S1337-1010BR</a>	340 to 1100	-	0.62										

\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure (P.44)."

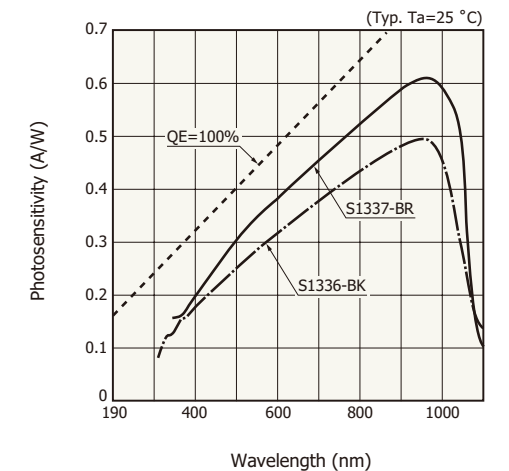
## ● Spectral response

[ S1336-BQ, S1337-BQ ]



KSPDB0262EF

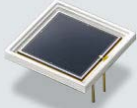


[ S1336-BK, S1337-BR ]



KSPDB0309EA

# For UV to near IR range

They are suitable for low-light-level detection in analysis and the like.

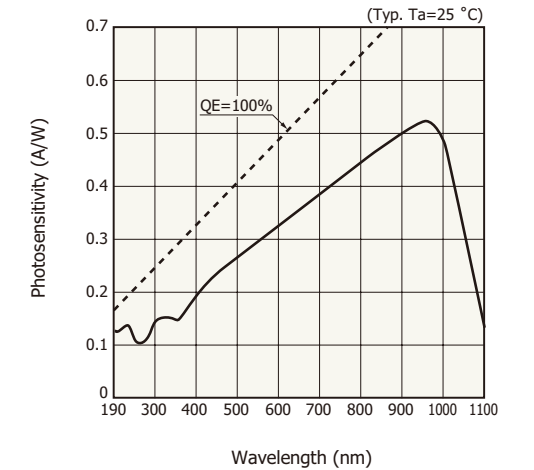
Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)		Dark current $V_R=10$ mV max. (pA)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=0$ V, $f=10$ kHz (pF)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
		$\lambda=200$ nm	$\lambda=960$ nm					
<a href="#">S1337-21</a> *1	190 to 1100	0.13	0.52	500	4000	18 × 18	Ceramic (unsealed)	
<a href="#">S2281</a> *1 *2	190 to 1100	0.12	0.5	500	1300	$\phi 11.3$	With BNC connector	
<a href="#">S2281-04</a> *1 *2						$\phi 7.98$		

\*1: Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure (P.44)."

\*2: Weak photocurrent can be amplified with low noise by connecting to the photosensor amplifier C9329 (using BNC-BNC coaxial cable E2573).

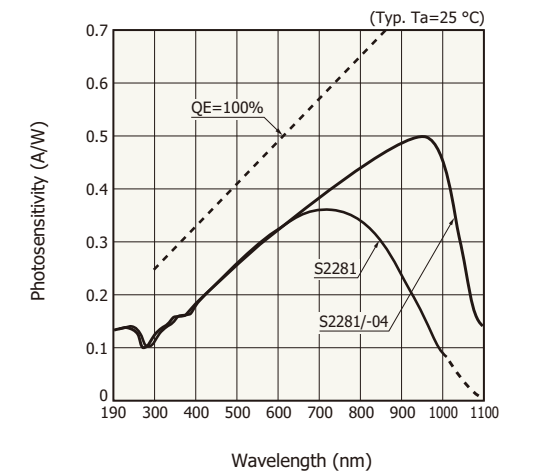
## Spectral response

[ S1337-21 ]



KSPDB0421EB

[ S2281 series ]




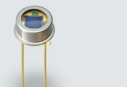





KSPDB0422EA



# For UV to near IR range

IR sensitivity suppressed type

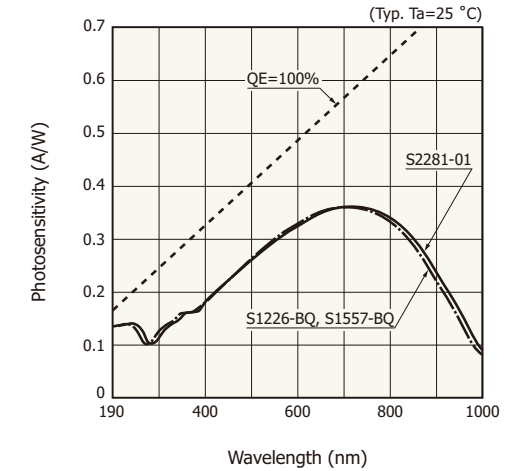
These Si photodiodes have suppressed sensitivity in the infrared range and are suitable for low-light-level detection in analysis and the like.

Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)		Dark current $V_R=10$ mV max. (pA)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=0$ V, $f=10$ kHz (pF)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
		$\lambda=200$ nm	$\lambda=720$ nm					
<a href="#">S1226-18BQ*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12	0.36	2	35	1.1 × 1.1	TO-18	
<a href="#">S1226-18BK</a>	320 to 1000	-						
<a href="#">S1226-5BQ*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12						
<a href="#">S1226-5BK</a>	320 to 1000	-		5	160	2.4 × 2.4	TO-5	
<a href="#">S1226-44BQ*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12						
<a href="#">S1226-44BK</a>	320 to 1000	-						
<a href="#">S1226-8BQ*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12		20	1200	5.8 × 5.8	TO-8	
<a href="#">S1226-8BK</a>	320 to 1000	-						
<a href="#">S1227-16BQ*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12						
<a href="#">S1227-16BR</a>	340 to 1000	-		5	170	1.1 × 5.9	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S1227-33BQ*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12						
<a href="#">S1227-33BR</a>	340 to 1000	-	20	950	5.8 × 5.8	Ceramic		
<a href="#">S1227-66BQ*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12						
<a href="#">S1227-66BR</a>	340 to 1000	-						
<a href="#">S1227-1010BQ*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12	50	3000	10 × 10	Ceramic		
<a href="#">S1227-1010BR</a>	340 to 1000	-						
<a href="#">S2281-01*</a>	190 to 1000	0.12	0.36	300	3200	$\phi 11.3$	With BNC connector	

(Typ.  $T_a=25$  °C)

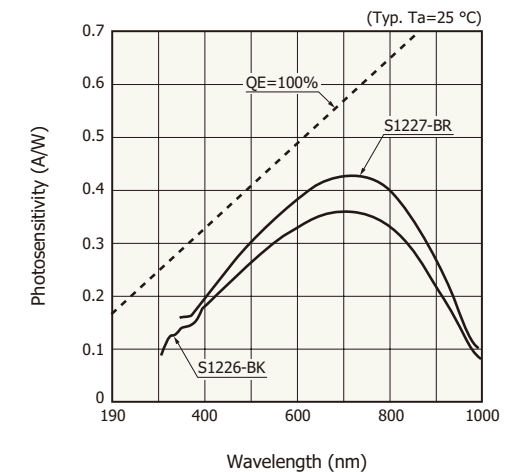
## ● Spectral response

[ S1226-BQ, S1227-BQ, S2281-01 ]



KSPDB0423EA

[ S1226-BK, S1227-BR ]









KSPDB0308EA

\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure (P.44)."

# For UV monitor

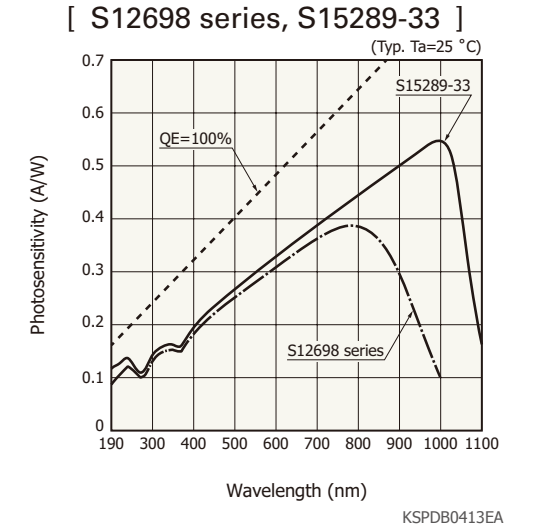
The S12698 series have a structure that does not use resin and are types that have achieved high reliability against UV light. The S15289-33 is a back-illuminated type photodiode designed to minimize dead space around the product. Multiple units can be arranged in a tile format.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

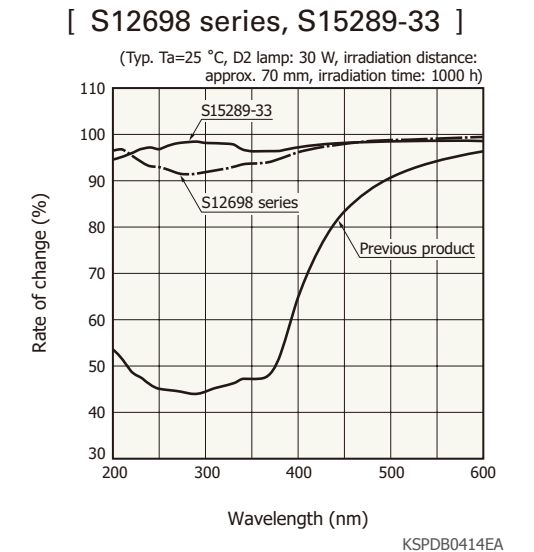
Type no.	Photosensitivity $\lambda=\lambda_p$ (A/W)	Dark current VR=10 mV max. (pA)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S12698*</a>	0.38	10	1.1 × 1.1	TO-18	
<a href="#">S12698-01*</a>		30	2.4 × 2.4	TO-5	
<a href="#">S12698-04*</a>		50	3.6 × 3.6		
<a href="#">S12698-02*</a>		100	5.8 × 5.8	TO-8	
 <a href="#">S15289-33</a>	0.54	300	2.5 × 2.5	Glass epoxy	

\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure ① (P.44)."

## ● Spectral response








## ● Degradation in spectral response due to UV irradiation



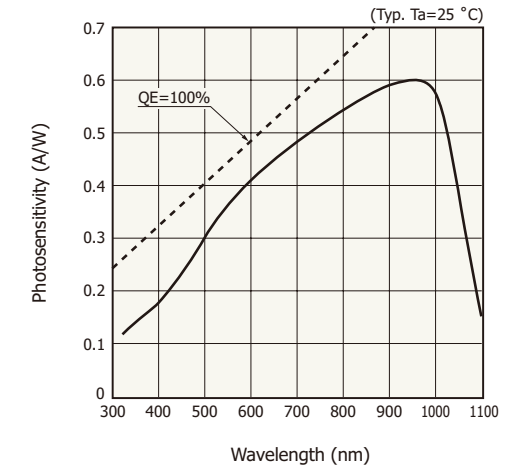
# For visible to near IR range

These have sensitivity in the visible to infrared region, and achieve high sensitivity in the near infrared region.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=960$ nm (A/W)	Dark current $V_R=10$ mV max. (pA)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=0$ V, $f=10$ kHz (pF)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S2386-18K</a>	320 to 1100	0.6	2	140	1.1 × 1.1	TO-18	
<a href="#">S2386-18L</a>							
<a href="#">S2386-5K</a>			TO-5	5	730	2.4 × 2.4	
<a href="#">S2386-44K</a>				20	1600	3.6 × 3.6	
<a href="#">S2386-45K</a>				30	2300	3.9 × 4.6	
<a href="#">S2386-8K</a>				50	4300	5.8 × 5.8	TO-8

## ● Spectral response









KSPDB0272EE

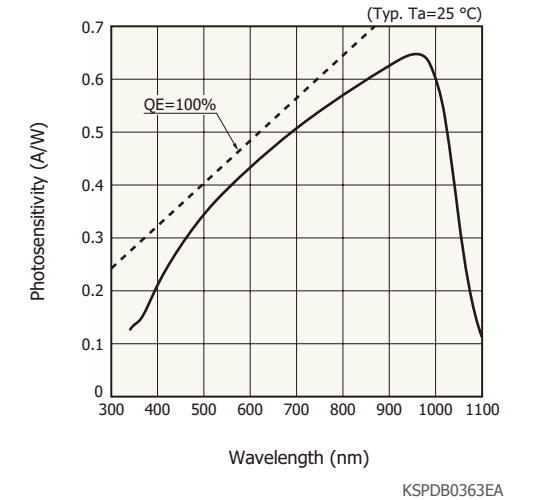
# For visible to near IR range

These have sensitivity in the visible to infrared region, and achieve high sensitivity in the near infrared region.

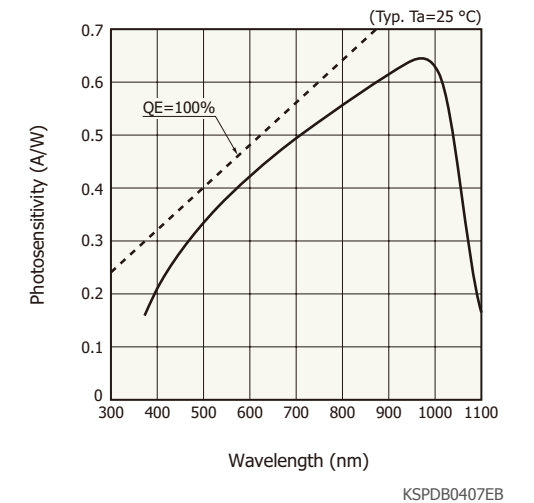
(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=960$ nm (A/W)	Dark current $V_R=10$ mV max. (pA)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=0$ V, $f=10$ kHz (pF)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S12915-16R</a>	340 to 1100	0.64	5	740	1.0 × 6.0	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S12915-33R</a>				680	2.4 × 2.4		
<a href="#">S12915-66R</a>			50	4000	5.8 × 5.8		
<a href="#">S12915-1010R</a>			200	13000	10 × 10		
<b>NEW</b> <a href="#">S16008-33</a>	380 to 1100	0.64	5	700	2.4 × 2.4	Glass epoxy	
<b>NEW</b> <a href="#">S16008-66</a>			50	4000	5.87 × 5.87		

## ● Spectral response [ S12915 series ]




## [ S16008 series ]



# For visible range



## With visual-sensitive compensation filter

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=\lambda_p$ (A/W)	Dark current $V_R=1\text{ V}$ max. (pA)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S1787-04</a>	320 to 730	560	0.3	10	2.4 × 2.8	Plastic	

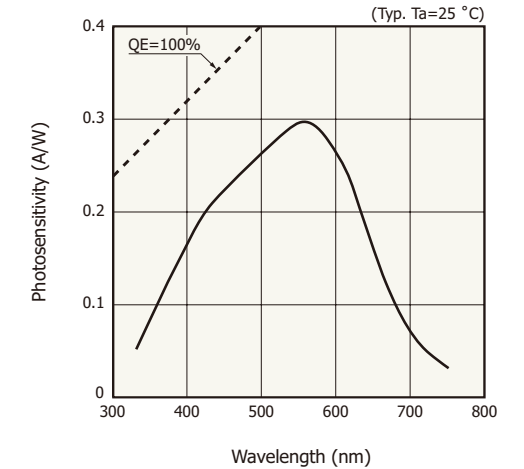
## With CIE spectral luminous efficiency approximation filter

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=\lambda_p$ (A/W)	Dark current $V_R=1\text{ V}$ max. (pA)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S9219</a>	380 to 780	550	0.24	500 ( $V_R=10\text{ mV}$ )	$\phi 11.3$	With BNC connector	
<a href="#">S9219-01</a>			0.22	50 ( $V_R=10\text{ mV}$ )	3.6 × 3.6	TO-5	

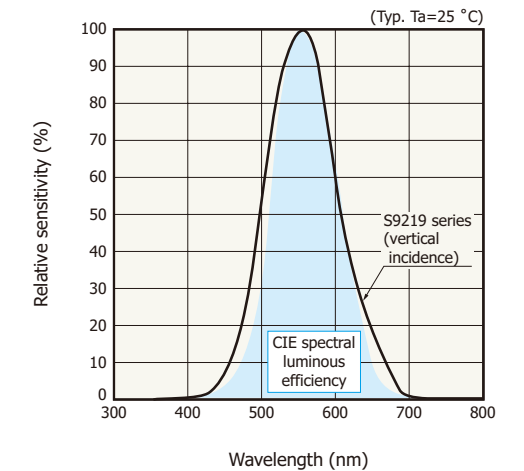
## ● Spectral response

[ S1787-04 ]



KSPDB0277ED

[ S9219 series ]



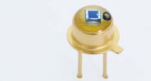
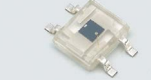




KSPDB0285EF

# For visible to near IR range

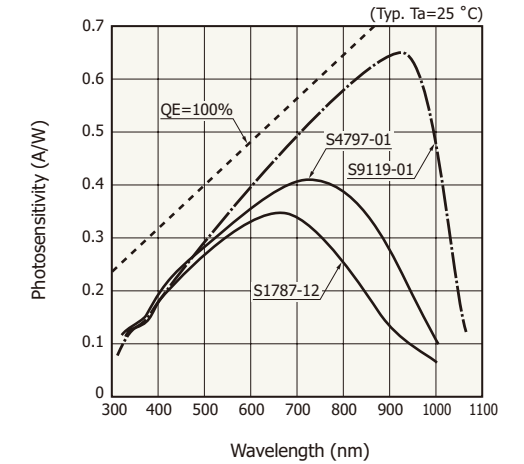
These photodiodes have sensitivity in the visible to near infrared range.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=\lambda_p$ (A/W)	Dark current VR=1 V max. (pA)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S1787-12</a>	320 to 1000	650	0.35	20	2.4 × 2.8	Plastic	
<a href="#">S4797-01</a>		720	0.4		1.3 × 1.3		
<a href="#">S9119-01</a>	320 to 1060	920	0.63 ( $\lambda=870$ nm)	10 nA (VR=10 V)	0.88 × 0.88	TO-18	
<a href="#">S4011-06DS</a>	320 to 1100	960	0.58	10	1.3 × 1.3	Plastic	
<a href="#">S1787-08</a>					2.4 × 2.8		
<a href="#">S2833-01</a>							

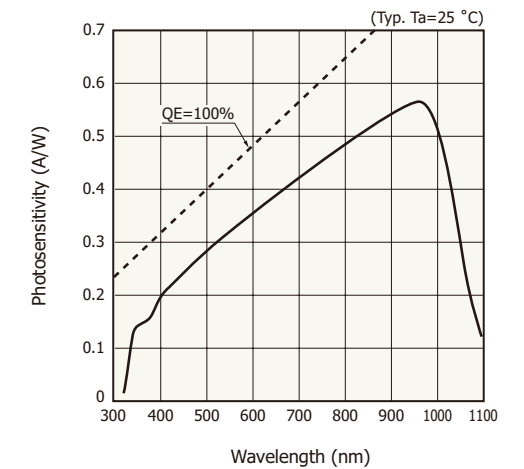
## ● Spectral response

[ S1787-12, S4797-01, S9119-01 ]



KSPDB0279EG

[ S4011-06DS, S1787-08, S2833-01 ]







KSPDB0286ED



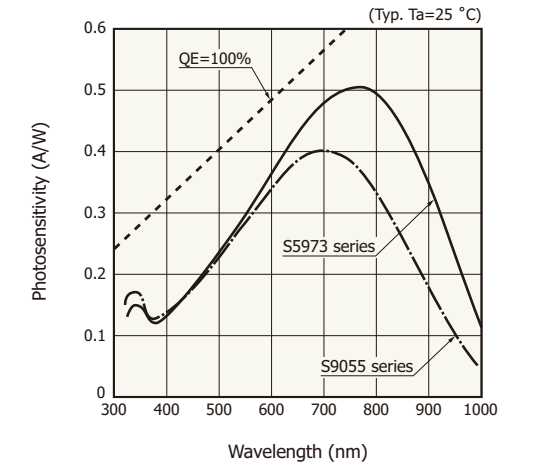
Cutoff frequency  
**From 1 GHz**

These Si PIN photodiodes deliver a wide bandwidth even with a low bias, making them suitable for optical communications and high-speed photometry.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Cutoff frequency (GHz)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)		Terminal capacitance f=1 MHz (pF)	Package	Photo
			$\lambda=780$ nm	$\lambda=830$ nm			
<a href="#">S5973</a>	1 (VR=3.3 V)	$\phi 0.4$	0.51	0.47	1.6 (VR=3.3 V)	TO-18	
<a href="#">S5973-01</a>							
<a href="#">S9055</a>	1.5 (VR=2 V)	$\phi 0.2$	0.35	0.25	0.8 (VR=2 V)		
<a href="#">S9055-01</a>	2 (VR=2 V)	$\phi 0.1$					

● Spectral response









KPINB0326EB

Cutoff frequency

# 100 MHz to less than 1 GHz

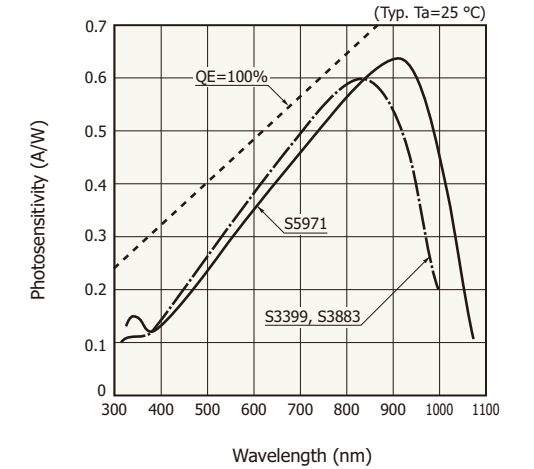
These Si PIN photodiodes have a large photosensitive area ( $\phi 0.8$  to  $\phi 3$  mm) yet deliver excellent frequency response characteristics.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Cutoff frequency (MHz)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)		Terminal capacitance f=1 MHz (pF)	Package	Photo
			$\lambda=660$ nm	$\lambda=780$ nm			
<a href="#">S5971</a>	100 (VR=10 V)	$\phi 1.2$	0.44	0.55	3 (VR=10 V)	TO-18	
<a href="#">S3399</a>		$\phi 3$	0.45	0.58	20 (VR=10 V)	TO-5	
<a href="#">S3883</a>	300 (VR=20 V)	$\phi 1.5$			6 (VR=20 V)		
<a href="#">S10783</a>	300 (VR=2.5 V)	$\phi 0.8$	0.46	0.52	4.5 (VR=2.5 V)	Plastic	
<a href="#">S10784</a>		$\phi 3$	0.45	0.51		With lens Plastic	
<a href="#">S5972</a>	500 (VR=10 V)	$\phi 0.8$	0.44	0.55	3 (VR=10 V)	TO-18	

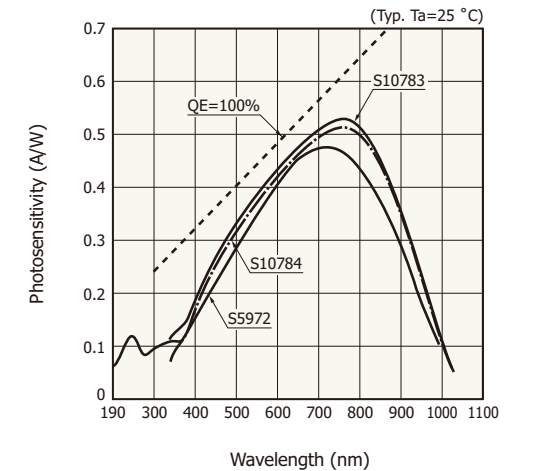
● Spectral response

[ S5971, S3399, S3883 ]



KPINB0316EC

[ S10783, S10784, S5972 ]









KSPDB0420EA

Cutoff frequency

**10 MHz to less than 100 MHz**

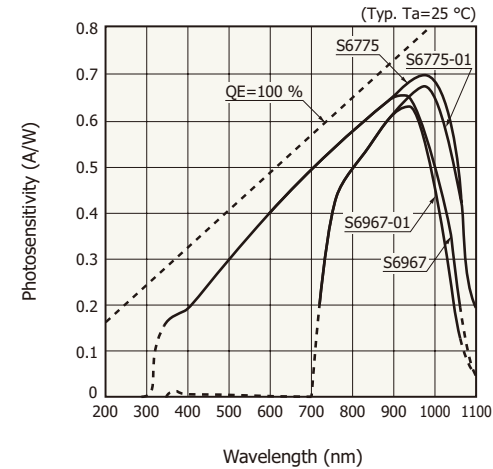
A wide variety of types are provided including a low-cost plastic package type and a visible-cut type.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Cutoff frequency (MHz)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)		Terminal capacitance f=1 MHz (pF)	Package	Photo
			λ=660 nm	λ=780 nm			
<a href="#">S6775</a>	15 (VR=10 V)	5.5 × 4.8	0.45	0.55	40 (VR=10 V)	Plastic	
<a href="#">S6967</a>	50 (VR=10 V)				50 (VR=10 V)		
<a href="#">S6775-01</a>	15 (VR=10 V)		0.54 (λ=830 nm)	0.68 (λ=λp)	40 (VR=10 V)	Plastic (visible-cut type)	
<a href="#">S6967-01</a>	50 (VR=10 V)			0.63 (λ=λp)	50 (VR=10 V)		
<a href="#">S8385</a>	25 (VR=5 V)	2 × 2	0.4	0.48	12 (VR=5 V)	Plastic	
<a href="#">S8729</a>		2 × 3.3	0.45	0.55	16 (VR=5 V)		
<a href="#">S8729-04</a>			0.52 (λ=830 nm)	0.68 (λ=λp)		Plastic (visible-cut type)	
<a href="#">S8729-10</a>			0.45	0.55			
<a href="#">S2506-02</a>	25 (VR=12 V)	2.77 × 2.77	0.4	0.48	15 (VR=12 V)	Plastic	
<a href="#">S2506-04</a>			0.25 (λ=830 nm)	0.56 (λ=λp)			
<a href="#">S4707-01</a>	20 (VR=10 V)	2.4 × 2.8	0.4	0.48	14 (VR=10 V)	Plastic	

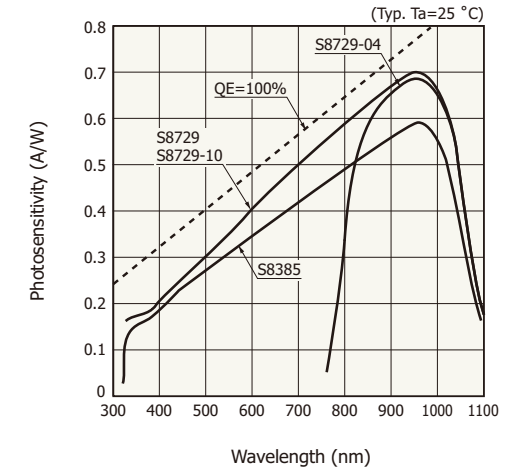
● Spectral response

[ S6775/S6967 series ]



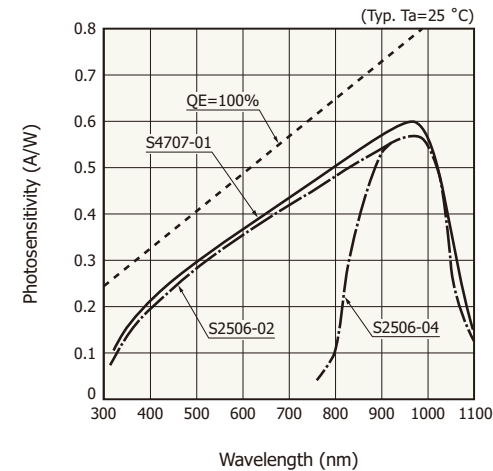
KPINB0349ED

[ S8385, S8729 series ]



KPINB0324EF

[ S4707-01, S2506 series ]





KPINB0354EC

Cutoff frequency

# 10 MHz to less than 100 MHz

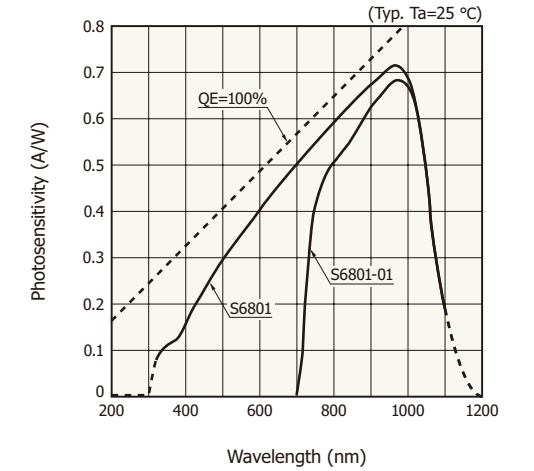
These are Si PIN photodiodes in a plastic package with a  $\phi 14$  mm lens. A visible-cut type is available.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Cutoff frequency VR=10 V (MHz)	Photosensitive area $\lambda=850$ nm (mm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)	Terminal capacitance f=1 MHz, VR=10 V (pF)	Package	Photo
			$\lambda=850$ nm			
<a href="#">S6801</a>	50	$\phi 14$ (lens diameter)	0.63	40	Plastic with $\phi 14$ mm lens	
<a href="#">S6968</a>			0.63	50		
<a href="#">S6801-01</a>	15		0.55	40	Plastic with $\phi 14$ mm lens (visible-cut type)	
<a href="#">S6968-01</a>			0.55	50		

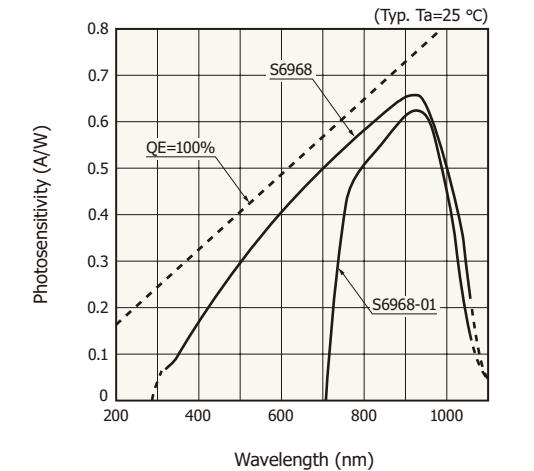
● Spectral response

[ S6801 series ]



KPINB0345EB

[ S6968 series ]











KPINB0214EB

Cutoff frequency

**10 MHz to less than 100 MHz**

Highly reliable metal package types are available.

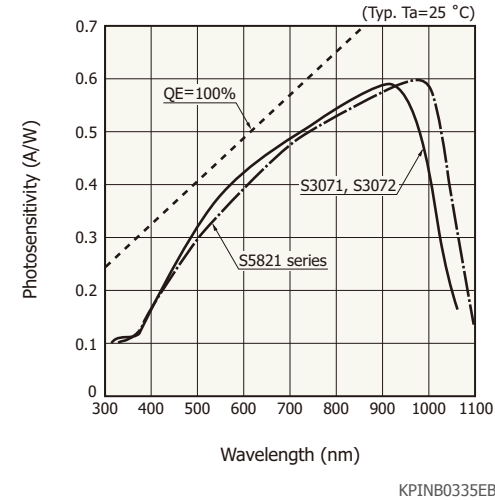
(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Cutoff frequency (MHz)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)		Terminal capacitance f=1 MHz (pF)	Package	Photo
			λ=660 nm	λ=780 nm			
<a href="#">S5821</a>	25 (VR=10 V)	φ1.2	0.45	0.52	3 (VR=10 V)	TO-18	
<a href="#">S5821-02</a>							
<a href="#">S5821-01</a>		φ4.65 (lens diameter)					
<a href="#">S5821-03</a>							
<a href="#">S1223</a>	30 (VR=20 V)	2.4 × 2.8	0.45	0.52	10 (VR=20 V)	TO-5	
<a href="#">S1223-01</a>	20 (VR=20 V)	3.6 × 3.6					
<a href="#">S3072</a>	45 (VR=24 V)	φ3	0.47	0.54	7 (VR=24 V)	TO-8	
<a href="#">S3071</a>	40 (VR=24 V)	φ5					
<a href="#">S12271*</a>	60 (VR=100 V)	φ4.1					0.5 (λ=960 nm)

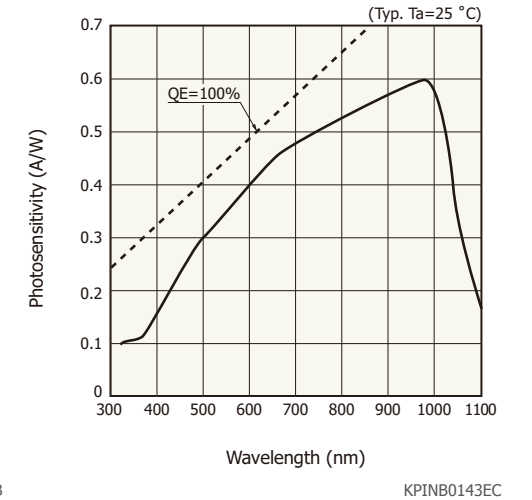
\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure (P.44)."

● Spectral response

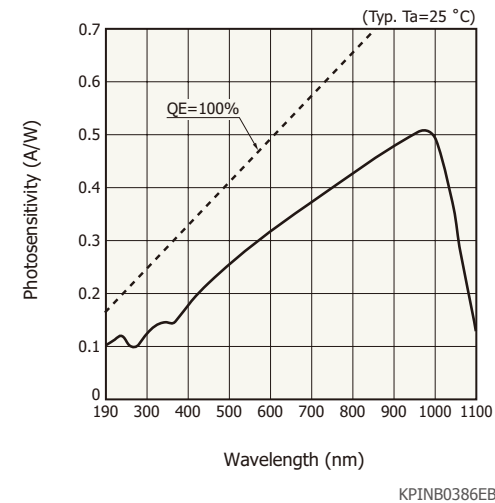
[ S5821 series, S3071, S3072 ]



[ S1223 series ]

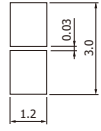

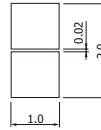

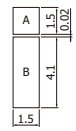
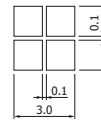
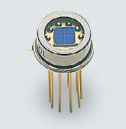


[ S12271 ]



# Segmented type Si PIN photodiodes

These Si PIN photodiodes consist of 2 or 4 elements having sensitivity in the UV to near infrared range.

Type no.	Number of elements	Photosensitive area (mm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)	Cutoff frequency $V_R=10\text{ V}$ , $R_L=50\ \Omega$ (MHz)	Dark current $V_R=10\text{ V}$ max. (nA)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=10\text{ V}$ , $f=1\text{ MHz}$ (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S3096-02</a>	2	1.2 × 3 /2-segment 	0.39 ( $\lambda=650\text{ nm}$ )	25	0.5*1	5	Plastic	
<a href="#">S4204</a>		1 × 2 /2-segment 	0.45 ( $\lambda=650\text{ nm}$ )	30	1*1	3		
<a href="#">S9345</a>		1.5 × 1.5 + 1.5 × 4.1 	0.45 ( $\lambda=650\text{ nm}$ )	15	5*1	4 (Photodiode A)		10 (Photodiode B)
<a href="#">S4349</a> *2	4	3 × 3 /4-segment 	0.45 ( $\lambda=720\text{ nm}$ )	20 ( $V_R=5\text{ V}$ )	0.2 ( $V_R=5\text{ V}$ )	25 ( $V_R=5\text{ V}$ )	TO-5	

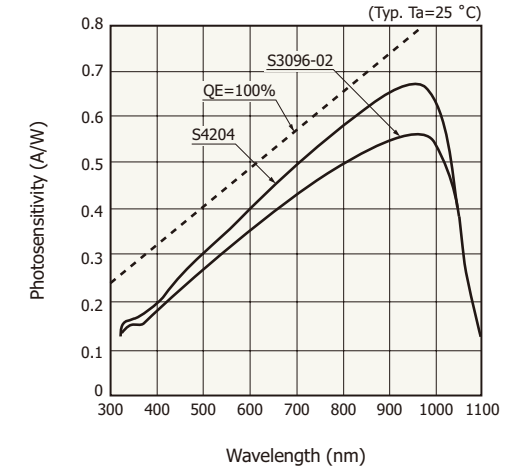
\*1: Total value of all elements

\*2: Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure ([P.44](#))."

(Typ.  $T_a=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

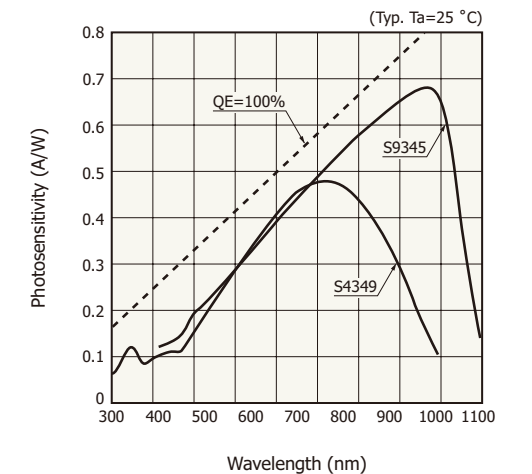
## ● Spectral response

[ S3096-02, S4204 ]



KMPDB0134EE

[ S9345, S4349 ]

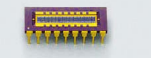
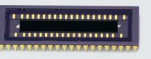
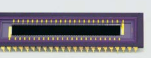
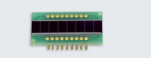


KPINB0468EA



# One-dimensional photodiode arrays

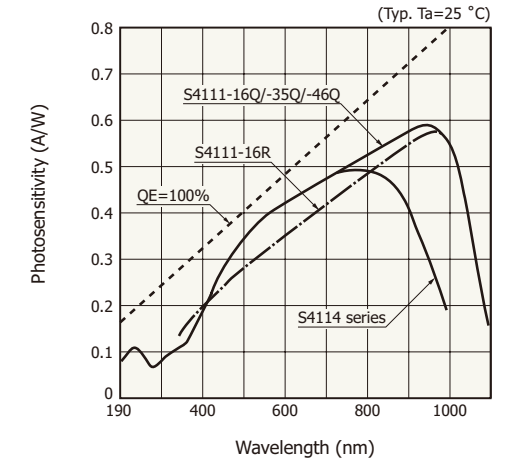
These one-dimensional photodiode arrays have rectangular photosensors equally spaced at a pitch of about 1 mm.

Type no.	Number of elements	Element pitch (mm)	Element size W x H (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=960$ nm (A/W)	Dark current $V_R=10$ mV max. (pA)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=0$ V, $f=10$ kHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S4111-16Q*</a>	16	1.0	0.9 x 1.45	190 to 1100	0.58	5	200	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S4111-16R</a>				340 to 1100					
<a href="#">S4111-35Q*</a>	35	1.0	0.9 x 4.4	190 to 1100	0.58	10	550	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S4111-46Q*</a>	46			190 to 1100					
<a href="#">S4114-35Q*</a>	35	1.0	0.9 x 4.4	190 to 1000	0.50 ( $\lambda=800$ nm)	60	35	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S4114-46Q*</a>	46			190 to 1000					
<a href="#">S12858-021</a>	16	1.17	0.77 x 2.5	340 to 1100	0.61 ( $\lambda=920$ nm)	30	30	Glass epoxy (unsealed)	
<a href="#">S12859-021</a>									
<a href="#">S11299-021</a>		1.575	1.175 x 2.0						
<a href="#">S11212-021</a>									
<a href="#">S12362-021</a>		2.5	2.2 x 2.7						
<a href="#">S12363-021</a>									

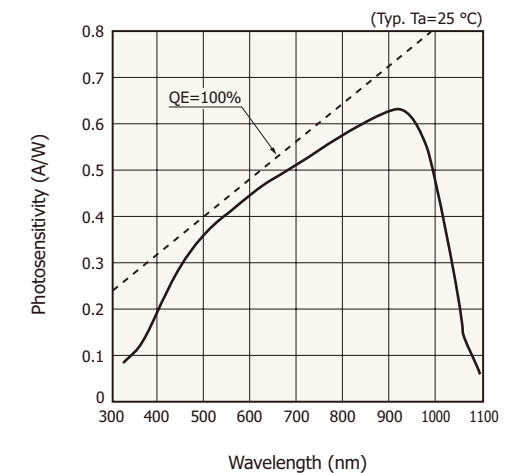
(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

## ● Spectral response

[ S4111/S4114 series ]



KMPDB0112EC

[ S12858/S12859/S12362/  
S12363/S11212/S11299-021 ]





KMPDB0357EB

\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure (P.44)."

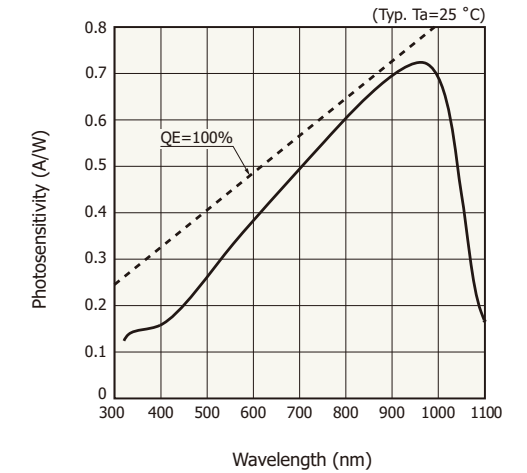
# High-speed response Si PIN photodiodes

These are photodiodes sealed in a chip carrier package suitable for surface mounting and allowed solder reflow mounting on PC boards for automated processes.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Cutoff frequency VR=10 V (MHz)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=960$ nm (A/W)	Terminal capacitance VR=10 V, f=1 MHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S5106</a>	20	5 × 5	320 to 1100	0.72	40	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S5107</a>	10	10 × 10			150		
<a href="#">S7509</a>	20	2 × 10			40		
<a href="#">S7510</a>	15	6 × 11			80		

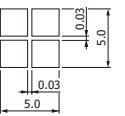

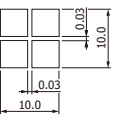

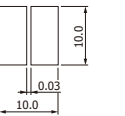

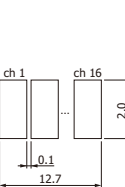


## ● Spectral response



KPINB0165EB

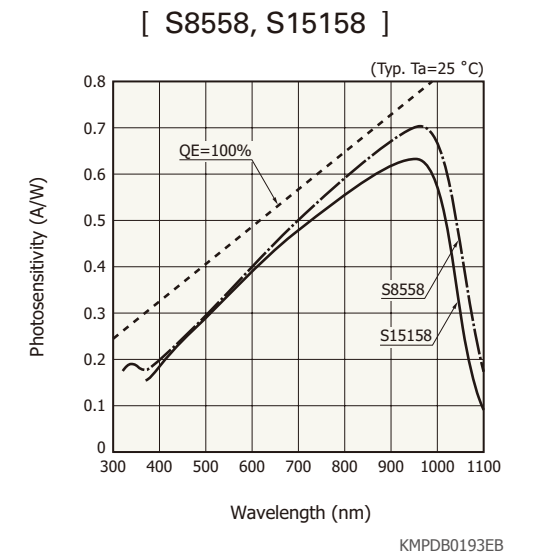
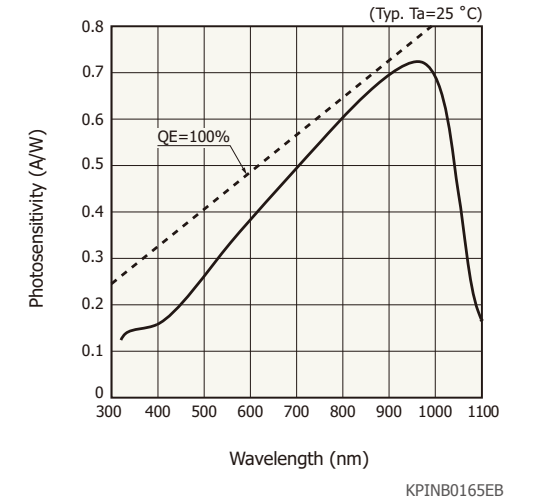
# Segment type Si photodiodes

These Si photodiodes consist of 2, 4 or 16 segments and are sealed in a chip carrier package suitable for surface mounting. They can be mounted using solder reflow, which facilitates automation.

Type no.	Number of elements	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=960$ nm (A/W)	Cutoff frequency $V_R=10$ V (MHz)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=10$ V, $f=1$ MHz (pF)	Package	Photo		
<a href="#">S5980</a>	4	5 × 5 /4-segment 	320 to 1100	0.72	25	10	Ceramic			
<a href="#">S5981</a>		10 × 10 /4-segment 			20	35				
<a href="#">S5870</a>	2	10 × 10 /2-segment 			10	50				
<a href="#">S8558</a>	16	2 × 12.7 /16-segment 			25	5		60 (total value of all elements)	Glass epoxy	
<a href="#">S15158</a>										

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)




## ● Spectral response [ S5980, S5981, S5870 ]



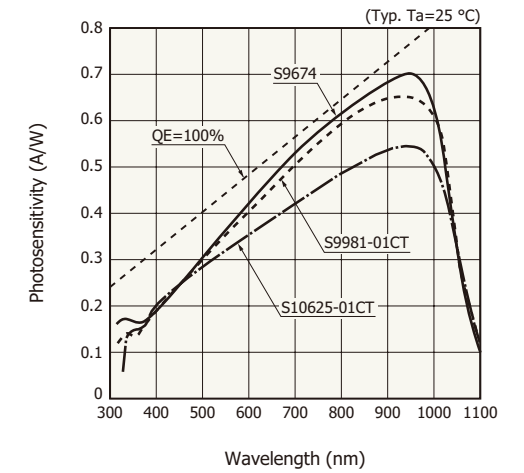
# Small plastic package Si photodiodes

These surface mount type Si photodiodes are mounted on small plastic packages. They can be mounted with solder reflow, and are easily automated because they are tape packaged.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=960$ nm (A/W)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=0$ V $f=10$ kHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S9674</a>	2 × 2	320 to 1100	0.7	500	Glass epoxy	
<a href="#">S9981-01CT</a>	1.3 × 1.3		0.65	200		
<a href="#">S10625-01CT</a>			0.54 ( $\lambda=940$ nm)			

## ● Spectral response








KSPDB0315EC

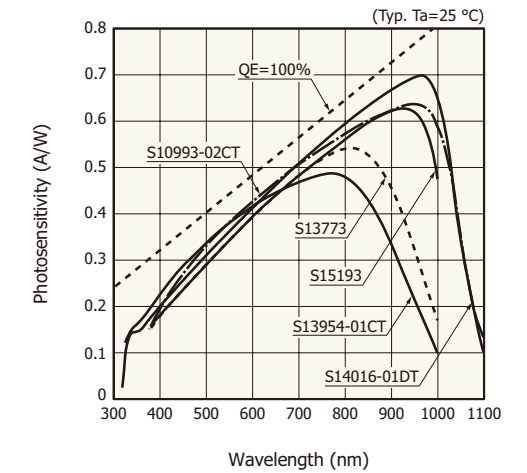
# Small plastic package Si PIN photodiodes

These surface mount type Si PIN photodiodes are mounted on small plastic packages. They can be mounted with solder reflow, and are easily automated because they are tape packaged.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=960$ nm (A/W)	Terminal capacitance f=1 MHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S13773</a>	$\phi 0.8$	380 to 1000	0.54 ( $\lambda=800$ nm)	3 (VR=10 V)	Glass epoxy	
<a href="#">S15193</a>			0.64 ( $\lambda=920$ nm)	2 (VR=10 V)		
<a href="#">S10993-02CT</a>	1.06 × 1.06	380 to 1100	0.6	6 (VR=2.5 V)		
<a href="#">S13954-01CT</a>	$\phi 1.5$	320 to 1000	0.5 ( $\lambda=780$ nm)	13 (VR=3 V)		
<a href="#">S14016-01DT</a>	2.1 × 1.8	320 to 1100	0.7	12 (VR=5 V)	Plastic	

## ● Spectral response








KSPD-  
B0318EF

# Si photodiodes with preamp

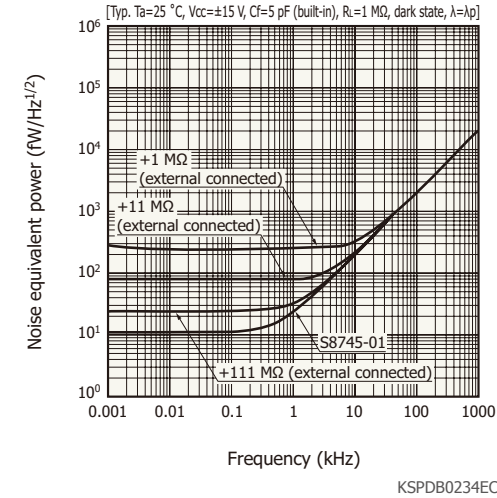
These are low noise photosensors incorporating a large area Si photodiode, preamp and feedback capacitor.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

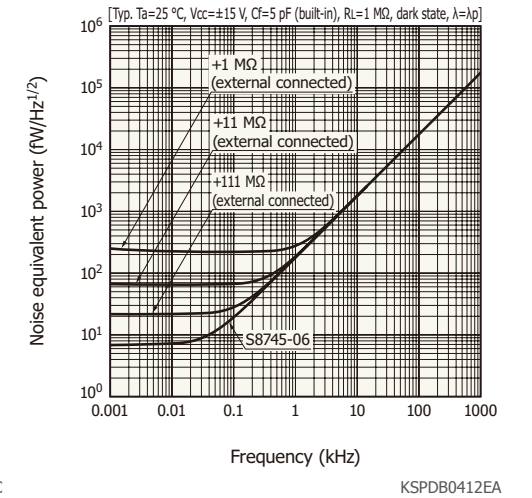
Type no.	Cooling temperature ΔT (°C)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity (V/nW)		Noise equivalent power λ=λp, f=10 Hz (fW/Hz <sup>1/2</sup> )	Built-in feedback resistance (GΩ)	Package	Photo
				λ=200 nm	λ=960 nm				
<a href="#">S8745-01*</a>	Non-cooled	2.4 × 2.4	190 to 1100	0.12	0.52	11	1	Metal	
<a href="#">S8745-06</a>			340 to 1100	-	0.6	8			
<a href="#">S8746-01*</a>		5.8 × 5.8	190 to 1100	0.12	0.52	15			
<a href="#">S9295*</a>	50	10 × 10	190 to 1100	0.9	5.1	4	10		
<a href="#">S9295-01*</a>	30					5			

\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure (P.44)."

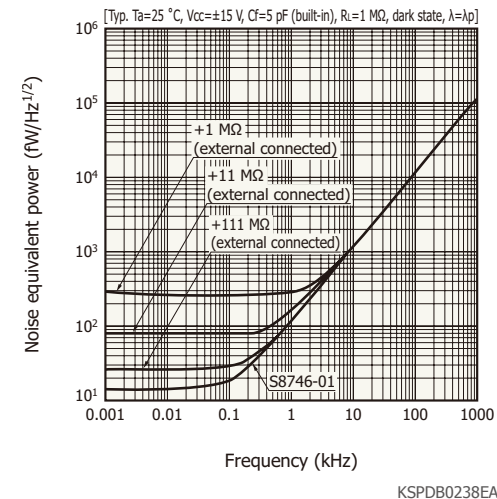
## ● Noise equivalent power vs. frequency [ S8745-01 ]



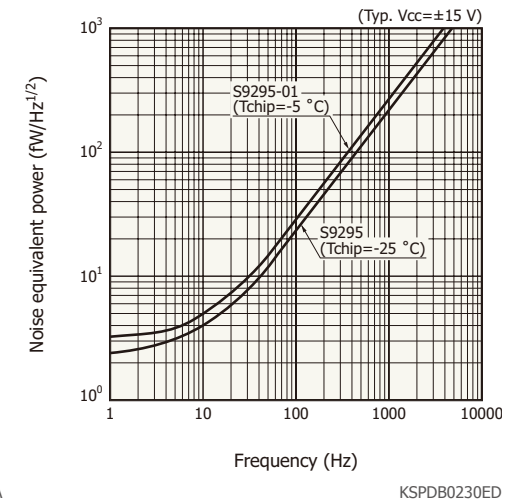
## [ S8745-06 ]



## [ S8746-01 ]



## [ S9295 series ]

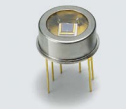





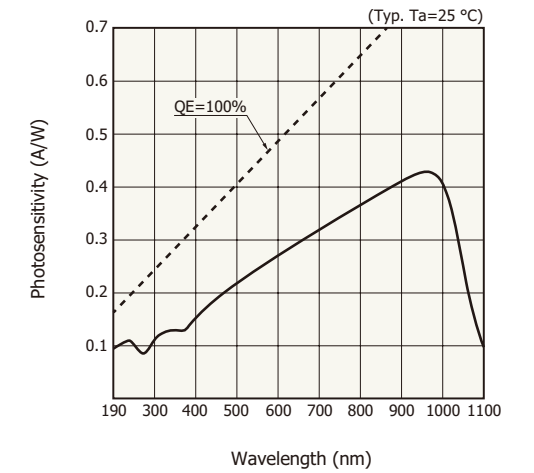
# TE-cooled type Si photodiodes

These photosensors combine a UV to near infrared Si photodiode with a TE-cooler and deliver low dark current.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Cooling temperature $\Delta T$ (°C)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Dark current $V_R=10$ mV (pA)	Noise equivalent power (W/Hz <sup>1/2</sup> )	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S2592-03*</a>	35	2.4 × 2.4	190 to 1100	960	10	$8.1 \times 10^{-15}$	TO-8	
<a href="#">S2592-04*</a>		5.8 × 5.8			25	$1.3 \times 10^{-14}$		
<a href="#">S3477-03*</a>		2.4 × 2.4			10	$8.1 \times 10^{-15}$	TO-66	
<a href="#">S3477-04*</a>		5.8 × 5.8			25	$1.3 \times 10^{-14}$		

## ● Spectral response











KSPDB0182EC

\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure (P.44)."

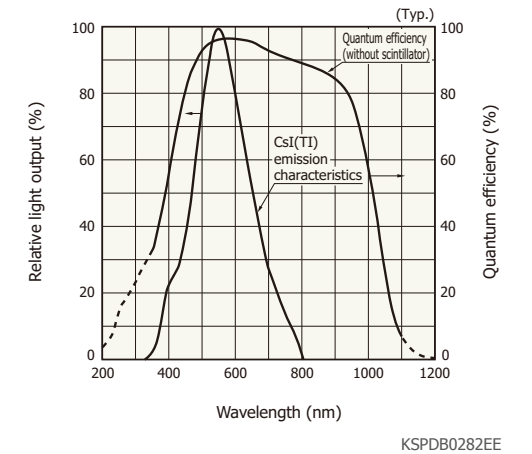
# Si photodiodes with scintillator

GOS ceramic scintillators realize high reliability and 1.2 times higher sensitivity compared to CWO. CsI realizes high sensitivity and low cost.

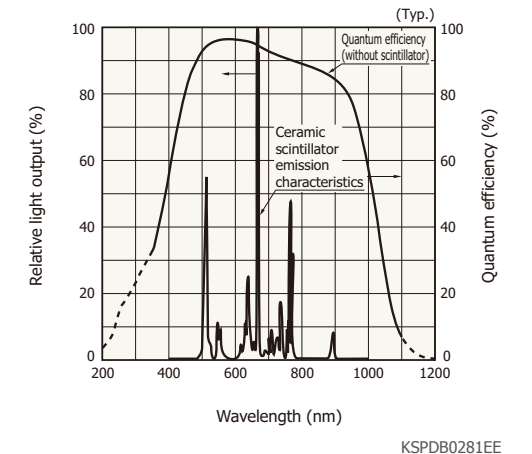
● Emission spectrum of scintillator and spectral response  
[ S12858/S12859-122 ]

Type no.	Scintillator	Number of elements	Element pitch (mm)	Element size W × H (mm)	Dark current max. VR=10 mV (pA)	X-ray sensitivity*1 (nA)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S8559</a>	CsI(Tl)	1	-	5.8 × 5.8	50	52	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S8193</a>	GOS ceramic					30		
<a href="#">S12858-122</a> *2	CsI(Tl)	16	1.17	0.77 × 2.5	30	5.0	Glass epoxy	
<a href="#">S12859-122</a> *2								
<a href="#">S12858-324</a> *2	GOS ceramic					2.5		
<a href="#">S12859-324</a> *2								
<a href="#">S12858-422</a> *2	Phosphor sheet					2.2		
<a href="#">S12859-422</a> *2								

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)



[ S12858/S12859-324 ]



\*1: Reference value (X-ray tube voltage: 120 kV, tube current: 1.0 mA, aluminum filter: t=6 mm, distance: 830 mm), The X-ray sensitivity value depends on conditions such as the equipment.

\*2: These are back-illuminated types, so they have a high reliability structure with no wires on the incident surface side. They realize superb sensitivity uniformity more than our previous products.

# Si photodiodes with scintillator

These are back-illuminated types, so they have a high reliability structure with no wires on the incident surface side. They realize superb sensitivity uniformity more than our previous products.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

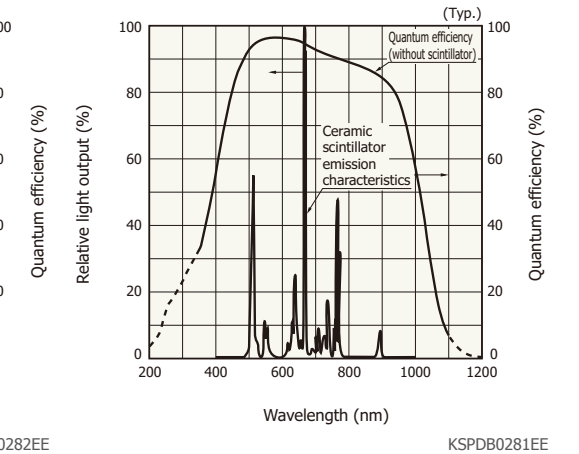
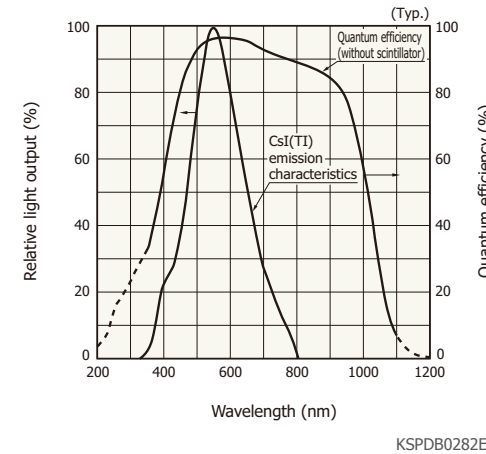
Type no.	Scintillator	Number of elements	Element pitch (mm)	Element size W x H (mm)	Dark current max. VR=10 mV (pA)	X-ray sensitivity* (nA)	Package	Photo					
<a href="#">S11299-121</a>	CsI(Tl)	16	1.575	1.175 x 2.0	30	6.0	Glass epoxy						
<a href="#">S11212-121</a>													
<a href="#">S11299-321</a>	GOS ceramic					3.5							
<a href="#">S11212-321</a>													
<a href="#">S11299-422</a>	Phosphor sheet					3.0							
<a href="#">S11212-422</a>													
<a href="#">S12362-121</a>	CsI(Tl)					16		2.5	2.2 x 2.7	50	12.5	Glass epoxy	
<a href="#">S12363-121</a>													
<a href="#">S12362-321</a>	GOS ceramic										7.2		
<a href="#">S12363-321</a>													
<a href="#">S12362-421</a>	Phosphor sheet	6.0											
<a href="#">S12363-421</a>													

\* Reference value (X-ray tube voltage: 120 kV, tube current: 1.0 mA, aluminum filter: t=6 mm, distance: 830 mm)  
The X-ray sensitivity value depends on conditions such as the equipment.

## Emission spectrum of scintillator and spectral response

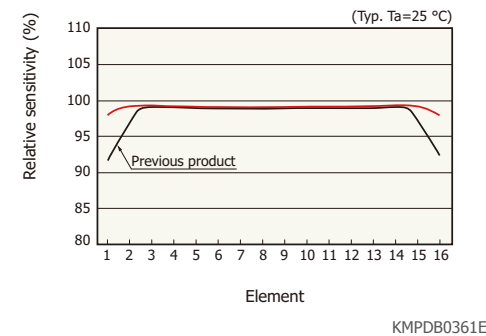
[ S11299/S11212/S12362/S12363-121 ]

[ S11299/S11212/S12362/S12363-321 ]



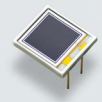
## Sensitivity uniformity

[ S11212/S11299 series ]



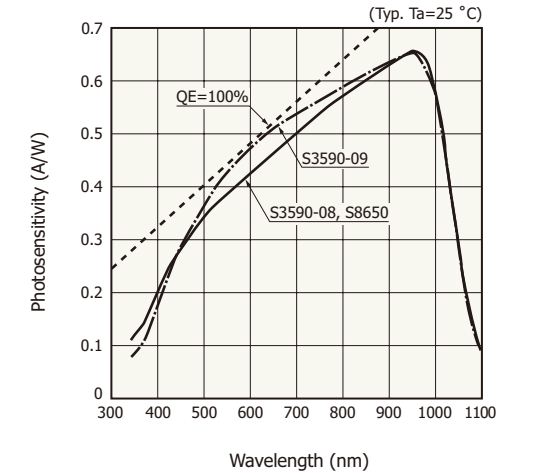
# Large-area Si PIN photodiodes

These are photosensors for high energy physics, mainly used with a scintillator being coupled. The S3590-18/19 are violet sensitivity enhanced type and the S3590-19 is an unsealed type. The S8650 is a type in which the epoxy resin surface is processed flat to improve coupling with the scintillator.

Type no.	Window material	Photosensitive area (mm)	Depletion layer thickness $V_R=70\text{ V}$ (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=960\text{ nm}$ (A/W)	Dark current max. $V_R=70\text{ V}$ (nA)	Terminal capacitance $V_R=70\text{ V}, f=1\text{ MHz}$ (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S3590-08</a>	Epoxy resin	10 × 10	0.3	340 to 1100	0.66	6	40	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S3590-09</a>	Unsealed								
<a href="#">S3590-18</a>	Epoxy resin								
<a href="#">S3590-19</a>	Unsealed								
<a href="#">S8650</a>	Epoxy resin								

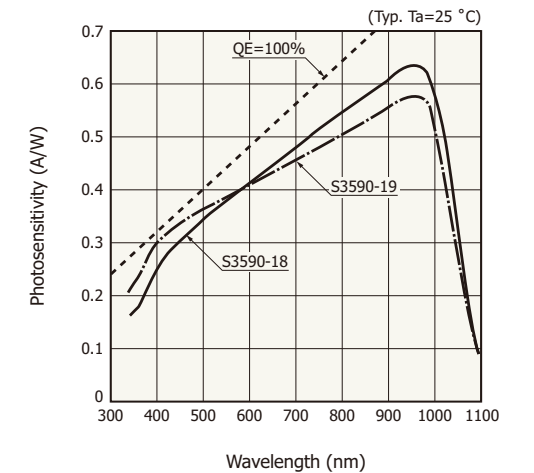
(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

## ● Spectral response [ S3590-08, S3590-09, S8650 ]



KSPDB0424EA

## [ S3590-18/-19 ]

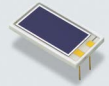
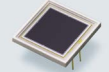
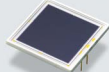



KPINB0322EC

# Large-area Si PIN photodiodes

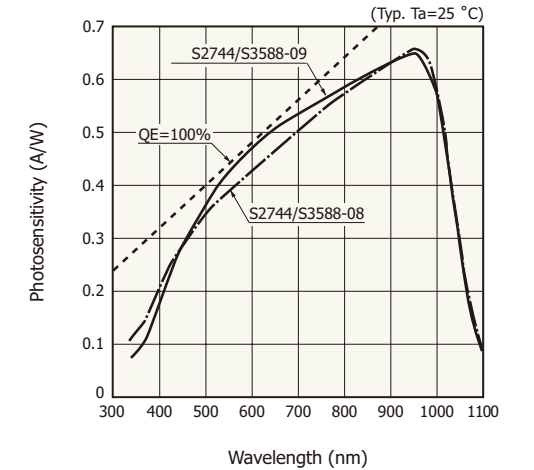
These are photosensors for high energy physics, mainly used with a scintillator being coupled. A long and narrow shape type is also available.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Window material	Photosensitive area (mm)	Depletion layer thickness VR=70 V (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Photosensitivity λ=960 nm (A/W)	Dark current max. VR=70 V (nA)	Terminal capacitance VR=70 V, f=1 MHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S2744-08</a>	Epoxy resin	10 × 20	0.3	340 to 1100	0.66	10	85	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S2744-09</a>	Unsealed								
<a href="#">S3204-08</a>	Epoxy resin	18 × 18				20	130		
<a href="#">S3204-09</a>	Unsealed								
<a href="#">S3584-08</a>	Epoxy resin	28 × 28				30	300		
<a href="#">S3584-09</a>	Unsealed								
<a href="#">S3588-08</a>	Epoxy resin	3 × 30				10	40		
<a href="#">S3588-09</a>	Unsealed								

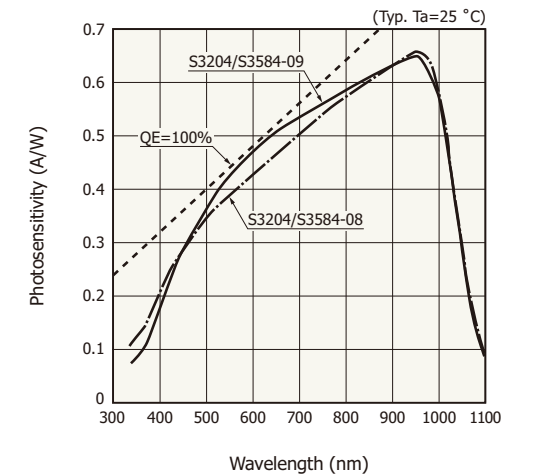
## ● Spectral response

[ S2744/S3588 series ]



KPINB0265EE

[ S3204/S3584 series ]





KPINB0277EC

# Large area Si PIN photodiodes for direct radiation detection

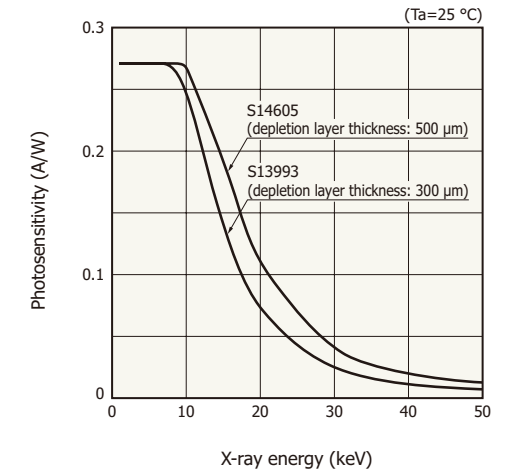
These are unsealed type large-area Si PIN photodiodes for direct radiation detection. They can detect high-energy radiation with high efficiency.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Window material	Photosensitive area (mm)	Depletion layer thickness (mm)	X-ray energy max. (keV)	Dark current max. (nA)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S13993*</a>	None	10 × 10	0.3	50	6	Ceramic	
<a href="#">S14605</a>		9 × 9	0.5		30		

\* Photosensitive area: Al coated

## • Photosensitivity vs. X-ray energy (theoretical value)

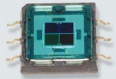






KPINB0441EA

# RGB color sensors

These are three-color sensors in one package, containing photodiodes, each of which is sensitive to one of blue, green, or red.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

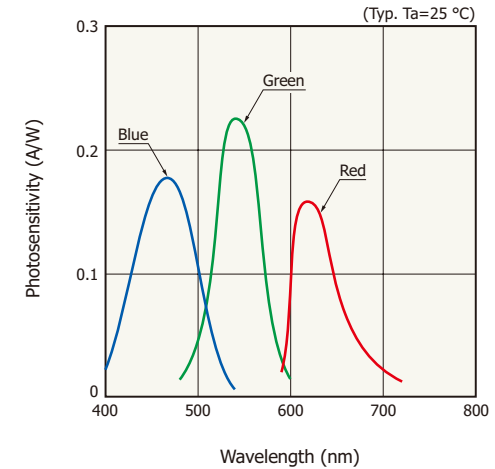
Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)		Peak spectral response (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=\lambda_p$ (A/W)		Dark current $V_R=1V$ Total value of all elements max. (pA)	Photosensitive area (mm)		Package	Photo
	Blue	Green	Red	Blue	Green		Blue	Green		
<a href="#">S7505-01</a>	Blue	400 to 540	460	Blue	0.18	200	Blue	1.5 × 1.5 (× 2)	Plastic	
	Green	480 to 600	540	Green	0.23		Green	1.5 × 1.5		
	Red	590 to 720	620	Red	0.16		Red	1.5 × 1.5		
<a href="#">S9032-02*1</a>	Blue	400 to 540	460	Blue	0.18	100	$\phi 2/3$ -segment		Plastic	
	Green	480 to 600	540	Green	0.23					
	Red	590 to 720	620	Red	0.16					
<a href="#">S9702*1</a>	Blue	400 to 540	460	Blue	0.18	50	1 × 1/3-segment		Plastic	
	Green	480 to 600	540	Green	0.23					
	Red	590 to 720	620	Red	0.16					
<a href="#">S10917-35GT</a>	Blue	390 to 530	460	Blue	0.2	50	1 × 1/3-segment		Glass epoxy	
	Green	470 to 600	540	Green	0.23					
	Red	590 to 680	620	Red	0.17					
<a href="#">S10942-01CT</a>	Refer to the spectral response.			Blue	0.21*2	50	1 × 1/3-segment		Glass epoxy	
				Green	0.25*2					
				Red	0.45*2					

\*1: There is a risk that the glass filter may fall off if there are excessive forces or continuous vibration. Please secure the glass filter with a holder and the like.

\*2: Blue:  $\lambda=460$  nm, green:  $\lambda=540$  nm, red:  $\lambda=640$  nm

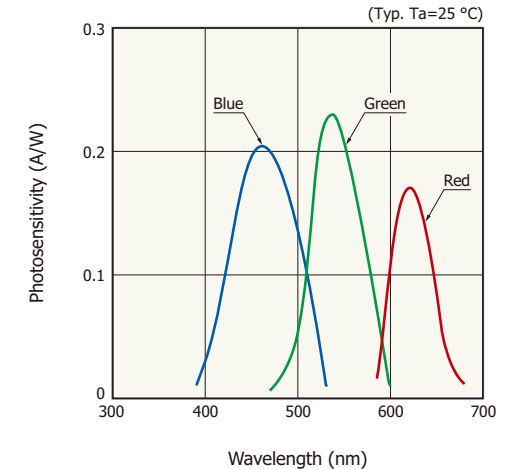
## • Spectral response

[ S7505-01, S9032-02, S9702 ]



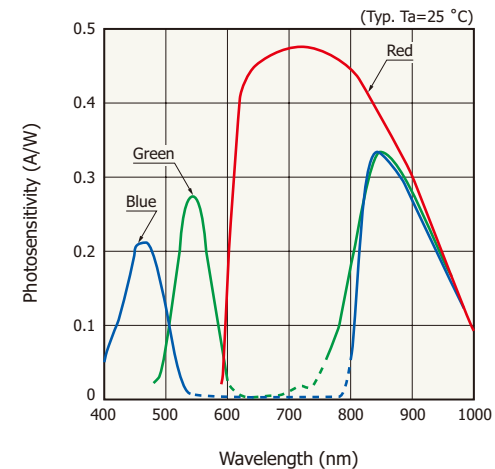
KMPDB0217ED

[ S10917-35GT ]



KSPDB0295EC

[ S10942-01CT ]



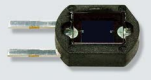
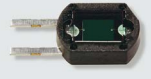
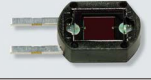
KSPDB0287EB

This sensor also has sensitivity in the infrared region, so cut off infrared light as needed.

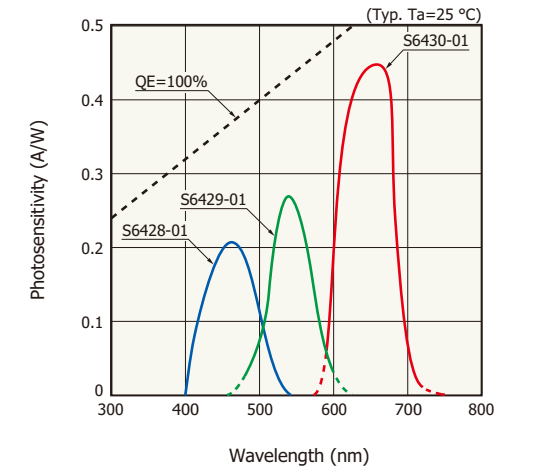
# RGB color sensors

The S6428-01, S6429-01 and S6430-01 are monochromatic color sensors sensitive to blue, green and red light, respectively.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=\lambda_p$ (A/W)	Dark current $V_R=1\text{ V}$ max. (pA)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S6428-01</a>	400 to 540	460	0.22	20	2.4 x 2.8	Plastic	
<a href="#">S6429-01</a>	480 to 600	540	0.27				
<a href="#">S6430-01</a>	590 to 720	660	0.45				

## ● Spectral response






KSPDB0280ED



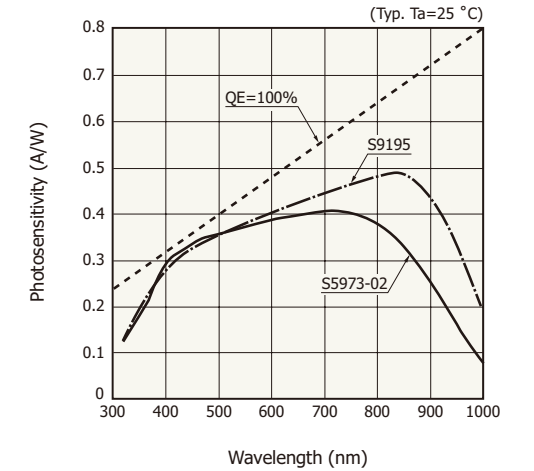
# Violet and blue sensitivity enhanced type

These are photodiodes for violet and blue laser diode detection.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

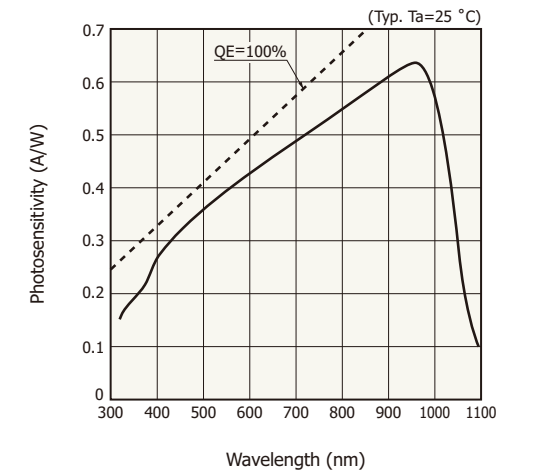
Type no.	Cutoff frequency (MHz)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity (A/W)	Dark current max. (nA)	Terminal capacitance f=1 MHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S5973-02</a>	1 GHz (VR=3.3 V)	φ0.4	760	0.3 (λ=410 nm)	0.1 (VR=3.3 V)	1.6 (VR=3.3 V)	TO-18	
<a href="#">S9195</a>	50 (VR=10 V)	5 × 5	840	0.28 (λ=405 nm)	5 (VR=10 V)	60 (VR=10 V)	TO-8	
<a href="#">S3994-01</a>	20 (VR=30 V)	10 × 10	960	0.25 (λ=400 nm)	10 (VR=30 V)	40 (VR=30 V)	Ceramic	

● Spectral response [ S5973-02, S9195 ]



KSPDB0425EA

[ S3994-01 ]

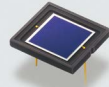
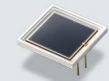


KPINB0198EB

# For vacuum ultraviolet (VUV)


## For monitoring

They have sensitivity in the vacuum ultraviolet region and are especially suitable for excimer laser (ArF: 193 nm, KrF: 248 nm) monitor. (Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Photosensitivity $\lambda=193$ nm (A/W)	Dark current VR=10 mV max. (nA)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S8552*</a>	0.06	1.0	10 × 10	Ceramic (unsealed)	
<a href="#">S8553*</a>		5.0	18 × 18		

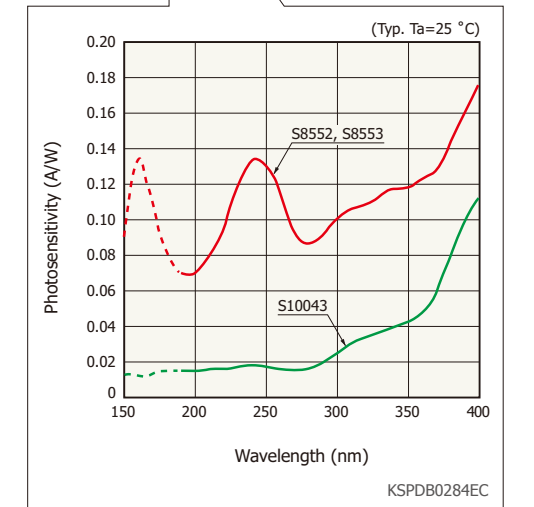
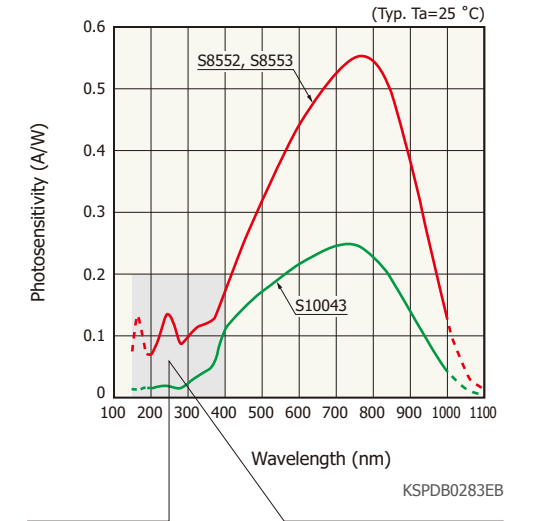
## High reliability type

This is greatly improved in sensitivity stability even after exposure to ArF excimer laser. (Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Photosensitivity $\lambda=193$ nm (A/W)	Dark current VR=10 mV max. (nA)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S10043*</a>	0.015	1.0	10 × 10	Ceramic (unsealed)	

\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure ① (P.44)."




## Spectral response



# For monochromatic light detection

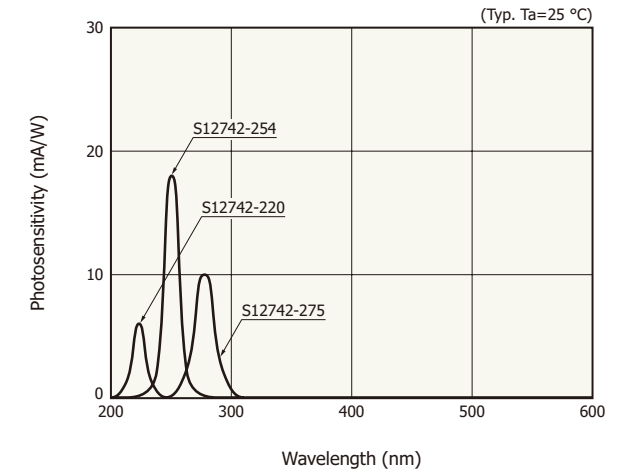
This photosensor uses an interference filter and has high sensitivity only to monochromatic light.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Spectral response half width (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda$ =center wavelength (mA/W)	Dark current $V_R=10$ mV max. (pA)	Photosensitive area (mm)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S12742-220*</a>	220	10	6	25	3.61 × 3.61	TO-5	
<a href="#">S12742-254*</a>	254		18				
<a href="#">S12742-275*</a>	275		10				

\* Refer to "Precautions against UV light exposure (P.44)."

## ● Spectral response




KSPDB0390EA

Note: We also offer other wavelength types, such as center wavelength 340 nm or 560 nm (made-to-order products).

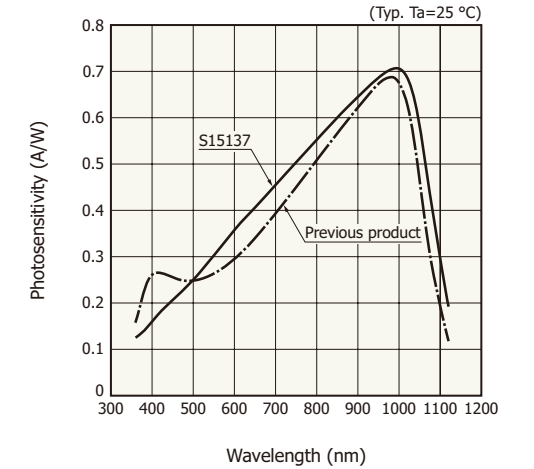
# For YAG laser detection

This is a Si PIN photodiode developed for YAG lasers (1.06 μm).

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

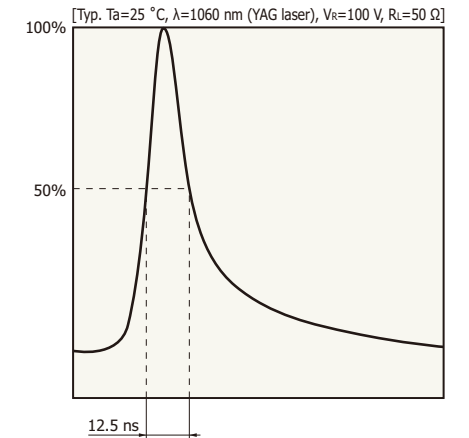
Type no.	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity λ=1060 nm (A/W)	Dark current VR=100 V max. (nA)	Rise time λ=1060 nm VR=100 V, RL=50 Ω (ns)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S15137</a>	φ5	360 to 1120	1000	0.52	10	12.5	TO-8	

## ● Spectral response



KPINB0443EB

## ● Response waveform

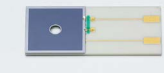
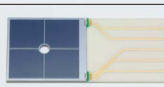


KPINB0280EB

# For electron beam detection

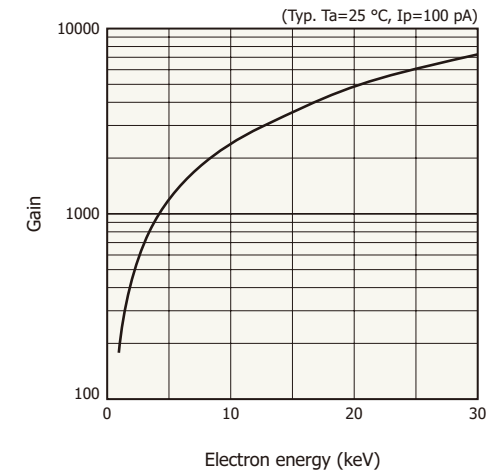
These photodiodes directly detect low energy (1 keV or more) electron beams with high sensitivity. The structure with an extremely thin dead layer (insensitive layer) makes these photodiodes suitable for backscattered electron detection for scanning electron microscope (SEM).

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Incident electron energy range (keV)	Output current (nA)	Dark current VR=5 V max. (nA)	Terminal capacitance VR=5 V (pF)	Cutoff frequency VR=5 V (MHz)	Electron multiplying gain	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S11141-10</a>	1 to 30	30 (Electron energy 1.5 keV Ip*=100 pA)	60	450	2.5	300 (Electron energy 1.5 keV)	Thin ceramic (unsealed)	
<a href="#">S11142-10</a>				200	5			

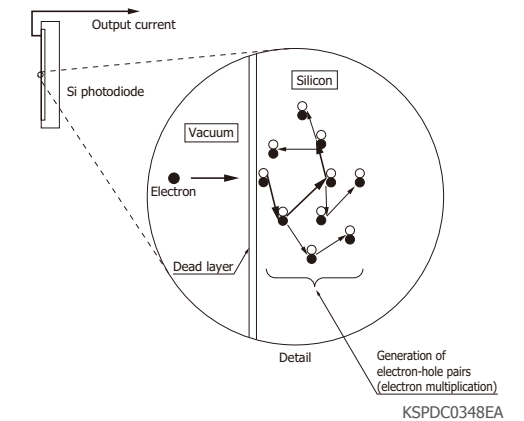
\* Probe current

## ● Gain vs. electron energy



KSPDB0344EA

## ● Electron multiplication principle





Ionization occurs in silicon as electrons pass through the silicon. This ionization process generates a large number of electron-hole pairs that then multiply the number of electrons. The electron multiplication can boost the output current by approximately 300 times at an input electron energy of 1.5 keV

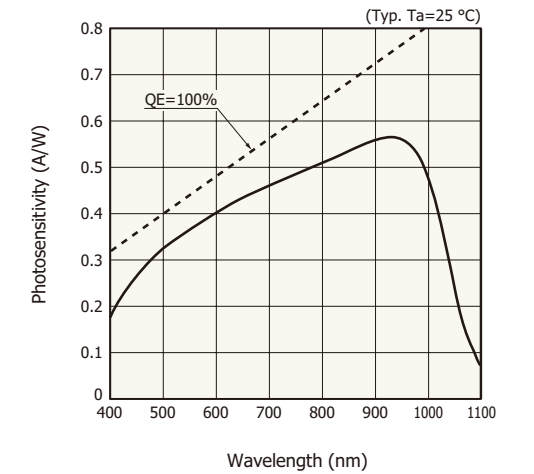
# PWB package type with leads

These are Si photodiodes suitable for non-destructive inspection of baggage and the like and general industrial measurement. As they are back-illuminated photodiodes, photosensitive area does not have wires, and therefore a scintillator can be mounted directly on the photodiode.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=920$ nm (A/W)	Short circuit current 100 lx 2856 K ( $\mu$ A)	Terminal capacitance VR=0 V f=10 kHz (pF)	Photo
<a href="#">S12497</a>	9.5 × 9.5	400 to 1100	920	0.57	75	950	
<a href="#">S12498</a>	6 × 6				30	380	

## ● Spectral response






KSPDB0360EC

# CSP type


## Single element

These are back-illuminated photodiodes employing a CSP (chip size package) that allows direct coupling of a scintillator on the chip. They are designed with minimal dead space around the product. This makes it possible to arrange multiple products in a tiled format. (Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Photosensitive area (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=920$ nm (A/W)	Short circuit current 100 lx 2856 K ( $\mu$ A)	Terminal capacitance VR=0 V f=10 kHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S13955-01</a>	7.37 × 7.37	400 to 1100	960	0.61	46	500	PWB (unsealed)	
<a href="#">S13956-01</a>	2.5 × 2.5							
<a href="#">S13957-01</a>	4.5 × 4.5							

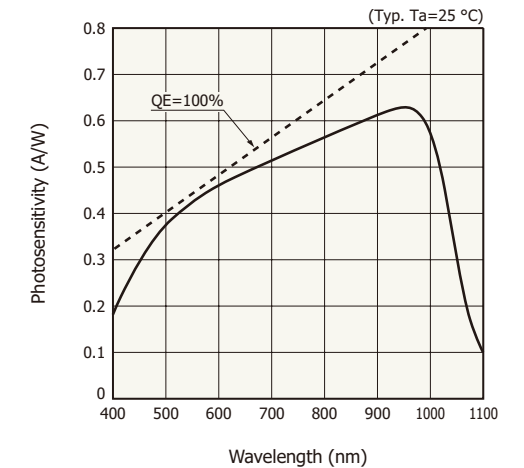
## 64-element Si photodiode array

This is an 8 × 8 element Si photodiode array with a back-illuminated structure for X-ray non-destructive inspection. A scintillator can be directly coupled on the chip. (Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Number of elements	Element pitch (mm)	Element size W × H (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak spectral response (nm)	Photosensitivity $\lambda=920$ nm (A/W)	Short circuit current 100 lx 2856 K ( $\mu$ A)	Terminal capacitance VR=0 V f=10 kHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S13620-02</a>	64 (8 × 8)	3.0	2.5 × 2.5	400 to 1100	960	0.61	5.5	60	PWB (unsealed)	

## ● Spectral response

[ S13955/S13956/S13957-01,  
S13620-02 ]




KSPDB0367EB

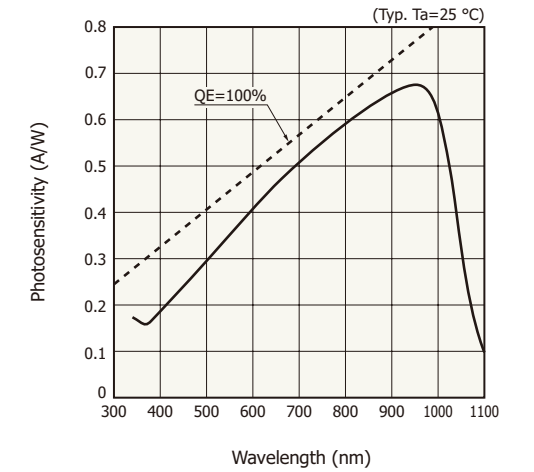
# 6-element array for encoder

This is a surface mount type 6-element Si PIN photodiode. The 6 elements are separated, so this product is suitable for incremental encoders.

(Typ. Ta=25 °C)

Type no.	Number of elements	Element size W × H (mm)	Spectral response range (nm)	Peak sensitivity wavelength (nm)	Photosensitivity λ=960 nm (A/W)	Terminal capacitance VR=10 V f=10 kHz (pF)	Package	Photo
<a href="#">S14833</a>	6	2.76 × 1.37	340 to 1100	960	0.68	9	Glass epoxy	






## ● Spectral response







KMPDB0570EA



# Related products

Product name	Overview	Type no.	Photo
Color sensor evaluation circuit	Evaluation board of Hamamatsu color sensor	<a href="#">C9331</a>	
Driver circuit for Si photodiode array	Driver circuit for 16-element photodiode array	<a href="#">C9004</a>	
Photodiode module	High-precision photodetectors that integrate a photodiode and I/V amplifier	<a href="#">C10439 series</a>	
Signal processing unit for photodiode module	Converts the output from a photodiode module into digital signals	<a href="#">C10475</a>	
PSD module	A high-precision position sensitive module with a 4-segment photodiode and a low-noise amplifier	<a href="#">C10443-06</a>	

Product name	Overview	Type no.	Photo
Photosensor amplifier	For low-level light	Digital output function, current-to-voltage conversion amplifier with low noise	<a href="#">C9329</a> 
	With optical fiber	Optical fiber compatible, optical-to-voltage conversion amplifier (with built-in photosensor)	<a href="#">C6386-01</a> 
	High-speed type	High speed, current-to-voltage conversion amplifier	<a href="#">C8366 series</a> 
	Compact board type	Current-to-voltage conversion amplifier for low-level light, made easy to incorporate	<a href="#">C9051</a> 

# Related information

## Precautions

- [Disclaimer](#)
- [Metal, ceramic, plastic package products](#)
- [Surface mount type products](#)
- [Unsealed products](#)
- Precautions against UV light exposure

① When UV light irradiation is applied, the product characteristics may degrade. Such examples include degradation of the product's UV sensitivity and increase in dark current. This phenomenon varies depending on the irradiation level, irradiation intensity, usage time, and ambient environment and also varies depending on the product model. Before employing the product, we recommend that you check the tolerance under the ultraviolet light environment that the product will be used in.

② Exposure to UV light may cause the characteristics to degrade due to gas released from the resin bonding the product's component materials. As such, we recommend that you avoid applying UV light directly on the resin and apply it on only the inside of the photosensitive area by using an aperture or the like.

## Technical notes

- [Si photodiodes](#)
- [X-ray detectors](#)
- [Si detectors for high energy particles](#)

● [Inquiries from online](#)

[www.hamamatsu.com](http://www.hamamatsu.com)

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KSPD0001E18 Aug. 2022 DN

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