



PSD modules

C10443 series

Integrates a 2-PSD for precision photometry or a 4-segment Si photodiode with low-noise amp in a compact case

PSD modules contain a high-precision two-dimensional PSD (position sensitive detector) or a 4-segment Si photodiode and a low-noise amplifier, and are able to perform accurate distance measurement. Using a PSD module (excluding the C10443-06) with a dedicated signal processing unit C10460-01 allows obtaining distance information easily.

Features

- Easy handling
- **→** High precision analog voltage output
- \rightarrow Only half size of a business card: 34 (W) \times 40 (D) \times 44 (H) mm

Applications

- Optical axis alignment
- Distance sensors
- → Two-dimensional measurement
- **➡** Three-dimensional measurement
- **→** Length measurement
- **Liquid level sensors**
- **→** Distortion measurement
- Displacement sensor

Selection guide

Type no.	Detector type	Photosensitive area	Peak sensitivity wavelength λp	Dimensions	Cutoff frequency fc -3 dB (Hz)	
		(mm)	(nm)	(mm)	Lower	Upper
C10443-01	Two-dimensional PSD	4 × 4	960		DC	16 k
C10443-02	TWO-UITHERISIONAL PSD	9 × 9	300	34 × 40 × 44		10 K
C10443-06	4-segment photodiode	10 × 10	960	1		160 k

Recommended conditions/Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25 °C unless otherwise noted)

	Supply voltage Vs (V)		Current consumption	Absolute maximum ratings			
Type no.			Is Max. Dark state	Supply voltage Vs max	Operating temperature*1 Topr	Storage temperature*1 Tstg	
	Min.	Max.	(mA)	(V)	(°C)	(°C)	
C10443-01			±2				
C10443-02	±5	±12	±2	±13	0 to +50	-10 to +60	
C10443-06			±15				

^{*1:} No dew condensation

When there is a temperature difference between a product and the surrounding area in high humidity environments, dew condensation may occur on the product surface. Dew condensation on the product may cause deterioration in characteristics and reliability.

Note: Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings even momentarily may cause a drop in product quality. Always be sure to use the product within the absolute maximum ratings.

■ Electrical and optical characteristics (Typ. Ta=25 °C, Vs=±12 V, unless otherwise noted)

Type no.	Spectral response range λ	Peak Saturation sensitivity wavelength incident light le λp Past		Photosensitivity*2 S	Position detection error* ³ E (µm)		Position resolution*4 ΔR Σ =10 V
	(nm)	(nm)	(μW)	(mV/µW)	Тур.	Max.	(µm)
C10443-01	320 to 1100	960	167	-60	±70	±150	0.5
C10443-02	320 to 1100	900	167	-00	±150	±250	1.0
C10443-06	320 to 1100	960	139	-72	-	-	-

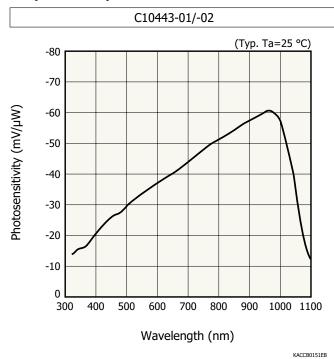
^{*2:} λ=λp

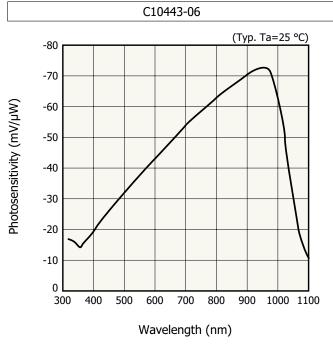
^{*4:} Reference value. Values may vary depending on operating environment. Σ is the sum of each output voltage and calculated as follows. $\Sigma = Vx_1 + Vx_2 + Vy_1 + Vy_2$

Type no.	Maximum output amplitude voltage Vfs (V)		Offset voltage Vos Dark state (mV)		Output noise voltage*5 Vn Dark state	Cutoff frequency fc -3 dB (Hz)	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	(mVp-p)	Lower	Upper
C10443-01		-Vs + 1.1	_	+5	1	DC	16.1
C10443-02	<u> </u>		-5				16 k
C10443-06	-	-Vs + 2.5	-10	+10	3		160 k

^{*5: 0} V in dark state. A negative voltage output appears when light is input.

Spectral response



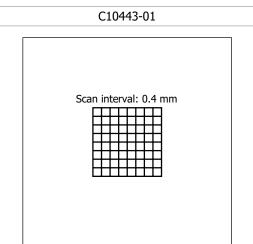


KACCB0349EA

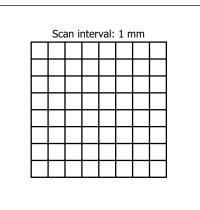
^{*3:} Reference value. Values may vary depending on operating environment. Position detection error is specified within a circular range of 80% from the center of the photosensitive area to the edge.

Recommended light spot size: \$0.2 mm or more

Example of position detectability (Ta=25 °C, λ=900 nm, light spot size: φ0.2 mm)



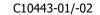
C10443-02

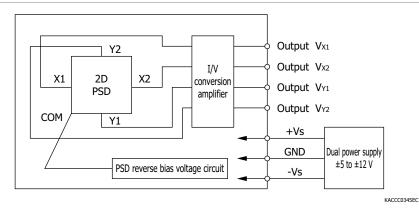


KPSDC0064EA

KPSDC0065EA

Block diagram





■ Conversion formula

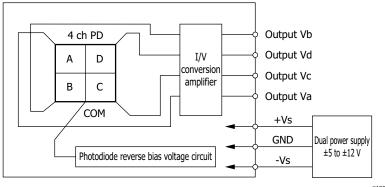
$$x = \frac{(Vx_2 + Vy_1) - (Vx_1 + Vy_2)}{Vx_1 + Vx_2 + Vy_1 + Vy_2} \times \frac{L}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{(Vx_2 + Vy_2) - (Vx_1 + Vy_1)}{Vx_1 + Vx_2 + Vy_1 + Vy_2} \times \frac{L}{2}$$

x, y: Position (mm) of light spot relative to center of PSD photosensitive area

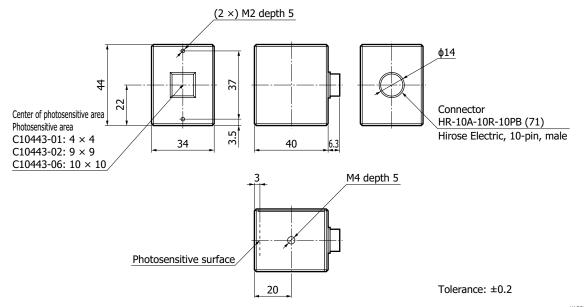
L: 4.5 mm (C10443-01) 10 mm (C10443-02)

C10443-06



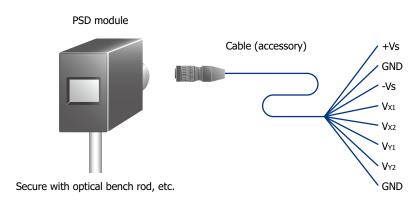
KACCC0753ED

Dimensional outline (unit: mm)



KACCA0193EC

Connection example





Stabilized DC power supply (± 5 to ± 12 V) Be sure to use a dual power supply with positive and negative output.

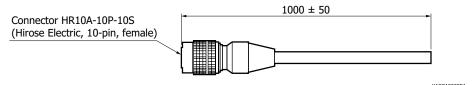


Readout device (voltmeter, etc.)

KACCC0349EG

- Accessories (unit: mm)

- · Instruction manual
- · Cable (One end of cable is cut off.)



C10443 series

Options (sold separately)

Signal processing unit for PSD module C10460-01

This unit converts PSD module output into position signals. The position signals are output as both analog and digital signals. With the analog signal, simply connect a voltmeter to the connector, and the readout voltage will display the position information [output voltage (V) = position relative to the PSD center (mm), excluding the C10443-06]. With the digital signal, use a serial connection (RS-232C) to connect with a PC. Use the supplied sample software to easily retrieve position information into a PC. For the specifications, refer to the C10460-01 datasheet.

■ Dimensions: 150 × 100 × 30 mm

Applicable PSD modules

· C10443-01 · C10443-02

Note: The C10443-06 is not supported.



Related information

www.hamamatsu.com/sp/ssd/doc_en.html

- Precautions
- · Disclaimer
- Technical notes
- · PSD
- · PSD processing circuits, PSD modules

Information described in this material is current as of March 2023.

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