HITAG Classification

Figure 1 HITAG Family

Figure 1. HITAG Family								
	CHIP	XMA	The Figure 1 reperents the original NXP classification of the HITAG family.					
	HITAG	2						
	PCF7936A	N	Unlike the old conception in Tango where user could make a choice from a					
	PCF7941A	N	listing of "PCF7936, PCF7941" etc., the original conception confers more					
	PCF7945A	N	significant properties to the letter that follows after numbers, e.g. there is a grea					
	PCF7952A	N	difference between PCF7941A and PCF7941X.					
	PCF7953A	N	The manner of the common days are conflicted that the standard and a conjugation of the					
PCF7961A N			The names of transponders are splitted by transponder peripherial capacity Figure 2. Chip Functionality					
HITAG2+			HITAG2 Basic functions					
	PCF7941A	N	IIIIAGZ		BSEL bit			
	PCF7945A	N	HITAG2+		ic functions			
	PCF7946A	N	11111102		mark "+": chip has BSEL bit			
	PCF7952A	N	HITAG2+EE		ic functions			
	PCF7953A	N			mark "+": chip has BSEL bit			
	PCF7961A	N			mark "EE": chip has XMA			
	HITAG2+		HITAG2 Ext.		BSEL bit			
	PCF7941A	512		Chi	o has XMA			
	PCF7945A	1024	HITAG3	_	oit encryption			
	PCF7947A	512			o has XMA			
	PCF7952A	512	HITAG Pro	128-	-bit encryption			
	PCF7953A	1024		No '	ГМСГ			
	PCF7961A	512		Chip	o has XMA			
HITAG2 Extended			HITAG Pro2	Sam	ne as HITAG Pro, more flexible			
	PCF7937E	512		rem	ote functionality			
	PCF7941E	512	HITAG AES					
PCF7952E 512		XMA Extended Memory Array (additional EEPROM)						
PCF7961E 512		BSEL Bank Select bit in TMCF. Choice between USER and REMO data						
HITAG3								
	PCF7938X	Y	Tango combines HITAG2+ and HITAG2+EE in one. The difference between					
PCF7941X Y		both these types is XMA availability. TMCF is the same for both types.						
	PCF7952X	Y	Figure 3. Relationship between Tango and NXP					
	PCF7953X	Y	Tango menu		NXP Name			
	PCF7961X	Y	HITAG2		HITAG2			
	HITAG P				HITAG2+ and HITAG2+EE			
	PCF7939P	1024	HITAG2 Extende		HITAG2 Extended			
	PCF7945P	1024	HITAG3		HITAG3			
	PCF7953P	1024	HITAG Pro		HITAG Pro			
	HITAG Pi	_	AUTODETECT					
	NCF2970V	Y	AUTODETECT					
	PCF7939V	Y	Usually in practice a chip name is unknown. Start your work with the					
PCF7945V Y "Autodetect" function. Making the autodetect, Tango selects a better choice								
PCF7953V Y			a chip. However, Tango cannot differ HITAG2 and HITAG2+ and makes					
HITAG AES			choice "HITAG2". In this case it may be necessary to change the choice manually.					
	PCF7939M	Y	manuany.					
	PCF7945M	Y	ASSISTANT					
	DODEO FOLS	T 7						

ASSISTANT

PCF7953M

PCF7961M

Assistant prevents incorrect choices of a chip type. In case of attempt to read/write a transponder of another type has been detected, the warning dialog will appear. It is possible to disable the Assistant.

Assistant bases its choice on the chip IDE mark (see Figure 4).

This fact means that the assistant warning is not an absolut truth and may produce false alarms.

Figure 4. IDE mark

1 ISWIC 1. IDE MICHIN					
Mark	Chip				
1	PCF7936				
2	PCF7946				
3	PCF7947				
4	PCF7942/44*				
5	PCF7943*				
6	PCF7941				
7	PCF7952				
8	PCF7961				
9	PCF7945/53				
В	PCF7937				

IDE Mark

Each HITAG chip contains an unique Device Identifier (IDE) so called a Serial Number.

Bit 7 ot 4 of the IDE serve the function of a chip type identification.

Example. IDE is 2A 48 E2 16, the IDE mark is "1".

HITAG family has reserved certain numbers for chips, see Figure 4.

* PCF7922/43/44 used for BMW only

TMCF

Transponder and Memory Configuration is a set of bits, located in page 3, the leftmost byte. Access to a transponder is controlled by the TMCF. Various types of transponders have different set of bits in the TMCF.

Figure 5. TMCF Configuration Bits

Name	Full Name	Description	Note
BSEL	Bank Select	0 - Remote pages	
		1 - User pages	
DCS	Data Coding Select	0 - Manchester	
		1 - Biphase	
ENC	Enable Cipher Mode	0 - Password Mode	
		1 - Crypto Mode	
EQM	Equalizer Mode	Communication protocol	
MS0	Mode Select 0,1	Configures device to support Read	Not compatible for HITAG
MS1		Only modes.	Avoid to change them.
PG3L	Page 3 Lock	Lockes Page3 against writing	OTP
PWP0	Protect Write User	Write protection of USER2 and	OTP
	Page 6 and 7	USER3	
PWP1	Protect Write User	Write protection of USER0 and	OTP
	Page 4 and 5	USER1	
PWUP	Protect Write User	Assignes write protection for	
	Pages	USER0-4	
RCFL	Remote Configuration	Lockes Remote pages against	OTP
	Lock	Reading and Writing	
SKL	Secret Key Lock	Read/Write protection of Pages 1	OTP
		and 2	

OTP - One Time Programmable. Once changed cannot be altered

BSEL

We should pay particular attention to the bit BSEL working with HITAG2+ and HITAG2+EE. The BSEL bit is the 3rd bit of the TMCF. It serves for remapping pages 4 - 7 of a transponder.

At the same time the 3rd bit TMCF of HITAG2 is the ENC bit. The ENC bit controls chip access mode.

The Autodetect function is unable to distinguish HITAG2 and HITAG2+. For this reason, careful actions should be applied during the TMCF programming.

The HITAG2+EE has XMA feature and Autodetect function makes choice as "HITAG2+EE".