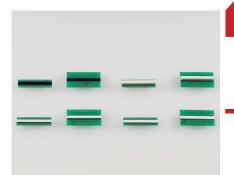


PHOTON IS OUR BUSINESS

16-element Si photodiode arrays



S12362/S12363 series

Back-illuminated photodiode arrays for X-ray nondestructive inspection (element pitch: 2.5 mm)

The S12362/S12363 series is a back-illuminated type 16-element photodiode array specifically designed for non-destructive X-ray inspection. The back-illuminated photodiode array is also simple to handle and easily couples to scintillators without having to worry about wire damage because there are no bonding wires and photosensitive areas on the back side.

Features

- Spectral response range: 340 to 1100 nm
- **■** Element size: 2.2 (W) × 2.7 (H) mm/one element
- Element pitch: 2.5 mm (× 16 pixels)
- Mounted on two kinds of board size: 40.4 (W) × 10.2 (H) mm, 40.4 (W) × 20.0 (H) mm
- Long and narrow format by multiple arrays
- Supports dual energy imaging (When used in an upper and lower two-layer combination. See page 7.)

Applications

X-ray non-destructive inspection, etc.

Selection guide

| | Number | | Element size | Board size | Scintillator | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Type no. | of elements | pitch (mm) | W × H (mm) | W × H (mm) | Туре | Afterglow*1 | Crosstalk*1 | Application example |
| S12362-021*2 | | 6 2.5 | 2.2 × 2.7 | 40.4 × 10.2 | None | - | - | General photometry |
| S12363-021*2 | | | | 40.4×20.0 | | | | |
| S12362-121 | | | | 40.4×10.2 | CsI(TI) | Large | Low | X-ray non-destructive inspection of slow-moving objects (baggage inspection, etc.) |
| S12363-121 | 16 | | | 40.4 × 20.0 | | | | |
| S12362-321 | | | | 40.4×10.2 | GOS ceramic | Small | Low | X-ray non-destructive inspection of fast- |
| S12363-321 | | | | 40.4 × 20.0 | | | | moving objects (baggage inspection, etc.) |
| S12362-421 | | | | 40.4×10.2 | Phosphor sheet Small | Small | High | X-ray non-destructive inspection (at low |
| S12363-421 | | | | 40.4×20.0 | | Silidii | riigii | X-ray energy) |

^{*1:} Relative characteristics when three types of scintillators are compared

Note: The S12362/S12363 series are also compatible with other scintillators than those listed in the above table (custom made devices). Please consult our sales office.

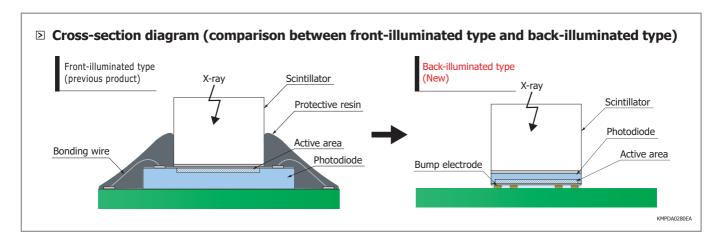
Precautions

CsI(TI) scintillator of the S12362/S12363-121 has deliquescence. Avoid storing or using the S12362/S12363-121 at high humidity.

^{*2:} This photodiode array as it is does not function as an X-ray detector. An appropriate scintillator or phosphor sheet should be added at user's side.

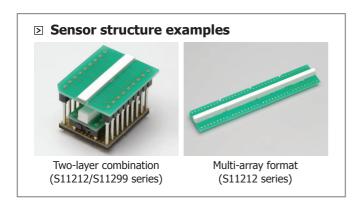
Feature 01 Back-illuminated type

The S12362/S12363 series photodiode arrays have a back-illuminated type structure. This structure uses no fragile easily-broken bonding wires since the photodiode array output terminals are directly connected by bump bonding to the electrodes on the board. This structure is robust since the board wiring is laid out within the board. The photodiode surface for coupling the scintillator has no bonding wires or photosensitive areas, so there is less risk of damaging the photodiode array. The S12362/S12363 series is also resistant to effects from temperature cycle and so ensures high reliability.



Feature 02 Multiple applications

The S12362/S12363 series supports dual energy imaging. To simultaneously detect high energy X-rays and low energy X-rays, the S12362/S12363 series is designed so that two photodiode arrays, each with a different scintillator, are combined in an upper and lower two-layer format. Arranging two or more S12362/S12363 series photodiode arrays in a row in close proximity also forms a line sensor that allows measurement of long objects.



Absolute maximum ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | -021 | -121, -321, -421 | Unit |
|-------------------------|--------|------------|------------------|------|
| Reverse voltage | VR max | 1 | V | |
| Operating temperature*3 | Topr | -20 to +60 | -10 to +60 | °C |
| Storage temperature*3 | Tstg | -20 to +80 | -20 to +70 | °C |

^{*3:} No dew condensation

When there is a temperature difference between a product and the surrounding area in high humidity environment, dew condensation may occur on the product surface. Dew condensation on the product may cause deterioration in characteristics and reliability.

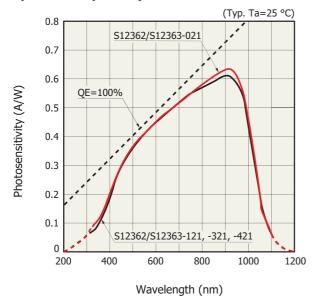
Note: Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

Electrical and optical characteristics (Ta=25 °C, per element, S12362-021 characteristics except X-ray sensitivity)

| Parameter | Symbol | bol Condition | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|------|------|-------------|------|---------|--|
| Spectral response range | λ | | | - | 340 to 1100 | - | nm | |
| Peak sensitivity wavelength | λр | | | - | 920 | - | nm | |
| Photosensitivity | S | λ=540 nm | | 380 | 420 | 460 | mA/W | |
| Photosensitivity | | λ=λρ | | 550 | 610 | 670 | IIIA/VV | |
| Short circuit current | Short circuit current Isc *4 | | 6 | 7 | - | μΑ | | |
| | | | -121 | - | 12.5 | - | nA | |
| X-ray sensitivity | IscX | *5 | -321 | - | 7.2 | - | | |
| | | | -421 | - | 6.0 | - | | |
| Dark current | ID | VR=10 mV | | - | 5 | 50 | pА | |
| Diag time | + | VR=0 V, RL=1 kΩ 10 to 90%, λ =658 nm | | - | 6 5 | | μs | |
| Rise time | tr | | | | 6.5 | - | | |
| Terminal capacitance | Ct | VR=0 V, f=10 kHz | | 50 | 75 | 100 | pF | |

^{*4: 100} lx, 2856 K

Spectral response (characteristics without scintillator)



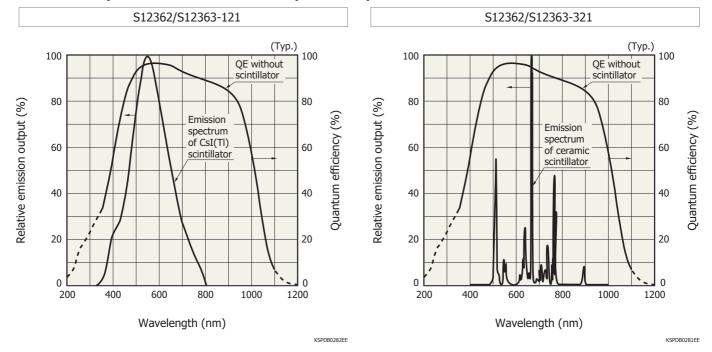
Spectral response characteristics of the S12362/S12363-121, -321, -421 include the transmittance and reflectance of the adhesive resin used to bond a scintillator.

KMPDB0463EB



^{*5:} These are reference (X-ray tube voltage 120 kV, tube current 1.0 mA, aluminum filter t=6 mm, 830 mm). X-ray sensitivity depends on the X-ray equipment operating and setup conditions.

Emission spectrum of scintillator and spectral response

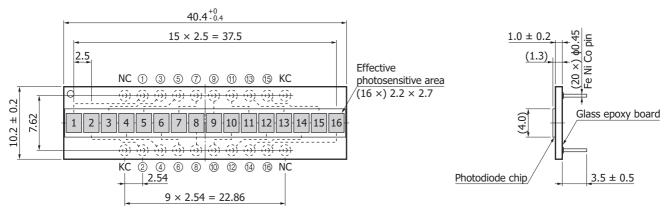


Scintillator specifications

| Parameter | Condition | CsI(TI) | Ceramic | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Peak emission wavelength | | 560 | 512 | nm |
| X-ray absorption coefficient | 100 keV | 10 | 7 | cm ⁻¹ |
| Refractive index | at peak emission wavelength | 1.7 | 2.2 | - |
| Decay constant | | 1 | 3 | μs |
| Afterglow | 100 ms after X-ray turn off | 0.3 | 0.01 | % |
| Density | | 4.51 | 7.34 | g/cm ³ |
| Color | | Transparent | Light yellow-green | - |
| Sensitivity non-uniformity | | ±10 | ±5 | % |

▶ Dimensional outlines (unit: mm, tolerance: ±0.1 mm unless otherwise noted)

S12362-021

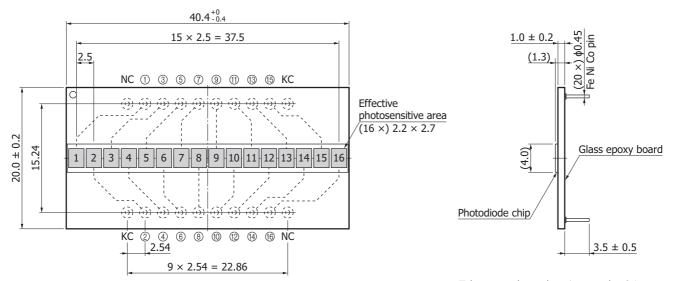


Tolerance unless otherwise noted: ±0.1 Chip center position accuracy (with respect to package center) X: ±0.1

X: ±0.1 Y: ±0.2

KMPDA0332FA

S12363-021

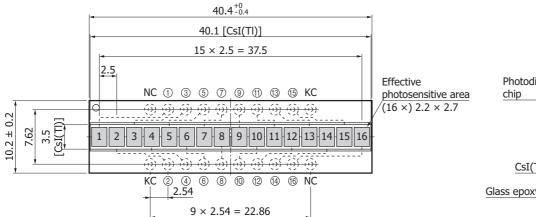


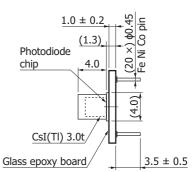
Tolerance unless otherwise noted: ± 0.1 Chip center position accuracy (with respect to package center) $\times \cdot \pm 0.1$

X: ±0.1 Y: ±0.2

KMPDA0333EA

S12362-121



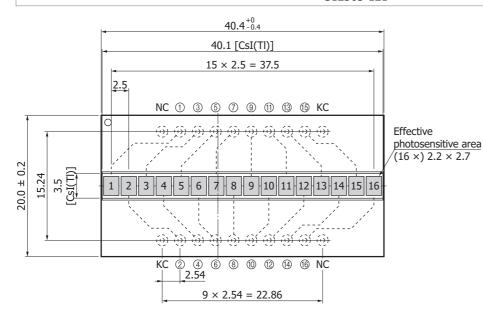


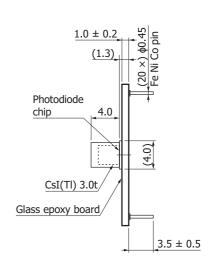
Tolerance unless otherwise noted: ±0.1 Chip center position accuracy (with respect to package center) X: ±0.1

Y: ±0.2

KMPDA0334EA

S12363-121



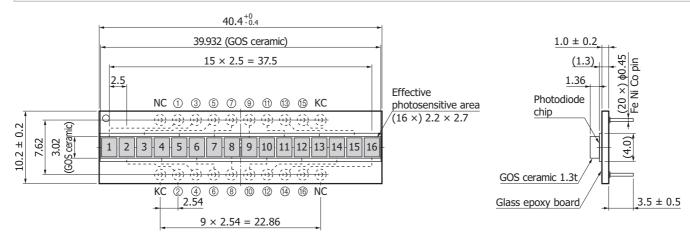


Tolerance unless otherwise noted: ±0.1 Chip center position accuracy (with respect to package center)

X: ±0.1 Y: ±0.2

KMPDA0335EA

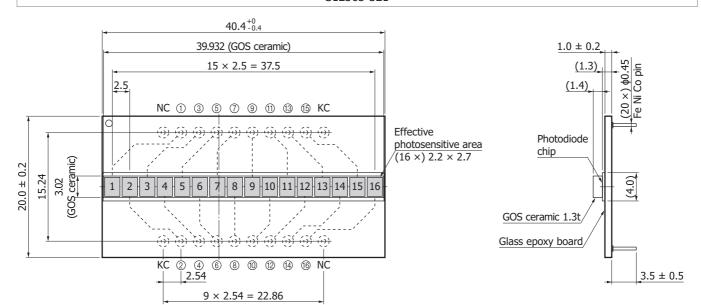
S12362-321



Tolerance unless otherwise noted: ± 0.1 Chip center position accuracy (with respect to package center) X: ± 0.1 Y: ± 0.2

KMPDA0336EA

S12363-321

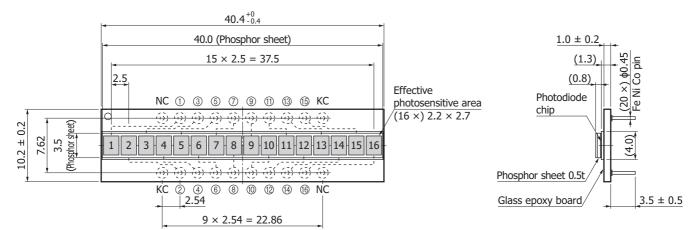


Tolerance unless otherwise noted: ±0.1 Chip center position accuracy (with respect to package center)

X: ±0.1 Y: ±0.2

KMPDA0337EA

S12362-421

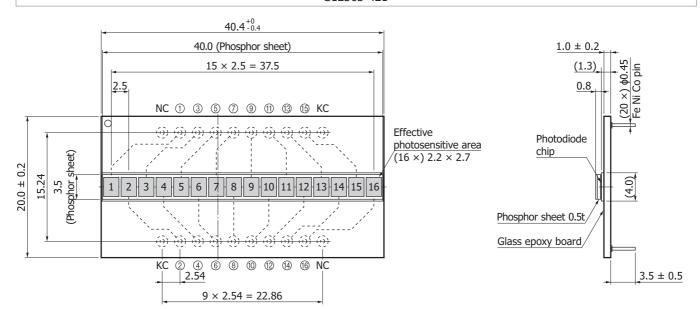


Tolerance unless otherwise noted: ± 0.1 Chip center position accuracy (with respect to package center) X: ± 0.1

Y: ±0.1

KMPDA0338FA

S12363-421



Tolerance unless otherwise noted: ±0.1 Chip center position accuracy (with respect to package center)

X: ±0.1 Y: ±0.2

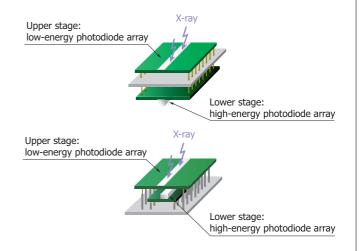
KMPDA0339EA



Combination examples (for dual energy imaging)

Dual energy imaging is a technique that acquires and superimposes two types of data in a single scan by using X-rays at two different energy levels (high energy and low energy). Two photodiode arrays with scintillators are used: one at the upper stage and the other at the lower stage. The upper stage is used for low energy detection, and the lower stage for high energy detection. Arranging two or more of these devices in a row also forms a line sensor for dual energy imaging.

- This combination uses the S12363 series in both upper and lower stages.
- · [Upper stage] S12363-421 + [Lower stage] S12363-121
- · [Upper stage] S12363-421 + [Lower stage] S12363-321
- 2This combination uses the S12363 series in the upper stage and the S12362 series in the lower stage
- · [Upper stage] S12363-421 + [Lower stage] S12362-121
- · [Upper stage] S12363-421 + [Lower stage] S12362-321



Related information

www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc_en.html

- Precautions
- Disclaimer
- · Metal, ceramic, plastic package products

Information described in this material is current as of September 2017.

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